

## BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of LUDOVICUS WILD, of Randolph, a Bankrupt.  
ARON PRESCOTT, Assignee.  
Randolph, Dec. 24. 3w

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of PATRICK COLLINS, of Dorchester, a Bankrupt.  
NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Assignee.  
Milton, Dec. 24. 3w 1969

### In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this seventh day of December, A. D. 1842.

ALBERT J. THURSTON, of Randolph, in said District, cordwainer, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition, will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, on the FIRST TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.  
FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Dec. 24. 2w 2233

### In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this tenth day of December, A. D. 1842.

ANSEL THAYER, of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Dec. 24. 2w 1623

### In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this fifteenth day of December, A. D. 1842.

BELA MARSH, of Boston, in the County of Suffolk, and NAHUM CAPEN, of Dorchester, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who have been declared Bankrupts, for a full discharge from all their debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Dec. 24. 2w 810

### To the Public.

DR. GORDAK'S highly approved and most valuable Medicines are for sale at his office, No 57 Hanover street, Boston; all others sold by Apothecaries and Dealers in the city of Boston and vicinity, in his name, he does not vouch to be genuine. The following are the names, qualities, and prices of his Medicines—

JELLY OF POMEGRANATE AND PERUVIAN PILLS, unrivalled for the catarrh, weakness at the stomach, canker, humors of every description and general debility. Price \$1 25.

ICELAND BALSA, for weakness and consumptive complaints. Price \$1.

PULMONARY JELLY OR CODON DROPS, for obstinate colds, coughs, phthisis and asthma. Price 37 1/2 cents per bottle.

PHYSICAL DROPS, for bilious complaints, violent headache, worms and teething in children. Price 25 cents per bottle.

LINIMENT OPIODILOIC, for the rheumatism, sprains, swellings, bruises and chilblains. Price 25 cents per bottle.

STRENGTHENING PLASTER, for pains in the side, back and limbs. Price 25 cents per box.

SALT RHEUM OINTMENT, for the salt rheum and all external humors. Price 25 cents per box.

PILE OINTMENT, unrivalled for the cure of the piles. Price 25 cents per box.

DR. GORDAK gives general satisfaction in all chronic diseases that are curable, and never flatters the public, like many others, to cure impossibilities. The most of those who have tried his Medicines have received general satisfaction.

Certificates may be seen at his office, No 57 Hanover street, six doors above Union street, nearly opposite the First Baptist Meeting-house and Friend street, Boston.

Dr. G. can be consulted at his office, from 8 o'clock, A. M. until 5 P. M.

Individuals who have been imposed upon by counterfeit medicines, are requested to give me timely notice that I may publicly expose such frauds, whether it originated from a retailer or counterfeiter.

WILLIAM GORDAK.

The above Medicines are for sale at the Store of the authorized Agent in this town.

JOHN BRIESLER, Agent.  
Quincy, Feb. 12. 1y.

Dr. Israel Delamater's NERVE AND BONE RHEUMATIC LINIMENT

AND INDIAN RHEUMATIC SPECIFIC.

It is frequently urged, that Rheumatism cannot be cured by external applications. But it is certainly true, that it can be not only reached but entirely cured by external and internal remedies used at the same time. This the proprietor of the Liniment and Specific is prepared to prove to the entire satisfaction of every one who is afflicted with this most distressing complaint, by a literal and unequivocal warrant, that whoever will faithfully use one bottle of Dr. Delamater's Rheumatic Liniment externally, and one bottle of the Indian Rheumatic Specific internally, and reduce the empty bottles to where they were purchased, if not cured, shall have the purchase money refunded in full.

Comstock & Tyler, Druggists, wholesale agents, 88 Barclay Street, New York.

For sale by E. HAYDEN, Agent.  
Quincy, July 16. 3w

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100 PIECES Broadcloths, comprising a first rate assortment as to quality and colors.

200 pieces Cassimeres of every grade and color, Paris Diamond, Verona Cords, Plaids, etc., etc. 50 pieces Satinets; Blue Ribbed, Plain Blue, Mixed, etc., etc., together with an assortment of Vestings, all of which will be sold low by the piece or yard by

MANLEY & BRAMHALL.  
Boston, Oct. 1. 24 Duck Square

# QUINCY PATRIOT.

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No subscription, or advertisement, will be stopped previous to the payment of all arrearages, unless at the option of the proprietor. When subscribers wish their papers stopped, they will notify the publisher to that effect and at the time their subscription expires. Every subscriber will be held responsible for the payment of his paper so long as it is sent to his address at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where-soever he may have ordered it, until legally notified to the contrary.

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Business letters and communications addressed to the Editor, postage paid, will receive early attention.

Single copies of the paper, Six CENTS.

### AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions.

JOSIAH BARCOCK, Jr.	Quincy Railway.
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## QUINCY PATRIOT.

### THE TORY LOVER.

BY PROFESSOR INGRAHAM.

On the outskirts of the village of Newark, in Delaware, stood at the time of our story, a neat farm-cottage, with a majestic elm, growing before its door.

In the distance, over the fields and woodlands, could be seen the spires of the town and a silvery glimpse of the river Delaware, with a group of vessels of war, anchored full three leagues off. The cottage stood a little back from the dust of the frequently travelled road, with a green sward between. It had an inviting appearance of comfort, and never failed to attract the eye of the passing traveller.

The sun was near setting, one pleasant afternoon in September, 1777, when a young man, half in uniform, half in citizen's dress, came out of the cottage door followed by a young and interesting girl, who was clinging to his arm, and evidently in earnest intreaty with him. He was tall and handsome, though sunburned, and bore the appearance of a young farmer. She was rustic too, in her dress, but her face was very fair and beautiful, and her manners refined above the condition to which she seemed to belong. Tears were in her large blue eyes, and one of her hands clasped his, while the other lay upon his shoulder.

"Why will you go, dear George, into this dreadful contest? To-morrow you may be brought home to me a mangled corpse! Oh, fearful, fearful! Say you will not go, and fight against your own country! This is worse of all!"

"I am a loyal King's man, Annette, and if I fight, it must be on his side. The people are rebels, and will yet be put down, and heads will soon fly from the scaffold like wheat heads beneath the sickle."

"No, never! The cause is a right one—a holy one, George, and Heaven will prosper it," she answered, with enthusiasm. "I am grieved that one I so dearly love, to whom my truth was pledged before this quarrel broke out, and tory and rebel were unknown, should now be going forth, armed, to join the foes of my and his country, against his own brethren. If we be wrong, yet we are your kindred—your neighbors—and this should unite your sympathies with us, at least."

"You need not speak, dear Annette. I am resolved in the approaching battle to draw my sword for my King. Cornwallis and Howe are now within a few leagues, marching on—Washington and his forces have taken ground to oppose his passage of the Brandywine—and to-morrow the battle will take place, and Philadelphia be in our hands!"

The maiden was silent for an instant with her face hid—at length she spoke, and said gravely,

"Dear George, I felt as if I was called upon to sacrifice my love for you to my country's honor! How can I love my bleeding country and at the same time him whose sword is ready to pierce its bosom. Turn, for my sake, George, and be an American in heart, as you are by birth, and as you should be in honor."

"You need not urge me, Annette," said the young man, impatiently; "I will never draw my sword in favor of a rebel cause!"

"Be it so, and I pledge myself never to give my love to a traitor," answered the maiden, with spirit.

"Thus perish the truth that hath been pledged to one who has proved false to himself and his country! And thus speaking, the spirited girl took from

her finger her betrothal ring, and cast it at his feet. The young tory lover gazed upon her with surprise and anger, which, as he saw her re-entering the dwelling with a resolute step, without even casting a glance upon him, instantly changed into one of intreaty.

"Stay, Annette, do not leave me thus. You are not surely in earnest. Come back, and let me talk with thee. If you can thus idly break your troth, I love you too well to do so myself!"

"You love me, George Lee?" she repeated, with scorn; "you love me! when you are now ready to go forth and draw your weapon and aim your rifle at the hearts of my father and brother, who are in the ranks of Washington, ready to do and die for their country! Out upon such love! I will none of it! Go, traitor to love and honor! fight for thy tyrant King George, and be his slave as he is thy master!"

With these spirited words, the young girl entered the house and closed the inner door, thus shutting out all further speech with her unworthy and recreant lover. The young volunteer of toryism stood for a few moments looking both mortified and angry, and happening to see the ring at his feet, in the sudden and bitter feeling of the moment, he ground it into the earth with his iron heel.

"Yes, let it and her perish, if they will, I am a fool to love a rebel's daughter, and a rebel's sister!"

Thus speaking he strode moodily to the elm before the door, where his caparisoned horse was standing, and vaulting into the saddle, spurred at full speed away in the direction of the British army.

The following day, the country for miles around the cottage was echoing with artillery and the roar of musketry. Two conflicting armies were engaged in deadly contest, close at hand, and in the scene of death and horror, Annette had a father, a brother, and—shall we say it?—a lover: for though her patriotic feelings made her cast him off, her affections still retained his image in her heart. On all sides, columns were chasing, engaging, retreating, and the tide of the battle now rolled this way and that, and still came in the direction of the road that led past the cottage.

Annette was part of the time fearlessly watching the clouds of smoke that marked the progress of the combatants, and part of the time on her knees in prayer for those she loved—and was George Lee excluded from her petitions? Let each maiden's own heart answer.

Nearer and nearer came the sound of artillery, and the roar of the battle! She stood with her aged mother and gathered neighbors, upon the green beneath the elm, in painful expectation. The smoke of the battle-field rolled onward, and now they could hear the shouts of the soldiers in the fight. Their position commanded a view of a mile along the road, and soon they beheld scattered troops flying across it, at its extremity, and disappearing in the woods. Then came a squadron of horse, broken and retreating; and then artillery drawn at full gallop, came into the road. The American flag flew from staffs stuck on the gun carriages, and Annette knew that her countrymen were defeated. Louder and more fearful now grew the uproar of battle beyond the wood, and regiment after regiment, broken and terrified, filled the road and were retreating along it towards Chester, and past the cottage. Annette's anxiety for her father and brother, would not let her quit her post; and the tide of battle came rolling past her—a terrific spectacle! The dragoons galloped, by each horseman riding by himself, with his reins thrown upon his saddle bow; then came the artillery thundering along, followed by a multitude of soldiers without order, flying at the top of their speed.

"Oh, shame, shame!" she cried with hot tears in her eyes; "Oh! that I were a man, and in the saddle, methinks my single arm would retrieve the day! Where is Washington? He certainly cannot fly!"

As she spoke, she heard on her right, down the road, a loud commanding voice, calling on the retreating men to rally! She turned and beheld Washington himself, who, hearing of the giving way of the right wing, had come up at the head of a regiment to sustain it. His voice and presence now instilled new life into the flying soldiery, and they soon rallied in the road, and presented a front to the columns of British that were pursuing. Gen. Howe, seeing this demonstration of resistance, and knowing Washington to be there in person, withdrew from pursuit, satisfied with having routed the wing. The American troops then slowly retreated in good order towards a strong position on the heights not far off.

Annette was delighted to see that among those who fled were neither her father nor her brother; but she was pained to discover among the pursuers her own false lover, who, seeing her at a distance, reigned up his horse and turned aside, hoping to escape her notice. When she saw this she resolved she would not only banish him from her heart, but from her thoughts. But the resolutions of a maiden in love, are made only to be broken, especially when the lover is the object of them.

It was about eight o'clock, the evening of the battle when Annette was seated in her door, listening to every footstep, expecting her father and brother. It was a pleasant night, but the time was a sad one. She fancied the winds wafted to her the moans of the dying and wounded, from the woods and fields around where the fight had been, and her heart was full of forebodings of evil to those so dear to her. All at once she heard the approach

of horses' feet, and starting up with solicitous expectation for she knew neither her father nor brother were mounted—she waited nervously the advance of the horseman along the road. He came at a slow pace, and as he drew nearer, she discovered by the light of the moon that he was an officer and that his horse was wounded. Instead of passing the house towards the town, he turned up to the door and rode towards her. She was too familiar with scenes of danger, and the incidents of those warlike times to feel alarm, and waited quietly his approach to the door-steps.

"Good evening, maiden," he said, with a foreign accent; "I pray thee give me your hospitality a brief space—I and my horse are wounded, and he will carry me no further, I fear."

There was something in the gentle tones of the voice of the stranger, as well as in his noble figure and engaging address, that immediately interested Annette in him; and without asking whether he were friend or foe, she invited him to alight and enter the dwelling. With some difficulty he got to the ground, for his leg was stiff with his wound. She assisted him, and received his grateful thanks. He then examined first his horse's wound, and with her aid dressed it, and had him put into the shed and protected from the night air, with plenty of hay. When this was done, he went with her into the house, and submitted his foot and ankle, which had been shattered by a cannon shot, to the skill of the mother and daughter. Annette then provided him with refreshments, and to make him as comfortable as possible, without knowing whether he were one of her country's invaders or defenders; but his foreign accent led her to suspect that he was the former. But Annette was a Christian, and she remembered and obeyed the injunction of our Saviour—"If thine enemy hunger, feed him; if he thirst, give him drink."

The ensuing morning, the grateful stranger was about to leave. His horse was at the door, much improved, as well as his master.

"My sweet maid," said the officer, "you must take gold, for I can repay thy hospitality in no other way."

"Cease to fight against my country is all I ask, sir," she said warmly.

The officer smiled and said, "Have you, then, regarded me as a foe, and still done all this for me?"

"I have done my duty, sir."

"You are a noble girl, and I am happy to let you know you have not thrown your benevolence away upon one undeserving of it. I am an officer under Washington."

The stranger then remounted his horse, and was about taking leave of her, and Annette had to her tongue to ask him who he was, when two men made their appearance before the house with guns and knapsacks.

"Father and brother!" cried she, joyfully receiving their embraces, as they hastened towards her.

"What officer is this? he says he is under Washington."

The young man glanced at his face, which had been turned from them, and answered, with pride and pleasure, "Do you not know him? It is the young French General, Lafayette!"

They then went towards him, and paid their respects, informing him that there had been fears he had been slain.

"No, no," he said, "my brave men. I heedlessly wandered from my staff after night, and coming to this house, was hospitably entertained by the maiden, who mistook me for an English officer, yet did nothing lack in her charities. You are honored, Monsieur, in having so generous a child!"

Thus speaking, the young French soldier made his adieus, and rode away.

After congratulating each other upon their safety the brother told her that they had only come to see her for a few hours, and were to return to the army the same night. They told her also that the column which had pursued their right wing along the road past the cottage, had afterwards been met by General Knyphausen, and had been compelled to give up much of the vantage ground it had gained, with the loss of a great many men, slain and taken prisoners.

Annette recollected that George was in this division, and she would have asked for intelligence of him, but her pride kept her silent. At length her brother and father went into the house, and as she was following them, a young man, who had been a rival of George Lee's, rode up to the door, alighted, and called in a high tone of voice to her brother—

"Ho! Reuben did you hear the news? George Lee was taken last night skulking in the camp, and he is to be hung this afternoon as a spy!"

Annette heard, and came near falling to the ground. She, however, recovered herself, and with a bursting heart hastened, without making an outcry, to her chamber. She still loved her tory lover, and now that he was likely to die, all her heart bled for him, and all her love returned in its strength.

"He shall not die!" she said resolutely; "I will save him!"

That afternoon George Lee was brought out for execution in the rebel camp. Lafayette was in his tent, when Annette breaking through the guards, threw herself at his feet, and implored his intercession for her lover's life. He recognized his hostess, and listened with her to Washington. What he said to his chief we know not; but we do know George Lee was pardoned, and the next day was attached to Lafayette's body guard. In the subsequent battles of the Revolutionary strug-

gle, he distinguished himself by his valor and devotion to the American cause, and at the close of the war was married to Annette, whose patriotism was rewarded by the fulfilment of those hopes of love which she had so nobly sacrificed in behalf of it.

### PARENTS AND TEACHERS.

It will, doubtless, be granted by every reflecting man, that the hopes of our country—its prosperity—its moral character—its intelligence, and consequently, its standing among the nations of the earth, depend on the education of the people. If this be faithfully attended to, the results will be all the patriot can desire or the christian pray for. But there are many details included in this duty. It is not enough to build school-houses, and raise money to supply them with teachers; we must cooperate with the teachers; give them our respect and friendship; aid them in the government of our children; assist in the enforcement of their laws, and lead the pupils to feel that regard for them, which will prompt to a ready and cheerful obedience, and thus render the task of instruction, training, and government, as little burdensome as possible.

No one can know the extent and variety of a teacher's trials, without having experienced them; and if he is faithful to his trust, his actual labor is far more severe than that of the farmer or the mechanic. He is, therefore, entitled to liberal wages, the respect and love of the people whose children he is fitting for usefulness, and the gratitude of both parents and children. The law looks upon the teacher as the father of his school; calls him so in its books, and requires him to see that the children are not only taught reading, writing and arithmetic, but good morals and manners, and whatever else may help to form the good citizen, the exemplary parent, and the devout christian. And to effect all this, he must have assistance from the fathers and mothers at home. They are bound to see that the children attend punctually and constantly at school; that the teacher's orders are carried into effect; and that his rules and requirements are not at any time, in school or out, to be broken or disregarded.

Every liberal-minded man must feel, at once, that it is the welfare of the scholar which prompts to the adoption of any given rule, and the parent convinced of this, best promotes his own happiness and the future, as well as present, advantage of his child, by seeing that it is not infringed.

Among other duties devolving on a teacher, is that of inflicting punishment. It is his most painful service; but still, one that he can no more dispense with, than that of the most agreeable nature. Parents should well understand this, and make it a matter of conscience to put their children to inconvenience whenever they are punished at school. This would strengthen the teacher's hands, and render school punishments far less frequent than at present. I would not advocate penalties of unnecessary severity; would strive to secure order and obedience by the gentlest possible means; but would have them secured at any cost—because without them, it would be impossible to make the school, in the least degree, useful to the children.

If a parent has reason to think his child has been abused, it is his duty to call on the teacher privately, and inquire into the case, and in nineteen times in twenty, he will find that the teacher is in the right, and the scholar in the wrong. This he should do without the knowledge of the child, and especially without using any language of reproach or disrespect concerning the teacher, in the child's presence—for this will entirely destroy the teacher's usefulness with that child, if not with all his acquaintance. We should always strive to maintain the character and dignity of the teacher of our children, with the most scrupulous care. They should be as precious to us as our own.

Along with this, our children should never witness in us examples of passion, profanity, indelicacy, or any thing which would have a tendency to corrupt their minds or render them less pure. Exposed as all are to temptations of various kinds, we cannot too carefully guard ourselves in their presence, lest we exert an influence unfavorable to their habits and their principles. Let the teacher be as pure as an angel, as wise as Solomon, as prudent as Washington, and as faithful as the father of the patriarchs, he could never successfully train his pupils to knowledge and virtue, without the aid and cooperation of the parents at home.

Let them oppose him or his measures, and all his efforts become powerless—while with their confidence, their support and efficient aid, he may be the blessed instrument of making them the comfort of the parents, an honor to the community, and benefactors to the world.

If these things are so, is not our path of duty plain? And does it not behoove us all, to ponder well before we throw obstacles in the way of a teacher's progress—or adopt any measures or take any steps, that may impair his usefulness? If he is faithful, let us cherish and support him. If not, let us, while he is with us, perform our duty; and when his term of service expires, supply his place with a better man.

THE FORMER EXAMPLE OF RHODE ISLAND. The editor of the Law Reporter, in noticing the refusal of New Hampshire and Connecticut, to deliver up Governor Dorr, says, that these States "are following the example given by Rhode Island, more than fifty years ago," and relates the following anecdote:

"After the expulsion of the rebels from Massachusetts, in 1787, they effected lodgments in neigh-

boring States, and thus the Commonwealth was exposed to a predatory war, which no force could prevent. Aware of the impossibility of conquering a party who could, at any time, secure a retreat in other territories, the Governor of Massachusetts, at the request of the General Court, wrote to the Governors of the neighboring States, to offer a reward for apprehending the rebels, and to take measures for preventing their receiving any supplies. From the Governors of Pennsylvania, New York, Connecticut, New Hampshire, and Vermont, assurances were at length received of co-operation in measures for effectually checking the evil complained of. The answer of the Governor of Rhode Island, although the first received, did not hold out much prospect of efficacious measures being adopted by that State, for suppressing the rebellion; and when a motion was made in the Assembly of that State that a law be passed, requesting the Governor to issue a proclamation for apprehending the rebels, it within that State, it was lost by a great majority; and one of the refugees was allowed a seal within their chamber."

CITY OF NAVY. It was commenced by the Mormons, being then a small village of twenty houses, in November, 1820, and such has been its rapid growth that it now contains a population of ten thousand souls, and the number is rapidly increasing. It is two hundred miles above St. Louis, on the Mississippi river, at the head of the Des Moines rapids. They have two extensive steam saw mills, a large steam flouring mill, a tannery, on a handsome scale—a foundry—and a company of considerable wealth from Staffordshire, (Eng.) who are establishing the manufacture of the English China ware. They have many extensive public buildings in the course of construction, besides the famous temple, and there are a very large number of good houses and stores in the progress of construction.

CAST IRON BUILDING. Buildings of cast iron are daily increasing at a prodigious rate in England, and it appears that houses are about to be constructed of this material. As the walls will be hollow, it will be easy to warm the buildings by a single stove placed in the kitchen. A three story house, containing ten or twelve rooms, will not cost more than eleven hundred pounds, regard being had to the manner in which it may be ornamented. Houses of this description may be taken to pieces, and transported from one place to another, at an expense of not more than twenty-five pounds. It is said that a large number of cast iron houses are about to be manufactured in Belgium and England for the citizens of Hamburg, whose habitations have been burnt.

SHARE OF HIGH PUBLIC OFFICERS. The following statement has recently been made public for the purpose of showing that some States of the Union do not get their share of public offices. It is a matter of small moment what corner of the Union a man is born in, or owns a house in, provided he goes for "the country, the whole country, and nothing but the country."

Of the offices of President, Vice President, Secretaries of State, Treasury, War, and Navy, Judges of the Supreme Court, Post Masters General and Attorneys General, their distribution among the States has been as follows, viz: including the recent administration of General Harrison:

From Massachusetts, twenty-three; New York, twelve; Pennsylvania, nine; Maryland, thirteen; South Carolina, six; Georgia, six; Delaware, three; Connecticut, four; New Jersey, three; North Carolina, four; and New Hampshire, two.

The above are the results of the "Old Thirteen." Of the new, it is thus. From Kentucky eight; Tennessee, six; Ohio, five; Louisiana, one; Alabama, one; Michigan, one.

It appears then, that of the old thirteen States, Rhode Island has not been honored with a single important appointment; and that from the States of Maine, Vermont, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Arkansas, and Mississippi none has been made. On the other hand, the four old States of Massachusetts, Virginia, Maryland and New York, have received more than half the whole.

A SUIT AGAINST A SURGEON. A suit was recently brought before one of the Courts in Georgia, by an individual against a surgeon, to recover damages for mal-practice in a case under charge of the latter. The injury sustained by the plaintiff was a fracture of the right knee pan into several fragments, and extensive violence to other parts of the knee joint, and the result, amputation above the knee. After a laborious investigation of the facts, which presented the case in a very different aspect from that in which the plaintiff had previously regarded it, the suit was withdrawn.

THE TRUE IDEA. A man should live in the world like a true citizen; he may be allowed to have a preference to the particular quarter or square, or even alley in which he lives; but he should have a generous sympathy for the welfare of the whole; and if in his rambles through the world, he chances to meet a man of a different habit, language, or complexion, from his own, still he is a fellow creature, a short sojourner, in common with himself; subject to the same wants, infirmities and necessities; and one who has a brother's claim on him for charity, comfort and relief.



# QUINCY PATRIOT.

**COLORED LITERATI.** The Paris correspondent of the National Intelligencer mentions that Alexander Dumas, one of the most celebrated literary characters of France, is a full mulatto, his father being a complete negro, from one of the West India Islands. He was nevertheless, a General of Artillery, and his son is deemed second only in literature to Victor Hugo. It is said that an American gentleman, being invited to dinner, found himself placed on an equality with a colored man, slipped away as soon as possible, complaining bitterly that he was placed at table next a mulatto! Dumas, it is said, is about to receive the distinguished honor of being elected a member of the French Institute, an honor to which the American gentleman would probably aspire in vain.

## QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, JAN. 7, 1843.

John A. Green, Editor.

### A NEW VOLUME.

With this number we commence the seventh year of the publication of the Patriot. We cannot let the occasion go by without renewing again our sincere thanks to our numerous patrons for their continued favor and approbation. The Patriot has never, at any time, stood in a more favorable light than at the present moment; with better hopes and prospects to animate us—and we, therefore, with more than ordinary enthusiasm, again renew our pledges of devotion to the interests, the welfare, and the entertainment of our numerous readers; determined, more than ever to exert ourselves to gratify their expectations, from us, and to remunerate them for their prompt, faithful, and very liberal support of our paper. We are confident we can in no other way accomplish so well, what we now renewedly promise our devotion to, as by continuing our past independent course in the management of the Patriot; and at the same time allowing to our correspondents and contributors the largest liberty consistent with propriety, in the promulgation and enforcement of their views and sentiments upon any subject. In our selections, we shall also continue the variety which our various classes of readers have heretofore found in our columns; endeavoring, and hoping, to furnish to all, constantly, an entertainment such as shall continue to meet their acceptance and receive their hearty support.

**THE SOMERS' TRAGEDY.** An investigation of the matters relating to the mutiny on board the Somers Brig of War, and the execution of three of the mutineers by Capt. McKenzie, is now progressing, at New York, before a Naval Court of Inquiry. Capt. McKenzie's statement as transmitted to the Secretary of the Navy had been read, and the testimony taken, of Wales, to whom Spencer communicated the facts relating to the mutiny. So far, the testimony corroborates the statements which had been published, and go to show that a portion of the crew remained in a mutinous state after the arrest of the ringleaders, and that there was great reason to apprehend an attempt to rescue them and to get possession of the ship. We should judge from present appearances, that Cromwell was the master spirit of the mutiny.

**THE NEW YEAR.** To our Friends and Patrons, one and all, we wish "a happy new year," and hope they have had a "Merry Christmas." May each succeeding year find you all happier, better and wiser than the last.

May you have many years to improve yourselves and aid one another in promoting the best interests of humanity and the spread of Liberty.

**QUINCY AURORA.** A new paper has been started, in this town, under the above name, the first number of which appeared last Thursday, edited by Charles Clapp, Esq. It professes no particular political party bias at present; and in mechanical execution appears very favorable.

**TEXAS.** There is trouble in the army of Texas which promises aught but confusion to the Mexicans. The New Orleans papers of the 20th ult. states that seven hundred and twenty-five men had withdrawn from the army under the command of Gen. Somerville, had elected William G. Cooke, Colonel, and had taken up their line of march, under the new organization, for Mexico.

**CONGRESS.** If we thought the reader would be interested in the petty transactions of Congress, such as relates to the presentation of petitions on trifling subjects and the various motions of members about some local affair, we would give a full report of the proceedings. Since our last paper, nothing has transpired of interest, with the exception of a message from the President about China matters, stating that difficulties between the Celestial Empire and Great Britain had been settled in a manner favorable to American trade. Several petitions have been presented against the repeal of the Bankrupt Law.

**SHERIFF OF NORFOLK COUNTY.** John Baker, 24, of Dedham, High Sheriff of Norfolk County, died at his residence on Sunday last. He was much respected as a man and an officer. By his demise the commissions of all his deputies expire, and the duty of Sheriff devolves upon the Coroners in the County.

**PENMANSHIP.** An excellent opportunity now offers to the citizens of this place to acquire an easy and systematic method of writing or to improve their present style, by taking a few lessons of that universally popular penman, S. Lee Lyman, who proposes to open a writing school in this place, as will appear by his advertisement in to-day's paper. When Mr. Lyman gave lessons in this town, a few years ago, he gained for himself a reputation which cannot fail at this time to secure him a full class.

**MERCHANTS' CONVENTION.** During the current week, a convention of merchants and others interested, has been held in Boston. Hon. Stephen C. Phillips of Salem, officiated as President. Many resolutions have been passed, among them a series on the unfairness of the existing colonial arrangement with Great Britain, in relation to the Warehousing system; and further the appointment of a Standing Committee to memorialize Congress, etc., etc.

Of the sixty gallant officers who have found a grave in Florida, in the service of the United States, only twenty have fallen in battle; the rest were victims to the diseases incident to the climate!

## GENERAL COURT.

The Legislature of this State assembled at the State House, in Boston, on Wednesday last. All the members elected to the Senate, and in the House all the Representatives, with only two exceptions, were present.

Hon. F. C. Gray, of Suffolk County, called the Senate to order, a quorum being present. His Excellency came in and administered the oaths. The Senate proceeded to the choice of a President. The Hon. P. W. Leland, (dem.) of Bristol County, was chosen, having twelve votes. Josiah C. Gray, (whig) 1. Lewis Josselyn, (dem.) was elected Clerk, having received 14 votes. Charles Calhoun, (whig) had 10.

The House was called to order by John C. Gray, the senior member of the Boston delegation. A constitutional quorum of sixty members having been found to be present, the Governor, attended by the Council, etc., came in and administered the oaths of office. The House then proceeded to the election of a Clerk—the first balloting resulted as follows:

Whole number of votes,	349
Necessary to a choice,	175
John A. Rolles (dem.) had	176
Luther S. Cushing (whig, elected) had	173

Mr. Cushing was waited upon by a committee of the House, appeared, was qualified and entered upon his duties.

The House next proceeded to the election of a Speaker, and balloted three times without effecting a choice. Annexed is the result of the several trials—

First.	Sec.	Third.	
Whole number of votes,	351	351	350
Necessary for choice,	176	176	176
Seth J. Thomas, (dem.)	173	175	175
Thomas Kinnicut, (whig)	173	174	175
Lewis Williams, (abo)	1	2	
John A. Rolles, (dem.)	1		

At this stage of the proceedings, an order was submitted by George T. Bigelow of Boston, in reference to the member claiming a seat from Whately, (a previous motion of a similar nature, offered by John C. Park, having been laid upon the table by a vote of 170 yeas to 169 nays,) which has created considerable discussion and prevented the House, up to the time of writing this account, Friday afternoon, from effecting a choice of Speaker. Each party have been disputing the claims of other members to a seat; but the two prominent ones, are the Whately member, who is an abolition or democrat, and the Chelsea delegate, who is a whig.

In the Whately case, it was shown that the votes were, 118 for Nash, 117 for White, (whig) 1 for Williams, with Register of Deeds written on it, and one for Clark, with Register of Deeds on it; that the Selectmen decided that these two votes were not votes for Representatives, and they threw them out; that upon finding that Nash had the most votes they took in the discarded votes, and counted them as votes for Representatives, and declared that there was no choice. These two scattering votes were probably put into the wrong box, as at the same time they were voting for Representatives they were also for Register of Deeds. The individual claiming his seat presents no other credentials but an attested copy of the town's records.

In the Chelsea matter, it appears that the meeting was duly notified and took place on the fourth Monday in November. It was called to order and several motions made and carried, when it was regularly voted to dissolve the meeting. Afterwards, by entreaties, the Selectmen proceeded to receive ballots, counted them, and declared an individual, a whig in politics, to be elected and furnished him with credentials.

Later intelligence furnish the fact, that the House have taken a vote on the Whately case and decided against the claims of the member by a vote of 177 to 174.

**QUINCY LYCEUM.** The members of this institution were favored with a highly interesting lecture, last Wednesday evening, from Rev. John T. Barrall, on the Present Condition and the Future Improvement of Society. He clearly showed, that though we were politically severed from the old world, yet in a moral and literary point of view it was not so—we still adhered to European customs and manners. We have our titles and our distinctions, though under different names, yet based on the same principle. In this there needed to be a revolution. Our customs—our manners—our institutions of learning—our books—ought to be divested of European aristocracy, which now clings to them, and partake more of republican simplicity—of democratic genius. He exhibited the folly, which is so plainly manifested by many of our citizens, including the ladies, on the arrival of some noted foreigner to our shores. Proper respect and attention should always be shown, but that madness—that cringing aristocratic obedience, only serves to make matter for such men, born and bred in aristocracy, to burlesque and ridicule our country and its institutions. His remarks concerning labor and industry were excellent; and were the principles suggested more acted upon, society would gain much and lose nothing. The ideas advanced as respects the right understanding of the christian religion towards the amelioration and improvement of society, were just and honest. In short, the lecture was well written, and we doubt not will be productive of much good.

**ABOLITION LECTURE.** Hiram Cummings of Boston, gave a very interesting address in relation to the influence which slavery possesses over the institutions of our land and its paralyzing effects upon the prosperity of our country. He illustrated his several positions in a clear, eloquent, and argumentative manner. The efforts of the lecturer will have a favorable effect upon the public; indeed, we have already heard of its good fruits. With such advocates as Mr. Cummings, the abolition cause need not despair of success.

**ENGINE SUPPER.** The members of the Niagara Engine Company of this place, with many of their friends, partook of an excellent supper at their Engine House, on Monday evening last. The "mine host" of the Hancock House, who prepared the supper, done his duty—it was far superior to what was expected for the small price per plate. The coffee, especially, answered every purpose, as the admirers of Bacchus could not but admit that it warmed their stomachs full as well as their favorite drinks. The whole affair was a pleasant and sociable gathering.

To the officers of the company we return our thanks for the invitation on which made us a member of their party on that occasion.

**EPISCOPAL BISHOP.** The consecration of Rev. Dr. Eastburn, recently of New York, as Assistant Bishop of the Eastern Diocese, took place during the past week, at Trinity Church, in Boston. Several Bishops, week, at Trinity Church, in Boston, and a very large number of the clergy of Boston, and a very large audience, were present. The Rt. Rev. Bishop De Lancey, of Western New York, delivered an appropriate and eloquent discourse.

For the Quincy Patriot.

## ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Quincy Point Temperance Union, was held in the Methodist Chapel, on Monday, Jan. 24, 1843.

The meeting was called to order by the President. The Treasurer then made his report, which was accepted, when the Society proceeded to the choice of officers, and the following gentlemen were chosen, viz—

President—George Newcomb.  
Vice President—Isiah G. Whiton.  
Secretary—Elias W. Nash.  
Treasurer—James Newcomb, Jr.  
Directors—James Cleverly, Jonathan Spear, Nathaniel Nightingale.  
Collectors—Bryant B. Newcomb, Manning W. Sullivan, Jesse P. Nash, Jr.  
Voted—To meet once a week until further orders.  
Voted—To meet in Friday evenings.  
Voted—To publish the proceedings of this meeting in the Quincy Patriot and the Quincy Aurora.  
Voted—To adjourn to next Friday evening.

For the Quincy Patriot.

## TEMPERANCE LECTURE.

A lecture on the noble subject of temperance reform was delivered before the Milton and Quincy Union Temperance Society, on Sunday evening last, by Mr. George C. Rand, of Boston. The address did credit to the head and heart of this amiable young man. His manner of delivery was easy and graceful, and what forcibly impressed the writer of this article was, the solemn and dignified manner in which he portrayed the evils of intemperance, and the arguments he adduced in favor of the total abstinence cause. Mr. Rand was favored with a crowded house, and all, I fearlessly say, were pleased or edified. He will be a valuable acquisition to the laborers in the vineyard of this glorious cause.

To the liberality of Mr. Josiah Babcock, Jr., is our flourishing society indebted for a commodious hall, in which we have held meetings about once a fortnight for fifteen months past. In every good work, this highly respected citizen is always in the foremost rank; may the Lord prosper him accordingly.

## A COLD WATER MAN.

For the Quincy Patriot.

**J. W. PILLSBURY'S LECTURE.** The third lecture before the Weymouth and Braintree Union Lyceum, was given on Monday evening last, by J. W. Pillsbury, Esq. His subject was—the Philosophy of Education. This was a good and well selected theme, admirably adapted for a discourse before a voluntary association convoked for mutual improvement, and which the speaker dilated upon in a manner highly credible to himself for scholarship and sound judgment, that reflected not a little the philosophical discipline of his mind. He considered Education in a broad sense, including all that mankind are taught or habituated to, from youth to manhood. Any influence, whatever, which tends to shape a faculty, he considered, came strictly within the term. He also observed, that the faculties possessed by man were in existence even in infancy, most of them in a latent state. He spoke of the ways in which the opening powers manifested themselves. There had been a great diversity in the systems of Education, in different nations, in different periods. Some of these were adduced, and their peculiarities shown. Generally, but a few of the faculties received any appropriate culture, and those often of the lowest order. There was but one proper mode of education, and that was, to unfold all the faculties in harmonious proportion, preserving that beautiful equilibrium which nature everywhere follows. It was a fact well known, that many of the so-called great men, were monstrously deformed; being, in some respects, the astonishment of the world, in others mere babes.

The obtuseness of the sensibilities over the scenes of horror and brutality, so often exhibited, was shown to be the result of education. To the same cause was ascribed much of the disease, the wretchedness, the narrowness of soul, the superstition, the bigotry and deception existing in the world. The seeds of numberless absurdities are sown and take root in early life. Many wrong notions are in existence. There was a point where tenderness becomes cruelly—sweetmeats become poisons to the system. It was remarked that we, as a people, were fond of talking of our general intelligence, and yet, facts and figures showed, that many minds were wrapt in gloom. The skin deep attainments of many who would be regarded as highly accomplished, were noticed. Many, who could say a great many things in a flippant manner, were after all, poorly educated. Among the mistakes committed in education, the one of teaching words and abstract signs, while the real objects signified were left out of view, was particularly noticed. The real object of education could never be obtained in this way. A tribute was paid to the gift of reason. It was remarked that too little attention was paid to the interesting objects of nature. The mind was often cheated of much rational enjoyment, and the understanding, of much that would improve and enrich it. If the mind could be occupied on ennobling objects, it could not delight in trifles. A respectable standard of education was shown to be necessary to a rational independence.

Mr. Pillsbury is a young man engaged as Principal in a classical school in this village. His lecture showed that he was well versed, not only in the details and practical part of his profession, but that he enters deeply into its spirit and theory. We trust that those who commit their children to his care, will have every reason to be satisfied. It is an omen for good to the rising generation, that the best talents of our country are considered as not unworthy employed in the profession of teaching, and that our young men are willing to devote themselves to it as a science. We wish them success in their useful and honorable calling.

## OBSEVER.

It is said that the manufacturers of Nottingham and Derby, (England,) are endeavoring to bring out coats and trousers, woven in the frame, and that they are sanguine of ultimately accomplishing their purpose!

## SUMMARY OF INTELLIGENCE.

The Paris Police, in France, recently made a foray among the cheap restorers of that city, and made many interesting discoveries. They have seized a parcel of horse flesh, and found scores of cat skins. This has made no small stir among the gourmands, who have supposed that for a sous or so they could feast upon beef, rabbits, etc.

Marshal Oudinot, who is appointed Governor of the Invalids at Paris, received thirty wounds in battle; and it is remarked, to exemplify the fortune of war, that Murat, who exposed himself equally, or with much recklessness, was rarely touched, and had not a scar when he met his dismal fate!

The New York Journal of Commerce suggests the propriety of forming another political party, to be "an honest party." It formed, a child could number their ranks, there are so few honest men now-a-days.

In the State of Ohio, there are ten colleges and eighty academies and grammar schools, with five thousand students; and about five thousand two hundred primary and common schools, with two hundred and twenty thousand pupils.

Col. Richard M. Johnson, in a recent speech, says:—"I would stand by the men when they are right, but I would stand by the wrongs right or wrong." The Colonel is on the right track—let him get the ladies on his side, and he can walk over the course at the presidential election.

Gov. T. W. Dorr has addressed a letter to a gentleman in Providence, recommending his friends in Rhode Island to register their names to vote under the Constitution just adopted by the charter party. He says he is about to issue an extended address to the people of Rhode Island.

A protracted meeting was recently held in Danville, (Pa.) which resulted in the formation of a Baptist church, numbering seventy-four members, sixty-two of whom were baptized by immersion in the Susquehanna, on four successive Sabbaths.

Excellent cows have recently been sold at Dayton, (Ohio,) at a constant sale, at three dollars each; hay, one dollar per ton; five hundred bushels of corn in the ear for three dollars; and eighty acres of wheat, well put in, for the same sum.

President Tyler gave a dinner, at the White House, on Tuesday last, to General Lewis Cass.

Most of the members of the Wisconsin Legislature, recently met at the Capitol, organized, and gave the usual information to that effect to the Governor. He, however, informed them that the meeting was illegal, and refused to co-operate with them.

A man in New Orleans offers to ride three hundred miles in twenty-four consecutive hours.

William D. Gray, an associate of Richard P. Ransom, the supposed murderer of Ellen Jewett, has been sentenced to Sing Sing Prison, in New York, for twelve years and six months, for burglary.

During the past year three hundred people in New York have been induced to make professions of religion in consequence of reading the tracts gratuitously circulated by the New York city tract society.

Insanity is much more common among single than among married people.

Mr. Frederick W. Thompson, late of Charlestown, (Mass.) has been appointed by the native government of the Sandwich Islands, to the office of High Sheriff.

A miserable wretch in Hamilton County, (Tenn.) has been very properly sentenced to twenty-one years imprisonment, for killing his wife.

A colored man was recently called to the bar of the Middle Temple, London. His father is one of the Senators of Jamaica, and possessed of a very large fortune, the bulk of which he entailed on his son.

An effort has been made in the Illinois Legislature to repeal the Charter of the Mormon city, Nauvoo, but it failed.

The sugar crop of Louisiana, it is expected, will turn out large this year, and of good quality.

The sailors, in Baltimore, have struck for higher wages. Their demand is fifteen dollars a month.

## NOTICES.

Charles Clapp, Esq. of Quincy, will deliver the eleventh lecture before the Quincy Lyceum, WEDNESDAY EVENING (Jan. 11th,) at the Town Hall, commencing at half past six o'clock.

GEORGE BAXTER, Secretary.

The members of the Quincy Total Abstinence Society are hereby notified, that their annual meeting for the choice of Officers, etc. will be held at the Town Hall, on TUESDAY EVENING, the 10th inst, at half past six o'clock.

Rev. Mr. Lord, seamen's preacher in Boston, will deliver a lecture on the Seamen's Cause, in the Evangelical Congregational Meeting-house, TO-MORROW EVENING, (if not stormy,) at half past six o'clock. A collection will be taken up for the seamen's cause.

Rev. J. B. Dods will lecture, at the Town Hall, MONDAY EVENING, Jan. 9th, at seven o'clock precisely, on the Philosophy of Animal Magnetism. Discovered. He will explain the why and wherefore of this science. Admittance to the lecture, 12 1/2 cents.

The Directors of the Quincy Charitable Society are reminded that their meeting stands adjourned to next THURSDAY EVENING, at the house of Elisha Turner. An invitation is respectfully extended to members of the Society, who wish, to be present.

The undersigned, Selectmen of Quincy, give notice that they will be in session at the Town Hall, every SATURDAY in each month, until further notice, from two to five o'clock in the afternoon. All persons, having business with the Town are requested to present it on said days.

HENRY WOOD.

BILLINGS BAILEY.

JAMES NEWCOMB.

**DR. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT.**—This invaluable medicine is daily effecting some of the most astonishing and wonderful cures that have ever been known. All who have used it for Asthma, Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Whooping Cough, Croup or Hives, Consumption, Chronic Pleurisy, Hoarseness, Pain and Soreness of the Breast, difficulty of Breathing, and every other disease of the LUNGS and CHEST, can do so at its usefulness. BRONCHITIS, a disease which is annually sweeping thousands upon thousands to a premature grave, under the mistaken name of CONSUMPTION, is always cured by it. The usual symptoms of this disease (Bronchitis) are Cough, Soreness of the Lungs or Throat, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, Hectic Fever, a spitting up of phlegm or matter, and sometimes blood. It is an inflammation of the fine skin which lines the inside of the whole of the wind tubes or air vessels, which run through every part of the Lungs. This Expectorant immediately suppresses the Cough, Pain, Inflammation, Fever, and difficulty of Breathing, and produces a free and easy expectoration, and a cure is soon effected.

It always cures ASTHMA—two or three large doses will cure the CROUP or HIVES of Children, in from fifteen minutes to an hour's time. It immediately subdues the violence of WHOOPING COUGH, and effects a speedy cure. Hundreds who have been given up by their physicians as incurable with "CONSUMPTION," have been restored to perfect health by it.

For sale by Caleb Gill, Jr. at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE. Quincy, Jan. 7.

**IMPORTANT WORK.** We have only time to call the attention of the public to an unpretending yet valuable little volume, entitled "A Kiss for a Blow," by Henry C. Wright, the gentleman who gave universal satisfaction in his remarks when the temperance movements were discussed at the Town Hall in this place, during several evenings of the past year. It is for sale at the Quincy Bookstore.

## BRIGHTON MARKET.

MONDAY, Jan. 2. At market, 575 Beef Cattle, 50 Steers, 2750 Sheep, and 30 Swine. About 200 Beef Cattle unsold.

Prices.—Beef Cattle—Last week's prices were not sustained. We quote a few extra at 4 50. First quality 4 4 25; second quality 3 25 a 3 50; third quality 3 a 3 25.

Sheep—Dull. Lots were sold from 75c to 1 25. Weathers from 1 25 to 1 50; stall led do. from 2 50 to \$1. Swine—Those at market were from the immediate neighborhood. No lots sold to peddle. At retail from 31-2 to 5c.

## MARRIED.

In this town, 1st inst., by Rev. John Gregory, Mr. James Riddle to Miss Mary B. Collins. On the 2d inst., by the same, Mr. Joseph W. Kinsall to Miss Mary Long—all of this place. On the 1st inst., by Rev. Mr. Robinson, Mr. Joseph W. Chase to Miss Martha Pratt, both of Quincy. In Boston, on the 10th inst., by Rev. Mr. Robinson, Mr. Edmund Burke Whitney, formerly of this town, to Miss Augusta L. Boyce of the former place. By Rev. Mr. Waterston, Mr. William M. Lawrence of this place, to Miss Susan W. Chase of Wells, (Me.)

## DIED.

In this town, 3d inst., George Read, son of Mr. John B. and Mrs. Margaret Glover, aged 1 year. In Weymouth, Mrs. Deborah, widow of the late James Humphrey, Esq., aged 83. In Hingham, Dec. 28th, Mrs. Eliza, wife of Mr. Dixon L. Gill, aged 36. In Dedham, Dec. 31st, children of Mr. John and Mrs. Eliza Fisher. At Newport, (R. I.) 25th ult., Rev. Francis Cunningham to Miss Mary Forbes, daughter of the late Ralph Beunt Forbes, both of Milton.

## Goods at Auction.

WILL be sold at public auction, at the Store of Justin Spear, Esq., on TUESDAY, January 17th, at nine o'clock in the forenoon. About fifteen hundred dollars worth of Goods, consisting of GROCERIES & DRY GOODS, such as are usually kept in a country store. The sale will be positive to close the concern. Per order of the Assignees. THOMAS, ADAMS, JR., Auc. Quincy, Jan. 7.

## Card.

THE Quincy Band beg leave to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Quincy and its vicinity, that at the request of several of their friends who were prevented by the unfavorable state of the weather from attending their last Concert, that they will give another Concert, in the Town Hall, on MONDAY, the 10th inst.

Mr. McLaughy having undertaken the personal superintendence of this Concert, no pains will be spared to make it as agreeable as possible. Many new pieces will be performed, for the first time in this country. Quincy, Jan. 7.

## Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of FRENCH & NEWHALL, was dissolved, by mutual consent, on the 27th day of December, 1842. The senior partner will continue the business at the old stand, and settle the accounts of the late firm.

WASHINGTON M. FRENCH, JOSEPH A. NEWHALL. Quincy, Jan. 7.

## Cape Lost.

A CLOAK CAPE, silk and worsted, was lost on Saturday evening last, between the house of Mr. William Packard and the shop of Mrs. Brumett. By returning the above article to THIS OFFICE, the finder will be well rewarded. Quincy, Jan. 7.

**'Christ Church Seminary.'** On and after the second day of January next, there will be two sessions daily in this School, instead of one as heretofore, commencing at nine o'clock in the forenoon, and one o'clock in the afternoon.

J. P. ROBINSON.

Quincy, Dec. 24.

## Penmanship.

No improvement—no pay. MR. LYMAN, respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of this town, that he intends opening a School at his rooms in the building near the residence of Mr. Elisha Marsh, for the purpose of teaching PRACTICAL AND ORNAMENTAL PENMANSHIP. Evenings of attendance—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Hours of Tuition—from half past six to half past seven o'clock. Sixteen Lessons constitutes a course. Quincy, Jan. 7.

## English Hay.

40 BUNDLES of the best English Hay, cheap for cash, on Granite Wharf. Inquire of WILLIAM H. GREEN. Quincy, Jan. 7.

**Bake House, etc. for Sale.** FOR sale, the BAKE HOUSE, formerly owned by Messrs. WILDE & DAVIS, together with the TOOLS suitable for the stand—three HORSES; three WAGONS, Stock, etc. Possession given as soon as requested.

Also, the STABLE owned by Mr. E. D. WILDE, situated near the Bake House and at present occupied by the establishment. Apply to DANIEL BURR. Hingham, Jan. 7, 1843.

## Cheaper than ever.

JOHN HOLDEN, JR., has just received an invoice of handsome BEVELLED CASE CLOCKS, which he will sell at the low price of \$3.50; and extra patterns at \$4.50. Also, BRASS and ALARM CLOCKS, unusually low. Quincy, Jan. 7.

## Notice.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS. NORFOLK SS. Probate Office, Dec. 24th, A. D. 1842. THE Administrator of the estate of JAMES KEOUGH, late of Quincy, in said County, laborer, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowance, and the Commissioners of Insolvency on said Estate having also presented their report for acceptance.

Ordered—That said Administrator notify all persons interested therein, that they may appear and be heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate to be holden at Quincy, in said County, on the SECOND TUESDAY of February, A. D. 1843, by publishing this order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

S. LELAND, Judge of Probate. Jan. 7.

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—District. On this fifteenth day of December, Upon the petition of ANCEL STODOL of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, of Massachusetts, who has been bankrupt, for a full discharge from all under the said United States Court in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, all creditors who shall have proved their claims, or any persons in interest may appear if they have, why the said discharge should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSSETT, Clerk. Jan. 7.

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—District. On this twenty-sixth day of December, Upon the petition of SIDNEY JOHN of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, of Massachusetts, who has been bankrupt, for a full discharge from all under the said United States Court in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, all creditors who shall have proved their claims, or any persons in interest may appear if they have, why the said discharge should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSSETT, Clerk. Jan. 7.

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—District.



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In Weymouth, Mrs. Deborah, widow of the late James Humphrey, Esq., aged 85.  
In Fitchburg, Dec. 28th, Mrs. Eliza, wife of Mr. Dixon L. Gilt, aged 86.  
In Dedham, Dec. 31, Charles, aged 7 years, and Jan. 1st, Frederick, aged 16 months, children of Mr. Joshua and Mrs. Eliza Fisher.  
At Newport, (R. I.) 25th ult., Rev. Francis Cunningham to Miss Mary Forbes, daughter of the late Ralph Bennett Forbes, both of Milton.

**Goods at Auction.**  
Will be sold at public auction, at the Store of Justin Spear, Esq., on TUESDAY, January 17th, at nine o'clock in the forenoon.  
About fifteen hundred dollars worth of Goods, consisting of GROCERIES & DRY GOODS, such as are usually kept in a country store.  
The sale will be positive to close the concern.  
Per order of the Assignees.  
THOMAS ADAMS, Jr., Aucr.  
Quincy, Jan. 7. 2w

**Card.**  
THE Quincy Band beg leave to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Quincy and its vicinity, that at the request of several of their friends who were present by the unfavorable state of the weather from attending their last Concert, that they will give another Concert, in the Town Hall, on MONDAY, the 16th inst.  
Mr. McLaughy having undertaken the personal superintendence of this Concert, no pains will be spared to make it as agreeable as possible.  
Many new pieces will be performed, for the first time in this country.  
Quincy, Jan. 7. 2w

**Dissolution.**  
THE copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of FRENCH & NEWHALL, was dissolved, by mutual consent, on the 27th day of December, 1842. The senior partner will continue the business at the old stand, and settle the accounts of the late firm.  
WASHINGTON M. FRENCH,  
JOSEPH A. NEWHALL.  
Quincy, Jan. 7. 3w

**Cape Lost.**  
A CLOAK CAPE, silk and worsted, was lost on a Sunday evening last, between the house of Mr. William Packard and the shop of Mrs. Burnett.  
By returning the above article to this OFFICE, the finder will be well rewarded.  
Quincy, Jan. 7. 3w

**Christ Church Seminary.**  
ON and after the second day of January next, there will be two sessions daily in this School, instead of one as heretofore, commencing at nine o'clock in the forenoon, and one o'clock in the afternoon.  
J. P. ROBINSON.  
Quincy, Dec. 24. 1f

**Penmanship.**  
No improvement—no pay.  
MR. LYMAN, respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of this town, that he intends opening a School at his Rooms in the building near the residence of Mr. Eliza Marsh, for the purpose of teaching PRACTICAL AND ORNAMENTAL PENMANSHIP. Evenings of attendance—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Hours of Tuition—from half past six to half past seven o'clock. Sixteen Lessons constitute a course.  
Quincy, Jan. 7. 3w

**English Hay.**  
40 BUNDLES of the best English Hay, cheap for cash, on Granite Wharf. Inquire of WILLIAM H. GREEN.  
Quincy, Jan. 7. 1f

**Bake House, etc. for Sale.**  
FOR sale, the BAKE HOUSE, formerly owned by Messrs. WALDE & DAVIS, together with the TOOLS suitable for the stand—three HORSES; three WAGONS, Stock, etc., etc.  
Possession given as soon as requested.  
Also, the STABLE, situated near the Bake House and at present occupied by the establishment. Apply to  
DANIEL BURR.  
Bingham, Jan. 7. 1843. 3w

**Cheaper than ever.**  
JOHN HOLDEN, JR., has just received an invoice of handsome BEVELLED CASE CLOCKS, which he will sell at the low price of \$3.50; and extra patterns at \$4.50.  
Also, BRASS and ALARM CLOCKS, unusually low.  
Quincy, Jan. 7. 6w

**Notice.**  
COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.  
NORFOLK SS. Probate Office, Dec. 24th, A. D. 1842.  
THE Administrator of the estate of JAMES KEOUGH, late of Quincy, in said County, laborer, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowance, and the Commissioners of Insolvency on said Estate having also presented their report for acceptance.  
Ordered—That said Administrator notify all persons interested therein, that they may appear and be heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate to be held at Quincy, in said County, on the SECOND TUESDAY of February, A. D. 1843, by publishing this order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.  
S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.  
Jan. 7. 3w

**In Bankruptcy.**  
United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this fifteenth day of December, A. D. 1842  
—Upon the petition of  
**ANCEL STODDARD,**  
of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—  
Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and all persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.  
FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 7. 433.

**In Bankruptcy.**  
United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this twenty-sixth day of December, A. D. 1842  
—Upon the petition of  
**SIDNEY JOHNSON,**  
of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—  
Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and all persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.  
FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 7. 1910.

**In Bankruptcy.**  
United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this twenty-sixth day of December, A. D. 1842  
—Upon the petition of  
**ALBERT BATES,**  
of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—  
Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and all persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.  
FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 7. 1940.

**In Bankruptcy.**  
United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this nineteenth day of December, A. D. 1842  
—Upon the petition of  
**PATRICK COLLINS,**  
of Dorchester, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—  
Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and all persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.  
FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 7. 1969.

**In Bankruptcy.**  
United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON the Petition of LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Assignee of the estate of  
**THOMAS J. THAYER,**  
of Braintree, who has been declared Bankrupt, praying for leave to sell certain estate and property, set forth in the schedule annexed to the said petition.  
It is ordered by the Court, that a hearing of the said petitioner will be had on the FOURTH TUESDAY of January instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, when and where all creditors, the Bankrupt, and any persons in interest, may appear and show cause (if any they have) why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.  
FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk of the Court.  
Jan. 7. 1816.

**In Bankruptcy.**  
United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this fourteenth day of December, A. D. 1842  
—Upon the petition of  
**JOHN MARK HOLLINGSWORTH,**  
of Boston, and  
**LYMAN HOLLINGSWORTH,**  
of Dorchester, copartners, under the firm of J. M. & L. Hollingsworth, in said District, to be declared Bankrupts.  
Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.  
FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 7. 2358.

**In Bankruptcy.**  
United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this sixth day of December, A. D. 1842  
—Upon the Petition of  
**HENRY W. BALL,**  
of Dorchester, in said District, to be declared Bankrupt.  
Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition, will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.  
FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 7. 2218.

**In Bankruptcy.**  
United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this twenty-second day of December, A. D. 1842  
—Upon the Petition of  
**IRA R. ARNOLD,**  
of Braintree, in said District, to be declared Bankrupt.  
Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition, will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the THIRD TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.  
FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 7. 2471.

**In Bankruptcy.**  
United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this twenty-second day of December, A. D. 1842  
—Upon the petition of  
**HOSEA H. FLANDERS,**  
of Quincy, in said District, Stone-cutter, to be declared Bankrupt.  
Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room in Boston, in said District, on the THIRD TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.  
FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 7. 2409.

**In Bankruptcy.**  
United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this twenty-sixth day of December, A. D. 1842  
—Upon the petition of  
**BAILEY THOMAS,**  
of Weymouth, in said District, to be declared Bankrupt.  
Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition, will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the THIRD TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.  
FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 7. 2511.

**Assignee's Sale.**  
By authority of United States District Court.

Will be sold at public auction, on MONDAY, the 9th day of January instant, at half past ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co., in Quincy, the following described property and effects of John Gregory of Quincy, a Bankrupt, viz:—  
Note against Jerome Harris for \$250 00  
" " " " " " " " 250 00  
" " " " " " " " 171 00  
Execution against O. H. Saxton for 65 00

Also—At the same time and place, the following described property and effects of Asa Colburn, of said Quincy, a Bankrupt, viz:—  
Account against the estate of John Lemon for \$60 00  
" " " " " " " " 35 00  
" " " " " " " " 25 00  
" " " " " " " " 5 00  
For further information application may be made to JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Assignee of said Bankrupts.  
THOMAS ADAMS, Jr., Auctioneer.  
Quincy, Jan. 7. 1w

**List of Letters**

Remaining in Postoffice, Quincy, Jan. 1, 1843.  
A Zephaniah S. Alden, 3  
B Samuel Adams, 1  
C Moses H. Bass, 1  
D Mrs. Sophia Belcher, 1  
E Patrick O'Brien, 1  
F Benjamin Bramhall, 1  
G Mrs. H. Brummett, 1  
H Foster Brown, 1  
I Epyrus Bosworth, 1  
J Ambrose H. Cyrlaway, 1  
K Elbridge G. Cobb, 1  
L Stetson Chandler, 1  
M Alphaeus Chesley, 1  
N J. B. Cowen, 1  
O J. V. Clark, 1  
P Anthony P. Durgin, 1  
Q Alfred Dutton, 1  
R Martin Donaghue, 1  
S Nancy B. Everett, 1  
T Chandler Fisher, 1  
U Silas E. Fulton, 1  
V Lemuel Fernald, 1  
W Hosea H. Flanders, 1  
X Jacob Grant, 1  
Y Samuel C. Horn, 1  
Z Miss Phebe Holt, 1  
A Miss Mary Higgins, 1  
B John A. Hobart, 1  
C Mr. M. Hall, 1  
D Lewis Hobart, 1  
E Thomas O. Jordan, 1  
F Daniel French, Postmaster.  
Quincy, Jan. 7. 3w

**List of Letters**

Remaining in Postoffice, Weymouth, Jan. 1, 1843.  
A Ames, Tilden, 1  
B Beckley, James R., 1  
C Burrell, William, 1  
D Bates, David H., 1  
E Bryant, Roanoy E., 1  
F Belcher, J. G., 1  
G Burrell, Ann, 1  
H Burrell, M., 1  
I Bunker, Naham, 1  
J Bowditch, Alden, 1  
K Bates, Elijah, 1  
L Bates & Loud, 1  
M Briggs, Ous, 1  
N Bailey, Jeremiah, 1  
O Bowditch, William, 1  
P Brown, Foster C., 1  
Q Bartlett, Mary Jane, 1  
R Colson, Warren, 1  
S Cook, Samuel, 1  
T Colson, Rachel, 1  
U Dyer, Jesse, 1  
V Dudley, B. F., 1  
W Elwell, Capt. J. B., 1  
X Fearing, J., 1  
Y Gay, Charles E., 1  
Z Gardner, Isaac, 1  
A Gross, Capt., 1  
B Griffith, Harriet, 1  
C Hodgkin, James, 1  
D Hatch, Charles X., 1  
E Howland, Samuel, 1  
F Holbrook, A. A., 1  
G Aolbrook, Abner, 1  
H Holbrook, James H., 1  
I Hobart, John A., 1  
J Hollis, N., 1  
K Hollis, John, 1  
L Hollis, Hosea, 1  
M Hersey, Amos, 1  
N Holden, Mary J., 1  
O Hobart, Capt. Henry, 1  
P Hayden, James H., 1  
Q Hunt, E. J., 1  
R Torry, Samuel, 1  
S Tirrell, Benjamin, Jr., 1  
T Taylor, James, 1  
U Tirrell, Noah, 1  
V Upham, Charles, 1  
W Hollis, N., 1  
X Vining, Ezra, 1  
Y Vining, Noah, 1  
Z Vickery, John, 1  
A Vickery, Tirrell, 1  
B Vining, Martin & Co., 1  
C Vining, Allen, 1  
D White, Calvin, 1  
E FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Postmaster.  
Weymouth, Jan. 7. 3w

QUINCY PATRIOT.

**Ebenezer B. Hersey,**  
HOUSE, SHIP, SIGN, AND FANCY PAINTER AND GRAINER.

THE subscriber, grateful for past favors, takes this method to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has removed to his Shop on Coddington Street, nearly opposite the Town Hall, where he may be found ready to execute all orders for HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, GRADING, ETC., in a manner which cannot fail to suit.  
Particular attention paid to HOUSE PAINTING.  
done handsomer and cheaper than at any other Establishment in town.  
ORNAMENTAL PAINTING executed in a workman-like manner.  
GRADING or Painting in imitation of all kinds of Wood, Marble and Stone, in a style surpassed by none.  
Glazing, Gilding, Coloring, etc., as usual.

PAINTS AND OILS, of the best quality, wholesale and retail, and as cheap as they can be purchased in Boston.  
N. B. The subscriber wishes to be understood that he will WORK AS CHEAP AS ANY ONE ELSE, and will warrant satisfaction.  
Quincy, Jan. 7. 1f  
EBENEZER B. HERSEY.

**Assignee's Sale.**  
By authority of United States District Court.

Will be sold by public auction, at the shop lately occupied by Charles Alden, Randolph, on MONDAY, the 9th day of January next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, the following articles:—  
1 set double Boot Trees; 7 pairs brass shank Boots; about 500 pairs Lasts for Overshoes; 200 pairs Instep Leathers and Corks; 17 Boxes for overshoes; 16 thousand yards of Shoe Strings; 1 set Boot Lasts; 4 sets Stoves and Panned; 1 set of Rollers; 122 pairs Overshoe Vamps; 45 men's and ladies Overshoe Vamps; 127 pairs men's Overshoes, unfinished; 260 pairs women's do. do.; 177 do. misses do. do.; 18 pairs men's finished; 35 do. misses do.; 17 do. women's do.; 133 pairs damaged; 54 half Sole Leathers; Shoe Quarters and Vamps; 1 Chaise and one Brass Mounted Harness; 1 Light Wagon and Harness; 1 Gray Horse; 1 Silver Keyed Flute; 1 Lever Silver Watch; 2 Shares in the Engine Company.  
Conditions at sale.  
Per order of AARON PRESCOTT, Esq., Assignee.  
A. E. DeBOIS, Auctioneer.  
Randolph, Dec. 31. 2w

**Assignee's Sale.**  
By authority of United States District Court.

Will be sold at public auction, on MONDAY, the 16th day of January next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, the following described property and estate of John L. Dutton of Quincy, a Bankrupt, viz:—  
The right in equity that said Bankrupt had at the time of the filing of his petition for a decree of Bankruptcy in said Court, and at the time of said decree, to redeem a parcel of Land, situated in said Quincy, with a Dwelling House, Barn and out-buildings on the premises, and bounded as follows:—westerly, on Granite Street; northerly and easterly, on land of Lewis Bass; southerly, on land of Daniel Hobart; or however otherwise bounded.  
Said premises are subject to two mortgages. Sale will be on the premises.  
Also—At the same time and place, one Cow, and about one ton of Hay, Kaffee, and other articles.  
Also—All the right and interest that said Bankrupt had at the time of the filing of his petition for a decree of Bankruptcy in said Court, and at the time of said decree, in and to the Real Estate of John Dutton, deceased, of Quincy, in the State of Maine.  
Also—Sundry Notes and Accounts, viz:—  
Note against William Goodridge, for \$25.00  
" " " " " " " " 1.75  
Account " Alvin Martin, 16.63  
" " " " " " " " 39.00  
" " " " " " " " 2.00  
And other small demands, a schedule of all which may be seen on application to  
THOMAS ADAMS, Jr., Aucr.  
Quincy, Dec. 31. 2w

**Canal Meeting.**  
THE Stockholders of the Quincy Canal are hereby notified, that their annual meeting for the choice of Officers, and for the purpose of settling the accounts, may be deemed necessary, will be held at the Hancock House, in Quincy, on TUESDAY, the 10th day of January next, at half past six o'clock in the afternoon.  
A full meeting is requested.  
JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Clerk.  
Quincy, Dec. 31. 2w

**A Card.**  
MANUFACTURER of all kinds of FURNITURE, also, Furniture REPAIRED and VARNISHED in the best and neatest manner.  
All persons wishing to purchase, will do well to call at their rooms, nearly opposite the Hancock House.  
N. B. Pine and Mahogany COFFINS, made at short notice.  
WASHINGTON M. FRENCH.  
Quincy, Nov. 5. 1f

**Christmas & New Year's Gifts.**  
FOR sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE, a variety of Annuals new and interesting, Juvenile and Toy Books, Work Boxes, Fancy Boxes, Dissected Pictures, Alphabet Blocks, Toys, Fancy articles, etc., etc., suitable for Presents.  
Quincy, Dec. 24. 3w

**Ford's New Eating House.**  
No 20, Devonshire Street, BOSTON.  
ROAST MEATS, 6-14 cents;  
Boiled Meats, 6-14 do.;  
Poultry, 12-12 do.;  
Dishes cooked to order.  
Boston, Dec. 31. 6w

**Eastern Wood.**  
JUST received by the subscribers, at Newcomb's Wharf, Quincy Point, fifty cords of prime Eastern Wood, which they offer for sale on reasonable terms, for cash.  
O. B. NEWCOMB.  
Quincy, Dec. 31. 1f

**Winter Fashions.**  
SUSANNA S. MARSH respectfully informs her friends and customers, that she has just received her winter fashions, with a splendid assortment of Winter RIBBONS; also, some very rich Velvet Ribbons.  
LAINCE Bonnets, colored and altered, cleaned and pressed every week, as usual.  
Quincy, Nov. 5. 1f

**Young Ladies' School.**  
MISS PACKARD has commenced her Fall and Winter Term.  
Further information obtained by calling at the house of Mr. William Packard, Hancock Street.  
Quincy, April 2. 1y

**'Christ Church Seminary.'**  
UNDER the charge of the Rev. Mr. Robinson is now open for the reception of a limited number of Girls and Boys.  
Application may be made at the School Room, or at the residence of Rev. Mr. Robinson.  
Quincy, Nov. 5. 1f

**Neat! Neat!!**  
JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have just received a good assortment, some of them are very handsome, which they offer for sale at prices corresponding to the times.  
Quincy, Dec. 24. 1f

**Compound Boneseet Candy.**  
WILLIAM BROWN'S Compound Boneseet Candy Medicated—Price six cents per ounce, or four ounces for nineteen cents. This article is the most celebrated preparation now in use in the form of Candy, for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Whooping Coughs, Sore Throat and all diseases of the Lungs. It is literally in the mouth of the whole community, and is in extensive use for clearing the voice for vocalists and public speakers. Its ingredients are known to the public, therefore it cannot be called a quack article. It is made from the root of Elecampane, Licorice, Spills, Seneca Root, Boneseet Herb and many other ingredients recommended by the medical faculty. It has gained so extensive a reputation that a number of druggists and confectioners are counterfeiting it. In order, therefore, to procure the genuine, call for "William Brown's Boneseet Candy," and observe the directions are signed and the candy stamped "William Brown, Boston."

The true article is for sale in Boston, at wholesale and retail, by the Manufacturer, corner of Washington and Eliot Street, WILLIAM BROWN, and in this town by  
JOHN BRIBBON, Agents.  
Mrs. E. HAYDEN, 1f  
Quincy, March 5. 1f

**Boston Almanacs for 1843.**  
FOR sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.  
Quincy, Dec. 24. 3w

**Piano Fortes.**  
Tuned for one dollar by J. W. M'GAUGHY, Professor of Music.  
Orders left at the Hancock House, or this Office, will be punctually attended to.  
Quincy, Dec. 3. 1f

**For Sale.**  
200 TONS of the best Red Ash Coal, broken and screened, and delivered for seven dollars per ton.  
Also—One hundred and fifty cords of Hard Wood, delivered at six dollars a cord.  
Forty cords of Hemlock at a less price, by  
ALBERT HERSEY.  
Quincy Point, July 23. 1f

**Quincy & Boston Stage.**  
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

THE subscriber, grateful for the support he has received for the seventeen past years, hopes by a faithful discharge of his duties to merit a continuance of the public patronage; and respectfully informs his friends and the public that the Quincy and Boston Stage will leave the Store of Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co., during the winter season, at eight o'clock, A. M., every day, (Sunday excepted).

On its return, will leave Elm Street (Doollittle's) Hotel, No. 9, Elm Street, Boston, at four o'clock, P. M. Hacks kept at the Stores of Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co. and Frederic Hardwick, Jr., in Quincy, and at the Elm Street Hotel, Boston.  
Every attention will be paid to the comfort and convenience of passengers, and all orders entrusted to his care will receive prompt attention.

SIMON GILLET, Driver and Proprietor.  
Quincy, Jan. 1. 1f

**Jeffrey R. Brackett, Boston.**  
IMPORTER, Wholesale and Retail dealer in Fine Watches, Watch Trimmings, Materials, Tools, RICH MANTEL CLOCKS, Plated, Bronzed, gilt and papier Machie Vases.

Manufacturer of Rich Jewelry, Silver Ware, Bank Office, Church Towers and Gallery Clocks. Watches repaired by experienced and faithful workmen.  
Cash paid for gold and silver at No. 60 Washington Street, Boston.  
Dec. 10. 1f

**To Let or Lease.**  
A LARGE modern built House, situated on Quincy Point, in perfect repair, having ten rooms, spacious cellar and attic, good water, large stable, orchard and five acres of Land. The house is perfectly convenient for two families.  
Apply to Lemuel Brackett, Esq., Quincy—or S. E. Hobart, Boston, at the Boston Marine Railway.  
Boston, Nov. 26. 1f

**Hancock House.**  
THE subscriber, (heretofore in partnership with his father,) grateful for past favors, hereby informs his friends and the public generally that he has now assumed the entire charge of this commodious House which is open for the reception of company.

Its pleasant location, airy rooms and convenient distance from Boston, render it a very desirable country residence for gentlemen and families, as every exertion will be made to contribute to the comfort and enjoyment of travellers and boarders, whose patronage is respectfully solicited.  
GEORGE H. FRENCH.  
Quincy August, 21. 1f

**Horses and Carriages to Let.**  
THE subscriber having assumed the management of the stable near Joshua Jones' Harness Shop, respectfully informs the former patrons, his friends and the public, that he is prepared to furnish excellent vehicles with good and gentle horses to all who may feel disposed to patronize an establishment, the proprietor of which will endeavor to accommodate to his utmost extent the wants of customers.

As he relies upon a trial to prove his advertisement to be correct in all particulars, he hopes the public will give him a chance to substantiate it.  
GEORGE J. JONES.  
Quincy, Oct. 1. 1f

**Remnants.**  
SUSANNA S. MARSH, opposite the Stone School House, School Street, takes the opportunity to inform those wishing to supply themselves with articles for children's wear, suitable for the coming season, that she has now on hand a good assortment, and will sell them very cheap for cash, particularly a large lot of remnants, which she has recently bought very low, comprising Figured Flannels, Merinos, Ratons, Saxony Cloths, Mouslin de Laines, Fine cord wide Prints suitable for infants, Dark Green Prints from six to twelve cents per yard, Plain Yellow and White Flannels, Ladies' and Misses Hosiery, Children's Beaver Gloves, Fine Black Alpines, and very low priced do., Wrought Collars, and Remnants of Ribbons selling low.  
Quincy, Oct. 8. 1f

**Dress-Making.**  
MISS ETHELINDA PARKER would respectfully inform the Ladies of Quincy and vicinity, that she, having served an apprenticeship with one of the most experienced Dress Makers in Boston, now flatters herself she can give good satisfaction to those who will please favor her with their custom.  
Residence—Mr. William Parker's, near Rev. Mr. Council's.  
Quincy, Oct. 15. 1f

**Fall and Winter Goods Cheap!!**  
THE subscribers wishing to reduce their stock prior to taking an account of the same, offer their extensive assortment of Woolens during the months of January and February, at reduced prices for cash, consisting in part of twenty pieces Diamond Beaver:—  
Wave Asphalium and plain Pilot Cloths;  
Pieces of Blue, Black, Olive, Green, Brown, Mixed and Adelaide Broadcloths, from \$1.50 to \$3.12 per yard;  
100 pieces Cassimeres and Sateenets, from 36 cents to \$1.75 per yard;  
Blankets, Blankets, Flannels, etc., etc.  
Purchasers are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.  
MANLEY & BRAMHALL, 24 Dock Square.  
Boston, Dec. 31. 1f

**Recent Additions**  
To Caleb Gill, Jr.'s Circulating Library.

THE Quod Correspondence, Jack Hinton the Guardian, The Zevania by Mrs. Holland, American Notes by Dickens, Handy Andy, Katherine Randolph or the only Daughter, Wing and Wing by Cooper, The New World Annual for 1843, Franklin Evans or the Inebriate, Helen Fleetwood by Charlotte Elizabeth, Tired of Housekeeping by T. S. Arthur, Lady's Book, Graham's Ladies' and Gentlemen's Magazine, Ladies' Companion, and Boston Miscellany, for January, etc., etc.

Persons paying one dollar per year in advance, are entitled to one volume at a time, and to exchange them as often as they choose.  
By paying \$1.50 per year, they are entitled to two volumes at a time.  
Single volumes at 6-14 cents per vol. per week.  
Quincy, Dec. 31. 3w

**New Works.**  
JUST published and for sale at the Quincy Bookstore, The New World Annual for 1843, containing the choicest tales and poetry from the costly English Annuals for 1843, with forty engravings—25 cts.  
The Brother Jonathan, extra double number for the Holiday, full of original and new—12-12 cts.  
Brown's Almanac and Pocket Memorandum for 1843—12-12 cts.  
Millerism Destroyed—12-12 cts.  
Channing on Self Culture, neatly bound and gilt; Casket of Four Jewels: The Golden Vase; Bible and Closet; Affection's Gift, etc., etc.  
Quincy, Dec. 31. 3w



## POETRY.

For the Quincy Patriot.

**A FRIENDLY EXPOSTULATION.**  
Come away from the place, whether splendid or mean,  
From the genteel saloon—from the filthy shebeen—  
From the bar-room and cellar and every resort,  
Where that which makes drunkards can ever be bought,

Where tempting decanters stand boldly in sight,  
To create or renew a depraved appetite;  
Or behind the false screen for concealment design'd,  
Where young men are ruin'd in body and mind.

O come then my friends—make haste—come away—  
Sign the tea-total pledge, nor longer delay,  
This virtue invites you and offers a boon,  
To win you away from the tempting saloon.

O fly from the wine cup while yet it is red,  
Nor julep, nor cordial, nor beer, take instead;  
Nor brandy, nor gin, nor rum, touch or taste,  
But fly from them all—linger not but make haste.

From saloon to hotel, from hotel to shebeen,  
Too many, alas! there may often be seen,  
Who begin with champagne and their senses benumb,  
But end their career in cider and rum.

Thus many, too many, whose prospects were bright,  
Are lost and undone while in drink they delight;  
Empoverish'd, deserted, degraded, and vile,  
A grief to their friends, to the tempter a spoil.

Then judge him a foe to yourself and to truth,  
Who temptingly places the cup to your mouth;  
Who robs you of character, money and brain,  
To linger in sickness and sorrow and pain.

O come then, my friends, ere too late, from the place;  
Come back to your friends who still wait your embrace;  
In temperance, virtue, and duty you'll find  
Good health for the body and peace for the mind.

## THE SHOEMAKER.

BY MISS H. F. GOULD.

'Act well your part, there all the honor lies.'  
The shoemaker sat amid wax and leather,  
With lap-stone over his knee,  
Where, snug in his shop, he defied all weather,  
Drawing his quarters and sole together;  
A happy old man was he.

This happy old man was so wise and knowing,  
The worth of time he knew,  
He bristled his ends and he kept them going,  
And felt to each moment a stitch was owing,  
Until he got round the shoe.

Of every deed that his wax was sealing,  
The closing was firm and fast,  
The prick of his awl never caused a feeling  
Of pain to the toe; and his skill in healing  
Was perfect, and true to the last.

Whenever you gave him a foot to measure,  
With gentle and skillful hand,  
He took its proportions with looks of pleasure,  
As if you were giving the costliest treasure,  
Or dubbing him lord of the land.

And many a one did he save from getting  
A fever, or cold, or cough;  
For many a foot he saved from wetting,  
When, whether in water or snow 'twas setting,  
His shoeing would keep them off.

When he had done with his making and mending,  
With hope and a peaceful breast,  
Resigning his awl, and his thread was ending,  
He passed from his bench, to the grave descending,  
As high as a king to rest.

## ANECDOTES.

'Mother,' asked a tall gawky, 'what did you and dad use to do when he came 'counting you?'  
'Good arith and seas! what put that into the boy's head? What do you mean, Jodahiah?'  
'Well, I went over to see Peggy Haskins 'tother night, and she told me I didn't know how to court—I axed her to show me, and sez she 'ax your marm!'

'What did you do, mother?'  
'La! sez! Why, Jeb, we used to sit in the corner and eat roast turkey!'

'Good gracious! times aint as it use to be, mother, sartin—the only thing Peggy gin me was a RAW COLD PICKLE!'

There was a man in New Orleans, thirty years ago, who wanted a young lady to marry him. He got the question as far as to say—  
'Madam, will you when his heart felt him and he ran away to France. He lately came back and said—  
'Have me?'  
and the old lady said—'Certainly.'

'I tell you what, Bill Johnson, if you come here again with that account of yours, I'll kick you out of the store!'

'If you do so it will be the first Bill you've footed this many a day?'

'Dr. Porson,' said a gentleman to the great 'Grecian,' with whom he had been disputing—'Dr. Porson, my opinion of you is most contemptible.' 'Sir,' returned the doctor, 'I never knew an opinion of yours that was not contemptible.'

A young gentleman at a temperance meeting on being asked to sign the pledge, excused himself by saying, 'I am not quite ready.' At the close of the meeting he proposed to one of the young ladies present to see her home, 'I am not quite ready,' was the laconic reply.

A little boy was asked, in a school in Lowell, how many mills make a cent. 'Ten, sir,' was the prompt reply. 'Immediately a bright-faced girl held up her little hand in token of dissent. 'Well, miss, what have you to say?' 'Please, sir, ten mills don't make a cent. Pa says all the mills in town don't make a cent.'

'What can a man do?' asked a green one yesterday, when the sheriff is seen coming up to him with a writ in his hand. 'Apply the remedy,' said another one, gruffly. 'Remedy! What kind of a remedy?' 'Healing remedy, you goose—run like the devil.'

A French author, having been taken up by the watchman, was carried before a lieutenant of police, who haughtily interrogated him concerning his business. 'I am a poet, sir,' said he.

'Oh! a poet, are you?' said the magistrate, 'I have a brother who is a poet.'

'Then we are even,' said the poet 'for I have a brother who is a fool.'

## DR. SACKETT'S

## Indian Strengthening Plaster.

The cheapest and best in the world, and recommended by the Medical Faculty, and by thousands who have made use of it.

Over three hundred thousand sold annually.



For Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sprains, Bruises, Pains in the Side, Loins, Back, Breast, Liver Complaints, Coughs, and all disorders leading to Consumption.

THE increased demand for these celebrated Plasters, has induced some to palm off others, purporting to be mine, therefore I caution purchasers to buy none except they bear my signature. GEORGE STEVENS JONES, none other can be GENUINE.

Prices—On paper manufactured expressly for them, 12 1/2 cents each—on sold kid, 25 cents.

Manufactured and sold wholesale and retail by the Proprietor, GEORGE STEVENS JONES, No. 80 and 82 Mount Vernon street, Boston—where all orders must be addressed, (post paid).

By special appointment MRS. HAYDEN of Quincy, has become my Agent.

Observe—none genuine unless having my signature. None ever goes from my office without it. THEY ARE WARRANTED IN ALL CASES.

Boston, Feb. 12. if

## Have you ever tried it?



## DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S

Pectoral Balsam of Spikenard, Blood Root, Wild Cherry and Comfrey.

THE most effectual remedy ever known for Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Consumption, Whooping Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Influenza, Pain in the Side, Shortness of Breath, and all Affections of the Throat and Lungs. It affords wonderful relief to those laboring under these complaints, and the use of one bottle will satisfy the most incredulous that they possess a healing power above everything heretofore discovered.

Around each bottle is a Treatise on Consumption, its causes, symptoms and cure, with full and particular directions for using the Balsam; what food, drinks, clothing, air, exercise, etc. should be used.

This Valuable Healing Cough Balsam, possessing the restorative virtues of many Roots and Rare Plants, which have been prepared with great care, can be obtained of the regularly appointed Agents, Merchants, Traders, Druggists, Apothecaries, and Dealers in Medicines throughout the New England States.

For sale, wholesale and retail, at the Doctor's Office, 15 Hanover Street, Boston. Price 50 cents.

Also—For sale by E. Thayer, Weymouth; John B. Arnold, Braintree; William Sherman, Randolph; Royal B. Whiton, Hingham; Bacon & Band, Dorchester; George Dixon, Dedham; and by all the Agents who sell his celebrated Sherry Wine Bitters and Family Pills. Agents in this town

JOHN BRIESLER, Mrs. E. HAYDEN. HEALTH & STRENGTH. Just received a fresh supply of S. O. Richardson's Sherry Wine Bitters & Family Pills, for sale as above. Look out for counterfeits and imitations, as there are several spurious articles in market intended to palm off for S. O. Richardson's. See that the Signature of S. O. Richardson is on the first envelope. Quincy, Dec. 3. 6m

## Dry Goods.

At the Landing in Weymouth, at the Store formerly occupied by Asa Webb.

## T. D. THOMPSON

WOULD inform the inhabitants of Weymouth and vicinity, that he has opened his stock of fall and winter Goods, which he now offers to those wishing to purchase. He has, and intends to keep a full assortment of desirable Goods. Persons about purchasing are invited to call and examine this stock, among which may be found a good assortment of the following articles:

Shawls, Alpaccas, Merinos, Alpines, Eolennes; Laces, Lace Edgings, Wrought Collars; Alpaca de Laines; French, English and American Prints; Worsteds and other Hosiery; Gloves; Patches, Gingham, Red Tickings; Brown and Bleached Cottons; Table Covers; Russian Diaper; White and Colored Cambric; Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets and Vestings; Stocking Yarn; Ready made Clothing, etc. Together with the assortment usually found in a Dry Goods Store, and as cheap as can be purchased in the city or any other place.

Weymouth, Sept. 10. 4m

## Domestics.

EXETER SHEETINGS, Family do, Merimac do, Appleton Shirtings, Waltham do, Striped do, For sale at the Agent's prices by

MANLEY & BRAMHALL, Boston, Sept. 10. if 24 Dock Square.

## Hingham Dye-Works.

GOODS of all descriptions Cleaned, Dyed and Finished, in the best manner and at the lowest prices.

Goods or orders left at the store of the subscribers will receive immediate attention, and no charges for sending bundles to or from the Dye-Works.

All Goods warranted to give satisfaction. JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co. Quincy, March 19. if

## Particular Notice.

ALL persons are hereby forbid taking Sea Weed from any beach or lands improved by the subscriber, without first ascertaining the place from which they may load. Individuals, in all cases, are forbid loading from the Sea Weed which has been hauled up into heaps.

The public are also cautioned from carrying away posts, rails, chips, etc. from the above premises. JACOB F. EATON, Quincy, Sept. 17. if

## QUINCY PATRIOT.

## Dry Goods.

E. PACKARD has on hand and for sale low, a good assortment of FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, consisting in part of

BEAVERS—Plain, Diamond and Waved. ALPACCAS, Alpines, TABLE COVERS, TICKINGS, CAMBRICS, LINENS, CLOVES, CRASH, SHIRTINGS, SHEETINGS, YARN, DIAPERS, VICTORIA ROBES, VICTORIA PLAID, Domestic do. Muslins, Laces, Edgings, Insertings, Cotton Velvets, Linen Hdkfs., Silk do. Buff Sheetings, Salisbury FLANNEL, Kid & Leather Slippers, India Rubbers, Mulls, Sarsnet Cambrics, Pelisse Wedding, Cotton Batting, Lace Veils, etc.

Together with a great variety of small articles constituting a full stock, which it is scarcely necessary to say, will be sold low, for this is now the order of the day. Quincy, Nov. 12. if

## Good and Cheap for Cash.

## MARSH'S TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT, Near the Railway House, Milton.

A FIRST RATE assortment of Goods, suitable for the season, comprising the following:—BEAVERS—Plain, Diamond and Double Waved; PILOTS—Blue, Invisible Green, etc. etc. for Winter Frocks and Sartous; ENGLISH, FRENCH, GERMAN AND AMERICAN SUPERFINE CLOTHS, of different colors and fine texture.

A good assortment of VESTINGS, comprising first rate Black Silk Velvet, Super Wool and Plaid Velvets; Figured and Plain SATINS, Light and Dark rich Silk Fancy Vestings; Super Wool Dyed English, French and American CASSIMERES and DOESKINS; FANCY AND COMMON CASSIMERES.

The above articles will be made up at the following low prices in first rate style.

SURTOOTS, from SUPER BLACK DRESS OR FROCK COATS, - - - - -	\$14 00 to \$24 00
VELVET VESTS, - - - - -	13 00 to 25 00
FANCY SILK AND SATIN VESTS, - - - - -	4 00 to 5 50
GOOD BLACK CASSIMERE PANTS, - - - - -	3 00 to 4 50
DOE SKIN PANTS, - - - - -	5 00 to 7 00
GOOD COMMON PANTS, - - - - -	5 00 to 8 50
	4 00

## Ready Made Clothing.

A good assortment of Dress and Frock Coats, Velvet and Fancy Vests, Pants, etc. etc., that will be sold cheap, all custom-made and warranted good.

The subscriber feels satisfied he need only say that his business shall be managed in the prompt manner that he has heretofore conducted it, and hopes by a continuation of the same, to merit the patronage of a liberal community.

Particular attention paid to CUTTING of Garments for Gentlemen who furnish their own cloth. FALL AND WINTER FASHIONS by late arrivals. Milton, Near Railway House, Oct. 22. if ALFRED S. MARSH.

## Extensive Assortment of Fall and Winter Goods.

JOSHUA BRIGHAM & CO., having recently made large purchases of Fall and Winter Goods, are enabled with their former stock to offer for sale a great assortment of Goods as can be found in any Store in the city or country, and all of which will be sold CHEAP for cash or approved credit. Among which are the following:

Waved, Diamond and Plain BEAVER CLOTHS, for Frock and Over-Coats. English and French and American BROADCLOTHS—superfine, medium and low priced—for Dress Coats. Black, Blue, Black, Blue and Fancy Colors. DOE SKINS and CASSIMERES, all qualities and colors, for Pants. SATINETTES, all colors and qualities. Rich Figured Velvet, Satin and other VESTINGS. Superfine Mole Skin and Fur HATS. Fur and Cloth CAPS. Gloves, Stocks, Linen Collars and Bosoms, Black Italian Cravats.

## FOR THE LADIES.

Superfine French Thibet MERINOES—Colors, Black, Blue, Black Dahlia and Mulberry—very beautiful. English Merinoes, a full assortment. Silk Warp ALPACCAS and ALPINES—Black, Blue Black and Fancy Colors. Plain and Figured MOUSLIN DE LAINES and SAXONIES. Edinboro' PLAID and MERINO SHAWLS.

English and French and American PRINTS, a good assortment. Edinboro' PLAID and MERINO SHIRTINGS and SHEETINGS, very low. Bed Ticks, Rose and Whitney BLANKETS and BED COMFORTERS. Silk, Woolen, Mohair and Worsted HOSE. Kid, Silk, and Mohair GLOVES. WHITE FLANNELS 3-4, 7-8, 4-4 & 5-4. Red, Green and Yellow do. Red, Green & White Twilled do. MUFTS, NECK COMFORTERS, FRINGE for Trimming Cloaks. Also, a good assortment of BOOTS and SHOES, CROCKERY, GLASS and CHINA WARE, HARD WARE and CUTLERY, WEST INDIA GOODS and GROCERIES.

Quincy, Dec. 4. if

## Extensive Cloth and Clothing Establishment.

## New Fall and Winter Goods.

## CALROW &amp; COMPANY,

Corner of Elm and Hanover Streets, Boston.

HAVING made extensive arrangements for the Fall and Winter Season, in the purchase of Goods, we are now prepared to offer to the public,

## Clothing.

at prices less than any other Establishment in the city, and at the same time, the style of Making, Trimming and Fit inferior to none.

## Our Stock consists of

SUPER LONDON, GERMAN AND AMERICAN PILOT, BEAVER AND ASPHALTUM CLOTHS, Of plain, figured, double waved, clouded, corded, and fancy colors, and of the most select styles. BLACK, BLUE, RIFLE AND INVISIBLE GREEN, LONDON SMOKE, LIGHT AND DARK OLIVE, and BROWN BROADCLOTHS.

SUPER WOOL DYED BLACK GERMAN CASSIMERES AND DOESKINS, warranted to retain their colors. ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN ELASTIC DOESKINS, AND FANCY AND COMMON CASSIMERES.

The above Goods comprise some of the most elegant styles for the coming season. SUPER WOOL AND PLAID VELVETS. RICH CASHMERE, THIBET, FIGURED AND PLAIN SATINS AND SILKS. VALENCIA AND COMMON VESTINGS.

Also—Some of the most beautiful patterns of SHAWL VESTINGS, and a new and elegant style of Cutting the same.

## Ready Made Clothing.

SURTOOTS, OPERA CLOAKS, SACKS, PELLOTTES, DRESS AND FROCK COATS, COPIES, SPENCER CLOAKS, PLAIN AND GAITER PANTS, FASHIONABLE VESTS, &c. &c. The above Clothing is manufactured of the very best Stock and Trimmings, and cut in that style that distinguishes our Garments from those that are vended in the numerous Slop Shops; and although we do not advertise our former or present prices, nor that we have engaged the services of some of our best Cutters, but by strict and personal attention and economical expenses, we defy competition in prices, durability or style of workmanship.

To strangers visiting the city we would say, that by calling at this establishment, they can have their Garments manufactured at twelve hours notice. The strictest attention paid to making and trimming, and a fit warranted in all cases or the price of the Cloth refunded. The public are invited to call and examine for themselves. Corner of Elm and Hanover Streets. Boston, Oct. 8. if

## General Auction Depot.

No. 7 State Street, (opposite the Post Office.) BOSTON.

SALES EVERY EVENING IN THE WEEK. DAY SALES—TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.

NORTON & LUTHER, Auction and Commission Merchants, respectfully tender their services to the public and solicit a share of patronage. At their Evening Sales may be had great bargains in DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, FANCY ARTICLES, etc. etc.

At their Day Sales, FURNITURE can be purchased at much less than the cost of manufacture. Liberal advances made on consignments. Nov. 5. if

## Italian Sewing Silk.

ONE Case of I. P. Beau & Co.'s superior Blue Black Sewings, which will be sold at the lowest rate by MANLEY & BRAMHALL, Boston, Sept. 10. if 24 Dock Square.

## Drivers' Gloves.

JUST received, a lot of very superior Drivers' Gloves. Also, Brick Mittens of the first quality for sale by MANLEY & BRAMHALL, Boston, Sept. 10. if 24 Dock Square.

## At E. Packard's, head of Sea Street,

PLAIN AND DIAMOND BEAVERS; Satinets, all prices; Kait Shirts and Drawers; Printed Saxones; Printed Merinos; Highland Plaid SHAWLS; Edinboro' Shawls; Children's Edinboro' Shawls; ALL WOOL FROCKING; Low priced PRINTS; Domestic Goods of all kinds, particularly Bleached and Unbleached SHEETINGS and SHIRTINGS. E. P. has also constantly on hand, all that is generally found in a gentleman's Furnishing Store. Quincy, Oct. 8. if

## BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of ANGEL STODDARD, of Braintree, a Bankrupt. LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Assignee. Weymouth, Dec. 31. 3w\*

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of EDWARD W. WILDER, of Braintree, a Bankrupt. LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Assignee. Weymouth, Dec. 31. 3w\*

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of SIDNEY JOHNSON of Braintree, a Bankrupt. LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Assignee. Weymouth, Dec. 31. 3w\*

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of ALBERT BATES, of Weymouth, a Bankrupt. LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Assignee. Weymouth, Dec. 31. 3w\*

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of LUDOVICUS WILD, of Randolph, a Bankrupt. AARON PRESCOTT, Assignee. Randolph, Dec. 24. 3w

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of PATRICK COLLINS, of Dorchester, a Bankrupt. NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Assignee. Milton, Dec. 24. 3w 1969

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON the thirteenth day of December, A. D. 1842. Upon the Petition of

## JASON CLAPP,

of Quincy, of the late firm of Tirrell, Bartlett & Clapp, in said District, wheelwright, to be declared Bankrupt. Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition, will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon. FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. Dec. 31. 2w 2317

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON the thirteenth day of December, A. D. 1842. Upon the Petition of

## JOHN W. RAND.

of Quincy, in said District, Blacksmith, to be declared Bankrupt. Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition, will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon. FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. Dec. 31. 2w 2318

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON the seventeenth day of December, A. D. 1842. Upon the petition of

## TRISTRAM BIRD,

of Dorchester, in said District, Milk Dealer, to be declared Bankrupt. Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room in Boston, in said District, on the THIRD TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon. FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. Dec. 31. 2w 2339

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON the seventeenth day of December, A. D. 1842. Upon the petition of

## DAVID A. HOLBROOK,

of Braintree, in said District, carpenter, to be declared Bankrupt. Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition, will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the THIRD TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon. FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. Dec. 31. 2w 2400

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

IN the matter of EDWIN W. KNIGHT of Milton. Dec. 24th, 1842.

It is ordered by the Court—That a hearing will be had on the FOURTH TUESDAY of January next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, on the Report of the Commissioner preparatory to a dividend, and that a dividend will then and there be made and a distribution ordered. FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk of the Court. Dec. 31. 2w

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON the twentieth day of December, A. D. 1842. Upon the Petition of

## ELIJAH TOLMAN,

of Dorchester, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof.

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. Dec. 31. 2w 1921

## Dr. Israel Delamater's

NERVE AND BONE RHEUMATIC LINIMENT

## INDIAN RHEUMATIC SPECIFIC.

It is frequently urged, that Rheumatism cannot be cured by external application. But it is certainly true, that it can be not only reached but entirely cured by external and internal remedies, used at the same time. This the proprietor of the Liniment and Specific is prepared to prove to the entire satisfaction of every one who is afflicted with this most distressing complaint, by a liberal and unequivocal warranty, that whoever will faithfully use one bottle of Dr. Delamater's Rheumatic Liniment externally, and one bottle of the Indian Rheumatic Specific internally, and return the empty bottles to where they were purchased, if not cured, shall have the purchase money refunded in full.

Comstock & Tyler, Druggists, wholesale agents, 88 Barclay Street, New York.

For sale by E. HAYDEN, Agent. Quincy, July 16. 3w

## Publ

## NUMBER 2.

## JOHN A. GR

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER

## CONDITIONS.

Two Dollars per annum in advance and Fifty Cents if not paid monthly—Three Dollars if delayed for the year.

No subscription, or advertisement, previous to the payment of all arrears of the subscription, will be accepted. Their papers stopped, they will notify that effect and at the time their subscription is terminated, they will send every subscriber will be held responsible for the payment of his paper so long as it is sent at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where it may be ordered, until it is received by the subscriber.

Advertisements, correctly and conspicuously at the customary prices. The number required must be marked on the advertisement, and they will be continued until charged for accordingly.

The privilege



## BANKRUPT NOTICES.

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# QUINCY PATRIOT.

Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store, in Hancock Street.

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EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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## QUINCY PATRIOT.

### SUMMARY OF INTELLIGENCE.

Thomas J. Sutherland, the noted Patriot, General in the Canada troubles, has turned phrenologist, and is now examining craniums at Lockport (N. Y.).

Strong resolutions against repudiation have passed both branches of the Legislature of Illinois.

The daughter of Gen. Santa Anna, in Mexico, now sixteen, is learning to write. Her teacher is a Yankee—caught in the Santa Fe expedition.

Our whole national debt is sixty day's interest on that of Great Britain—yet with all our resources the English call us Bankrupt.

A meeting has been held in Boston, for the purpose of making measures to form an association for the purpose of aiding destitute emigrants, by removing them from the seaboard, where their labor is not needed, to the interior of the country, where it is in demand.

A wire rope, five thousand three hundred yards in length, and weighing twelve tons, has been manufactured at New-castle-upon-Tyne, for the inclined plane on the Liege and Antwerp Railway.

A writer in the Maine Farmer says that one pint of New England rum, mixed with one pint of molasses, is a sure remedy for cattle poisoned by cherry tree leaves.

The Syracuse and Utica Railroad Company have resolved that no person shall hereafter be employed on the Syracuse and Utica Railroad who makes use of intoxicating liquor.

Of the lunatics in the Hospitals much the greater part were never married. So much for the influence of "home attachments."

At a recent temperance meeting held at Plymouth, (Mass.) it was resolved "that none but moral means should be employed in the removal of the evils of intemperance, and that these are found in the laws of our social existence, the laws of the Commonwealth, and the laws of God."

The Legislature of Pennsylvania, recently convened at Harrisburg. Benjamin Crispin, (dem.) of Philadelphia County, was elected President of the Senate, and Henry B. Wright, (dem.) of Luzerne County, Speaker of the House.

The new and handsome edifice recently erected on the corner of Dorchester and State streets, Boston, is to be called "Brazer's Buildings." Though oddly shaped, it is certainly a great improvement to the street.

An anti-abolition society has been formed in St. Charles, (Missouri). The preamble sets forth, that "whereas the fell spirit of eastern abolitionism, like a hydra-headed serpent, is still lurking among them, producing dissension and disturbance, whereby some of their oldest and most esteemed fellow-citizens have suffered much loss, they therefore resolve to keep their slaves in subjection, and institute inquiries into the opinion of individuals."

A college has been opened in Glasgow, (Scotland), under splendid auspices, for the education of ladies in the higher branches of academic knowledge. This is the first attempt in Great Britain to elevate woman, and to place her, intellectually, on a par with man. Several most distinguished professors have been employed, all of whom are ministers of the Gospel. The University is appropriately termed "Queen's College."

Several Germans at a hall in New York, opposite a watch house, the other night, got into an uproar, whereupon the watchman stepped in, and took twelve of them to the watch house to conclude the joyous festivities of the night. In the morning they were let off on giving bonds to keep the peace for six months.

It is stated in the Hannibal (N. Y.) Journal, that a sportsman, killed, at a single shot, seven turkeys out of a gang of nine, all of which were secured. He had baited a trench for them, and his gun was loaded with squirrel shot. When picked, the seven turkeys weighed one hundred and thirty-three pounds—an average of nineteen pounds each.

In the Court of General Sessions, at Philadelphia, the other day, two prisoners in the dock had a severe round of fists. The National Gazette says that one of them got awfully bruised and battered, before the dignity of the Court, or the physical power of the officers, could successfully interfere.

The Providence Chronicle says, that among the names registered in the Clerk's office in that city, is that of Thomas W. Dorr, the "Governor under the People's Constitution."

During the month of November last, fourteen ships, two bark, and one brig—tonnage, four thousand one hundred and ninety-eight—engaged in the whale trade, arrived at various ports in the United States, bringing fourteen thousand six hundred and eight barrels sperm, and nineteen hundred barrels whale oil.

The Prince de Joinville, of France, and Prince Adalbert of Prussia, went to Brazil to win the hand of a lovely Princess there. It appears by arrivals from Europe, that the French Prince is the happy man, and his rival has been sent off with a flea in his ear.

A servant girl was recently brought before a Cheltenham (Eng.) magistrate for running away from service. She stated that the reason why she left, was because she was obliged to go through the man's bed-room to her own room! The magistrate, however, sent her to jail for fourteen days.

More than thirteen stars have disappeared within the last two centuries. One of these presented such a brilliant appearance for about sixteen months as to be visible to the naked eye at mid-day. La Place supposed it was burning up, as it has never been seen since.

The town of Westchester, (Virginia), containing a population of less than four thousand souls, has thirteen churches—two Methodist, two Lutheran, one German Reformed, two Presbyterian, one Episcopal, three Baptist, one Friends, one Roman Catholic.

The ladies of the New York Clothing Society have collected, during the past year, the sum of eight hundred and two dollars twenty-two cents, which they have expended in two thousand garments, two hundred comfortable, four hundred pairs of shoes, two hundred pairs of hose, and fifty pairs of gloves.

The Committee of the New York Common Council on the Croton Water Works, have reported the whole cost of those works at twelve million five hundred thousand dollars, the annual interest on which is six hundred and sixty-five thousand dollars.

John Jacob Astor has adopted an excellent plan by which his name will be remembered when he is gone. He has devoted three hundred thousand dollars for a Public Library and the Library Buildings, in the city of New York, which he intends to give to that city.

Great improvements have been made at the South Cove, Boston, during the past year. One lot of land, comprising about eighty thousand feet, there have been erected fifty-one substantial brick houses, of three stories and upwards; six more are in the course of building—making in all fifty-seven houses.

Seven years ago, the exports from Chicago, (Ill.) were one thousand dollars; this year they have reached over eight hundred and fifty thousand dollars, although the price of the same articles are at least from thirty to fifty per cent lower than last year.

In General Scott's official report, it is stated, that the number of Militia in the United States exceeds sixteen hundred thousand men, and that the number of muskets apportioned among them "under the act of 1808 for arming and equipping the whole body of militia," amount to fifteen thousand.

Hon. Caleb Cushing, in a late speech in Congress, said he must declare it as his opinion, after a personal acquaintance with the course of similar bodies in other countries partially free, that the American Congress was the most decorous of all legislative bodies on the face of the earth. He knew it was more so than the British House of Commons, or the French Chamber of Deputies.

Baptism at midnight by moonlight. Nearly two thousand persons, as stated in the New York Herald lately assembled at New London, (Conn.) to witness the baptism by moonlight, at twelve o'clock at night, of a number of converts.

The army of the United States at present, numbers nearly half a million of men, and that the number is gradually being reduced to the minimum, three thousand nine hundred and twenty, prescribed by the law of last session.

Three negroes are now confined in the Woodbury jail, New Jersey, for violating the graves in the Camden grave-yard. Two bodies were sold by them in Philadelphia for anatomical purposes for six dollars.

Dean Swift held the doctrine, that there were three places where a man should be allowed to speak without contradiction, viz: "The bench, the pulpit, and the drop."

The resolutions nominating Hon. John C. Calhoun for the Presidency, voted down by the State Senate of Georgia, were subsequently reconsidered, and passed by a decisive majority.

Gen. Edmund P. Gaines has addressed a letter to several of his personal friends and neighbors at Memphis, (Tenn) in which he unequivocally declines becoming a nominee for the Presidency.

Stephen Thompson Mason, former Governor of Michigan, and late a distinguished member of the New York bar, died in that city, last week.

A bill has passed the Senate of Missouri, abolishing lotteries and prohibiting the sale of lottery tickets in that State.

A couple of weeks since, a young man was fined twenty-five dollars at New Orleans, for wearing concealed weapons in a ball room.

The scalps of wolves in Ohio, during the past year, have cost that State about twelve thousand dollars.

The Catholics of Salem, (Mass.) have recently withdrawn their children from the public schools to a school of their own.

On opening a vase lately discovered in the ruins of Heracleum, an orange was found in vinegar. This pickle has been preserved for one thousand seven hundred and eighty years.

At the last annual communication of the Grand Lodge of Free Masons of England, the Duke of Sussex, Grand Master in the chair, the handsome sum of one thousand pounds sterling was appropriated for the relief of the sufferers by the conflagration at Hamburg.

The Intellectual Repository states, that the celebrated Emanuel Swedenborg, was the inventor of the Air Tight Stove, more than a century ago.

Two men, who were recently fighting on board a steamboat, at New Orleans, fell overboard and both were drowned.

It is a singular fact that the Hon. Benjamin Russell of Boston, the veteran of the Press, has heard every Election Sermon since 1783.

## MISCELLANY.

### THE EXCLUSIVE.

"Well," said Ellen North, with a toss of her pretty head, and a contemptuous curl of the lip, as the street door closed behind her father and his friend, "I do think papa is the strangest man that I ever saw!"

"How so?" inquired her mother, quietly.

"How so? Why mamma, I shouldn't suppose you would ask. Only think of his bringing that vulgar old codger here to dinner to-day."

"I am very sorry, Ellen, if your father has done anything to injure your delicate nerves; perhaps you had better retire to your room till you recover from the shock."

"You may laugh at me as much as you please, mamma, but I know that if Mrs. A., or Mr. C., or Dr. L. had been here, you would have been ashamed."

"I am not disposed to laugh, my child, however ridiculous your notions might appear to others, for this is in reality a serious subject. Neither the presence of the visitors you have named, nor that of any others, would make me ashamed to entertain Mr. Selwyn, since I understand he is an old friend of your father's. I never saw him before, but his being invited to dinner, is a sufficient proof of his respectability, and I shall always be pleased to entertain any guest your father introduces."

"An old friend! I hope papa is not under any obligations to him?"

"I know of no pecuniary obligations, but these are not always the deepest, Ellen."

"I know what you would say, mamma, but there are different classes in society, and I suppose men belonging to the same class, but claiming upon each other, but I don't see why they should extend their claims to their superiors." Mrs. North smiled, and Ellen, perceiving that she had been uttering nonsense, attempted to cover her bad argument by ridiculing the old farmer. "But Mr. Selwyn is such a vulgar appearing man, mamma, why he is as coarse as a turnip, and he had been accustomed to the stable, or collier's stall all his days. I verily believe he never was in a parlor before; his loud voice almost frightened me, and then his great thick boots—dear me! one would think he was shod with iron."

"I perceive that you are somewhat agitated."

"Well, I will not laugh at you—Mr. Selwyn's face is certainly somewhat weather beaten, and his features, as they should be, not very feminine, but I discovered nothing like vulgarity in his person or manners. His voice is strong and manly, and I will acknowledge needs some softening down, to sound well in a parlor, and his dress is just what I should expect from the little that I saw of his character, plain, neat and comfortable."

"Well, I am sure you can't say but his behavior was clownish, didn't you observe him eating with his knife, drinking from his saucer, and putting his napkin anywhere and everywhere but the right place?"

"These are but trifles, Ellen, and only confirm what we should know without them, that custom has not made him acquainted with all the minutiae of what we call refined society."

"Then, I shouldn't think he would come here, even if papa did invite him."

"Ellen, my dear child, you don't understand these things. Why should Mr. Selwyn refuse to come here, merely because there happens to be a little difference in their respective circumstances? They commenced life together, one chose the noise and bustle, the cares and anxieties attendant on a mercantile life, and the other betook himself to his quiet farm; is this difference in tastes a reason why they should ever be estranged?"

"I don't know. Be that as it may, I know by your father's manner to-day, that he esteems him highly, and he was evidently very much pained by your rude conduct."

"Well, I suppose there is no harm in being rude to rude people, and for the life of me, I couldn't help laughing at his stiff bow, and queer voice."

"A lady is a lady everywhere, Ellen, and I am extremely sorry that you have so forfeited your claim to the title."

"Oh nonsense, mamma, the old fellow didn't dream that I was making fun of him, and without doubt, will tell his daughter, that he boasted so much about how delighted he was with the attentions of the charming Miss Ellen. Only think how condescendingly I played that beautiful waltz, and then—true, I was a little vexed when without giving me a single compliment, he asked for 'Auld Lang Syne,' as though I was expected to know such old-fashioned things."

"Yes, rather too condescendingly, Ellen, and since you seem to be insensible to any claim, but that of fashion, let me tell you that I never saw a true lady put on an air of condescension. If Mr. Selwyn had not pitied your vanity and folly, I presume he would have made you feel his disapprobation."

"Pity me?" exclaimed Ellen angrily, "really, mamma, I do not need the pity of such people, and hope I never shall. Pity indeed! and I suppose he will bring his great, strapping, red-haired daughter to pity me next, and I shall have to play to a whole tribe of little Selwyns. Pah!"

"Oh Ellen!" exclaimed Mrs. North, "if these are the boasted accomplishments that you left me to gain, most bitterly do I regret the day, that I committed my only daughter to another's guardianship."

"Pardon me, dear mamma," returned Ellen, somewhat softened, "I did not intend to wound your feelings, and am extremely sorry, for the ill-natured things I have said; but, really, mamma, I couldn't help laughing, indeed I couldn't."

Months passed away, and Mrs. North's utmost exertions were insufficient to eradicate the prejudices of Ellen, which she had imbibed during a year that she had travelled with her cousins. She had the utmost dread of what she called *parental society*, and was very careful never to recognize as

an acquaintance, any but those who happened to belong to a particular circle. The consequence was, that she lost the opportunity of gaining a great deal of useful information, rendered herself unhappy, made enemies unnecessarily, and often incurred the ridicule of her friends.

It was more than a year after the conversation recorded at the commencement of our chapter, that Mr. North entered the parlor earlier than was his wont, and strode two or three times across it, then with an air of dogged determination, stopped short, and exclaimed, "Well, it's of no use to conceal it any longer—it's an ugly piece of business, and the sooner you know it the better." Mrs. North, in some surprise, closed the volume she was reading, and Ellen, astonished more at her father's strange manner than his words, left her embroidery frame, and started to her feet. Mr. North continued in a softer tone, "You, my dear Jane, who have never been elated by prosperity will, I know, bear our reverses well, but Ellen—what will her boasted accomplishments avail her, when she finds herself a beggar?"

"What do you mean?" asked Mrs. North, with as much calmness as she could command.

"Simply that I have failed—not fashionably, but utterly and hopelessly, and on looking over my accounts to-night, I find that I have not a penny I can honestly call my own, not even enough to procure a shelter for our heads. This has not driven me crazy, as it does some men, because I know I have a sensible wife." A sob from Ellen, who was extended on the sofa, interrupted him, and seeing that the face of his wife was very pale, he ventured to express a hope that all might not yet be as bad as he supposed.

It was in vain that Mr. North endeavored to encourage his family. His affairs were quite as much deranged as he had represented them, and as he scorned all subterfuge, the news soon spread throughout the city.

It was with difficulty that Mrs. North preserved her calmness through the scenes that followed, and Ellen, finding herself neglected by the summer friends she has trusted, confined herself to her apartment.

A week passed away, and the little family having partially recovered from the shock, were once more seated in the pleasant back parlor, endeavoring to devise some means of future support.

"It is quite as bad as I expected," said Mr. North, "but I will not retain a penny lawfully another's. I have been unwise, blind, mad perhaps, but I will not be unjust. If I only had a place where I could with propriety, leave you and Ellen."

"Why not let us go to uncle's papa?" asked Ellen.

"Because," returned the father, "although your punishment has been just, it might not be salutary. You would now be among them, the very being they taught you to despise."

"Oh my cousins!"—Ellen began, but she remembered their exclusive notions, and the unexpected change in her other friends, and burst into tears. "Oh dear, dear!" exclaimed the poor girl, "I think there was not one true friend among them all."

"Because the friendship was built on a wrong basis," said Mrs. North, not however, without a sigh, for she too had been deceived.

"A letter, sir," said a servant entering. Mr. North took the letter, gave it a cursory glance, and threw it on the table.

"Why don't you read it?" inquired his wife.

"Because we have more important business now, than reading the letters of strangers," said Mr. North, examining the seal. "The post-mark is indistinct, and the hand-writing strange, some business communication I presume, and I have done with business."

"No, not done with it," said his wife cheerfully, "only laying plans to begin anew. But if you will read your letter, when you have finished, I will disclose to you a little plan of my own." Mr. North broke the seal, and listlessly cast his eye upon the page.

The contents however seemed of more consequence than he had imagined, for his face suddenly became flushed, his lip quivered, and the big drops collected in his eye, rolled down his cheek, and lodged upon the paper. He had not wept before, and his wife was alarmed. "There, read it!" said he, passing the letter to her hand, "I can not." Mrs. North read aloud:

"DEAR NED—A piece of news which reached my ears last night has made me bold enough to write and demand a favor of you. Now don't refuse me, for I have quite set my heart upon it, and shall follow my letter to town as soon as possible to use force if necessary in carrying you off. I have a house close by my own that I should be glad to lease, and it would be such a delightful thing to have you for a neighbor, that I am determined to carry the point with you. You may as well off your fine furniture, for you would have no use for it here, and I have good, solid, farmer's stuff enough to make your new mansion quite decent and comfortable. I insist on your coming at least to spend the summer with us, but will promise when you get weary of a country life to detain you no longer."

"The vulgar old codger!" said Mrs. North in a low tone to Ellen, but Ellen had at the commencement of the letter, as if she more than guessed its author, buried her face in the sofa cushions, and she only replied in a tone quite as low as her mother's. "Oh, mamma, how can I see him?"

She did see him, however, and was readily pardoned. The house in the country which Mr. Selwyn had purposely purchased on hearing of the misfortune of his friend proved a little paradise, where Mr. North spent a long and happy life. As to the "strapping, red-haired daughter" she was found to be the sweetest little Hebe that ever bloomed among the wild flowers, and breathed the pure air of the country, and to our heroine she was the best and dearest of friends.

The moral to our little story is apparent, yet would we say to the young, the thoughtless, and the proud, judge not from outward appearances. Worth often clothes itself in a homely garb, and folly, meanness, and imbecility, stalk proudly in the halls of fashion, as the diamond hides its brilliancy in the sands of India, while the false jewel glitters in the gilded casket.

For the Quincy Patriot.  
SKETCHES IN EUROPE.  
Not for "general circulation."

After remaining a day at Schaffhausen, which is a quaint old town, the houses painted in divers colors, with projecting windows, looking like fat old

men with goggles on, I visited the falls of the Rhine; then travelled beside it to Bale, passing for a considerable distance the Black-forest, and drinking of the Kiesel-wasser, which is much used here, being made by the fermentation of the cherry that grows in great abundance in the forest. At Bale I embarked on one of the steamers of the Cologne Company and soon reached Strasburg. Here the first object of interest is the Cathedral, the tower of which was in sight a long time ere we reached the city. With one exception it is the highest building in the world, being four hundred and seventy-four feet. From this dizzy height we saw the pigmy houses below and the storks wheeling around the necks of the young



# QUINCY PATRIOT.

of Grey. An arch near by bore this pathetic inscription—

"Son gentil est par tout, mais son coeur nest qui le."

I found Brussels a perfect miniature of Paris, and attended there a wedding, at which "Belgium's capital had gathered there her beauty and her chivalry." The lace manufactures are worth visiting, so is the palace built for the Prince of Orange, now kept for show. Visitors are provided with cloth slippers at the entrance and then slip over the floors of inlaid wood, the surface as a mirror. It is a small building for a royal palace, but a gem. While here I have devoted one day to the field of Waterloo, distant about two hours ride. On ascending by some two hundred steps to the top of the mound, and sixty more to the top of the monument, I found that this celebrated Wellington Lion, that has been erected to commemorate the victory which a fortunate location and many favoring circumstances had enabled the allied powers to gain over that master spirit, the flashing of whose eye could make all Europe tremble, was now as usefully employed in sheltering some sparrows, one family having located themselves in the mouth, another in one of the ears. A few days after, I took leave of the Continent. The last day at the residence of my new, but seemingly old friends, (having met for the first time, five weeks before, in the centre of Switzerland,) with whom I had passed through many scenes that awaken the deepest and holiest feelings of our nature, and that prompt to a sympathetic expression of minds, endear each to each in such a manner that I could but follow my inclination in addressing to them these hurried and imperfect lines at my departure:

There is ever a time, and 'tis ever too near,  
When the words must be spoken we often would not hear;  
For voices will filter, and tear drops will start,  
And lips too will tremble, that meet but to part.

Then farewell, now 'tis over, and ocean, and sea,  
And island, and river, between us will be,  
Ere the lapse of the time that together we've been  
Amid yon cloud mountain and vine covered glen.

'Mid the grand scenes of Nature, her frowns, and her smiles,  
'Mid art's chosen tropics, her proud and of pride,  
Where the Rains some new beauty disclose each hour,  
And ruins, displaying man's fugitive power.

Not in this world, yet, again we shall meet  
Where words without number revolve at the feet  
Of their Maker, whose glories alone can be more  
Than the regions of light that we then will explore.

For our guides, fellow angels; our horses, the winds;  
And should these prove too slow for our disenthral'd minds,  
'Till there'll be thunders for trumpets, to sound the prepare,  
And lightnings to speed us, a chemist's fire.

Then how small will this earth seem, its pleasures and cares,  
Its meetings, and partings, and all its affairs,  
See the friends we have loved, and their virtues to tell,  
O a stress for heaven, and there ye'll farewell.

J. R. B.

\* On the Belgian and Prussian railroads, the conductor carries a trumpet, with which to sound notes of preparation for stops and departures.

The quotation marks, that should have been placed at the lines at the close of J. R. B.'s stanzas which were published on the 31st ult. were accidentally omitted. The paper's "news," in the same communication, should have been printed—*read*.

For the Quincy Patriot.

**WASHINGTONIANISM vs. LAW.**  
MR. EDITOR—I perceive by a notice, that an adjourned meeting of the citizens of Quincy and the vicinity, will be held at the Town Hall, on Friday evening, the 20th inst. for the purpose of discussing the resolution that was substituted (by a vote of the last meeting) in place of the former resolutions which savored strong of the law; and as it is generally expected that the friends of the law will use powerful efforts to reconsider the vote and to sustain the former preamble and resolves, we hope the friends of moral suasion will all be present and by arguments convince every one, that it is in the power of the Washingtonians, without the aid of law, to conquer king alcohol, bind him with the strong cord of public opinion, and keep him confined until he draws the last breath of his miserable existence. A WASHINGTONIAN.

## QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, JAN. 14, 1843.

John A. Green, Editor.

### BUNKER HILL MONUMENT.

It may be as much a matter of curiosity, sixty years hence, to ascertain the cause of so much delay in the building of this monument, as it now is, to learn the incidents connected with the action which this Obelisk is intended to commemorate; and should no proper account be given at the present day, succeeding generations may be as much at a loss in regard to the facts connected with the building of this Obelisk, as we now are in relation to many facts connected with this action. All can see, however, that it is comparatively a small work, and should have been executed in much less time. Few, however, it is presumed, are fully acquainted with the real difficulties that have retarded the work; or, of the facilities and extraordinary advantages possessed at the commencement of the work for doing it with economy and despatch.

The Association had a fine stone quarry for the purpose—the superintendence was gratuitous—and they had faithful workmen, most of whom belonged to the Association, and consequently were personally interested in the work. In working their own quarry, there were important advantages connected. In the first place, the work was obtained by the association at prime cost—no profit being allowed to any one. And, secondly, it placed the association in a position beyond the reach of any combination which might have been disposed to have extorted a high price for the difficult work which was required. Instead of paying ninety cents per foot for the rough granite, which was about the average market price for the kind of stone wanted, the first thirty-six thousand feet were delivered at the site of the Monument at about twenty cents per cubic foot:

The cost of quarrying, including tools, which was done in part by the day and part by contract, was 10 cts. pr. ft.  
The cost of transportation by contract with the Railway Company delivered on the wharf, was 5-8 mills.  
The cost of hauling from the Wharf to the site of Monument 3-7  
Cost of loading at the quarry estimated at 5 pr. ft.  
Total cost pr. ft. delivered on the hill 20-0

The quarrying of the remaining fifty thousand feet was principally done by contracts at the same rate, but the transportation was higher, as

this lot was carted all the way by land, and cost on an average about twelve cents per foot for transportation. This, with the quarrying, amounted to twenty-two cents per foot for the last part of the work. On the first quantity delivered, the difference between the market price and the actual cost, was seventy cents; and on the last, the difference was sixty-eight cents per foot—which on eighty-seven thousand feet, the whole quantity wanted, made a handsome saving—equal to about sixty thousand dollars in the granite alone—which was important considering the low state of the finances at the commencement of the work. No contingency was connected with the cost of this item of the work, except a small one in preparing the quarry, estimated at half a cent per foot.

The hammering of the stone, and also of the hoisting and mason's work, were done at a rate corresponding with the quarrying.  
It must be obvious, therefore, that no difficulty existed as to the executive part. The association had every facility in the world for executing the work in the shortest possible time, and in the most economical manner, except money; and here was the great difficulty. The managers commenced a work far beyond their means—with a sum of one third part of the estimated cost—and depended on patriotism, as a never-failing bank, on which to draw for whatever might be wanted to complete the work. But events seem to have shown that they reckoned without their host. Their bank failed them—the patriotism of 1825 was not so ardent as that of 1776. The work was discontinued; and had remained so for years, with no resort left but to pass it over unfinished to the next generation. It might have been a sad case; but it was too true, that the lords of the soil were deficient in the ardor which was necessary to meet the contingency.

With the ladies, however, it was not so. Their work bears witness, that the spirit of '76 had not degenerated. Like the heroes at the Redoubt, sixty years before, they labored in the cause, and succeeded in replenishing the exhausted coffers of the association. They restored the credit of the bank that had failed in the hands of their predecessors—loaned freely to the managers—set all the wheels in motion—and, finally, brought the great work, which had been so long delayed, to a speedy termination.

### ANIMAL MAGNETISM.

During the present week, the Rev. J. B. Dods of Fall River, has delivered four lectures upon this truly wonderful science, to very intelligent audiences, and with very happy results. His method of treating with the subject, as we learn from a friend, is new and very philosophical. He thinks that Animal Magnetism is a very bad name for the noble science, as it is strictly spiritual in its effect. He placed several individuals in the (so called) magnetic state, and tried some experiments which were very satisfactory to the audience, convincing many heretofore violent opposers of its truth.

The grand principle of the science, as he understands and teaches, is, that mind can produce motion through the medium of electricity—that God is a spirit, and has no body—that He, by his own will, doeth his pleasure in the armies of Heaven and among the inhabitants of earth. That electricity suspends worlds, and that electricity moves them; this he proved to a demonstration by several experiments.

He has taught a class of twenty persons the method of producing the magnetic state, and several of them have practised with effect. During the last evening of the series, one of his pupils placed a boy in the magnetic state before the audience, and tried several experiments with good success.

The lectures of the Rev. Mr. Dods will no doubt be followed with very happy consequences. His method of explaining and philosophizing upon this science are entirely different from other lecturers who have treated upon the subject in this town. We wish him God speed.

### GENERAL COURT.

In the Senate, (Jan. 5th,) no business of the least importance was transacted.  
In the House, the motion prevailed to invite all the clergymen who were members to offer prayers alternately at the opening of the session in the morning, until a Chaplain was chosen.

In the Senate, (Jan. 5th,) ten unsuccessful ballottings took place for a Chaplain—the prominent candidates were Rev. Messrs. O. A. Skinner, John Humphrey, P. D. Huntington, William M. Rogers, and Assistant Bishop Manton Eastburn.

In the House, the whole of the day was occupied in debate in relation to the Whately member, who was finally excluded by a vote of 177 yeas to 174 nays.

In the Senate, (Jan. 7th,) Rev. William M. Rogers was elected Chaplain, having received eleven votes the number requisite for a choice.

In the House, the business was the choice of a Speaker, which resulted as follows:—

Fourth Balloting.	
Whole number of votes	350
Necessary for a choice	176
Seth J. Thomas, (dem.) had	175
Thomas Kinnicut, (whig.)	172
Daniel P. King, (whig.)	3
There being no choice, a second balloting was ordered.	
Mr. Kinnicut then declined being considered any longer a candidate. Mr. Thomas also declared himself in the hands of his friends, and was willing to abide the result.	
Fifth Balloting.	
Whole number of votes	351
Necessary for a choice	176
Lewis Williams, (dem.) had	172
Daniel P. King, (whig.)	176
Seth J. Thomas, (dem.)	3

A vote of thanks, on motion of Mr. Tarbell, (dem.) was passed to the Clerk, for the impartial manner with which he had presided.

Both branches then adjourned for the purpose of hearing the Election Sermon by Rev. Mr. Jackson of Andover.

In the Senate, (Jan. 9th,) a Report from the Treasurer of the Commonwealth, in relation to the annual Receipts and Expenditures of the State, was presented and ordered to be printed.

In the House, the use of the Hall was granted for agricultural meetings. A committee, in concurrence, was appointed to count the votes for Governor and Lieutenant Governor.

In the Senate, (Jan. 10th,) it was decided that the Election Sermon should be printed, and a vote of thanks was also passed to the author.

In the House, on petition, the use of the Hall was granted to the Anti-Slavery Society. Remonstrances were presented against the right of members to a seat in as many as fifteen cases, which are about equally divided between democrats and whigs. The Committee on Contested Elections consists of Messrs. Park of Boston; Russell of West Cambridge; Walley of Roxbury; Tarbell of Pepperell; Kellogg of Pittsfield; Williams of Easton; and Ingraham of Middlefield—three democrats and four whigs.

An unsuccessful attempt was made to choose a Chaplain by ballot. No one having a majority, it was voted that the two highest candidates should officiate. Rev. E. N. Kirk and Rev. F. D. Huntington were the successful clergymen.

In the Senate, (Jan. 11th,) the President resigned his station as presiding officer, on account of ill health and unforeseen difficulties. A vote of thanks was passed to him on motion of Hon. Josiah Quincy, Jr.

In the House, petitions from Francis Jackson and others, for repeal of the Intermarriage Law, and also in relation to the rights of colored citizens in the cars, were presented and referred to a special joint committee, which was appointed by the Chair, and consisted of Messrs. Adams of Boston; Allen of Northfield; and Barney of Nantucket. Another petition was also presented and laid on the table praying that the Selectmen in towns may be authorized to grant licenses for the sale of spirituous liquors. Mr. Tarbell of Pepperell, offered an order that a special committee should be appointed to take into consideration the subject of retrenching the general expenses of the Commonwealth; the reduction of salaries; the abolishment of offices; and diminution of appropriations—which, order, on his motion, was laid on the table.

In the Senate, (Jan. 12th,) an election for President took place and resulted as follows:—

Whole number of votes	23
Necessary to a choice	12
Frederic Robinson (dem.) had	13
Josiah Quincy, Jr., (whig)	9
Edward Dickinson (whig)	1

The committee, on the return of votes for Governor and Lieutenant Governor, submitted the annexed statement.

Votes for Governor.	
Whole number,	117,992
Marcus Morton,	56,491
John Davis,	54,989
Samuel E. Sewall,	6,382
Francis Jackson,	37
William Jackson, 34; Wendell Phillips, 16; John Quincy Adams, 12; Daniel Webster, 5; Harrison Gray Otis, 5; Seth Sprague, 4; Ellis Gray Loring, 4; Caleb Cushing, 3; Wm. Lloyd Garrison, 3; Samuel Hubbard, 3; John Pierpont, 3; Horace Mann, 3; John C. Gray, 2. There were forty-seven persons who had one vote each.	
Necessary for a choice, 58,997—no one has that number, and Marcus Morton, John Davis, Samuel E. Sewall, and Francis Jackson are the four persons who have received the largest number of votes.	

Lieutenant Governor.	
Whole number,	117,724
Henry H. Child,	56,228
George Hull,	54,982
William Jackson,	6,381
John Pierpont,	29
Wendell Phillips, 3; Samuel J. May, 5; John Davis, 5; Francis Jackson, 3; Horace Mann, 2; Marcus Morton, 2; William Lloyd Garrison, 2; Joshua T. Everett, 2; Jonathan P. Strong, 2; Charles L. Remond, 2; Benjamin Merrill, 2. There were forty-two persons who received one vote each.	
Necessary for a choice, 58,863—no one has that number, and Henry H. Child, George Hull, William Jackson, and John Pierpont are the four highest names on the list.	

The Committee state that they counted all the votes received and rejected none.

In the House, Mr. Stevenson of Boston, offered an order to instruct the Special Committee on the petitions of Francis Jackson and others, to report resolutions expressive of the deep concern with which the people of Massachusetts look upon the legalized violation of the rights of the colored citizens of Massachusetts, when they visit the ports of Charleston and New Orleans, in pursuit of their legal and honorable business.

Both branches met in convention to fill the vacancies existing in the Senate, sixteen in number, the result of which was the election of fifteen democrats and one abolitionist, formerly a whig. Six of the democrats had just the number of votes requisite for a choice, and the others had from one to five votes majority. Annexed is the result in two counties:—

Norfolk County.	
Whole number of votes,	374
Necessary to a choice,	188
Isaac H. Wright (dem.) had	191
Benjamin V. French (dem.)	185
Appleton Howe (abolition)	189
Luther Metcalf (whig)	183
Plymouth County.	
Whole number of votes,	372
Necessary to a choice,	187
Edward P. Little (dem.) had	192
Eliah Ward (dem.)	188
Jesse Perkins (whig)	184
Wilson Barstow (whig)	180

**CONGRESSIONAL.** Numerous petitions have been presented against the repeal of the Bankrupt Law. A resolution has been offered to inquire into the expediency of abolishing capital punishment in public. Considerable debate has arisen on the subject of remitting the fine which Gen. Jackson paid at the close of the last war; Mr. Adams, spoke against it. A bill has been reported to regulate and equalize the rates of postage. Nothing else of importance.

**THE CONCERT.** The music-loving people must not forget the concert advertised to take place next Thursday evening, at the Town Hall, by the Quincy Band. The whole management of this entertainment has been confided to Prof. McGaughey, the talented and gentlemanly Leader of the Band, who will bring forward several pieces which have never before been performed in this country. This chance should be slighted by no one. The members, at least, for their exertions, deserve the patronage of a generous community, and our friend Prof. McGaughey should be liberally encouraged in his laudable efforts. Give them a full house—a crowded one.

**QUINCY TOTAL ABSTINENCE SOCIETY.** This Society held their annual meeting, at the Town Hall, on the 10th inst., when the following Officers were chosen for the ensuing year.

President—Jabez Sumner.  
Vice President—Ebenezer Jewett.  
Recording Secretary—John C. Edwards.  
Corresponding Secretary—Rev. William Allen.  
Treasurer—Elijah Baxter.  
Directors—Cotton Pratt, Rev. John Gregory, William Pratt, William D. Gray, Justin Spear, George Veazie, George Follett.

**MECHANICS' MEETING.** An adjourned meeting of Mechanics was held at the Washington Hall, in Boston, on Monday evening last, to hear the report of the Committee appointed to gather statistics in relation to the number and occupations of the convicts in the State Prison, Charlestown, and House of Correction, at South Boston. Luther Munn took the Chair, and C. T. Bean was appointed Secretary.

The report was read, and addresses delivered by several persons, when the report was accepted. A Committee was appointed to present petitions to the Municipal Government and to the Legislature upon the subject.

**THE MERCHANT'S MAGAZINE.** This very valuable work, which has become a standard work of reference among reading, intelligent, business men, may, with all the new publications of the day, be had at Jordan & Co.'s Book and Magazine Store, 121, Washington, opposite Water Street, Boston. They have recently issued *The Doctor at Home*, containing a large collection of valuable recipes and simple cures for various complaints, which is sold by them, neatly bound in boards, for but twenty-five cents. A copy should find a place in every family. Without the pretension of furnishing a cure for everything, it gives a collection of simple and tried cures, for constantly recurring complaints, that may often save much suffering and a heavy bill of expense. Orders may be left at this office.

**BRIGHTON MARKET.**  
MONDAY, Jan. 9. At market 470 Beef Cattle, 1400 Sheep, and 65 Swine. 100 Beef Cattle unsold.  
PRICES.—Beef Cattle—We quote to correspond with last week, viz: a few extra at 4.50. First quality 4 a 4.25; second quality 3 a 3.50; third quality 3 a 3.25. Cattle were sold 4 a 4.50 to 1.25. Weathers from 2.50 to 3.4.  
Swine—A lot to peddle at about 3 1/2c. At retail from 3 to 4 1/2c.

### MARRIED.

In this town, on the 9th inst., by Rev. Mr. Gregory, Mr. James S. Randlett to Miss Abigail O. Chase.  
"There's a bliss beyond all that the minstrel has told,  
When two, that are linked in one heavenly tie,  
With heart never changing and brow never cold,  
Love on through all ills and love on till they die."

On the 8th inst., by Rev. Mr. Whitney, Mr. Lewis Baxter, Jr., to Miss Susan E. Egan.  
In Milton, 3d inst., Rev. Francis Cunningham to Miss Mary A., daughter of the late R. B. Forbes, Esq. (This marriage was solemnized in last week's paper.)  
In Weymouth, by Rev. Mr. Emery, Mr. Nehemiah H. Thayer to Miss Mary J. Cushing. Mr. Alfred T. Cushing to Miss Olive J. Barker.

### DIED.

In this town, 1st inst., Mrs. Diana, wife of Mr. Joel Lucas, aged 25.  
In Weymouth, suddenly, Mrs. Jane, wife of Mr. Enos White, aged 34.  
In Hingham, Mr. Lett Marsh, a soldier of the revolution, aged 85. In Marshfield, 3d inst., Mrs. Sarah, wife of Mr. Bowen Thomas and mother of Col. Seth J. Thomas of Charlestown, aged 68.  
In Quincy, 4th inst., Mrs. Lydia S., wife of Mr. E. C. Wilder, aged 35.  
In Weymouth, 12th inst., Mr. Thomas Reed, aged 71.

In Randolph, 26th ult., by Rev. Mr. Clark, Mr. George W. Woodard of this town, to Miss Eliza B. Lucas of the former place.  
In Quincy, 26th inst., Mrs. Eliza B., wife of Mr. George W. Woodard, aged 26.  
Thus, in the space of fourteen days, the bridal robes have been changed to the habiliments of death—the young and ardent hopes of conjugal felicity have been blasted by the "fit destroyer" of human expectations. What an admonition to mortals to prepare for the summons of God. "In the twinkling of an eye, ye shall be changed," "be ye also ready."

The mother of the deceased young woman, died a few days after her daughter's marriage.

It has been thought advisable, in view of the present state of things in the cause, to postpone the next meeting of the Norfolk County Anti-Slavery Society, from January to April. The regular time of its meeting is but a week before the Annual Meeting of the State Society. Many of the Norfolk abolitionists feel themselves bound to attend the County meeting, and do not feel able to come up to both meetings. There is nothing in the state of affairs in the County that seems to demand a meeting at this time, while there are many important considerations that call for a full gathering of abolitionists at the annual meeting in Boston. Let all who would have attended the County meeting, and it been held, be sure to be at the State meeting. And next April, let them resolve to make amends for this delay of their County gathering, by making it as numerously attended and effective as possible.

EDMUND QUINCY, President of said Society.

**Plaid Veto Shawls.**  
A NEW article of 8-4 and 9-4 for the winter weather, for sale at MANLEY & BRAMHALL'S, Boston, Oct. 1. 11 24 Dock Square.

### NOTICES.

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GEORGE BAXTER, Secretary.

Mr. Clark, of Boston, formerly a slave, will lecture on Slavery, in the Methodist Chapel, Quincy Point, THIS EVENING, Jan. 14th, at half past six o'clock. He will also lecture in the Town Hall, on SUNDAY EVENING, Jan. 15th, at the same hour.

The Mechanics of Quincy and vicinity, interested in the Petitions now in circulation, relative to the employment of the State Prison Convicts, are requested to meet at the West District School House, in this town, THIS EVENING, Jan. 14th, at half past six o'clock.

ELIPHAS S. CHAPIN,  
JONATHAN JAMESON,  
WILLIAM D. GRAY.

The Directors of the Quincy Charitable Society are hereby notified, that their meeting of Thursday evening last, was adjourned to FRIDAY EVENING, Jan. 21st, at the house of Mr. Eliza Turner.  
A general attendance is desirable.

The ladies belonging to the Washingtonian Fair are invited to meet on MONDAY next, at three o'clock in the afternoon. They are also requested to furnish a memorandum of articles on hand at that time. As the Town Hall is engaged on that and the two following days, they are requested to meet at the house of George W. Kenison.  
Per order of the President.

There will be a meeting of the Weymouth and Braintree Union Lyceum, next MONDAY EVENING, (Jan. 16th,) at half past six o'clock.

QUESTIONS FOR DISCUSSION.  
Are men morally responsible for acts done in an official capacity?  
CALVIN P. HINDS, Secretary.

Religious services will take place at the Catholic Church, in this town, TO-MORROW, at eight o'clock in the morning.

At the meeting for discussion, held Jan. 3d, the Resolutions under consideration were stricken out and the following substituted.  
Resolved—That moral suasion is our only reliance in carrying forward the Temperance Reform.

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The undersigned, Selectmen of Quincy, give notice that they will be in session at the Town Hall, every SATURDAY in each month, until further notice, from two to five o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having business with the Town are requested to present it on said days.  
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For sale by Caleb Gill, Jr. at the  
QUINCY BOOKSTORE.  
Quincy, Jan. 7. 3w

**Lectures on Astronomy, Entomology, and Wonders visible through Microscopes.**

MR. M. HALL, of New York, would respectfully announce to the citizens of Quincy, that he will deliver before them a course of two Lectures on the above interesting themes, on MONDAY and TUESDAY EVENINGS, January 16th and 17th, at the Town Hall. In addition to the lectures, a beautiful collection of illuminated transparent Diagrams will be introduced. They will include all the different Planets, all the Eclipses, the Comets, the Sun, the Moon and distant regions of the universe, as beheld through Dr. Herschel's Telescope. The Planets, their Rings and Moons will be shown, as they appear to the naked eye, and two discs upon each of its great worlds, while they serve to warm and illuminate our minds of intelligent life. Their immense distances, dimensions, number, etc., etc., will be shown. Numerous views relative to the Earth will be introduced; Volcanic scenes, Northern Lights as they appear in Lapland, Waterfalls in the ocean, the Tides, Shooting Stars or Meteors. Trees now growing in the forests of Africa that are thirty-three feet in diameter through the body and four thousand years old. Wonders discernible through Microscopes will also claim attention. The Fly, the Flea, Louse and other insects, will appear from twelve to more than twenty feet in length. Ten thousand eyes are visible on the head of a house fly. Two cures upon each of its great worlds, while they serve to warm and illuminate our minds of intelligent life. Their immense distances, dimensions, number, etc., etc., will be shown. Numerous views relative to the Earth will be introduced; Volcanic scenes, Northern Lights as they appear in Lapland, Waterfalls in the ocean, the Tides, Shooting Stars or Meteors. Trees now growing in the forests of Africa that are thirty-three feet in diameter through the body and four thousand years old. Wonders discernible through Microscopes will also claim attention. 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Dr. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT.—This invaluable medicine is daily effecting some of the most astonishing and wonderful cures that have ever been known.

All who have used it for Asthma, Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Whooping Cough, Croup or Hoarseness, Chronic Pleurisy, Hoarseness, Pain and Soreness of the Breast, difficulty of Breathing, and every other disease of the LUNGS and BRONCHITIS, can do so at once to its usefulness. BRONCHITIS, a disease which is annually sweeping thousands upon thousands to a premature grave, under the mistaken name of CONSUMPTION, is always cured by it. The usual symptoms of this disease (Bronchitis) are Cough, Soreness of the Lungs or Throat, Hoarseness, difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, Hectic Fever, a spitting up of phlegm or matter, and sometimes blood. It is an inflammation of the fine skin which lines the inside of the whole of the wind tubes or air vessels, which run through every part of the Lungs. This Expectorant immediately suppresses the Cough, Pain, Inflammation, Fever, and difficulty of Breathing, and produces a free and easy expectoration, and a cure is soon effected.

It always cures ASTHMA—two or three large doses will cure the CROUP or HIVES of Children, in from fifteen minutes to an hour's time. It immediately subdues the violence of WHOOPING COUGH, and effects a speedy cure. Hundreds who have been cured by this physicians' medicine will attest to its CONSUMPTION, have been restored to perfect health by it.

For sale by Caleb Gill, Jr., at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Jan. 7.

**Lectures on Astronomy, Entomology, and Wonders visible through Microscopes.**

MR. M. HALL, of New York, would respectfully announce to the citizens of Quincy, that he will deliver before them a course of two Lectures on the above interesting themes, on MONDAY and TUESDAY EVENINGS, January 16th and 17th, at the Town Hall. In addition to the lectures, a numerous collection of illuminated transparent Diagrams will be introduced. They will include all the different Planets, all the Eclipses, the Comets, the Sun, the Moon and distant regions of the universe, as beheld through Dr. Herschel's Telescope. The Planets with their Rings and Moons will be dwelt upon, as so many worlds peopled by inhabitants. The Sun and Stars likewise, while they serve to warm and illuminate other worlds, may at the same time be regarded as mansions of intelligent life. Their immense distances, dimensions, numbers, etc., etc., will claim attention. Numerous views relative to the Earth will be introduced: Volcanic scenes, Northern Lights as they appear in Lapland, Waterfalls in the ocean, the Tides, Shooting Stars or Meteors. Trees now growing in the forests of Africa that are three feet in diameter through the body and four thousand years old.

Wonders discernible through Microscopes will also claim attention. The Fly, the Flea, Louse and other insects, will appear from twelve to more than twenty times in length. Ten thousand eyes on each of its feet twenty thousand times sharper than the point of a sewing needle—harder than any metal known to mankind. The eye and point of a needle will appear as large as a barrel—the sewing needle likewise and other objects too numerous to mention, for particulars see small bills.

These views are all diagrams prepared by eminent artists both of Europe and America. They will be exhibited on a large scene fronting the audience, as if each person were alone in the building. Tickets 12 1/2 cents each evening, or 25 cts. for the course. Children under 12 years, half price. A family of five paid to the course, one dollar. Lectures to commence at seven o'clock.

Quincy, Jan. 14.

## Coroner's Sale.

NORFOLK, ss. January, 11th, 1843.

TAKE notice, on Execution, and will be sold at public auction, on MONDAY, the 20th day of February next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, on or in front of the premises hereinafter mentioned and described; all the right in equity that George W. Seward of Quincy, in said County, Stone-cutter, had on the seventeenth day of May last past, when the same was attached on mesne process of redeeming the following described mortgage Real Estate, to wit:—

A certain piece or parcel of Land, situated in Milton, in said County, containing by estimation one quarter of an acre, more or less, and bounded as follows:—

—southerly, on the old Plymouth Road leading from John Adams—westerly, on land now or formerly of John Adams—easterly, on land now or formerly of John Adams—easterly, on land of Jonathan Rollins or formerly of Warren Whitcher—or however otherwise bounded, being the same parcel of land formerly purchased of John Adams.

Also—Taken on Execution, and will be sold at public auction, on said twentieth day of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, on or in front of the premises hereinafter mentioned and described; all the right in equity that said George W. Seward had on the seventeenth day of May last past, when the same was attached on mesne process of redeeming the following described mortgage Real Estate, to wit:—

A certain parcel of Land containing by estimation three eighths of an acre, more or less, with the Dwelling House and all buildings thereon, situated in Quincy, in said County, and bounded and described as follows:—

—northerly, by lands now or formerly of widow John Pierce—easterly, on a drift-way leading from the old Plymouth Road to Flanders' Ledge, there measuring one hundred and seventy-one feet—southerly, on land now or formerly of John K. Kendall—westerly, on the road leading from the Railway House, in Milton, to Quincy, by the Ledges, and nearly parallel to the Quincy Granite Railway, there measuring one hundred and sixty-three feet, with all the buildings on said premises, and the right to pass over said drift-way, being the same premises recently occupied by said Seward.

WILLIAM SPEAR, Coroner of Norfolk.

Quincy, Jan. 12.

## Singing School.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that the second half quarter of the Singing School under his instruction, will commence next TUESDAY EVENING, in the Vestry of the Rev. Mr. Allen's Meeting-house, in this place. Ladies and gentlemen, who intend to join the School, are invited to be present on that evening.

If the above evening should happen to be stormy, then the School will be adjourned to Friday evening ensuing.

THOMAS REED.

Quincy, Jan. 14.

## Singing School.

MR. NATHANIEL NASH requests all those who would like to join his Singing School, to meet him at the Town Hall, on SATURDAY EVENING, Jan. 14th, at half past six o'clock.

Quincy, Jan. 14.

## Dry Goods Cheap.

THOSE who wish to buy Dry Goods adapted to the season, at lower prices than they can probably obtain for in another year, will do well to call and examine the stock of E. PACKARD, which he will sell very low.

Also—On hand as above, a good assortment of West India GOODS and GROCERIES, at as low prices as possible.

Quincy, Jan. 14.

## Just Received.

40 TUBS OF BUTTER—excellent quality—for sale at 12 1/2 to 14 cents per pound. Purchasers would do well to call and examine.

DANIEL BAXTER & Co.

Quincy, Jan. 14.

## Universalism.

EXAMINED, Renounced and Exposed, in a Series of Lectures, embracing the experience of the author during a ministry of twelve years, by Matthew Hale Smith—second edition.

Just published and for sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy Jan. 14.

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this nineteenth day of December, A. D. 1842.—Upon the petition of

LUDOVICUS WILD,

of Randolph, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

Jan. 14.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this eighth day of December, A. D. 1842.—Upon the Petition of

WILLIAM B. JOHNSON,

of Cohasset, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts, provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

Jan. 14.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this twenty-second day of December, A. D. 1842.—Upon the petition of

HOSEA H. FLANDERS,

of Quincy, in said District, Stone-cutter, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room in Boston, in said District, on the THIRD TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.

Jan. 7.

## Drivers' Gloves.

JUST received, a lot of very superior Drivers' Gloves. Also, Brick Mittens of the first quality for sale by MANLEY & BRANHAM.

Boston, Sept. 10.

Quincy, Jan. 14.

## Card.

THE Quincy Band beg leave to inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Quincy and its vicinity, that at the request of several of their friends who were present at their last Concert, that they will give another Concert, in the Town Hall, on THURSDAY, the 19th inst.

Mr. McGaughy having undertaken the personal superintendence of this Concert, no pains will be spared to make it as agreeable as possible.

Many new pieces will be performed, for the first time in this country.

Quincy, Jan. 7.

## Goods at Auction.

WILL be sold at public auction, at the Store of Justin Spear, Esq., on TUESDAY, January 17th, at nine o'clock in the forenoon.

About fifteen hundred dollars worth of Goods, consisting of GROCERIES & DRY GOODS, such as are usually kept in a country store.

The sale will be positive to close the concern.

Per order of the Assignee.

THOMAS ADAMS, Jr., Auct.

Quincy, Jan. 7.

## Dissolution.

THE copartnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, under the firm of

FRENCH & NEWHALL,

was dissolved, by mutual consent, on the 27th day of December, 1842. The senior partner will continue the business at the old stand, and settle the accounts of the late firm.

WASHINGTON M. FRENCH,

JOSEPH A. NEWHALL.

Quincy, Jan. 7.

## 'Christ Church Seminary.'

ON and after the second day of January next, there will be two sessions daily in this School, instead of one as heretofore, commencing at nine o'clock in the forenoon, and one o'clock in the afternoon.

J. P. ROBINSON.

Quincy, Dec. 24.

## Penmanship.

No improvement—no pay.

MR. LYMAN, respectfully informs the Ladies and Gentlemen of this town, that he intends opening a School at his Rooms in the building near the residence of Mr. Eliza Marsh, for the purpose of teaching PRACTICAL AND ORNAMENTAL PENMANSHIP.

Evenings of attendance—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. Hours of Tuition—from half past six to half past seven o'clock. Sixteen Lessons constitute a course.

Quincy, Jan. 7.

## English Hay.

40 BUNDLES of the best English Hay, cheap for cash, on Granite Wharf. Inquire of

WILLIAM H. GREEN.

Quincy, Jan. 7.

## Bake House, etc. for Sale.

FOR sale, the BAKE HOUSE, formerly owned by MESSRS. WILDE & DAVIS, together with the TOOLS suitable for the stand—three HORSES; three WAGONS, Stock, etc., etc.

Possession given as soon as requested.

Also, the STABLE owned by Mr. E. D. WILDE, situated near the Bake House and at present occupied by the establishment. Apply to

DANIEL BURR.

Hingham, Jan. 7, 1843.

## Cheaper than ever.

JOHN HOLDEN, Jr., has just received an invoice of handsome BEVELED CASE CLOCKS, which he will sell at the low price of \$3.50; and extra patterns at \$4.50.

Also, BRASS and ALARM CLOCKS, unusually low.

Quincy, Jan. 7.

## Notice.

COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS.

NORFOLK ss. Probate Office, Dec. 24th, J. D. 1842.

THE Administrator of the estate of JAMES KEOUGH, late of Quincy, in said County, laborer, deceased, having presented his account in his said capacity for allowance, and the Commissioners of Insolvency on said Estate having also presented their report for allowance—

Ordered—That said Administrator notify all persons interested therein, that they may appear and be heard concerning the same at a Court of Probate to be held at Quincy, in said County, on the SECOND TUESDAY of February, A. D. 1843, by publishing this order three weeks successively in the newspaper called the Quincy Patriot, printed at Quincy.

S. S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.

Jan. 7.

## Premium Britannia Ware.

THE subscribers, nearly opposite the Neponset House, have supplied themselves with the very superior Britannia Ware from the manufactory of Roswell Gleason, Esq., comprising a splendid variety of patterns of TEA POTS, COFFEE POTS, LAMPS, TUMBLERS, PORCELAINS, etc., etc., which they offer for sale to the trade at the manufacturer's prices, and at low prices at retail.

Also—For sale GLASS, CROCKERY, TIN and JAPANESE WARE.

Also—PAINTS, OIL, GLASS, PAPER HANGINGS and PUTTY.

WEST INDIA GOODS & GROCERIES.

All of which will be sold on good terms.

BACON & BAIRD.

Dorchester, (Neponset Village), April 17.

## General Auction Depot.

No. 7 State Street, (opposite the Post Office), BOSTON.

SALES EVERY EVENING IN THE WEEK.

DAY SALES—TUESDAY and FRIDAY.

NORTON & LUTHER, Auction and Commission Merchants, respectfully tender their services to the public and solicit a share of patronage.

At their Evening Sales may be had great bargains in DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, FANCY ARTICLES, etc., etc.

At their Day Sales, FURNITURE can be purchased at much less than the cost of manufacture.

Liberal advances made on consignments.

Nov. 5.

## 'Christ Church Seminary.'

UNDER the charge of the Rev. Mr. Robinson is now open for the reception of a limited number of Girls and Boys.

Application may be made at the School Room, or at the residence of Rev. Mr. Robinson.

Quincy, Nov. 5.

## Eastern Wood.

JUST received by the subscribers, at Newcomb's Wharf, Quincy Point, fifty cords of prime Eastern Wood, which they offer for sale on reasonable terms, for cash.

B. B. NEWCOMB.

O. T. NEWCOMB.

Quincy, Dec. 31.

## QUINCY PATRIOT.

## Assignee's Sale.

By authority of United States District Court.

WILL be sold at public auction, on MONDAY, the 16th day of January next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, the following described property and estate of John L. Dutton of Quincy, a Bankrupt, viz:—

The right in equity that said Bankrupt had at the time of the filing of his petition for a decree of Bankruptcy in said Court, and at the time of said decree, to redeem a parcel of Land, situated in said Quincy, with a Dwelling House, Barn and out-buildings on the premises, and bounded as follows:—westerly, on Granite Street—northerly and easterly, on land of Lewis Bass—southerly, on land of Daniel Hobart—or however otherwise bounded.

Said premises are subject to two mortgages. Sale will be on the premises.

Also—At the same time and place, one Cow, and about one ton of Hay.

Also—All the right and interest that said Bankrupt had at the time of the filing of his petition for a decree of Bankruptcy in said Court, and at the time of said decree, in and to the Real Estate of John Dutton, deceased, of Augusta, in the State of Maine.

Also—Sundry Notes and Accounts, viz:—

Note against William Goodridge, for \$25.00.

" " Harvey French, " 17.00.

Account " Alvin Martin, " 16.63.

" " George Follett, " 30.00.

" " Joshua Torrey, " 2.00.

And other small demands, a schedule of all which may be seen on application to

JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Assignee.

THOMAS ADAMS, Jr., Auct.

Quincy, Dec. 31.

## Assignee's Sale.

By authority of United States District Court.

WILL be sold at public auction, on MONDAY, the 16th day of January instant, at half past ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co., in Quincy, the following described property and effects of John Gregory of Quincy, a Bankrupt, viz:—

Note against Jerome Harris for \$350.00

" " " " " 250.00

" " " " " 200.00

" " " " " 171.00

Execution against O. H. Saxton for 65.00

Also—At the same time and place, the following described property and effects of Asa Colburn, of said Quincy, a Bankrupt, viz:—

Account against the estate of John Lemon for \$50.00

" " " " " 25.00

" " " " " 25.00

" " " " " 5.00

For further information application may be made to JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Assignee of said Bankrupts.

THOMAS ADAMS, Jr., Auctioneer.

Quincy, Jan. 7.

## List of Letters

Remaining in Postoffice, Quincy, Jan. 1, 1843.

A Thomas Kimball,



## POETRY.

## DESPISE NOT THE BEGINNINGS.

See, how beyond the hills, the morning bright  
Deth write its coming with a single ray;  
But gleam is joined to gleam, and light to light,  
Till feeblest dawn expands to perfect day.  
Despise not the Beginnings. When the heart  
Receives, however small, the primal beam,  
Which God doth to the new-born soul impart,  
Revere and cherish its incipient gleam.  
Though the first ray from Heaven's eternal throne,  
The frail young shoot from Glory's morning star,  
Yet fostered well, it dwelleth not alone,  
But grows in its own light, and shuneth far,  
And bindeth ray with ray, till what was one,  
Compacted of itself, expands a new-born sun.

## THE SLANDERER.

Good name, in man, and woman,  
Is the immediate jewel of their souls;  
Who steals my purse, steals trash; 'tis something, nothing;  
'Twas mine, 'tis his, and has been slave to thousands;  
But he that filches from me my good name,  
Robs me of that which neither riches nor  
And makes me poor indeed.—Shakespeare.

Of all vile wretches that infest  
The land on which we tread,  
There's none we should so much detest,  
And so abhor and dread,  
As him who meanly brings disgrace  
On innocence, by slanders base.  
He who takes the purse may plead  
Necessity's demand;  
Perhaps a wife and children need  
Assistance at his hand;  
Despair may prompt him to supply  
By guilt, what honest means deny.

## HEAVEN.

This world's a "flitting show,"  
For man's illusion given;  
He that hath soothed a widow's woe,  
Or wiped an orphan's tear, doth know  
There's something HERE of Heaven.

And he that walks life's thorny way  
With feelings calm and even,  
Whose path is lit, from day to day,  
By virtue's bright and steady ray,  
Hath something FELT of Heaven.

He that the Christian's course hath run,  
And all his foes forgiven,  
Who measures our life's little span  
In love to God and love to man,  
On EARTH has TASTED Heaven.

## THE AMERICAN OAK.

On the mountain side securely growing  
Without the aid of mortal hands,  
Abroad his giant branches throwing,  
The king of all the forest stands.  
Awile, and then, new features wearing,  
Armed with the thunder bolts of war,  
The oak becomes a frigate, bearing  
The starry flag o'er seas afar.  
Come, drink, who loves his country's glory,  
Unto the broad oak growing free;  
Fit subject he for song or story—  
The monarch of both land and sea.

## ANECDOTES.

"Mamma, said a little fellow, whose mother had  
forbid him drawing horses or ships on the mahogany  
sideboard with a nail—"Mamma, this isn't a nice  
house. At Sam Rackett's we can cut the sofa, and  
pull out the hair, and ride the shovel and tongs over  
the carpet, but here we can't get any fun at all."

Robert Burns paid little respect to the artificial  
distinctions of society. On his way to Leith one  
morning he met a country farmer; he shook him  
earnestly by the hand, and stopped to converse. A  
young Edinburgh blood took the poet to task for this  
defect of taste. "What's your name, young man?" said  
Burns, "it was not the great coat, the scone bonnet,  
and the saucer boot hose I spoke to, but the man  
that was in them; and the man sir, for true worth,  
would weigh down you and me, and ten more such,  
any day."

"My dear husband," said an amiable and witty wife  
to her husband, the morning after returning home at  
a late hour, somewhat the worse for an evening's  
dissipation, "do you think, really, that man and wife  
are both one, as it is sometimes said?" "Certainly,  
my dear, how shall it be otherwise? But why ask  
that question?" "Because," she replied, "if that be  
the fact I am bound to express my regret and ask your  
forgiveness for being imprudent last night. Pardon  
me this offence, and I promise you that I will never  
get drunk again." The rebuke was effectual.

A clergyman once asked Garrison, "Why a church  
congregation were seldom moved to tears, when the  
same people placed in a theatre would be worked up  
to grief by fictitious distress?" "The truth," he  
replied, "is obvious; we repeat a fiction as though it  
were a truth—you repeat a truth as though it were a  
fiction."

A gentleman remarkable for having a great deal of  
lead in his forehead, called one morning on a counsel-  
lor, who asked what news was stirring. "Nothing  
extraordinary," said the other; "my head is con-  
foundedly out of order this morning." "That is extra-  
ordinary news, indeed," says the counsellor. "What!  
an extraordinary thing for a man to have the headache!"  
"No, sir. I do not say that; but for so simple a  
machine to be out of order is extraordinary indeed!"

"Can't you draw an inference?" said a teacher to a  
rustic pupil. "Wal, aw don't know; perhaps aw  
could; but if aw couldn't, dad's got a team to home  
what could aw'll bet; for them ar' steers 'll draw any  
thing short of three ton."

A countryman driving a team, all the horses in  
which were like Pharaoh's lean kine, except the  
leading one, was asked by a portly attorney whom  
he met, why the fore horse was so fat and all the rest  
so lean? "Because, squire," says he, "the fore horse  
is the lawyer, and the others are his clients."

"Brass at both ends," said a lady pointing to a  
Broadway dandy with brass on his boots.

**DR. SACKETT'S**  
**Indian Strengthening Plaster.**  
The cheapest and best in the world, and recommended  
by the Medical Faculty, and by thousands  
who have made use of it.  
Over three hundred thousand sold annually.



For Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sprains, Bruises,  
Pains in the Side, Loins, Back, Breast,  
Liver Complaints, Coughs, and all  
disorders leading to Consumption.

THE increased demand for these celebrated Plas-  
ters, has induced some to palm off others, pur-  
porting to be mine, therefore I caution purchasers to  
buy none except they bear my signature. GEORGE  
STEVENS JONES, none other can be GENUINE.  
Prices—On paper manufactured expressly for them,  
12 1/2 cents each—on soft kid, 25 cents.  
Manufactured and sold wholesale and retail by the  
Proprietor, GEORGE STEVENS JONES, Nos. 80  
and 82 Mount Vernon street, Boston—where all  
orders must be addressed, (post paid.)  
By special appointment MRS. HAYDEN of Quincy,  
has become my Agent.  
Observe—none genuine unless having my signature.  
None ever goes from my office without it.  
THEY ARE WARRANTED IN ALL CASES.  
Boston, Feb. 12.

## Have you ever tried it?



**DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S**  
**Pectoral Balsam of Spikenard, Blood Root,**  
**Wild Cherry and Comfrey.**

THE most effectual remedy ever known for Colds,  
Coughs, Asthma, Consumption, Whooping  
Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Influenza, Pain in  
the Side, Shortness of Breath, and all Affections of the  
Throat and Lungs. It affords wonderful relief to those  
laboring under these complaints, and the use of one  
bottle will satisfy the most incredulous that they pos-  
sess a healing power above everything heretofore dis-  
covered.

Around each bottle is a Treatise on Consumption,  
its causes, symptoms and cure, with full and particular  
directions for using the Balsam; what food, drinks,  
clothing, air, exercise, etc., should be used.  
This Valuable Healing Cough Balsam, possessing  
the restorative virtues of many Roots and Rare Plants,  
which have been prepared with great care, can be ob-  
tained of the regularly appointed Agents, Merchants,  
Traders, Druggists, Apothecaries, and Dealers in Med-  
icines throughout the New England States.

For sale, wholesale and retail, at the Doctor's Office,  
15 Hanover Street, Boston. Price 50 cents.  
Also—For sale by E. Thayer, Weymouth; John B.  
Arnold, Braintree; William Sherman, Randolph;  
Royal B. Whitton, Hingham; Bacon & Baird, Dor-  
chester; George Dixon, Dedham; and by all the  
Agents who sell his celebrated Sherry Wine Bitters  
and Family Pills. Agents in this town  
JOHN BRIESLER,  
Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

**HEALTH & STRENGTH.** Just received a fresh  
supply of S. O. Richardson's Sherry Wine Bitters &  
Family Pills, for sale as above. Look out for counter-  
feits and imitations, as there are several spurious ar-  
ticles in market intended to palm off for S. O. Rich-  
ardson's. See that the Signature of S. O. Richardson  
is on the first envelope. Gm  
Quincy, Dec. 3.

## To the Public.

**DR. GORDAK'S** highly approved and most  
valuable Medicines are for sale at his office,  
No 57 Hanover street, Boston; all others sold by  
Apothecaries and Dealers in the city of Boston and  
vicinity, in his name, he does not vouch to be genuine.  
The following are the names, qualities, and prices of  
his Medicines:

**JELLY OF POMEGRANATE AND PERUVIAN PILLS,**  
unrivalled for the catarrh, weakness at the stomach,  
canker, humors of every description and general  
debility. Price \$1 25.

**IRELAND BALSAM** for weakness and consumptive  
complaints. Price \$1.

**PULMONARY JELLY OR COUGH DROPS**, for obstinate  
colds, coughs, phthisis and asthma. Price 37 1/2  
cents per bottle.

**PHYSICAL DROPS**, for bilious complaints, violent  
headache, worms and teething in children. Price 25  
cents per bottle.

**LINIMENT OPODELOCE**, for the rheumatism, sprains,  
swellings, bruises and chilblains. Price 25 cents per  
bottle.

**STRENGTHENING PLASTER**, for pains in the side,  
back and limbs. Price 25 cents per box.

**SALT RHEUM OINTMENT**, for the salt rheum and all  
external humors. Price 25 cents per box.

**PILE OINTMENT**, unrivalled for the cure of the piles.  
Price 25 cents per box.

**DR. GORDAK** gives general satisfaction in all chronic  
diseases that are curable, and never flatters the public,  
like many others, to cure impossibilities. The most  
of those who have tried his Medicines have received  
general satisfaction.

Certificates may be seen at his office, No 57 Hanover  
street, six doors above Union street, nearly opposite  
the First Baptist Meeting-house and Friend street,  
Boston.

Dr. G. can be consulted at his office, from 8 o'clock,  
A. M. until 5 P. M.  
Individuals who have been imposed upon by  
counterfeit medicines, are requested to give me timely  
notice that I may publicly expose such frauds, whether  
it originated from a retailer or counterfeiter.

**WILLIAM GORDAK.**  
The above Medicines are for sale at the Store of the  
authorized Agent in this town.  
JOHN BRIESLER, Agent.  
Quincy, Feb. 12.

## Winter Fashions.

**SUSANNA S. MARSH** respectfully informs her  
friends and customers, that she has just received  
her winter fashions, with a splendid assortment of  
Winter RIBBONS; also, some very rich Velvet  
Ribbons.

Florence Bonnets, colored and altered, cleaned  
and pressed, every week, as usual.  
Quincy, Nov. 5.

## Ebenezer B. Hersey,

## HOUSE, SHIP, SIGN, AND FANCY PAINTER AND GRAINER.

THE subscriber, grateful for past favors, takes this method to inform his friends and  
the public generally, that he has removed to his Shop on Coddington Street, near-  
ly opposite the Town Hall, where he may be found ready to execute all orders for  
HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, GRAINING, Etc.,  
in a manner which cannot fail to suit. Particular attention paid to HOUSE PAINTING.

**SIGN PAINTING,**  
done handsomer and cheaper than at any other Establishment in town.  
ORNAMENTAL PAINTING executed in a workman-like manner.  
GRAINING or Painting in imitation of all kinds of Wood, Marble and Stone, in a style surpassed by none.  
Glazing, Gilding, Coloring, etc., as usual.

PAINTS AND OILS, of the best quality, wholesale and retail, and as cheap as they can be purchased in  
Boston.  
N. B. The subscriber wishes to be understood that he will WORK AS CHEAP AS ANY ONE  
ELSE, and will warrant satisfaction. CALL AND SEE.  
Quincy, Jan. 7.

**Dry Goods.**  
E. PACKARD has on hand and for sale low, a good assortment of FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY  
GOODS, consisting in part of

BEAVERS—Plain, Dia- mond and Waved.	Alpacas, Alpines, Printed & Plain Merinos.	TABLE COVERS, TICKINGS, CAMBRICS, LINENS, GLOVES, CRASH, SHIRTINGS, SHEETINGS, YARN, DIAPERS, VICTORIA ROBES, Victoria PLAID, Domestic do.	Muslins, Laces, Edgings, Insertings, Cotton Velvets, Linen Hdkfs., Silk do. Buff Sheetings, Salisbury FLANNEL, Kid & Leather Slippers, India Rubbers, Mulls, Saratog Cambrics, Pellisse Wadding, Cotton Batting, Lace Veils,
BROADCLOTHS—Black, Blue Black, Green, Brown and Drab.	SAXONIES, MOUS. de LAINES, CAMBLETONS, FLANNELS, FROCKING, CALICOES, GINGHAMs, HOSIERY.		
CASSIMERES—Blk., Blue, Lavender and Drab.			
DOESKINS, Satinets, Tailors' Trimmings.			

Together with a great variety of small articles constituting a full stock, which it is scarcely necessary to  
say, will be sold low, for that is now the order of the day.  
Quincy, Nov. 12.

## Good and Cheap for Cash.

MARSH'S TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,  
Near the Railway House, Milton.

A FIRST RATE assortment of Goods, suitable for the season, comprising the following:—BEAVERS—  
Plain, Diamond and Double Waved; PILOTS—Blue, Invisible Green, etc., for Winter Frocks  
and Surtouts;  
ENGLISH, FRENCH, GERMAN AND AMERICAN SUPERFINE CLOTHS, of different colors and  
fine texture.

A good assortment of VESTINGS, comprising first rate Black Silk Velvet, Super Wool and Plaid Velvets;  
Figured and Plain SATINS, Light and Dark rich, Silk Fancy Vestings.  
Super Wool Dyed English, French and American CASSIMERES AND DOESKINS;  
FANCY AND COMMON CASSIMERES.

The above articles will be made up at the following low prices in first rate style.

SURTOUTS, from	\$14 00 to	\$24 00
SUPER BLACK DRESS OR FROCK COATS,	13 00 to	25 00
VELVET VESTS,	4 00 to	5 50
FANCY SILK AND SATIN VESTS,	3 00 to	4 50
GOOD BLACK CASSIMERE PANTS,	5 00 to	7 00
DOE SKIN PANTS,	5 00 to	8 50
GOOD COMMON PANTS,		4 00

**Ready Made Clothing.**  
A good assortment of Dress and Frock Coats, Velvet and Fancy Vests, Pants, etc., etc., that will be sold  
cheap, all custom made and warranted good.

The subscriber feels satisfied he need only say that his business shall be managed in the prompt manner  
that he has heretofore conducted it, and hopes by a continuation of the same, to merit the patronage of a liber-  
al community.  
Particular attention paid to CUTTING of Garments for Gentlemen who furnish their own cloth.  
FALL AND WINTER FASHIONS by late arrivals.  
Milton, Near Railway House, Oct. 22.

**Extensive Assortment of Fall and Winter Goods.**  
JOSIAH BRIGHAM & CO., having recently made large purchases of Fall and Winter Goods, are enabled  
with their former stock to offer for sale as great an assortment of Goods as can be found in any Store in  
the city or country, and all of which will be sold CHEAP for cash or approved credit. Among which are the  
following:

Waved, Diamond and Plain BEAVER CLOTHS, for Frock and Over-Coats.  
English and French and American BROADCLOTHS—superfine, medium and low priced—for Dress Coats.  
Black, Blue Black, Blue and Fancy Colors.  
DOE SKINS and CASSIMERES, all qualities and colors, for Pants.  
SATTINETTS, all colors and qualities. Rich Figured Velvet, Satin and other VESTINGS.  
Superfine Mole Skin and Fur HATS. Fur and Cloth CAPS.  
Gloves, Stocks, Linen Collars and Bosoms, Black Italian Cravats.

Superfine French Thibet MERINOS—Colors, Black, Blue, Black Dahlia and Mulberry—very beautiful.  
English Merinos, a full assortment.  
Silk Warp ALPACCAS and ALPINES—Black, Blue Black and Fancy Colors.  
Plain and Figured MOUSLIN DE LAINES and SAXONIES.  
English and French and American PRINTS, a good assortment.

Edinboro' PLAID and MERINO SHAWLS.  
Bleached and Unbleached SHIRTINGS and SHEETINGS, very low.  
BED TICKINGS, Rose and Whitney BLANKETS and BED COMFORTERS.  
Silk, Woolen, Mohair and Worsted HOSE. Kid, Silk, and Mohair GLOVES.  
WHITE FLANNELS 3-4, 7-8, 4-4 & 5-4. Red, Green and Yellow do. Red, Green & White Twilled do.  
MUFFS, NECK COMFORTERS, FRINGE for trimming Cloaks. Also, a good assortment of BOOTS  
and SHOES, CROCKERY, GLASS and CHINA WARE, HARD WARE and CUTLERY, WEST INDIA  
GOODS and GROCERIES.

**FOR THE LADIES.**  
Black, Blue, Black Dahlia and Mulberry—very beautiful.  
English Merinos, a full assortment.  
Silk Warp ALPACCAS and ALPINES—Black, Blue Black and Fancy Colors.  
Plain and Figured MOUSLIN DE LAINES and SAXONIES.  
English and French and American PRINTS, a good assortment.

Edinboro' PLAID and MERINO SHAWLS.  
Bleached and Unbleached SHIRTINGS and SHEETINGS, very low.  
BED TICKINGS, Rose and Whitney BLANKETS and BED COMFORTERS.  
Silk, Woolen, Mohair and Worsted HOSE. Kid, Silk, and Mohair GLOVES.  
WHITE FLANNELS 3-4, 7-8, 4-4 & 5-4. Red, Green and Yellow do. Red, Green & White Twilled do.  
MUFFS, NECK COMFORTERS, FRINGE for trimming Cloaks. Also, a good assortment of BOOTS  
and SHOES, CROCKERY, GLASS and CHINA WARE, HARD WARE and CUTLERY, WEST INDIA  
GOODS and GROCERIES.

**Extensive Cloth and Clothing Establishment.**  
**New Fall and Winter Goods.**  
**CALROW & COMPANY,**  
Corner of Elm and Hanover Streets, Boston.

HAVING made extensive arrangements for the Fall and Winter Season, in the purchase of Goods, we  
are now prepared to offer to the public,  
Clothing,  
at prices less than any other Establishment in the city, and at the same time, the style of Making, Trimming  
and Fit inferior to none.

Our Stock consists of  
SUPER LONDON, GERMAN AND AMERICAN PILOT, BEAVER AND ASPHALTUM CLOTHS,  
Of plain, figured, double waved, clouded, corded, and fancy colors, and of the most select styles.  
BLACK, BLUE, RIFLE AND INVISIBLE GREEN, LONDON SMOKE, LIGHT AND DARK OL-  
IVES AND BROWN BROADCLOTHS.  
SUPER WOOL DYED BLACK GERMAN CASSIMERES AND DOESKINS,  
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN ELASTIC DOESKINS, AND FANCY AND COMMON  
CASSIMERES.

The above Goods comprise some of the most elegant styles for the coming season.  
SUPER WOOL AND PLAID VELVETS.  
RICH CASHMERE, THIBET, FIGURED AND PLAIN SATINS AND SILKS.  
VALENCIA AND COMMON VESTINGS.  
Also—Some of the most beautiful patterns of SHAWL VESTINGS, and a new and elegant style of  
Cutting the same.

**Ready Made Clothing.**  
SURTOUTS, OPERA CLOAKS, SACKS, PELLOTTES, DRESS AND FROCK COATS, COPIES,  
SPENCERS, JACKETS, PLAIN AND GAITER PANTS, FASHIONABLE VESTS, &c. &c.  
The above Clothing is manufactured of the very best Stock and Trimmings, and cut in that style that  
distinguishes our garments from those that are vended in the numerous Shop Shops; and although we do not  
advertise our former or present prices, nor that we have engaged the services of some east of Cutters, but  
by strict and personal attention and economical expenses, we defy competition in prices, durability or style of  
workmanship.

Travelers visiting the city we would say, that by calling at this establishment, they can have their Gar-  
ments manufactured at twice the price.  
The strictest attention paid to making and trimming, and a fit warranted in all cases or the price of the Cloth  
refunded. The public are invited to call and examine for themselves.  
Corner of Elm and Hanover Streets.  
Boston, Oct. 8.

**Cloths for Over Coats.**  
PILOT, Asphaltum and Beaver cloths a great variety  
at MANLEY & BRADSHAW'S,  
Boston, Oct. 1. 24 Dock Square.

**In Bankruptcy.**  
United States District Court—Massachusetts  
District.  
JAN. 5th, 1843.  
UPON the Petition of LEMUEL HUMPHREY,  
Assignee of the estate of

**THOMAS J. THAYER.**  
of Braintree, who has been declared Bankrupt, pray-  
ing for leave to sell certain estate and property, set  
forth in the schedule annexed to the said petition.  
It is ordered by the Court, that a hearing of the said  
petitioner, will be had on the FOURTH TUESDAY  
of January instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at  
the United States Court Room, in Boston, when and  
where all creditors, the Bankrupt, and all other persons  
in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they  
have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not  
be granted.  
FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk of the Court.  
Jan. 7. 1w 1816

**Muffs! Muffs!!**  
JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have just received a  
good assortment, some of them are very handsome,  
which they offer for sale at prices corresponding to  
the times.  
Quincy, Dec. 24. 1f

**In Bankruptcy.**  
United States District Court—Massachusetts  
District.  
ON the fourteenth day of December, A. D. 1842.  
—Upon the petition of  
JOHN MARK HOLLINGSWORTH,  
of Boston, and  
LYMAN HOLLINGSWORTH,  
of Dorchester, copartners, under the firm of J. M. &  
L. Hollingsworth, in said District, to be declared  
Bankrupts.

Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition will  
be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in  
said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of February  
next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.  
FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 7. 2w 2335

**In Bankruptcy.**  
United States District Court—Massachusetts  
District.  
ON the sixteenth day of December, A. D. 1842.  
—Upon the Petition of  
HENRY W. BALL,  
of Dorchester, in said District, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition, will  
be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston,  
in said District, on the THIRD TUESDAY of Feb-  
ruary next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.  
FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 7. 2w 2218

**In Bankruptcy.**  
United States District Court—Massachusetts  
District.  
ON the twenty-second day of December, A. D. 1842.  
—Upon the Petition of  
IRA R. ARNOLD,  
of Braintree, in said District, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition, will  
be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston,  
in said District, on the THIRD TUESDAY of Feb-  
ruary next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.  
FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 7. 2w 2471

**In Bankruptcy.**  
United States District Court—Massachusetts  
District.  
ON the twenty-second day of December, A. D. 1842.  
—Upon the Petition of  
IRA R. ARNOLD,  
of Braintree, in said District, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition, will  
be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston,  
in said District, on the THIRD TUESDAY of Feb-  
ruary next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.  
FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 7. 2w 2471

## BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of  
the estate of ANGEL STODDARD, of Braintree,  
a Bankrupt. LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Assignee.  
Weymouth, Dec. 31. 3w\*

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of  
the estate of EDWARD W. WILDER, of  
Braintree, a Bankrupt. LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Assignee.  
Weymouth, Dec. 31. 3w\*

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of  
the estate of SIDNEY JOHNSON of Brai-  
ntree, a Bankrupt. LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Assignee.  
Weymouth, Dec. 31. 3w\*

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of  
the estate of ALBERT BATES, of Weymouth,  
a Bankrupt. LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Assignee.  
Weymouth, Dec. 31. 3w\*

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a Bankrupt. LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Assignee.  
Weymouth, Dec. 31. 3w\*

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of  
the estate of ALBERT BATES, of Weymouth,  
a Bankrupt. LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Assignee.  
Weymouth, Dec. 31. 3w\*



## BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of **ANCEL STODDARD**, of Braintree, a Bankrupt. **LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Assignee.** Weymouth, Dec. 31. 3w

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of **EDWARD W. WILDER**, of Braintree, a Bankrupt. **LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Assignee.** Weymouth, Dec. 31. 3w

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of **SIDNEY JOHNSON** of Braintree, a Bankrupt. **LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Assignee.** Weymouth, Dec. 31. 3w

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of **ALBERT BATES**, of Weymouth, a Bankrupt. **LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Assignee.** Weymouth, Dec. 31. 3w

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this fifteenth day of December, A. D. 1842

—Upon the petition of

**ANCEL STODDARD**,

of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and all persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. 433.

Jan. 7.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this twenty-sixth day of December, A. D. 1842

—Upon the petition of

**SIDNEY JOHNSON**,

of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and all persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. 1910

Jan. 7.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this twenty-sixth day of December, A. D. 1842

—Upon the petition of

**ALBERT BATES**,

of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and all persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. 1940

Jan. 7.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this nineteenth day of December, A. D. 1842

—Upon the petition of

**PATRICK COLLINS**,

of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and all persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. 1969

Jan. 7.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this twenty-sixth day of December, A. D. 1842

—Upon the petition of

**BAILEY THOMAS**,

of Weymouth, in said District, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered—That a hearing on the said petition, will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, on the THIRD TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. 2511

Jan. 7.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this sixth day of December, A. D. 1842

—Upon the petition of

**HENRY W. BALL**,

of Weymouth, in said District, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered—That a hearing on the said petition, will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, on the FIRST TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. 2218

Jan. 7.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this twenty-second day of December, A. D. 1842

—Upon the petition of

**IRA R. ARNOLD**,

of Braintree, in said District, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered—That a hearing on the said petition, will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, on the THIRD TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. 2471

Jan. 7.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this twenty-second day of December, A. D. 1842

—Upon the petition of

**IRA R. ARNOLD**,

of Braintree, in said District, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered—That a hearing on the said petition, will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, on the THIRD TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. 2471

Jan. 7.

## QUINCY PATRIOT.

Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store, in Hancock Street.

NUMBER 3.

QUINCY, (MASS.) SATURDAY, JANUARY 21, 1843.

VOLUME 7.

JOHN A. GREEN,  
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance—Two DOLLARS AND FIFTY CENTS if not paid till the end of six months—THREE DOLLARS if delayed till the expiration of the year.

No subscription, or advertisement, will be stopped previous to the payment of all arrearages, unless at the option of the proprietor. When subscribers wish their papers stopped, they will notify the publisher to that effect and at the time their subscription expires. Every subscriber will be held responsible for the payment of his paper so long as it is sent to his address at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where he may have ordered it, until legally notified to the contrary.

Advertisements, correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices. The number of insertions required must be marked on the advertisement, otherwise they will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business; and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all legal advertisements, and advertisements of auction sales, sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates.

Business letters and communications addressed to the Editor, postage paid, will receive early attention.

Single copies of the paper, Six CENTS.

AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions.

JOSIAH BARCOCK, Jr. Quincy Railway.

JUSTIN SPEAR. Stone Quarries.

ORIN P. BACON. Worcester.

FISHER A. KINGSBURY. South Weymouth.

JACOB TIRRELL, Jr. Braintree.

SAMUEL D. HAYDEN. Abington.

JOSEPH CLEVELY. South Scituate.

SAMUEL A. TURNER. Salem.

N. E. OSBORNE. New York City.

FREEMAN HUNT.

## QUINCY PATRIOT.

## SUMMARY OF INTELLIGENCE.

It is quite an unusual occurrence, (says the Salem Gazette) and perhaps unprecedented, that it should have fallen to the duty of two brothers by right of seniority, in their respective branches, to call the two legislative bodies of this State to order in their primary organization. Messrs. Francis C. and John C. Gray, are sons of the celebrated William Gray, formerly of Salem.

The Philadelphia National Gazette says, that a letter has been received in that city, from a gentleman in China, who states that "at the city of Chin-King-fao, three hundred women committed suicide, in preference to being subjected to the savage licentiousness of the British soldiery." So, it appears that butchering men by thousands for daring to maintain and defend their own laws, was not the worst feature of England's infamous war upon China.

The Millerites have contracted for the erection of a great tabernacle in Boston, so says the Post of that city. It is to be completed by the first of February, at the cost of one thousand eight hundred dollars. The site selected is the lot in Howard street, formerly occupied by the Howard Street House. The walls are to be of brick, fifteen feet high—the centre of the roof to be thirty-five feet high. A lease of the land has been obtained for fifteen months from the first of January. This fact indicates the uncertainty which prevails, even among the second advent brethren, in regard to the precise day of the Lord's coming.

There now resides in Walton County, (Florida,) a man and his wife, whose united ages are two hundred and twenty-nine years. He was united to his present wife ninety-four years ago, in the Isle of Sky, in Scotland. He emigrated to this country several years before the revolution, and was about fifty years old when it commenced. He is now one hundred and seventeen years old, and his wife one hundred and twelve.

The Postmasters of New York, Boston and Philadelphia, are at Washington, (D. C.) conferring with the Postmaster General as to the best mode of reducing the postage on letters—and they are to meet the Committee of Congress on Post Offices to devise the best plan for carrying the proposed reform into operation.

A bill for the repeal of the charter of the Oberlin Institute, has been laid on the table in the Legislature of Ohio, by a majority of one vote. The member who proposed the repeal said "more evil is inflicted by this seminary upon our State and country than by any other institution west of the mountains." He also denounced the Professors as "a banditti of law breakers and negro stealers."

Major M. M. Noah has withdrawn from the editorial charge of the New York Union, and recommends to his successor to run up the flag of John Tyler as a candidate for the next Presidency.

Sidney Breece, Esq., formerly of Onondaga County, (N. Y.) has been elected a Senator of the United States for the State of Illinois, for six years from the fourth of March next, in the place of Hon. Richard M. Young, whose term expires at that time—both gentlemen are Democrats.

There is a safe in Room No. 3, of the new Exchange, Boston, containing five hundred dollars. It is locked with one of Wilson's Patent Combination Locks; the money in the safe will be given to any one who shall succeed in opening the locks. The safe is to remain at No. 3, during this month and the next.

An Ohio paper states that as many as thirty-six rats have been taken in one night, by the following plan—Take a smooth kettle, fill it to within six inches of the top with water, cover the surface with chaff, or bran, then place it in the evening where the rats harbor.

In Cuba, within the last fifteen years, the white population of the island has increased only 7,402, while in the same period the colored population has increased 333,947, or in proportion to the increase of the white population as forty-six to one.

Joe Smith, the Mormon prophet, charged with participating in murder in Missouri, has surrendered himself, and was let out on bail of two thousand dollars, and has procured a habeas corpus to be released from that!

An ox has been exhibited in State street, Boston, weighing thirty-five hundred pounds, and standing five feet eight inches, without shoes. This ox was raised in New Hampshire, without any extra feeding.

An individual has been convicted, at Philadelphia, of having published a libel against another person, in a scurrilous paper, and sentenced to pay a fine of one dollar and cost.

The population of ancient Rome is calculated at eight millions of souls. It is now one hundred and sixty thousand!

The receipts of the late Anti-Slavery Fair in Boston, were about two thousand four hundred dollars.

George Thompson, the celebrated English lecturer on abolition, corn laws, india cotton, etc., has gone to the East Indies, and to be Prime Minister to the Rajah of Sattara.

The State Department, at Washington, (D. C.) have advertised for the heirs of Dr. William Schenault, who died at the city of Santiago de Cuba, in 1836, having net assets to the amount of nine hundred dollars.

A. H. H. Stuart, (whig) of Virginia, in a letter published in the Richmond Whig, declines a reelection to Congress, as his private and professional duties demand his undivided attention.

Miss Cornelia Walter, in a well written New Year's Address to the readers of the Boston Transcript, announces herself as the editor. The editorial fraternity should be proud of their new sister, and ever manifest towards her a brotherly regard.

The Austin (Texas) Gazette, charges President Houston with having received a bribe of one hundred thousand dollars for the release of Santa Ana, after the battle of San Jacinto.

A man, near Concord, (N. H.) having become firmly convinced that Miller's theory of the earth's speedy destruction is true, came thirty-seven miles on one of the coldest days of the season to confess that thirteen years ago he stole thirteen dollars from a gentleman there.

It is mentioned, as an indication of improvement in New Orleans, that one of the theatres has ceased to be open on Sabbath evenings.

Among the one hundred and seventy-eight millions individuals who inhabit Europe, there are said to be eighteen millions nine hundred thousand beggars.

The Rev. Mr. Streeter, (Universalist,) Boston, probably has as many *knobs* as any other clergyman in the Union. In a discourse, he stated that he had married, during the past year, one hundred and eighteen couples.

France, in two hundred years, constructed nine hundred miles of canal; England, in seventy years, two thousand seven hundred and fifty-two miles; and the United States, in fourteen years, fifteen hundred miles, of which nine hundred are in Pennsylvania.

The editor of the New York Express has favored his readers with deductions from a calculation, by which it appears evident that the world will not come to an end before 1850.

The individual, in Chambersburg, (Pa.) against whom a late verdict of fifteen hundred dollars damages was awarded for a breach of promise of marriage, is paying it through the medium of the Bankrupt Law.

Salem, (Mass.) is at present the scene of a marked religious interest. It is not confined to any particular sect—but seems to be the almost engrossing topic among the citizens.

Gov. Fairfield, in his Message to the Legislature of Maine, says, he shall not appoint an agent to receive their proportion of the land distribution, because he believes it unconstitutional. In speaking of the treaty, he says, he has been deeply disappointed in the result.

The Washingtonians of Duxbury, (Mass.) have recently erected an elegant and commodious Hall for their accommodation.

The Bey of Tunis has abolished Slavery in his dominions, freed all the slaves, and by a decree put a stop to the traffic in slaves in that country.

Francis S. Key, late United States District Attorney for the District of Columbia, died suddenly in Baltimore, last week. He was the author of the "Star Spangled Banner," the sweetest and most beautiful of our national songs.

It is said that no previous year, since the adoption of the Constitution of Massachusetts, has the House of Representatives been so equally divided as now, and that a failure to complete an organization of that body, on the first day of the session, was never before known.

A resolution has passed the Texas Senate—seven to four—authorizing President Houston to take command of the army in person.

Charles Freeman, the American Giant, has been beaten in his prize fight with Perry, the Englishman. Both parties were almost completely exhausted by their exertions.

There are in the United States just one hundred soldiers of the revolution on the pension list over one hundred years of age. The oldest man on the list is Michael Hale, of Union County, (Penn.) who is in his one hundred and fifteenth year.

At a recent dinner given by President Tyler, at Washington, a bottle of wine was produced which was represented to be upwards of four hundred years old. This wine is said to have been given to the Hon. William Pickney by the Senate of Bremen.

A wag in Albany made a bet that he could get five hundred signatures to hang a venerable Episcopal clergyman in that city. He wrote in a fair hand a long petition, too long for any body to take the trouble to read, and succeeded in getting the requisite number in a single morning.

The Hon. James Buchanan has been re-elected United States Senator for six years from the fourth of March next, by the Legislature of Pennsylvania, on the first ballot. The Assembly of that State have passed, sixty-six to twenty-eight, the resolutions instructing their members of Congress to vote for the bill to refund to Gen. Jackson the fine imposed upon him by Judge Hall, for his conduct at New Orleans.

The New York Mirror, an old and favorite journal, is to be published in future at three dollars per annum, instead of the former price, five dollars—Gen. Morris as editor and proprietor.

## MISCELLANY.

## THE THREE ADVICES.

The stories current among the Irish peasantry are not very remarkable for the inculcation of any moral lesson, although numberless are the legends related of pious and 'good people,' the saints and fairies. The following tale of the Three Advices, is the only one of a moral character which I remember to have heard. It was told me by a professional story teller, whose diction I have endeavored to preserve, although his *subscript* of 'Padreen Trelah,' or Paddy, the Vagabond, from his wandering life, was not a particularly appropriate title for a moralist. The tale is certainly very ancient, and has probably found its way into Ireland from Wales, as it appears to be an amplification of a Bardic 'Triad of Wisdom.'

There once was, what of late happens so often in Ireland, a hard year. When the crops failed, there was beggary and misfortune from one end of the island to the other. At that time many poor people had to quit the country from want of employment, and through the high prices of provisions. Among others, John Carson was under the necessity of going over to England, to try if he could get work; and of leaving his wife and family behind him, begging for a bite and a sup and down, and trusting to the charity of good Christians.

John was a smart young fellow, handy at any work, from the hay field to the stable, and willing to earn the bread he ate; and he was soon engaged by a gentleman. The English are mighty strict upon Irish servants; he was to have twelve guineas, a year's wages, but the money was not to be paid until the end of the year, and he was to forfeit the entire twelve guineas in the lump, if he misconducted himself at all within the twelve months. John Carson was to be sure upon his best behavior, and conducted himself in every particular so well for the whole time, there was no faulting him late or early, and the wages were fairly his.

The term of his agreement having expired, he determined on returning home, notwithstanding his master who had a great regard for him, pressed him to remain, and asked him if he had any reason to be dissatisfied with his treatment.

'No reason in life, sir,' said John, 'you have been a good master to me; the Lord spare you over your family; but I left a wife and two small children of my own at home, after me in Ireland, and your honor would never wish to keep me from them entirely. The wife and the children.'

'Well, John,' said the gentleman, 'you have earned your twelve guineas, and you have been in every respect, so good a servant, that if you are agreeable, I intend giving you what is worth the twelve guineas ten times over, in place of your wages. But you shall have your choice—will you take what I offer, on my word?'

John saw no reason to think that his master was jesting with him, or was insincere in making the offer; and therefore, after a slight consideration, told him that he agreed to take for his wages whatever he would advise, whether it was the twelve guineas or not.

'Then listen attentively to my words,' said the gentleman.

'First—I would teach you this—Never to take a bye-road when you have the highway.'

'Secondly—Take heed not to lodge in the house where an old man is married to a young woman.'

'Thirdly—Remember that honesty is the best policy.'

'These are the three advices I would pay you with; and they are in value far beyond any gold; however, here is a guinea for your travelling charges, and two cakes, one of which you must give to your wife, and the other you must not eat until you have done so, and I charge you to be careful of them.'

It was not without some reluctance on the part of John Carson, that he was made to accept mere words for wages, or could be persuaded that they were more precious than golden guineas. His faith in his master was, however, so strong, that he at length became satisfied.

John set out for Ireland the next morning early; but had not proceeded far, before he overtook two pedlars, who were travelling the same way. He entered into conversation with them and found them a pair of merry fellows who proved excellent company on the road. Now it happened, towards the end of their day's journey, when they were all tired and walking, that they came to a wood through which there was a path that shortened the distance to the town they were going towards by two miles. The pedlars advised John to go with them through the wood; but he refused to leave the highway, telling them, at the same time, he would meet them at a certain house in the town, where travellers put up. John was willing to try the advice which his master had given, and he arrived in safety and took up his quarters at the appointed place. While he was eating his supper, an old man came hobbling into the kitchen, and gave orders about different matters there, and then went out again. John would have taken no particular notice of this, but immediately after a young woman, an young one that he was the old man's daughter, came in, and gave orders exactly to the contrary of what the old man had given, calling him, at the same time, such as, old fool, old dotard, and so on.

When she was gone, John inquired who the old man was. 'He is the landlord,' said the servant; 'and Heaven help him! a dog's life he has led since he married his last wife.'

What, said John, in surprise, 'is that young woman the landlord's wife? I see I must not remain in this house to night; and, tired as he was, he got up to leave it, but went no farther than the door, before he met the two pedlars, all cut and bleeding, coming in, for they had been robbed and almost murdered in the woods. John was very sorry to see them in that condition, and advised them not to lodge in the house, telling them with a significant nod that all was not right there; but the poor pedlars were so weary and bruised, that they would stop where they were, and disregarded the advice.

Rather than remain in the house, John retired to the stable, and laid himself down upon a bundle of straw, where he slept soundly for some time. About the middle of the night, he heard two persons come into the stable, and on listening to their conversation, discovered that it was the landlord and a man, laying a plan how to murder her husband. In the morning John renewed his journey; but at the next town he came to, he was told that the landlord in the town he had left had been murdered, and that two pedlars, whose clothes were found all covered with blood, had been taken up

for the crime and were going to be hanged. John, without mentioning what he had heard to any person, determined to save the pedlars if possible, and so returned, in order to attend their trial.

On going into the court, he saw the two men at the bar, and the young woman and the man whose voices he had heard in the stable, swearing their innocent lives away. But the judge allowed him to give his evidence, and he told every particular of what had occurred. The man and the young woman instantly confessed their guilt; the poor pedlars were at once acquitted, and the judge ordered a large reward to be paid to John Carson, as through his means the real murderers were brought to justice.

John proceeded towards home, fully convinced of the value of two advices which his master had given him. On arriving at his cabin he found his wife and his children rejoicing over a purse of gold, which the eldest had picked up on the road that morning. Whilst he was away they had endured all the miseries which the wretched families of those who go over to seek work in England are exposed to. With precarious food, without a bed to lie down on, or a roof to shelter them, they had wandered through the country, seeking food from door to door of a starving population; and when a single potatoe was bestowed, showering down blessings and thanks on the giver, not in the set phrases of the mendicant, but a burst of eloquence too fervid not to gush direct from the heart. Those only who have seen a family of such beggars as I describe can fancy the joy with which the poor woman welcomed her husband back, and informed him of the purse full of gold.

'And where did Mach, my boy, find it?' inquired John Carson.

'It was the young squire, for certain, who dropped it,' said his wife; 'for he rode down the road this morning, and was leaping his horse in the very gap where Micky picked it up, but sure, John, he has money enough besides, and never the half penny have I to buy my poor children a bit to eat this blessed night.'

'You mind that,' said John; 'do as I bid you, and take up the purse at once at the big house, and ask for the pedlar's wife. I have two cakes which I brought all the way with me from England, and they will do for the children's supper. I ought surely to remember, as right I have, what my master told me for my twelve months' wages, seeing I never, as yet, found what he said to be wrong.'

'And what did he say?' inquired his wife.

'That honesty is the best policy,' answered John.

'Tis very well; and 'tis mighty easy for them to say so that have never been sore tempted, by distress and famine, to say otherwise, but your bidding is enough for me, John.'

Straightway she went to the big house, and inquired for the young squire; but she was denied the liberty to speak to him.

'You may tell me your business, honest woman,' said the servant with a head all powdered and frizzled like a cauliflower, and who had on a coat covered with gold and silver lace and buttons, and every thing in the world.

'If you knew but all,' said she, 'I am an honest woman, for I have brought a purse full of gold to the young master; for surely it is his, as nobody else could see so much money.'

'Let me see it,' said the servant. 'Aye, it's all right—I'll take care of it; you need not trouble yourself any more about the matter;' and so saying he slapped the door in her face. When she returned, her husband produced the two cakes which his master gave him on parting, how he was astonished to find six guineas in it, and when he took the other and broke it, he found as many more. He then remembered the words of his generous master, who desired him to give one of the cakes to his wife, and not eat the other himself until that time; and this was the way his generous master took to conceal his wages, lest he should have been robbed, or have lost his



## QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, JAN. 21, 1843.

John A. Green, Editor.

## GENERAL COURT.

In the Senate, Jan. 13th—Several of the Senators elected by the two branches in convention, appeared, were qualified, and took their seats.

In the House, a remonstrance was presented against the claims of three members to their seats, from the City of Lowell.

On motion of Mr. Tarbell, it was ordered, that a joint committee be appointed to consider the expediency of reporting resolutions to instruct our Senators and request our Representatives in Congress to favor and vote for refunding Gen. Jackson's fine.

On motion of Mr. Russell of Cambridge, it was ordered, that a committee be appointed to consider the expediency of bringing in a bill to repeal an act entitled "an act to defray the expenses of the Probate Courts formed in March 1841, and that the committee consist of one from each county.

The balloting for a clergyman to preach the next election sermon, then commenced. The result of the ballot was as follows:

Whole number of votes,	326
Necessary to a choice,	164
E. H. Chapin had,	145
George Putnam,	81
Joseph H. Towne,	36

There was consequently no choice, but by a vote, the highest candidate, Rev. E. H. Chapin, an eloquent preacher of the Universalist faith, in Charlestown, was declared elected.

In the Senate, Jan. 14th—Messrs Hood and Howe were joined to the Committee of the House, to whom were referred the petitions for the repeal of the intermarriage laws, and for a law regulating the conveyance of colored persons on railroads.

In the House, Mr. Park of the Committee on Elections, reported that they have examined the certificates of three hundred and fifty-one members, and found them correct in form.

The Chair then appointed the Standing Committees. Annexed are the most important ones.

On the Judiciary—Messrs. Colby of New Bedford, Russell of West Cambridge, Bigelow of Boston, Allen of Northfield, Wheeland of Salem, Leonard of Westfield, Kellogg of Pittsfield.

On Education—Messrs. Palfrey of Boston, Fogg of Scituate, Greene of Cambridge, Gay of Bridgewater, Warner of Wrentham, Ingham of Middlefield.

On Finance—Messrs. Walley of Roxbury, Thomas of Charlestown, Brooks of Boston, Nims of Greenfield, Barrett of Northampton, Howard of Orange, Kempton of New Bedford.

On Elections—(heretofore announced)—Messrs. Park of Boston, Russell of West Cambridge, Walley of Roxbury, Tarbell of Pepperell, Kellogg of Pittsfield, Williams of Easton, Ingham of Middlefield.

Committee on the order concerning Gen. Jackson's fine—Messrs. Tarbell of Pepperell, Adams of Boston, Long of Lynn, Moody of Haverhill and Whitmarsh of Seekonk.

At this stage of the proceedings, a motion was made to proceed to the election of Governor, etc, whereupon a debate arose which occupied the remainder of the day, concerning the member from Marshfield, Edward P. Little, (dem.) who had been chosen to a seat in the Senate.

In the Senate, Jan. 16th—During a debate on a proposition declaring that there existed a vacancy in the board in consequence of the non-appearance of Edward P. Little, chosen in convention, a letter was received from that gentleman, stating that he had decided not to accept the office of Senator for Plymouth district.

A message was thereupon sent to the House, proposing a convention, which was agreed to. The following was the result:

Whole number of votes,	322
Necessary to a choice,	162
Jesse Perkins (whig,) had,	300
Wilson Barstow, (whig,) had,	22

Nineteen blank votes, and one for an unconstitutional candidate, were thrown, but were not counted.

The House proceeded to ballot for two from the four highest candidates for Governor, to be sent to the Senate. The following was the result:

Whole number of votes,	318
Necessary to a choice,	175
Marcus Morton,	172
John Davis,	170
Samuel E. Sewall,	6

There were four absentees—two whigs and two democrats. No choice.

## Second Ballot.

Whole number of votes,	347
Necessary to a choice,	174
Marcus Morton,	174
John Davis,	165
Samuel E. Sewall,	8

Marcus Morton was therefore chosen one of the candidates to be sent to the Senate.

## Third Ballot for Second Candidate.

Whole number of votes,	292
Necessary to a choice,	147
John Davis,	271
Samuel E. Sewall,	21

There were six blank votes which were not counted. John Davis was accordingly declared to be second candidate to be sent to the Senate.

The next step in the proceedings was the selection of two from the four highest candidates for Lieutenant Governor to be sent up to the Senate.

## First Ballot.

Whole number of votes,	327
Necessary to a choice,	164
Henry H. Child (dem.) had,	169
George Hull,	146
William Jackson,	12

Henry H. Child was accordingly declared elected as the first candidate.

## Second Ballot.

Whole number of votes,	188
Necessary to a choice,	95

George Hull (whig) had 162  
William Jackson, 25  
Francis Jackson, 1  
Two blanks not counted.

In the Senate, Jan. 17th—Several Senators elect, appeared, were qualified, and took their seats.

Messrs. were received through Messrs. Allen and Tarbell, chairmen of their respective Committees, announcing that the House had elected Marcus Morton and John Davis, as candidates to be voted for by the Senate, for the office of Governor; and Henry H. Child and George Hull, as candidates to be voted for by the Senate, for the office of Lieutenant Governor.

The President announced that the Senate would first vote for Governor, the result of which balloting was as follows:

Whole number of votes,	38
Necessary for a choice,	20
Marcus Morton,	27
John Davis,	11

The result of the balloting for Lieutenant Governor was reported by the committee as follows:

Whole number of votes,	37
Necessary for a choice,	19
Henry H. Child,	26
George Hull,	11

In the House, many petitions of no general interest were presented and referred to the appropriate committees.

A message from the Senate, by a Committee of two Senators, announced that that branch had elected Marcus Morton Governor of the Commonwealth, for the ensuing year.

A second message, by a second Committee of two, announced the election of Henry H. Child, as Lieutenant Governor for the ensuing year.

Committees were then chosen, in concurrence, to notify the Governor and Lieutenant Governor elect.

In the Senate, Jan. 19th, the Committee appointed to wait upon the Governor elect, reported that he would be ready to be qualified, by taking and subscribing the oaths of office.

The House concurred in the proposed convention to qualify the Governor, and both branches met accordingly for that purpose.

In a few minutes after, His Excellency Governor Morton, attended by the Secretary of the Commonwealth, the Treasurer and Adjutant General, entered the Hall, and took a seat near the Speaker's chair.

The oaths of office were then administered to him by Hon. Frederick Robinson, President of the Convention. After the oaths were signed, John P. Bigelow, Esq. Secretary of the Commonwealth, proclaimed Marcus Morton to be duly appointed Governor. His Excellency and suite then withdrew.

The Convention then proceeded to elect nine councillors to advise the Executive. Annexed is the result of the balloting.

## Democratic Ticket.

Whole number of votes,	322
Necessary for a choice,	162
Rodney French of New Bedford, had,	158
Henry Crocker of Barnstable, " "	139
Charles Thompson, of Charlestown, " "	139
Jedediah May of Southbridge, " "	139
Joshua Colby of Amesbury, " "	139
Benjamin V. French of Braintree, " "	138
Charles Howard of Springfield, " "	138
Samuel Gates of Richmond, " "	138
Benjamin F. Hallett of Boston, " "	138

## Whig Ticket.

George Morey of Suffolk, " "	182
Robert S. Daniels of Danvers, " "	182
Samuel Hoar of Concord, " "	182
A. D. Foster of Worcester, " "	182
William G. Bates of Westfield, " "	182
E. A. Newton of Pittsfield, " "	181
Lemuel May of Attleboro, " "	182
Thomas French of Canton, " "	182
Seth Crowell of Dennis, " "	182
Scattering, " "	3

The Democratic ticket of Counsellors was accordingly elected.

After the convention dissolved, both branches agreed to another convention for the election of Secretary of the Commonwealth, and Treasurer and Receiver General; also, for the qualification of Counsellors elect.

In the Senate, Jan. 19th, no business was done, as this body went into convention.

In the House, petitions were called for, presented, and laid on the table, or referred to appropriate committees.

In Convention, the President of the Senate announced that the two Houses had met for the purpose of electing a Secretary, and a Treasurer of the Commonwealth.

A committee was then appointed to collect, sort, and count the votes for a Secretary of the Commonwealth. The ballot at once took place—the result was as follows:

Whole number of votes,	333
Necessary to a choice,	167
John P. Bigelow of Boston, (whig,) had,	189
John A. Bolles of Boston, (dem.) had,	144

The convention then went into ballot for a Treasurer. The following was the result:

Whole number of votes,	381
Necessary to a choice,	191
Thomas Russell of Plymouth, (whig,) had,	181
Charles Howard of Springfield, (dem.) had,	197

CONGRESSIONAL. In the House, John M. Botts of Virginia, introduced his "charges of corruption, of mal-conduct, high crimes, and misdemeanors, against the President of the United States."

A resolution, that "a committee of nine members be appointed, with instructions diligently to inquire into the truth of the charges preferred against John Tyler, and to report to the House the testimony taken to establish said charges, together with their opinion whether the said John Tyler hath so acted in his official capacity as to require the interposition of the constitutional power of the House, and that the committee have power to send for persons and papers," was rejected—yeas 87, nays 127—and so ended Botts' attempt to "head Capt. Tyler."

The petition and the proceedings of a public meeting of citizens of the State of Illinois, was

presented, praying the extension of a Territorial Government over the country appertaining to the United States, between the Rocky Mountains and the Pacific Ocean, including the mouth of Columbia river. The petition and proceedings were referred to a select committee.

The committee on the Judiciary have been instructed to bring in a bill, forthwith, to repeal the Bankrupt Law. The same committee was instructed to report a proviso to their bill, so as to save all cases actually commenced anterior to the perfect passage of the repealing act. The proposition was made to lay this motion on the table, but it was lost by a vote of 60 to 112, and then the amendatory instructions were adopted.

Resolutions from several Legislatures have been presented, instructing the members in Congress from their respective States, to vote to refund the fine which Gen. Jackson paid at the close of the last war with Great Britain.

The slavery question was the subject of debate in Congress, on Saturday last, on a claim for compensation for a slave lost in the Florida war. The claim was opposed by J. R. Giddings of Ohio, who was replied to by Black of Georgia. Hon. J. Q. Adams then obtained the floor and the House adjourned.

THE CHARGE. In the last number of the Aurora, a newspaper which has recently been started in this town, we are charged with creating a false impression as to the character of that journal, in a letter which is said to have been written by us and which report says was read at a Temperance Convention, in Weymouth, a short time since. No letter has been written by us to any convention for the last six months, and none to our knowledge, to any gentleman, in which we, as an individual, have stated that the object of that paper was to oppose the temperance cause. Moreover, we have carefully abstained from the expression of an opinion on this matter for good and sufficient reasons; and as we seek no controversy with our neighbor, we shall forbear further comments.

CONCERT OF THE QUINCY BAND. The entertainment given by this Band, under the direction of Prof. McLaughy, last Thursday evening, exceeded our expectations. The large audience present manifested their pleasure and satisfaction. The Band have wonderfully improved under their present talented and gentlemanly instructor, and we have high hopes that in a short time they will bear comparison with other Bands that now stand in the foremost ranks for their musical skill and knowledge. We have heard no one express dissatisfaction with the evening's performances.

We are gratified to learn, that Prof. McLaughy has concluded in future to make this town his permanent residence. We trust that he will receive a liberal encouragement which true merit deserves.

ANTI-SLAVERY ADDRESS. Mr. Lewis Clark, formerly a slave in Kentucky, addressed the Abolition Society of this place and the public generally, last Sunday evening, at the Town Hall. His remarks were exceedingly interesting; and considering the disadvantages he had of acquiring knowledge while a slave, exceeded the expectations of the very crowded auditory which listened with great attention to his simple yet touching story of degradation and the horrors of slavery. He related several amusing anecdotes that occurred during his bondage, in an excellent manner and to the life. His complexion so nearly resembled the white man, that it would be difficult to distinguish him from them.

THE BRAINTREE-ON CASE. We have received a printed report of the investigation of the Braitree ox case, before the Selectmen of that town, Dec. 9th, 12th and 14th, 1842. It was reported by E. Ward Wilder and by him published.

We have also received a brief statement of the facts in the case from the Selectmen, and shall endeavor to publish it next week.

Our readers will recollect that an ox was found dead in Braintree, and that the individual who skinned it died several days after the operation, from which a report spread that the ox was the occasion of his death.

KINDNESS. Our acknowledgements are due to the Hon. John Q. Adams for his attention in forwarding to us several important Congressional documents. We are also under obligations to the Hon. John P. Bigelow, the obliging Secretary of this State, for the reception of interesting papers, from which we have gleaned items of value.

QUINCY LYCEUM. Charles Clapp, Esq. lectured before this institution last Wednesday evening. His subject was—Poetry of the Indian character. He explained and proved the correctness of his position by many quotations from their speeches, etc, which he interspersed with appropriate remarks conveyed in beautiful language.

FORD'S EATING HOUSE, BOSTON. We annex the bill of fare at this eating-room, which is conducted in the most acceptable manner. Just give him a trial, and we opine that you will call again. His location is No. 20 Devonshire Street.

Chicken Soup,	6 1/4	Tripe,	6 1/4
Mutton Soup,	6 1/4	Sausages,	6 1/4
Mock Turtle Soup,	6 1/4	Fried Cod Fish,	6 1/4
Vegetable Soup,	6 1/4	Fried Haddock,	6 1/4
Roast Turkey,	12 1/2	Fried Smelts,	6 1/4
" Chicken,	12 1/2	Fried Eels,	6 1/4
" Goose,	12 1/2	Boiled Fish,	6 1/4
" Ducks,	12 1/2	Boiled Mackerel,	6 1/4
" Beef,	6 1/4	Fish Chowder,	6 1/4
" Pork,	6 1/4	Mixed Fish,	6 1/4
" Mutton,	6 1/4	Apple Pudding,	6 1/4
Boiled Turkey,	12 1/2	Potato Pudding,	6 1/4
Boiled Chicken,	12 1/2	Rice Pudding,	6 1/4
Boiled Corned Beef,	6 1/4	Plum Pudding,	6 1/4
Boiled Corned Pork,	6 1/4	Birds' Nest Pudding,	6 1/4
Beef Steak,	12 1/2	Ten and Coffee,	3
Mutton Chop,	12 1/2	Pastries, Custards, etc,	3
Broiled Liver,	6 1/4	Extra Bread,	2
Pig's Feet,	6 1/4	Extra Potatoes,	2
		Meals cooked to order,	

GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE. We send to our patrons this week, an extra sheet containing the Address of Gov. Morton to the Legislature of Massachusetts. If any subscriber does not receive a copy, he can procure one by calling at this office.

REJOICING. On Wednesday, the 18th inst., the Hon. Marcus Morton took the oaths of office as Governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. There were many demonstrations of joy exhibited by the citizens of this and other towns. In Boston, salutes of one hundred guns were fired at sunrise, noon, sunset, and midnight. In Braintree, we understand, a salute was fired in the evening; and in this town, the buildings of Messrs. William Torrey and Francis Williams were splendidly illuminated.

THE PLACE WHERE SLAVERY "ORIGINATED." The Hon. John Mattocks, Representative in Congress from the Fifth Congressional District of Vermont, (by the new division the Fourth) has published a letter, in the Vermont Watchman, to his constituents, declining to be a candidate at the next election. In closing his letter, Mr. Mattocks says: "Finally, may the all-wise Being, who controls the destiny of nations, protect and perpetuate our free institutions; and may the God of Heaven hasten the time when Slavery shall exist only in the infernal regions, where it originated, and where it is inflicted for crime and not for color."

AN AGED APPLE TREE. The editor of the Boston Ploughman says he has seen in the garden of the Rev. Mr. Richardson, of Hingham, an apple tree which must be nearly two hundred years old. Twenty years ago it was hollow, and was supported by a mere shell or rind not more than two inches in thickness. Rev. Mr. Richardson then had occasion to raise the ground around it, for a way, to the height of six or seven feet, with stone and gravel. This gave the tree new life; it has since flourished and is now a very constant bearer. Any common sized man, may go down into this tree, as into a well, to the depth of six feet.

BURNING OF BIBLES. Bishop Hughes of the Catholic faith, publishes a card in the New York Evening Post, in relation to the asserted burning of Bibles by Catholics, at Champlain, in that State. He pointedly condemns the outrage, if any such has been committed, which he has no direct reasons for denying, though he thinks some explanation of the matter must yet be given. Though his Church condemns the Protestant versions of the Bible as spurious, and directs its people to read their own authorized translation, which is abundantly within their reach, it does not authorize the burning of heretical Bibles, any more than the Protestant faith justifies the burning of Catholic convents. The Bishop offers to pay half of all the expense of investigating the outrage.

## SUMMARY OF INTELLIGENCE.

It is stated by a correspondent of the National (D. C.) Intelligencer, that the Rev. John G. Palfrey, having taken three of Hon. Mr. Everett's steps, (a Unitarian pulpit, a Harvard professorship, and the editorship of the North American Review) is about to take the fourth, by entering on a political life.

The veteran editor of the Keene (N. H.) Sentinel, and a good-natured, honest old gentleman he is, commenced his paper in 1799, and it is now in the forty-fifth year of its age.

The King of the French has presented William Norris, Esq., the celebrated locomotive engine manufacturer, a gold medal, a gold box ornamented with diamonds, besides giving him an order for the construction of several locomotives.

The Democratic members of the Legislature of Missouri, have nominated Martin Van Buren for the Presidency, and Richard M. Johnson for the Vice Presidency. They recommend that a National Convention be held at Baltimore, on the fourth Monday of November, 1843.

The Committee of twenty-four, appointed by the meeting in Norfolk, (Va.) to consider the case of George Latimer, the slave, have made a very voluminous report, condemning the Boston people. One thousand copies of the report are to be printed, and a copy sent to the Governor of every State in the Union.

An immense and enthusiastic mass meeting has been held in Philadelphia, at which Martin Van Buren was nominated for the Presidency. A convention of those friendly to the nomination of Hon. James Buchanan for that office, has also been held at Harrisburg.

The late Dr. Thornton, in a letter to President Jefferson, says, the rattlesnake being peculiar to this country, is the finest emblem of the United States that can be found. It never acts but defensively; it never strikes without giving a fair warning, and when it does strike, it is fatal!

The Hon. J. J. Crittenden (whig) has been re-elected to the United States Senate, by the Kentucky Legislature, over Col. R. M. Johnson, (dem.) by a vote of eighty-eight to forty-three.

A lady in Cincinnati, (Ohio) has recovered five thousand dollars for the damage which a young man inflicted on her tender heart, by refusing to fulfill his "promise."

The Cincinnati papers state that the Methodists of that city have expelled from their society five persons, who were engaged in and cognizant of the cruel treatment of an aged woman by neglect and starvation in a garret, which was the occasion of her death.

Capt. Ap Catesby Jones, commanding the United States squadron in the Pacific, who has signalled himself by the capture of Monterey, on the supposition that war had been declared between Mexico and the United States, has been recalled, to answer for the act.

The New York Commercial says, that there are now one hundred and fifty men at work upon a job within a hundred miles of that city, for their "meals and shoes for the winter."

A sheriff's sale was held at Harrisburg, (Pa.), a short time since, when newly built houses sold for prices which would not pay for the lumber used in their construction, and houses and lots sold for less than half the price they would have brought two years ago.

The suit brought by the owners of the slaves shipped from Richmond to New Orleans in the Creole, against the New Orleans Insurance Company, for the recovery of their value, has been decided in favor of the claimants—the amount claimed being eighteen thousand dollars. The whole amount of insurance effected in the different offices is about one hundred thousand dollars, all of which will have to be paid.

The Justices of the Peace, in Logan County, (Va.) being twelve in number, held a meeting recently, at which they resolved that they will pay no attention to the Bankrupt Law, so far as regards voluntary bankruptcy, but "in the performance of their duties as magistrates, will continue to give judgments and executions as if the law had never passed, being satisfied that it is only calculated to encourage dishonesty, promote fraud, and spread corruption over our people and land."

The Middlesex Mills at Lowell, have now on hand seven hundred thousand dollars worth of cloth—a pretty little item, surely, showing the economy going on among the people. In 1836 and '37, new coats were all the fashion, a man could not get, get trusted without a new coat on. Now, to get credit among the merchants, a man must have a coat on well mended. It shows retrenchment and a good wife.

Judge Betts of the United States District Court for New York, having been applied to for a warrant for the arrest of Capt. Mackenzie and Lieut. Gauseport for the murder of Cronwell, one of the numbers on board the Somers, has refused the application and expressed his doubts whether the civil courts can take cognizance of the matter.

Hon. Isaac Hill's branch of the democratic party held a mass Convention at Concord, on 12th inst., and nominated John H. White of Lancaster, a candidate for Governor; and John Page of Haverhill, James Clark of Franklin, Abner Greenleaf of Portsmouth, and Israel Hunt, Jr. of Nashua, as candidates for Congress.

On the nineteenth of October, Commodore Jones captured and occupied Monterey, the Capital of California. On the twenty-first, the Commodore finding his suspicions of hostilities having commenced between Mexico and the United States, unfounded, gave up the place again.

Doctor Charles O. Barker, of Lynn, died very suddenly from the effects of mortification in a body upon which he was performing a post mortem examination. The doctor had a slight wound on one of his fingers, where the infection, it is supposed, took its instantaneous and deadly effect.

The farmer's meetings, says the Boston Transcript, will be held every Monday evening, in the Hall of the House of Representatives, during the session of the Legislature, commencing on Monday evening next, at half past six o'clock. A full attendance may be expected. These meetings will be highly interesting, and result in the dissemination of much useful information to a large body of our agricultural fellow citizens.

The lower house of the Legislature of Pennsylvania have passed a resolution, by a unanimous vote, that no member or officer of that body shall be entitled to receive any pay for any day on which he shall fail to attend; and that no member or officer shall receive any pay when absent except for leave in the performance of duties required by the House.

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The votes cast in Louisiana, in July last, for and against holding a convention to amend the State Constitution, have been counted in the presence of the Legislature. For a Convention, 14,336; against it, 4,090.

There were fifty-three Saturdays in the past year; and there will be the same number of Sabbaths this year—its first and last days occurring on Sunday. The Millerites are of a different opinion.

The Senate of Illinois, by a vote of twenty-two to twenty-six, has passed the bill which provides for the breaking up of the banks in that State.

Cornelius Heyer, the late President of the Bank of New York, has been in that institution about forty years, having filled every station of clerk, teller, cashier and President; in all of which he gave entire satisfaction.

The State House has been granted to the Massachusetts Anti-Slavery Society, on the evening of the 20th January, by a unanimous vote.

The whole number of children in Massachusetts, between the ages of four and sixteen, is 184,658, and the sum expended for the support of the public schools, is \$426,411 53 per annum.

The citizens of Wilkesbarre, (Pa.) met lately and formed themselves into a society to be called "Friends of the Union," the object of which is to resist abolition as a dangerous enemy to the stability of the Union.

Six hundred and fifty-nine pieces of cloth and cassimeres have been decreed forfeited, by the United States District Court, at Philadelphia, for fraudulent importations, and an order directed to the United States Marshal to sell them, according to law.

The Governor of



## Removal--Painting Business.

COACH, CHAISE, SIGN

AND

HOUSE PAINTING;

GILDING, GRADING,

PAPEHING &amp; GLAZING,

&amp;c. &amp;c.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has taken the shop formerly occupied by Thaddeus W. Cross, where he will carry on the

## PAINTING BUSINESS

in all its various branches, and hopes by strict attention to receive public patronage.

N. B. All kinds of GRADING done at short notice and in good style.

As he relies upon a test to prove his advertisement to be correct in all particulars, he hopes the public will give him a chance for trial.

Quincy, Dec. 31. if

## BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of THOMAS R. DASCOMB, of Dorchester, a Bankrupt.

NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Assignee.

Milton, Jan. 21. 3w 2004

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of JAMES HILDETH of Dorchester, a Bankrupt.

NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Assignee.

Milton, Jan. 21. 3w 1761

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of STEPHEN MOULTON, Jr. of Milton a Bankrupt.

NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Assignee.

Milton, Jan. 21. 3w 2087

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court--Massachusetts District.

ON this tenth day of January, A. D. 1843.--Upon the petition of

THOMAS M. BIRD,

of Dorchester, in said District, chaise-maker, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered--That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the THIRD TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.

Jan. 21. 2w 2657

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court--Massachusetts District.

ON this seventh day of January, A. D. 1843.--Upon the petition of

AARON P. NASH,

of Weymouth, in said District, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered--That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room in Boston, in said District, on the THIRD TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.

Jan. 21. 2w 2642

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court--Massachusetts District.

ON this fourth day of January, A. D. 1843.--Upon the petition of

JOHN A. CREHORE,

of Milton, in said District, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered--That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the THIRD TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.

Jan. 21. 2w 2613

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court--Massachusetts District.

ON this seventeenth day of December, A. D. 1842.--Upon the petition of

WILLIAM SHERMAN,

of Randolph, in said District, Merchant, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered--That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the THIRD TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.

Jan. 21. 2w 2357

## Magazines.

LADY'S BOOK, and GRAHAM'S MAGAZINE,

for February, received by

C. GILL, JR.

Quincy, Jan. 21. 1w

## Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE Copartnership of BAKER, CROCKER & Co. of Boston, and GEORGE O. CROCKER & Co. New Bedford, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 6th inst.

GEORGE T. BAKER,

OLIVER CROCKER,

GEORGE O. CROCKER.

Jan. 16, 1843. 6w

## COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

THE undersigned have this day formed a Copartnership, under the firm of

BAKER &amp; WHITNEY,

and will continue the business of selling SPERM OIL and CANDLES, in addition to a General Commission business, at Stores Nos. 80 and 82 Water Street, recently occupied by Baker, Crocker & Co.

GEORGE T. BAKER,

EDMUND B. WHITNEY.

Boston, Jan. 16. 6w

## Assignee's Sale.

By authority of United States District Court.

WILL be sold at public auction, at the Wheelwright Shop (on the premises of John Welles), recently occupied by Cyrus Balkam, at Commercial Point, Dorchester--on MONDAY, the thirtieth day of January instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the following goods, chattels and property of the estate of a Bankrupt, viz:

One unfinished Ox Wagon; One unfinished Truck; One pair Truck Wheels; One Horse Power and Turning Lath; One Writing Desk; One Wardrobe; One unfinished Horse Cart; One old Wagon; Lot of Pat- terns; Lot of old Lumber. By order of

NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Assignee.

Also--At the same time and place, by order of Mort- gages and of said Assignee--

One thousand feet Oak Plank; 248 feet Round Tim- ber (Oak); 80 feet Elm Timber for Hubs; 38 feet Oak Timber for Hubs; 38 axletrees; 25 pairs Hubs; 28 dozen Spokes; One Covered Pleasure Wagon; One unfinished Open Wagon; Lot of Tools in Black- smith's Shop; Lot of Tools in Wheelwright's Shop.

Terms, Cash.

NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Assignee.

GEORGE THOMPSON, Auctioneer.

Milton, Jan. 21. 2w

Hon. William Allen, the present distinguished and talented United States Senator from Ohio, was some twenty years ago, an apprentice to the saddler's business.

Mr. James S. Howard--formerly Postmaster of Toronto, (Upper Canada) and a political friend and associate of William Lyon Mackenzie--has been appointed, by the Governor General, Treasurer of the Home District.

## BRIGHTON MARKET.

Monday, Jan. 16. At market 370 Beef Cattle, 60 Stores, 1200 Sheep, and 60 Swine. 50 Beef Cattle unsold.

Prices--Beef Cattle--We quote to correspond with last week, viz: a few extra at 4 50. First quality 4 a 4 25; second quality 3 25 a 3 50; third quality 3 a 3 25.

Sheep--Lots were sold from \$1 to 1 50. Weathers from 2 50 to \$3 75.

Swine--At retail from 3 12 to 4 12 c.

## NOTICES.

## Morton Ball and Supper.

The democratic citizens of Quincy are invited to meet at the Hancock House, THIS EVENING, at six o'clock, for the purpose of considering the expedi- ency of a Ball and Supper to commemorate the glorious triumph of democratic efforts and the election of Marcus Morton.

A meeting will be held at the Hancock House, TUESDAY EVENING, (Jan. 24th) at six o'clock, to devise measures to bring before the Legislature the subject of the Neponset Bridge. Also, to act as may be deemed expedient in relation to the Dorchester and South Boston Turnpike.

A general attendance is earnestly desired.

Mr. George Newcomb of Quincy, will deliver the twelfth lecture before the Quincy Lyceum, WEDNES- DAY EVENING (Jan. 25th), at the Town Hall, commencing at seven o'clock.

GEORGE BAXTER, Secretary.

There will be a meeting of the Weymouth and Braintree Union Lyceum, next MONDAY EVENING, (Jan. 23d), at half past six o'clock. Nauman L. White, Esq. will deliver the lecture.

By a vote of the Society, this lecture and all the others during the season will be free to all.

CALVIN P. HINDS, Secretary.

The Officers of the Washington Total Abstinence Society of Quincy are requested to meet at the house of Mr. Nathan Newcomb, next MONDAY EVENING, Jan. 23d, at seven o'clock.

A punctual attendance is desired as business of im- portance will be transacted. For order.

STEPHEN F. FOWLER, Secretary.

The undersigned, Selectmen of Quincy, give notice that they will be in session at the Town Hall, every SATURDAY in each month, until further notice, from two to five o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having business with the Town are requested to pre- sent it on said days.

HENRY WOOD,

BILLINGS BAILEY,

JAMES NEWCOMB.

Dr. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT.--This invaluable medicine is daily effecting some of the most aston- ishing and wonderful cures that have ever been known. All who have used it for Asthma, Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Whooping Cough, Croup or Hives, Consump- tion, Chronic Pharyngitis, Hoarseness, Pain and Soreness of the Throat, Difficulty of Breathing, and every other disease of the LUNGS and BRONCHITIS, can and do attest to its usefulness. BRONCHITIS, a disease which is annually sweeping thousands upon thousands to a premature grave, under the mistaken name of CON- SUMPTION, is always cured by it. The usual symp- toms of this disease (Bronchitis) are Cough, Soreness of the Lungs or Throat, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, Hectic Fever, a spitting up of phlegm or matter, and sometimes blood. It is an in- flammation of the fine skin which lines the inside of the wind pipe, or air vessels, which run through every part of the Lungs. The Expec- torant immediately suppresses the Cough, Pain, Inflam- mation, Fever, and difficulty of Breathing, and pro- duces a free and easy expectoration, and a cure is soon effected.

It always cures ASTHMA--two or three large doses will cure the CROUP or HIVES of Children, in from seven minutes to an hour's time. It is entirely subdues the violence of WHOOPING COUGH, and effects a speedy cure. Hundreds who have been given up by their physicians as incurable with "CONSUMP- TION," have been restored to perfect health by it.

For sale by Caleb Gill, Jr. at the

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Jan. 7. 3w

## DIED.

In Middleborough, 4th inst. Jacob E. Thomas, only son of Capt. Jacob Thomas, by drowning in the Tinippon Pond, aged 14 years.

He left his father's house at about eight o'clock in the morning, to go to school, he had set on the pond, and as he wished to return in season to attend school, he ran across a part of the pond which had previously been open, but a thin ice had formed the afternoon from danger, when he suddenly fell through and sunk to the bottom. His parents soon became alarmed as he did not return as usual, and his father went on the pond, and from some trace of footstep near an opening in the ice was awakened to the painful apprehension that his son was drowned, and in a place where he could render no immediate aid. The alarm was soon given, the neighbors collected, and the body was recovered and succeeded in raising the body, but not till life was extinct. The agonized feelings of the afflicted parents may well be imagined. Apoplexy, to them, so sudden and solemn, was almost insup- portable. They loved their son so dearly, their hearts were bound up in him; and they were looking forward with pleasing anticipa- tions to the time when in the decline of years he would be their comfort and support. And now, alas, they behold their son brought into the house a corpse!

The subject of this notice was a youth of more than ordinary promise. Possessing a retentive memory, a quick perception, a sound judgment, and diligently improving the opportunities he enjoyed for mental improvement, he stood high as a scholar. He was ever dutiful to his parents, kind to his associates, mild and affable in all his deportment, and enjoyed the esteem and good will of all who knew him. But he is in the rose of his beauty and buoyancy of youth, called to an early career, and is gone to his final resting place, deeply lamented by a numerous class of youth with whom he had been united by many endearing associations. May the grief-stricken parents obtain the consolations of the gospel of Jesus Christ, and bask their mourners, knowing that he who gave his taken their son at a time and in a manner which Infinite Wis- dom saw best, and that he will watch the sleeping dust till it is laid on the resurrection morn. And may his young associates be admonished by the sudden demise of one of their number, that they are always liable to the suddenly whether on the land or on the water. Little did this youth think that he should die so soon and so suddenly, and you may be called away to eternity when you are as little expected it.

"Death rides in every passing breeze, He lurks in every flower; Each season has its deadly disease, Its perils every hour."

Then let this world engage no more, Behold the quiting soul! It bids us seize the present hour, To narrow death may come.

Particular Notice.

ALL persons are hereby forbid taking Sea Weed from any beach or lands improved by the subscrib- er, without first ascertaining the place from which they may load. Individuals, in all cases, are forbid loading from the Sea Weed which has been hauled up into heaps.

The public are also cautioned from carrying away Posts, rails, chips, etc. from the above premises.

JACOB F. EATON.

Quincy, Sept. 17. if

## Italian Sewing Silk.

ONE Case of I. P. Beaux & Co's superior Blue Black Sewing, which will be sold at the lowest rate by

MANLEY & BRAMHALL.

Boston, Sept. 10. if 21 Dock Square.

The Governor of Georgia, has vetoed the law recently passed by the legislature of that State, to lay off congressional districts.

Great activity has been caused at the different naval stations, in the United States, by orders from the head of the department, to fit immediately for sea, quite a large number of vessels. Their sailing orders have not yet been received.

The lower house of the Legislature of Penn- sylvania have passed a resolution, by a unanimous vote, that no member or officer of that body shall be entitled to receive any pay for any day on which he shall fail to attend; and that no member or officer shall receive any pay when absent except he be in the performance of duties required by the House.

Reminiscence, in the Bay State Democrat, states that most of Congress street, in Boston, is made land; and that small vessels have been sailing along what is now the corner of Congress and Water streets. Boys used to catch snails in Federal street, near the church, at what was then the head of a creek.

A revolution is said to have broken out at Tampico. The aim of the revolutionists appears to be directed against the National Congress, and in favor of Santa Ana. The military and municipal authorities were engaged in it. A revolution of like character has also broken out at San Louis Potosi.

The largest steamer in the world has been launched the present week, in New York. Her extreme length on deck is three hundred and twenty-seven feet, breadth of beam exclusive of guards, thirty feet six inches, depth of hold nine feet nine inches. She will be about one thousand tons burthen, and it is supposed the fastest boat ever built.

It is estimated that the whole number of children in the State of New Jersey, who do not attend school, is over twenty-six thousand!

Ex-Gov. Steward of New York, has resumed the practice of Law, at Auburn, in that State.

It is said that the Hon. Alexander H. Everett has returned to Massachusetts since the burning down of the College he presided over in Louisiana, and it is supposed that he will remain here.

The votes cast in Louisiana, in July last, for and against holding a convention to amend the State Constitution, have been counted in the presence of the Legislature. For a Convention, 14,286; against it 4,030.

There were fifty-three Saturdays in the past year; and there will be the same number of Saturdays this year--its first and last days occurring on Sunday.

The Millenites are of a different opinion.

The Senate of Illinois, by a vote of twenty-two to twenty-six, has passed the bill which provides for the breaking up of the herds in that State.

Cornelius Heyer, the late President of the Bank of New York, has been in that institution about forty years, having filled every station of clerk, teller, cashier and President; in all of which he gave entire satisfaction.

The State House has been granted to the Massa- chusetts Anti-Slavery Society, on the evening of the 26th January, by a unanimous vote.

The whole number of children in Massachusetts, between the ages of four and sixteen, is 186,055, and the sum expended for the support of the public schools, is \$426,411 53 per annum.

The citizens of Willesthorpe, (Pa.) met lately and formed themselves into a society to be called "Friends of the Union," the object of which is to resist abolition as a dangerous enemy to the stability of the Union.

Six hundred and fifty-nine pieces of cloths and cassimers have been decreed forfeited, by the United States District Court, at Philadelphia, for fraudulent importations, and an order directed to the United States Marshal to sell them, according to law.

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A revolution is said to have broken out at Tampico. The aim of the revolutionists appears to be directed against the National Congress, and in favor of Santa Ana. The military and municipal authorities were engaged in it. A revolution of like character has also broken out at San Louis Potosi.

The largest steamer in the world has been launched the present week, in New York. Her extreme length on deck is three hundred and twenty-seven feet, breadth of beam exclusive of guards, thirty feet six inches, depth of hold nine feet nine inches. She will be about one thousand tons burthen, and it is supposed the fastest boat ever built.

It is estimated that the whole number of children in the State of New Jersey, who do not attend school, is over twenty-six thousand!

Ex-Gov. Steward of New York, has resumed the practice of Law, at Auburn, in that State.

It is said that the Hon. Alexander H. Everett has returned to Massachusetts since the burning down of the College he presided over in Louisiana, and it is supposed that he will remain here.

The votes cast in Louisiana, in July last, for and against holding a convention to amend the State Constitution, have been counted in the presence of the Legislature. For a Convention, 14,286; against it 4,030.

There were fifty-three Saturdays in the past year; and there will be the same number of Saturdays this year--its first and last days occurring on Sunday.

The Millenites are of a different opinion.

The Senate of Illinois, by a vote of twenty-two to twenty-six, has passed the bill which provides for the breaking up of the herds in that State.

Cornelius Heyer, the late President of the Bank of New York, has been in that institution about forty years, having filled every station of clerk, teller, cashier and President; in all of which he gave entire satisfaction.

The State House has been granted to the Massa- chusetts Anti-Slavery Society, on the evening of the 26th January, by a unanimous vote.

The whole number of children in Massachusetts, between the ages of four and sixteen, is 186,055, and the sum expended for the support of the public schools, is \$426,411 53 per annum.

The citizens of Willesthorpe, (Pa.) met lately and formed themselves into a society to be called "Friends of the Union," the object of which is to resist abolition as a dangerous enemy to the stability of the Union.

Six hundred and fifty-nine pieces of cloths and cassimers have been decreed forfeited, by the United States District Court, at Philadelphia, for fraudulent importations, and an order directed to the United States Marshal to sell them, according to law.

The Governor of Georgia, has vetoed the law recently passed by the legislature of that State, to lay off congressional districts.

Great activity has been caused at the different naval stations, in the United States, by orders from the head of the department, to fit immediately for sea, quite a large number of vessels. Their sailing orders have not yet been received.

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## POETRY.

For the Quincy Patriot.

## THE FUGITIVE SLAVE'S ADIEU.

Adieu to the fetters and chains that have bound me—  
Adieu to the tyrant who has made me his slave;  
The star in the north is aloft, and will guide me  
To the land of the free, and the home of the brave.

Farewell, my dear wife, tho' it pains me to leave you  
Still sighing in bondage, all friendless and poor,  
In my heart springs a hope, I may live to embrace you,  
And with you rejoice on freedom's fair shore.

Adieu to my country, my friends, and my kindred,  
Tho' dear to my heart, I must bid you adieu;  
There are friends in the North who are free and high-minded,  
Who will aid my escape tho' the blood-hounds pursue.

Adieu to the scenes which have filled me with horror,  
Where rapine, and cruelty, and violence reign;  
Where lov'd ones, united to-day, ere to-morrow  
Are torn from each other and barter'd for gain;

Where husband, and wife, and parents, and children,  
With hearts fill'd with anguish exchange their adieu,  
To toil and to suffer in some distant region  
To pine and to die amid sorrow and woe.

Adieu to this false and this misall'd republic,  
That tramples on rights which the monarchs regard;  
I am bound to a land which is far less despotic,  
Where no cruel nor caste can of rights be debar'd.

I avenge not myself, I shall quietly leave thee,  
For 'vengeance is mine—I'll repay, saith the Lord;  
To him you'll account for the wrongs you have done me  
Then seek ye that pardon his grace can afford.

Tho' as crimson thy sin, and of great aggravation,  
The blood of Messiah can wash it away;  
O turn then to him in whom there's salvation,  
Hear his voice and repent while 'tis yet call'd to-day.

## LABOR.

Heart of the People! Working men!  
Marrow and nerve of human powers;  
Who on your sturdy backs sustain  
Through streaming Time this world of ours;  
Hold by that title—which proclaims,  
That ye are undiminished and strong,  
Accomplishing whatever aims  
May to the sons of earth belong.

Yet not on ye alone depend  
These offices, or burthens fall;  
Labor for some or other end  
Is Lord and master of us all.  
The high-born youth from downy bed  
Must meet the morn with horse and hound,  
While Industry for daily bread  
Pursues afresh his wonted round.

With all his pomp of pleasure, he  
Is but your working comrade now,  
And shoots and winds his horn, as ye  
Might whistle by the loom or plough;  
In vain for him his wealth he uses  
Of warm repose and careless joy—  
When, as ye labor to produce,  
He strives, as active to destroy.

But who is this with wasted frame,  
Sad sign of vigor overwrought?  
What toil can this new victim claim?  
For Pleasure's sake besought.  
How men would mock her flouting shows  
Her golden promise, if they knew  
What weary work she is to those  
Who have no better work to do!

And he who still and silent sits  
In closed room or shady nook,  
And seems to nurse his idle wits  
With folded arms or open book,  
To things now working in that mind,  
Your children's children well may owe  
Blessings that busy has ne'er defined  
Till from his busy thoughts they flow.

Thus all must work; with heart or hand,  
For self or others, good or ill;  
Life is ordained to bear, like land,  
Some fruit, be fallow as it will:  
Evil has force itself to sow  
Where we deny the healthy seed.  
And all our choice is this,—to grow  
Pasture and grain or noxious weed.

Then let content possess your hearts,  
Unenvious of each other's lot,—  
For those which seem the easiest parts  
Have travail which he reckon not:  
And he is bravest, happiest, best,  
Who, from the task within his span,  
Earns for himself his evening rest  
And an increase of good for man.

## ANECDOTES.

A pigmy was one day boasting to a fat portly body, of his superior excellence as a worker of metals. "I can cast any thing," said the little one, "from a door key to a brass cannon." "I never wrought at the business an hour, sir, yet I can cast what you cannot," "What?" replied the stout one, looking down upon the little fellow with great contempt, "Why I can cast a shadow, sir."

"What will you charge to carry this piece of furniture from the door here into the street?" said a purchaser lounging near. "Four bits," said the loafer. "O, that's too much," said the gentleman. "Well, I'll tell you what I'll do with you," replied the impudent fellow, "just leave it there till night, and I'll carry it off for nothing."

"Hallo, Ned, what's the matter?" "Matter enough—John Jones called me a liar, and I'm looking for him to cane him." "But, Ned, Jones is much the larger man of the two, and it may prove a somewhat dangerous operation." "True enough, I don't think I can cane Jones, but darn him, I'll stone his dog!"

A man with eleven daughters was lately complaining that he found it hard to live. "You must husband your time," said the other, and then you will do well enough. "I could do much better," was the reply, if I could husband my daughters.

## DR. SACKETT'S

## Indian Strengthening Plaster.

The cheapest and best in the world, and recommended by the Medical Faculty, and by thousands who have made use of it.

Over three hundred thousand sold annually.



For Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sprains, Bruises—Pains in the Side, Loins, Back, Breast—Lacerated Wounds, Coughs, and all disorders leading to Consumption.

THE increased demand for these celebrated Plasters, has induced some to palm off others, purporting to be mine, therefore I caution purchasers to buy none except they bear my signature. GEORGE STEVENS JONES, none other can be GENUINE.

Prices—On paper manufactured expressly for them, 12 1/2 cents each—on soft kid, 25 cents. Manufactured and sold wholesale and retail by the Proprietor, GEORGE STEVENS JONES, Nos. 80 and 82 Mount Vernon street, Boston—where all orders must be addressed, (post paid). By special appointment MRS. HAYDEN of Quincy, has become my Agent.

Observe—none genuine unless having my signature. None ever goes from my office without it. THEY ARE WARRANTED IN ALL CASES. Boston, Feb. 12.

## Have you ever tried it?



DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S Pectoral Balm of Spikenard, Blood Root, Wild Cherry and Comfrey.

THE most effectual remedy ever known for Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Consumption, Whooping Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Influenza, Pain in the Side, Shortness of Breath, and all Affections of the Throat and Lungs. It affords wonderful relief to those laboring under these complaints, and the use of one bottle will satisfy the most incredulous that they possess a healing power above everything heretofore discovered.

Around each bottle is a Treatise on Consumption, its causes, symptoms and cure, with full and particular directions for using the Balm; with food, drinks, clothing, air, exercise, etc., should be used. This Valuable Healing Cough Balm, possessing the restorative virtues of many Rares and Rare Plants, which have been prepared with great care, can be obtained of the regularly appointed Agents, Merchants, Traders, Druggists, Apothecaries and Dealers in Medicines throughout the New England States.

For sale, wholesale and retail, at the Doctor's Office, 15 Hanover Street, Boston. Price 50 cents. Also—For sale by E. Thayer, Weymouth; John B. Arnold, Braintree; William Sherman, Randolph; Royal B. Whiton, Hingham; Bacon & Baird, Dorchester; George Dixon, Dedham; and by all the Agents who sell his celebrated Sherry Wine Bitters and Family Pills. Agents in this town JOHN BRIESLER, Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

HEALTH & STRENGTH. Just received a fresh supply of S. O. Richardson's Sherry Wine Bitters & Family Pills, for sale as above. Look out for counterfeits and imitations, as there are several spurious articles in market intended to palm off for S. O. Richardson's. See that the Signature of S. O. Richardson is on the first envelope. Quincy, Dec. 3. 6m

## To the Public.

DR. GORDAK'S highly approved and most valuable Medicines are for sale at his office, No 57 Hanover street, Boston; all others sold by Apothecaries and Dealers in the city of Boston and vicinity, in his name, he does not vouch to be genuine. The following are the names, qualities, and prices of his Medicines:—

JELLY OF POMEGRANATE AND PERUVIAN PILLS, unrivaled for the catarrh, weakness at the stomach, canker, humors of every description and general debility. Price \$1 25.

IRISH BALSAM, for weakness and consumptive complaints. Price \$1.

PULMONARY JELLY OR COUGH DROPS, for obstinate colds, coughs, phthisis and asthma. Price 37 1/2 cents per bottle.

PHYSICAL DROPS, for bilious complaints, violent headache, worms and teething in children. Price 25 cents per bottle.

LIVER OPODELOC, for the rheumatism, sprains, swellings, bruises and chilblains. Price 25 cents per bottle.

STRENGTHENING PLASTER, for pains in the side, back and limbs. Price 25 cents per box.

SALT RHEUM OINTMENT, for the salt rheum and all external humors. Price 25 cents per box.

PILE OINTMENT, unrivaled for the cure of the piles. Price 25 cents per box.

DR. GORDAK gives general satisfaction in all chronic diseases that are curable, and never flatters the public, like many others, to cure impossibilities. The most of those who have tried his Medicines have received general satisfaction.

Certificates may be seen at his office, No 57 Hanover street, six doors above Union street, nearly opposite the First Baptist Meeting-house and Friend street, Boston.

Dr. G. can be consulted at his office, from 8 o'clock, A. M. until 8 P. M.

Individuals who have been imposed upon by counterfeit medicines, are requested to give me timely notice that I may publicly expose such frauds, whether it originated from a retailer or counterfeiter.

WILLIAM GORDAK.

The above Medicines are for sale at the Store of the authorized Agent in this town. JOHN BRIESLER, Agent. Quincy, Feb. 12. 1y.

Winter Fashions.

SUSANNA S. MARSH respectfully informs her friends and customers, that she has just received winter fashions, with a splendid assortment of Ribbons; also, some very rich Velvet Ribbons.

Flourish Bonnets, colored and altered, cleaned and pressed, every week, as usual. Quincy, Nov. 5. 1y.

## Ebenezer B. Hersey.

## HOUSE, SHIP, SIGN, AND FANCY PAINTER AND GRAINER.

THE subscriber, grateful for past favors, takes this method to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has removed to his Shop on Codding Street, near the Town Hall, where he may be found ready to execute all orders for HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, GRAINING, ETC.

in a manner which cannot fail to suit. Particular attention paid to HOUSE PAINTING.

## SIGN PAINTING.

done handsomer and cheaper than at any other Establishment in town.

ORNAMENTAL PAINTING executed in a workman-like manner.

GRAINING or Painting in imitation of all kinds of Wood, Marble and Stone, in a style surpassed by none.

Glazing, Gilding, Coloring, etc., as usual.

PAINTS AND OILS, of the best quality, wholesale and retail, and as cheap as they can be purchased in Boston.

N. B. The subscriber wishes to be understood that he will WORK AS CHEAP AS ANY ONE ELSE, and will warrant satisfaction.

Quincy, Jan. 7. CALL AND SEE. EBENEZER B. HERSEY.

## Dry Goods.

E. PACKARD has on hand and for sale low, a good assortment of FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, consisting in part of:

BEAVERS—Plain, Diamond and Waved; PILOTS—Blue, Invisible Green, etc., for Winter Frocks and Suits; ENGLISH, FRENCH, GERMAN AND AMERICAN SUPERFINE CLOTHS, of different colors and fine texture.

A good assortment of VESTINGS, comprising first rate Black Silk Velvet, Super Wool and Plaid Velvets; Figured and Plain SATINS, Light and Dark rich Silk Fancy Vests; Super Wool Dyed English, French and American CASSIMERES and DOESKINS; FANCY AND COMMON CASSIMERES.

The above articles will be made up at the following low prices in first rate style.

SURTOITS, from	\$14 00 to \$24 00
Super BLACK DRESS OR FROCK COATS,	13 00 to 25 00
VELVET VESTS,	4 00 to 5 50
FANCY SILK AND SATIN VESTS,	3 00 to 4 50
GOOD BLACK CASSIMERE PANTS,	5 00 to 7 00
DOE SKIN PANTS,	5 00 to 8 50
GOOD COMMON PANTS,	5 00 to 4 00

## Ready Made Clothing.

A good assortment of Dress and Frock Coats, Velvet and Fancy Vests, Pants, etc., etc., that will be sold cheap, all custom made and warranted good.

The subscriber feels satisfied he need only say that his business shall be managed in the prompt manner that he has heretofore conducted it, and hopes by a continuation of the same, to merit the patronage of a liberal community.

Particular attention paid to CUTTING of Garments for Gentlemen who furnish their own cloth.

FALL AND WINTER FASHIONS by late arrivals. Milton, Near Railway House, Oct. 22. ALFRED S. MARSH.

## Extensive Assortment of Fall and Winter Goods.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & CO., having recently made large purchases of Fall and Winter Goods, are enabled with their former stock to offer for sale as great an assortment of Goods as can be found in any Store in the city or country, and all of which will be sold CHEAP for cash or approved credit. Among which are the following:—

Silk, Diamond and Plain BEAVER CLOTHS, for Frock and Over-Coats. English and French and American BROADCLOTHS—superfine, medium and low priced—for Dress Coats. Black, Blue Black, Blue and Fancy Colors.

DOE SKINS and CASSIMERES, all qualities and colors, for Pants. SATINETTS, all colors and qualities. Rich Figured Velvet, Satin and other VESTINGS.

Superfine Mole Skin and Fur HATS. Fur and Cloth CAPS. Gloves, Stocks, Linen Collars and Bosoms, Black Italian Cravats.

## FOR THE LADIES.

Superfine French Thibet MERINOES—Colors, Black, Blue, Black Dahlia and Mulberry—very beautiful. English Merinoes, a full assortment.

Silk Warp ALPACAS and ALPINES—Black, Blue Black and Fancy Colors. Plain and Figured MOUSLIN DE LAINES and SAXONIES.

English and French and American PRINTS, a good assortment. Edinboro' PLAID and MERINO SHAWLS.

Edinboro' and Unbleached SHIRTINGS and SHEETINGS, very low. BED TICKINGS, Rose and Whitey BLANKETS and BED COMFORTERS.

Silk, Woolen, Mohair and Worsted Hosiery. Kid, Silk, and Mohair GLOVES. WHITE FLANNELS 3-4, 7-8, 4-4 & 5-4. Red, Green and Yellow do. Red, Green & White Twilled do.

MUFFS, NECK COMFORTERS, FRINGE for trimming Cloaks. Also, a good assortment of BOOTS and SHOES, CROCKERY, GLASS and CHINA WARE, HARD WARE and CUTLERY, WEST INDIA GOODS and GROCERIES.

## Extensive Cloth and Clothing Establishment.

## New Fall and Winter Goods.

CALROW & COMPANY,

Corner of Elm and Hanover Streets, Boston,

HAVING made extensive arrangements for the Fall and Winter Season, in the purchase of Goods, we are now prepared to offer to the public,

## Clothing.

at prices less than any other Establishment in the city, and at the same time, the style of Making, Trimming and Fit inferior to none.

## Our Stock consists of

SUPER LONDON, GERMAN AND AMERICAN PILOT, BEAVER AND ASPHALTUM CLOTHS.

Of plain, figured, double waved, corded, and fancy colors, and of the most select styles. BLACK, BLUE, RIFLE AND INVISIBLE GREEN, LONDON SMOKE, LIGHT AND DARK OLIVES AND BROWN BROADCLOTHS.

SUPER WOOL DYED BLACK GERMAN CASSIMERES AND DOESKINS, warranted to retain their colors.

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN ELASTIC DOESKINS, AND FANCY AND COMMON CASSIMERES.

The above Goods comprise some of the most elegant styles for the coming season.

SUPER WOOL AND PLAID VELVETS. RICH CASHMERE, THIBET, FIGURED AND PLAIN SATINS AND SILKS.

VALENCIA AND COMMON VESTINGS.

Also—Some of the most beautiful patterns of SHAWL VESTINGS, and a new and elegant style Cutting the same.

## Ready Made Clothing.

SURTOITS, OPERA CLOAKS, SACKS, PELLOTTES, DRESS AND FROCK COATS, COPIES, SPENCERS, JACKETS, PLAIN AND GAITER PANTS, FASHIONABLE VESTS, &c. &c.

The above Clothing is manufactured of the very best Stock and Trimmings, and cut in that style that distinguishes our Garments from those that are vended in the numerous Shop Shops; and although we do not advertise our former or present prices, nor that we have engaged the services of some cast off Cutters, but by strict and personal attention and economical expenses, we defy competition in price, durability or style of workmanship.

To strangers visiting the city we would say, that by calling at this establishment, they can have their Garments manufactured at twelve hours notice.

The strictest attention paid to making and trimming, and a fit warranted in all cases or the price of the Cloth refunded. The public are invited to call and examine for themselves.

Corner of Elm and Hanover Streets. Boston, Oct. 8.

## General Auction Depot.

No. 7 State Street, (opposite the Post Office), BOSTON.

SALES EVERY EVENING IN THE WEEK.

DAY SALES—TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.

NORTON & LUTHER, Auction and Commission Merchants, respectfully tender their services to the public and solicit a share of patronage.

At their Evening Sales may be had great bargains in DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, FANCY ARTICLES, etc., etc.

At their Day Sales, FURNITURE can be purchased at much less than the cost of manufacture.

Liberal advances made on consignments. Nov. 5. 1y

## Domestics.

EXETER SHEETINGS, Family do, Merimac do, Appleton Shirtings, Waltham do, Striped do, For sale at the Agent's prices by

MANLEY & BRAMHALL, Boston, Sept. 10. 1y 24 Dock Square.

## Muffs! Muffs!!

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have just received a good assortment, some of them are very handsome, which they offer for sale at prices corresponding to the times. Quincy, Dec. 24. 1y

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts: District.

ON this nineteenth day of December, A. D. 1842—Upon the petition of

LUDOVICUS WILD,

of Randolph, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. Jan. 14. 2w 1843

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts: District.

ON this eighth day of December, A. D. 1842—Upon the petition of

WILLIAM B. JOHNSON,

of Cohasset, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts, provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. Jan. 14. 2w 1842

## List of Letters

Remaining in Postoffice, Quincy, Jan. 1, 1843.

A	K
Zephaniah S. Alden, 3	Thomas Kimball,
Samuel Adams,	John Kuffie,
Moses H. Bass,	Mr M Kenrick,
Mrs. Sophia Belcher,	James Ledgerwood,
Patrick O'Brien,	M
Benjamin Bramhall,	John Mulford, 9
Mary Barry,	Alden K. Morrell,
Mrs. H. Brummett,	John L. Maxwell,
Foster Brown,	G L Murdoch,
Epyrus Bosworth,	Elias Magoun,
Ambrose H. Cyrlaway,	Thomas Moore,
Elbridge G. Cobb,	L B Newcomb,
Stetson Chandler,	E Nightingale,
Alpheus Chesley,	P
H. B. Cowen,	Mrs Maria Pratt,
J. V. Clark,	Cyrus Perkins,
Anthony P. Durgin,	Mrs Abby S Pierce,
Alfred Dutton, 2	Charles Quinn,
Martin Donoghue,	R
Nancy B. Everett,	Miss Jameson N Rowe,
Chandler Fisher,	Patrick Reynolds,
Silas E. Fulton,	William Rice,
Lemuel Fernald,	Joseph Robinson,
Hosea B. Flanders,	S
Jacob Grant,	William Smith, 2
Samuel C. Horn,	Stuart Smith, 2
Miss Phoebe Holt,	Judson Stoddard,
Miss Mary Higgins,	Mrs A E Stanley,
John A. Hobart,	T
Mr. M. Hall,	Ervin B. Tripp,
Lewis Hobart,	Simoon Titwin,
Thomas O. Jordan,	Isaac F Underhill,
Quincy, Jan. 7.	W
	Joseph Wiggins,
	James Wiggins,
	William Winkley,
	George Willett, 2
	DANIEL FRENCH, Postmaster.
	3w

## List of Letters

Remaining in Postoffice, Weymouth, Jan. 1, 1843.

A	J
Ames, Tilden	Jenkins, Caleb H.
B	K
Beeckley, James R.	Kelley, John
Burrell, William	L
Bates, David H.	Leach, Ezra
Bryant, Roany E.	Loud, Clinton
Belcher, J. G.	Ludden, Joseph T.
Burrell, Ann	Loud, Judah
Burrell, Mr.	Loring, James T.
Bunker, Naham	Loring, Elizabeth
Bates, Alden	M
Bates, Elijah	Moston, George
Briggs & Loud,	Merrill, Catharine
Briggs, Otis	N
Bailey, Jeremiah	Nash, W. G.
Bowditch, William	Nichols, H.
Brown, Foster C.	Nowland, Daniel
Bartlett, Mary Jane	O
C	Osborn, Mary T.
Colson, Warren	Orcutt, John
Cook, Samuel	P
Cook, Rachel	Pratt, David
D	Pratt, Joseph
Dyer, Jesse	Phillips, Isaac
Dudley, B. F.	Pray, George
E	Peterson, Henry
Elwell, Capt. J. B.	R
F	Reed, Augustus
Fearing, J.	Raymond, Alvah
H	Rice, Urban
Hodgkin, James	Richards, Elias
Hatch, Charles X.	Richards, S.
Howland, Samuel	Richards, Nathaniel



# QUINCY PATRIOT.

Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store, in Hancock Street.

NUMBER 4.

QUINCY, (MASS.) SATURDAY, JANUARY 28, 1843.

VOLUME 7.

JOHN A. GREEN,  
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

## CONTENTS.

Two Dollars per annum in advance—Two Dollars and Fifty Cents if not paid till the end of six months—Three Dollars if delayed till the expiration of the year.

No subscription, or advertisement, will be stopped previous to the payment of all arrears, unless at the option of the proprietor. When subscribers wish their papers stopped, they will notify the publisher to that effect and at the time their subscription expires. Every subscriber will be held responsible for the payment of his paper so long as it is sent to his address at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where he may have ordered it, until legally notified to the contrary.

Advertisements, correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices. The number of insertions required must be marked on the advertisement, otherwise they will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business; and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all legal advertisements, and advertisements of auction sales, sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates.

Business letters and communications addressed to the Editor, postage paid, will receive early attention. Single copies of the paper, Six CENTS.

## AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions.

JOSIAH BARCOCK, Jr. Quincy Railway.  
JUSTIN SPEAR, "Stone Quarries."  
ORIN P. BACON, "Dochester."  
FISHER A. KINGSBURY, "Weymouth."  
JACOB TIRRELL, Jr. "South Weymouth."  
SAMUEL D. HAYDEN, "Braintree."  
JOSEPH CLEVELY, "Arlington."  
SAMUEL A. TURNER, "South Scituate."  
N. E. OSBORNE, "Salem."  
FREEMAN HUNT, "New York City."

## MISCELLANY.

From Graham's Magazine.

## NAMASKA, OR THE CAPTIVES.

A LEGEND OF MOUNT WOLLASTON.

By H. Hastings Weld.

Merry shouts rang out from a narrow cleared circle in the forest. The summit of a beautiful hill was crowned with a tall pole, which, as it swayed in the gentle breath of a spring morning, shook sparkling gems of dew from the heavy garlands of green with which it was wound from top to bottom. On its summit it bore a wreath, entwined amid its emerald with scarlet berries, and wild flowers of all the variety that pursuers of pleasure, as a business, seldom enjoy. And who were they—those merry foresters? None other than the redoubtable company of Masters Wollaston and Thomas Morton—none other than the denizens of Merry Mount.

Sorely had the minor directions of the boisterous crew grieved the hearts of the founders of Plymouth Colony; and deeply had their habitual disregard of the Plymouth canons of doctrine, morals and manners, pained the hearts of the rigid and devout men who had established a spiritual commonwealth in the wilderness. But this was the crowning outrage. The planting of a Maypole seemed to the Pilgrims an erection of the golden calf in the modern Israel; and the profane dances, and merry gambols of Mount Wollaston were as the worship of Baal—a pagan ceremony defiling the soil. The more erudite of the Puritans anathematized Maia, and all nymphs attendant; and denounced the festivities of the revellers as a feast upon meats offered to idols; while the less learned, whose memory had never been burdened with classic lore, found a parallel for the Maypole in the groves which Ahab planted.

But Morton, in his "nest," little recked the scruples of the Pilgrims, or if at all he heeded them, did it but to carry his contempt for Plymouth, from daily sneers into such overt acts as he knew would most painfully offend the colony. Happy had it been for Morton if he had confined his acts of outrage to such deeds as the erection of the hated symbol of idol worship; but in his intercourse with the Indians, he introduced a levity and freedom, which led to consequences, serious to the infant colony. The Puritans confined their largesses of "fire-water," which the savages love so well, to state occasions; but if, at Plymouth, Massachusetts was treated to such huge draughts, that his avowals of royal affection were more warm than coherent in expression, the humblest savage in his tribe might meet the same civility at Mount Wollaston, while he has sought to barter for the coveted beverage.

The same influences which carried the Puritans to the rigidity of discipline and of belief to which they proceeded in the wilderness, moved their sometime enemies at Mount Wollaston, to the extremities of revel and of wickedness. The Puritans brought over such precedents as had grown into custom in their exiled community at Leyden. The Mount Wollaston emigrants sought to transcend the New World the manners of "Merric England," but in the latter time, without the presence of restraint from civil authority, the religious commonwealth ran somewhat into excess, while following the promptings of a devout spirit; and the memory of their persecutions gave a stern joy to their lives of devotion. They were as martyrs who had escaped the fiery trial; and we cannot consider it an unreasonable spiritual pride in such men, that they held themselves as gold seven times tried. And, on the other hand, the revellers of Mount Wollaston, alike without control—adventurers who had probably had their reverses, and felt the dangers, and perchance the discipline of the laws, for transgressions, and conduct the opposite of those of the Pilgrims, gave loose to their inclinations also. They took the largest liberty in the pursuit of such freaks as suggested themselves to their unruly inclinations. The savage was to them but a new source of amusement; and they did not scruple to use those as inferiors, when they became troublesome, whom, if tradition speak true, they admitted

as equals to their vassal. They delighted to see the taciturnity of the Indian brave dissolve in what, doubtless, seemed to them a custom somewhat allied to their own. True, they did not find the hatchets brandished, or hear the whoop; but as the merry party trooped forth their carol, as they swung around the pole, the pale faces of Merry Mount seemed to the Indians more like their own race, than did the dwellers of Plymouth colony.

One of that Indian group—a maiden of singular beauty—at length advanced, with curious eye, toward the revellers. One of them seized her hand, on a sudden impulse, and in an instant more the daughter of the forest was swinging in the merry circle, with all the bounding joy of youth and maidenhood. At first she was timid as a fawn, and half inclined to resist the liberty which had been taken with her; but as the English maidens humored the freak of their volatile companion, the Queen's reserve wore off. To crown the frolic, the Queen of May took the chaplet from her own brow, and its wild flowers danced in the glossy black hair of the daughter of the forest—and not ungraciously did that rude coronal appear upon her olive temples.

When a woman has followed one's fortunes across the globe, it would seem that her constancy might be rewarded with the privilege of indulging in such woman's whims as she might have enjoyed at home. But men are ever less charitable to such of the other sex as endure most for them. And Herbert Morton had been taking offence at his pretty cousin, that she had accepted the hand of another for a moment in the dance. It may have been that he really did feel inclined to worship at the untrod shrine of one of the aboriginal divinities; or it might have been sheer male coquetry that induced him to place a string of beads upon the neck of the Indian girl. Again, and this time readily, she came forward at the merry sound of the pipes, and following Herbert's lead, once more the revellers gambled about the pyramid of evergreen. An English maiden, and the fairest of them all, was now the out—the putting spectator. If she had followed the promptings of her woman's spirit of retaliation, she would have led an Indian warrior forward to the dance; but her delicacy shrunk from that revenge.

Suddenly the frolic was interrupted. A party of rigid colonists appeared among them, and in an instant the garlands were stripped from the tree, and thrown, with gestures of contempt, into the faces of the dancers. Herbert's sword flew from the scabbard, and he threw himself forward to avenge the insult. Before dangerous results had followed his impetuosity, he found himself pinioned—but not by no foe. Agnes, his betrothed, discerning with a lover's quickness that his rashness exposed him to danger, flung herself upon his breast, and bound his arms with her own. For a brief moment he struggled to free himself, till looking up, he perceived that the Puritan band, having succeeded in the demolition of what to them seemed sacrilegious mummery, had disappeared as suddenly as they came.

"By my faith, Agnes," he said, "you have saved the life of a fool; for in a moment more—"

"Say two fools, then, Herbert Morton. Think you, if you had slain one of those men, that his brethren would have left his memory unavenged upon this weak encampment?"

"Woman's argument is ever craven," he answered.

"And man's answer is ever a sneer," the girl replied, while her lip trembled. She burst into tears, and the day was all her own. Pursuit of the intruders was now out of the question; a resumption of the dance, to men in their present moods, was equally impossible. Herbert Morton's lip curled as he turned from the place, and sought relief for his vexation in solitude. He had passed but a few steps into the forest, when he felt a light touch upon his elbow. Impatiently shaking off the hand which would have detained him, he pressed forward. A low musical laugh made him stop suddenly and turn his head.

"Does the pale face chieftain mistake the daughter of the eagle-eyed for the daughter of the Yengeese?" Namaska would have held his quiver, and not have broken the point of his arrow. Ha! the pale face is angry with his wife!"

The pale face has no wife," said the volatile hunter, exceedingly diverted at what appeared to him a bit of womanly finess which would not have been out of place in a masquerade in the father land.

"The sister of the chieftain has a woman's heart," Namaska proceeded. Morton stood in amused astonishment, to find himself thus almost betrayed into a confession by an Indian maiden; but he cared not to humor her so far at his own expense. He essayed to change the discourse to such prettinesses as were the fashion of the time in Europe, but Namaska, to whom much of this was unintelligible, and the rest of a character that did not flatter an Indian maiden's opinion of herself, at length cried, as she bounded from him into the forest, "The white have been spoiled. He can talk to the daughters of the Yengeese, but the Wampanoags would not trust him with their children."

"Truly an adventure!" said Morton to himself, as he pursued his way slowly back to his comrades. "It is not every pale face in the colony who has made a conquest of an Indian girl; and, by my troth, in these dull solitudes, it is something worth winning." But, among that reckless company, Herbert Morton was not the worst; and the trifling adventure which would have suggested infinite amusement in the future to one thoroughly depraved, had passed from his mind before he reached the mount. It was true that he was more fortunate than his companions, in that he was attended to the New World by his guardian angel—Agnes. She was the ward, as he was the nephew, of Thomas Morton, one of the principals of the expedition, to whose name history has given no enviable notoriety; and they would, ere the date of our story, have been united, but that the feud between his uncle and the

rigid colonists precluded their seeking that clerical assistance in the Plymouth colony, which could not be obtained at Mount Wollaston. Herbert's first care, like all repentant lovers, was to seek the pardon of her whom he repulsed in thought, when he felt the touch of Namaska upon his arm in the forest.

Still Herbert could not altogether forego the advantages which his prompt attempt at the punishment of the intruders upon Merry Mount had won for him in the heart of the Indian girl. Mount Wollaston was no school in which he could learn to respect the feelings of the Indians as human beings, or to remember that even an Indian maid has a heart capable of attachment. He was not at all displeased when, in his rambles, the daughter of the Eagle-eyed interrupted his solitude; and he professed to believe that he walked forth alone merely to escape the senseless dissipation of his comrades, and their rude and coarse merriment, he forgot, in the analysis of his motives, to remember that he never asked Agnes to join him in these walks, though to her mind the character of the Mount Wollaston colony was as little congenial as to his.

And Namaska could not conceal from herself, had she so desired to do, what motive led Herbert so often to the place which had come by custom to be regarded as their 'trysting tree.' The Indian maiden had no artificial notions of relative rank to consider as bars to affection which she cherished for the pale face; and so far as ideas of rank occurred to her untutored mind, they favored rather than discouraged her hopes. At the time of which we write, the bloody feud between the races had not commenced in New England. The policy of the great sachem, Massasoit, on the one hand, controlled the Indians; and on the other, the careful administration of their Indian relations, by the colonists of Plymouth, and the settlements in and near Boston, justified the friendly conduct of the chieftain, whose name is immortalized in that of one of the states of this confederacy.

Morton, in the eyes of the colonists even, from his relation to one of the principals of Merry Mount, was in some sort a chief. Namaska was of proud Indian parentage; her father had been brave in the field, and her brothers were proud trophies in the war-dance. She found in her love of her tribe and lineage a plausible excuse for her intercourse with the Englishman. More than once, by obtaining redress for the wrongs of her comrades, through Morton's influence over his uncle and his companions, she prevented an appeal to the colonial authorities; and more than once, too, she averted the more dreadful revenge for insults and injuries, fancied and real, by which her countrymen afterwards brought upon themselves a war of extinction.

These Indian love passages gave Morton a separate existence; it was an episode, distinct from his life, as allied to that of Agnes. Had Agnes not been his daily counsellor and friend—his nearer than friend—devoted with her whole trusting heart to him, he might have sought to win the love of the Indian maid, towards whom, with his greatest crime that he permitted her affection for him to grow, if he did not foster it. He did not suspect that an Indian heart was capable of devotion so earnest. Perchance, like many men who permit the attachment of those they deem inferior, he fancied, if he thought at all upon the future, that Namaska would relinquish him with as little care as he thought he could abandon her. Still he did not make Agnes his confidante by any means; nor did he, on the other hand, disguise the Indian maid's natural belief that the Yengeese brave had discarded a love unworthy, in his opinion, of his courageous heart.

While matters thus progressed with the lovers, affairs on Mount Wollaston were approaching a crisis. Wollaston himself had long since left the colony, and the senior Morton had become more notorious for dissipation and riot. Namaska could no longer visit the mount, for the very friendship of the colonists had become the terror of the Indians; and her stolen interviews with Herbert Morton were thus doubly guarded. It was at the peril of her fame, that she met one of those whom the Puritans, no less than the Indians, had learned at last to hate and despise. It is said in the ancient writers, with expressive meaning, that the acts of friendship of Thomas Morton, and his colony, for the Indians, were, as much as their acts of enmity against them, inexcusable. His own irregularities were flagrant; and, of course, such an example in the principal would not be lost upon the subordinates. Herbert Morton could not boast to his comrades of the attachment of Namaska, without exposing her to the danger of being waylaid and insulted by his coarser companions. He held his peace; and thus making no all save to himself, and unsuspecting, the interviews daily took place, which were the life of the Indian girl—the heartless gallantry of Herbert Morton. But he could not admire and respect the native nobility and confident truth of the savage's truly refined attachment; and the liaison puzzled him as an enigma.

Thomas Morton, in freaks of lawless avarice, frequently seized such Indian property as he coveted, but could not, or cared not, honestly, to purchase. When the exasperated natives demanded restitution, he insulted them with threats. Complaints to the authorities at Boston produced nearly the same result that too often follows the litigation of the poor and weak against the rich and powerful. It was not that the Puritans did not earnestly desire to do justice; it is not that the law is not intended to mete the same measure to the poor and to the rich; but a wily antagonist, like Thomas Morton, will too often contrive a cunning mode of evading justice. Savages frequently seek redress in a direct path; and hence the origin of almost all Indian wars. The good among the whites are compelled, indirectly, to support the bad, by defending a whole nation from the wrath of those whom the bad have outraged.

Agnes with a female friend, was sitting in the house of Thomas Morton, when a party of Indians suddenly entered. That they had all the marks of anger and fierceness in their aspects did not surprise Agnes—for such countenances she had often seen her guardian's native visitors bear—so frequently came they to complain of wrong, and remonstrate against outrage. But she had not time to commence a parley with the angry Indians. Herself and companion were suddenly seized—prevented from shouting by withes twisted in the mouth, and carried noiselessly and rapidly to a neighboring thicket on a knoll, on which, while their position commanded a full view of Mount Wollaston, they were so disposed that their white drapery would not betray the place of their concealment.

Namaska was entrusted by her brothers with the

custody of the prisoners. Warning them to silence, she accepted their promises, while she removed the painful means which had been taken by the rude Indians to compel them to forego exclamation. Fainting with fear and excitement, Agnes seated herself upon a bank, where her older and calmer companion supported her trembling frame.

The quick eye of an Indian maiden detected the glitter of a chain and trinket on the neck of Agnes. The elder of the captives, with the hasty thought of purchasing their ransom, took the trinket from the neck of her companion, and placed it in the hands of the Indian girl. With what intense curiosity did Namaska examine it. Curiosity—a deeper emotion fires those features. Her eyes have lighted with the same fierce expression that her brothers have, she looks an instant at the prisoners, and her hand seeks the beautifully embellished hatchet which ornamented the toilet of the Indian belle. Agnes trembled, and even her more equable companion shuddered with fear.

The wild expression passed from the face of the Indian girl. It is not the gold she is scrutinizing—it is not the cunningly wrought chain that attracts the maiden's eye. An expression of faint delight and wonder for an instant has possession of Namaska's countenance—and then the sun-light of pleasure fades from her features, and calm sorrow succeeds—the mask of fearful emotions within.

A shout of surprise from the Indians! The house of Thomas Morton has broken out into flames—and see—those are Puritans—messengers from Boston who stand and regard the conflagration as evidence of their own causing. A runner who has been despatched to the place from the Indian party returns—the savages converse a moment together—and in a short space more the captives are alone—and free! Namaska has dropped at the feet of Agnes the MINIATURE of HERBERT MORTON.

The key to this event is on the ancient records of Massachusetts Colony, as follows:

"September 7, 1730. Second Court of Assistants, held at Charlestown. Present, Governor Wintthrop, Deputy Governor Dudley, Sir Richard Saltonstall, and others. Ordered, That Thomas Morton, of Mount Wollaston, shall presently be set in the pillory, and after sent to England by the ship called the Gift, now returning thither: that all his goods shall be seized to defray the charges of his transportation, payment of his debts, and to give satisfaction to the Indians for a canoe he took unjustly from them, and that his house be burned to the ground in sight of the Indians, for their satisfaction for many wrongs he has done them."

The prompt execution of the order of the Court of Assistants, occurring so soon after the capture of the English maidens, was the secret of the mission. The girls had been seized as the most direct reprisal for 'many wrongs,' and were to have been detained as hostages to compel reparation—a measure which, as we have seen, became unnecessary. The full sentence of the court was carried into effect, and Thomas Morton was sent in disgrace to England. Agnes returned with him. Herbert proposed so to do also; but he would once more see Namaska. This time the maiden did not seek the tryst. Herbert had infinite trouble in obtaining an interview—but he discovered her at last—alone. She started wildly at his approach, and prepared to fly.

"The Yengeese has two faces," said she, breaking from him, her fine features eloquent of scorn, "the brothers of Namaska will not that she listen to him."

"But Namaska, dearest Namaska, they need not know of our conference!"

"The pale face is double-tongued, like the serpent, and the daughter of the Eagle-Eyed spurns the traitor."

Herbert Morton looked with bitter emotions—shame—regret—affliction—after the fleeing maiden. He looked his last—an arrow whirled in its lightning passage through the air—no howl of agony from the false lover, and all was over! Indignation for a sister's wrongs had nerved the arm which sped the weapon—the hate of a brother for his sister's betrayer had fixed his unerring aim.

For the Quincy Patriot.

## THE BRAINTREE OX CASE.

In consequence of certain publications which have appeared in several newspapers, causing much excitement in the public mind, and by the request of several individuals, the undersigned, Selectmen of this town, deemed it their duty to cause a thorough investigation to be made, relating to the cause of the sudden death of the late Mr. Robert M. Thayer, which took place on Saturday the 26th day of November last; and also, the cause of the death of an ox found dead in the barn of David Holbrook, Esq., on Saturday the 19th of the same month, which ox was skinned by the said Robert M. Thayer, and others, a short time previous to his death.

In order to effect the above purposes, they requested all persons interested, or that knew any circumstances relating to the same, to meet at the Town House, on Friday the 8th inst., at which time they examined several witnesses. They then wrote to the father of the deceased, requesting him or any of his friends, or others that knew anything relating to the same, to attend at the same place on the Monday following. They accordingly met the persons written to, and a vast concourse of people were present. They examined a large number of witnesses, adjourned to the Wednesday following and finished the examination, all of whom testified under oath; and upon a full, minute, and careful examination of all the evidence, it was the unanimous opinion of the subscribers that the immediate cause of the death of the ox was from being cut and strangled between the stanchions; and from all the aforesaid evidence, there can be no blame or imprudence in the conduct of David Holbrook, Esq., relating to the death or selling the said ox.

That David Holbrook, Esq., and Robert M. Thayer, the deceased, sold the tallow of the ox to Mr. Paine of Dorchester, for five and a half cents per pound. The hide was sold to a Mr. Clapp of Dorchester, and the meat of the ox to Mr. Ward of Roxbury for about three dollars and sixty cents, telling each of them at the time the articles were sold, that the ox was found dead; and that the said David Holbrook, Esq., told every person that appeared to have spoken with him upon the subject, the circumstances relating to the ox, and that he was found dead between the stanchions. All the evidence relating to the above is left with the Town Clerk for the perusal of every one, it being too extensive and voluminous to be published in this report.

In regard to the cause of the sudden death of

Mr. Thayer, the evidence of the several attending physicians and others, were carefully examined, and as they differ very materially in their opinions their evidence is herewith published in order that the community may form their own opinion.

Dr. George Newcomb testified by written statement, as follows:

"Nov. 25, 1842. Robert M. Thayer, aged 42. I was called to patient, 10 o'clock, A. M., found him up and dressed, countenance flushed, some pain in head and back, pulse 95, right arm much swollen, also left wrist; on both arms were some small livid spots of a gangrenous character, inflammation of right arm confined wholly to the forearm; no appearance of inflammation of the absorbent vessels, tongue somewhat coated. Left him a cathartic and a wash for his arm."

P. M. four o'clock. Found him failing fast; no pulse in his left arm; left an opiate; next morning called, found the patient had slept some the previous night; found him much worse; called a consultation. Saturday P. M. found that mortification was extending up the right arm more so than on the left; had some spasmodic affections inwardly, probably.

N. B. Patient said that his arm was similarly affected about two years ago.

Testified again. When asked what he called the disease when he first saw him, said, erysipelas. Was asked whether he thought the cause of his death was in consequence of his skinning the ox? Answer, he thought not; that death might have been caused by a simple cut and by taking cold; when he first saw him he had the appearance of having taken cold. Again asked, if he did not say before his death, that he thought if Robert had not meddled with the ox he would have been a well man then? Answer, yes; and would explain. I say, that skinning the ox was the exciting cause. I did not mean to say that he received poison from the ox, but that he might have received the same injury from a simple wound.

Dr. Ephraim Wales, testified that on the 26th of November last, about ten o'clock, A. M., saw Mr. Robert M. Thayer, who was then in bed, rather inclined on the right side; right arm was much discolored, perfectly in a state of mortification; no pulse in the right wrist, not the least motion, none in the region of the heart; a number of putrid spots on both arms. I asked him if there was any blood about the ox. He said the ox died when they cut his throat, and said, I shall get over it, shall I? I waved the answer by asking a question. I did not wish to tell him. I then told his friends, that I did not think he would live till morning, and that it was in consequence of skinning the ox; went in the morning and he was dead. Moses Wales and Dennis Ryan skinned some of the cattle that died on my father's farm. Moses Wales was at our house in July about sunset and died before the next morning. Dennis died in a similar way in four or five days. Simeon Spear skinned one of the cattle; red spots appeared on his arm, the whole arm was mortified; he was sick about four or five weeks and got well. Many of the cattle were opened; intestines always mortified. Some died in twelve hours, some in thirty-six.

Dr. Ephraim Wales subsequently called on one of the Selectmen and said that it was his firm belief that the ox found dead in the barn of David Holbrook, Esq., died with the black or bloody murrain, and that Robert M. Thayer died in consequence of skinning the ox, and he thought that he had stated it so when he gave his evidence under oath.

Dr. Jonathan Wild, testified that he knew nothing about the death of Mr. Thayer or of the ox. That about two years since he attended Mr. Thayer; his right arm was very much swollen and had the appearance of mortification, and he then thought that he would not live; he got well. I believe it was in the fall of the year, about the time he was killing hogs; thought he had taken cold by having sores on his hand which often terminate in mortification. Opened several on his arms which run for some time.

Certificate from Dr. Jonathan Wales. This certifies that I was called to visit Robert M. Thayer near the time of his death and supposed him then dying, consequently, had no opportunity for examining his case any further than from his general appearance. It is my opinion, that considering his state of blood and general habits, that the exciting cause might have been from dressing the animal, or from cold or many other causes. These cases, when I have seen people diseased from handling dead animals, have generally appeared near death as he did at the time I saw him.

Signed, JONATHAN WALES.

Randolph, 10 Dec. 1842.

Sworn to before a magistrate.

Certificate of Nahum Ward.

Roxbury, Dec. 2d, 1842. This certifies that I bought one ox of David Holbrook, Esq., Nov. 18th, 1842. He told me that the ox was choked to death in the stall; and since that time my men have bled and have fed the same to my hogs and I cannot believe that it ever injured one.

Signed, NAHUM WARD.

MINOTT THAYER, } Selectmen.  
A. RANDALL, }  
SAMUEL VEAZIE, } Braintree.

Braintree, Dec. 21, 1842.

For the Quincy Patriot.

## THE TEMPERANCE CAUSE.

Mr. Editor—At a meeting of the Board of Officers of the Washington Total Abstinence Society, held at the house of Nathan Ames, on Monday evening last, the following letter from John Lyman B. Walker, Attorney General of the State of New Hampshire, to Dr. Thomas Brown, President of the Hillsborough County Washington Society, and published in the Manchester Memorial, with the proceedings of a Convention of said Society, held at Manchester, (N. H.) Jan. 16th and 17th, 1843, was read to the Board. The style and sentiment of the letter was so highly gratifying to the members, that it was, on motion, unanimously voted that the Secretary be directed to furnish you with a copy of the same, with a request that you publish it, with the vote of the Board, in your valuable paper, the Quincy Patriot.

GILFORD, (N. H.) Jan. 12, 1843.

DR. THOMAS BROWN:

Dear Sir—Yours of the 6th instant, was put into my hand last evening by Mr. Ladd and I hasten to return you an answer.

While I rejoice that the friends of temperance in Old Hillsborough are mustering and organizing their forces for service, it gives me pain to say, in answer to your request, that a recent appointment

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this nineteenth day of December, A. D. 1842—

—Upon the petition of

LUDOVICUS WILD,

of Randolph, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 14. 2w 1843

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this eighth day of December, A. D. 1842—

—Upon the petition of

WILLIAM B. JOHNSON,

of Cohasset, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts, provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 14. 2w 1843

## List of Letters

Remaining in Postoffice, Quincy, Jan. 1, 1843.

A  
Zephaniah S. Alden, 3  
Samuel Adams, B  
Moses H. Bass, M  
Mrs. Sophia Belcher, M  
Patrick O'Brien, M  
Benjamin Bramhall, M  
Mary Barry, M  
Mrs. H. Brummett, M  
Foster Brown, M  
Ephrus Bosworth, C  
Ambrose H. Cyclopedia, N  
Elbridge G. Cobb, N  
Stetson Chandler, P  
Alpheus Chesley, P  
H. B. Cowen, P  
J. V. Clark, D  
Anthony P. Darguin, R  
Alfred Dutton, R  
Marine Donaghe, R  
Nancy B. Everett, R  
Chandler Fisher, F  
Silas E. Fulton, S  
Lemuel Fernald, S  
Hosea H. Flanders, G  
Jacob Grant, H  
Samuel C. Horn, U  
Miss Phoebe Holt, W  
Miss Mary Higgins, W  
John A. Hobart, W  
Mr. M. Hall, W  
Lewis Hobart, J  
Thomas O. Jordan, J  
DANIEL FRENCH, Postmaster.  
Quincy, Jan. 7. 3w

## List of Letters

Remaining in Postoffice, Weymouth, Jan. 1, 1843.

A  
Ames, Tilden, J  
Beckley, James R., K  
Burrell, William, L  
Bates, David H., L  
Bryant, Rosny E., L  
Beichner, J. A., L  
Burrell, Ann, L  
Burrell, Mrs. T., L  
Bunker, Naham, L  
Bouditch, Alden, L  
Bates & Loud, M  
Briggs, Otis, M  
Bailey, Jeremiah, M  
Bouditch, William, M  
Brown, Foster C., M  
Bartlett, Mary Jane, C  
Colson, Warren, C  
Cook, Samuel, P  
Colson, Rachel, D  
Dyer, Joseph, P  
Dudley, B. F., P  
Elwell, Capt. J. B., R  
Fearing, J., F  
Gay, Charles E., R  
Gardner, Isaac, R  
Gross, Capt., R  
Griffith, Harriet, S  
Hodgkin, James, H  
Hatch, Charles X., H  
Howland, Samuel, H  
Holbrook, A. A., H  
Holbrook, Abner, H  
Holbrook, James H., H  
Hobart, John A., H  
Hollis, J. N., H  
Hollis, John, H  
Hollis, Hosea, H  
Horse, Amos, H  
Hollis, Mary J., H  
Hobart, Capt. Henry, H  
Hayden, James H., H  
Hunt, E. J., H  
FISHER A. KINGSBURY, Postmaster.  
Weymouth, Jan. 7. 3w

## Christ Church Seminary.

Under the charge of the Rev. Mr. Robinson is now open for the reception of a limited number of Girls and Boys.

Application may be made at the School Room, or at the residence of Rev. Mr. Robinson.

Quincy, Nov. 5. 1f

## Young Ladies' School.

MISS PACKARD has commenced her Fall and Winter Term.

Further information obtained by calling at the house of Mr. William Packard, Hancock Street.

Quincy, April 2. 1y



puts it out of my power to be with you on the 16th and 17th instant.

It is an idol cause with me, and I, thank God, I can worship at its shrine without sin.

Once thought that nothing short of Almighty Power could reclaim an old case hardened inebriate—restore him to society—and give him back the head and heart of an husband—a father—a man! But God's blessing upon human efforts in this place has proved the fallacy of such conclusion, and held up in bold relief before our eyes this truth, that "while the lamp holds out to burn, the vilest drunkard may return."

Truth, clothed in kindness, and even reproach, covered with the mantle of good will, can conquer the whole world of humanity. The flame of love will melt the most obdurate and flinty heart, and surrender the citadel of self-will, and yield the soul's obedience to the first well known summons from love and kindness.

This applies to the whole army of rum drinkers, from the first violation of the laws of total abstinence to the old down-trod inebriate, wallowing in the gutter, beneath a man and below a brute.

This, probably will apply to a great majority of the rum sellers. As the moral light of duty increases, and the cause advances in power and glory, most of the rum sellers will voluntarily abandon the unholy and sinful traffic.

But after moral suasion, prayers and patience have been exhausted in vain, to reclaim a depraved remnant of creatures bearing upon them the image of man and the workmanship of God, still continue to poison their fellow beings and prostrate whole families for gain; then, oh yes, and then, from necessity, open the whole artillery of the laws of God and man upon them, and fire without intermission, until they repent and depart from their iniquity. This class of rum sellers, if properly treated, will be found to be fewer in number in the country, than is generally supposed. In large cities, constantly flooded with a foreign population, it will always require more care and vigilance to keep the monster in his den; but among our New England villages, and broad-cast throughout the New England States, the whole mass of mankind may become emancipated, in toto, from the most oppressive slavery with which human beings have ever been cursed. The last described incorrigible remnant of rum sellers, are beyond the reach of sympathy for the suffering and can hardly be classed with the human family. They are an demagogue species, partaking of the form of man and the soul or conscience of blood suckers; and are, therefore, not within the influence of love and kindness.

Raise the standard, sir, and persevere. Victory will soon perch upon you; when an high and holy consummation will reward your labors. Before you faint, come up here and see what God has done for us. There are now but three persons in this village, who touch or handle the poison; and they are much reformed; and will, I think, soon sign the pledge. Not one drop is sold in Guilford, and soon, not one drop will be found for drink in Meredith. We want County Societies and a State Society. The latter will be organized on the 25th inst. Would I could be with you and them. It is now dark and I have written in great haste. God bless you and your efforts in the cause.

(Signed,) LYMAN B. WALKER.

In conclusion, Mr. Editor, by giving the above an insertion in your excellent paper, you will confer a positive favor on the Board, by whose direction I now write to you, and undoubtedly, upon all the genuine friends of the temperance reform.

With much respect,  
STEPHEN F. FOWLER, Rec. Sec.

For the Quincy Patriot.

### WEST DISTRICT AWAKE!!

The Electors of the West School District, in Quincy, one and all, are requested to meet at the School House, on THURSDAY, the 2d of February next, at six o'clock in the afternoon, to take into consideration the subject of the traffic in intoxicating liquors in the District; and to pass such resolutions, or take such action on the subject, as they may see fit when assembled.

The following Preamble and Resolutions will be offered for the consideration of the meeting:

**Whereas**—Intemperance has been and still is the greatest scourge that ever infested the "body politic"; and that the evils which it has entailed upon the community at large—upon domestic circles and single individuals, are unprecedented in the annals of crime, poverty, misery and degradation, from any and all other causes combined;

**And, Whereas**—The poverty-making, vice-instituting, vice-sustaining, mental-degrading, physical-depleting, genius-besetting, constitutional-benumbing, moral-destroying, virtue-despoiling and enterprising-killing habit of intemperance, like a pestilential, "rough shod," over our beloved and far-famed boasted land of virtue and freedom; consigning thousands, yea, millions, of our fellow humanity to premature and dishonored graves; and has entailed an almost infinite train of heart-rending evils on the living;

**And, Whereas**—The West District, in Quincy, has had, and still has, (in spite of the glorious and benevolent Washingtonian reform,) its full, yea, more than full, share of evils consequent upon the rapid strides of the hydra monster, intemperance;

**And, Whereas**—There are certain individuals, residents of this District, bearing the form but wanting the principles of virtuous men and women, who are so base and mercenary, that for the love of gain, they wantonly close their eyes against the meridian blaze of light which the temperance reform has spread over the land; and whose consciences are so entirely calloused to all the better feelings of our common nature, by the love of "filthy lucre," that they will, and do, knowingly and designedly, throw temptation in the path of the reformed inebriate, well knowing his weakness; and thus hurling him down to the abyss of degradation, misery and vice; and with stoic coolness, sneer at the tears and misery of his worse than widowed wife and orphan children, who, but for the unholy traffic of the rum seller, might live and love, in the sunshine of happiness and prosperity in the society of a virtuous and endearing husband and father; therefore

1. **Resolved**, That we, the citizens of the West District in Quincy, form ourselves into an Association for the suppression of the traffic in all intoxicating liquors within the limited our District, to be governed by such rules and regulations, as we may hereafter see fit to adopt, and that we will firmly but candidly use all honorable and legal measures in our power to rout the unholy traffic in intoxicating liquors from our District.

2. **Resolved**, That we have the most sincere and unfeigned sympathy for the unfortunate victim of intemperance and his abused and suffering family; and that we will cheerfully extend to him the hand and heart of Samaritan benevolence and kindness, and pour into his wounded and bleeding bosom, the genuine oil of "Moral Suasion," and do all in our power to reinstate him in his native dignity of a man.

3. **Resolved**, That the individual who will know-

ingly tempt a reformed man to violate his pledge, or sell or give intoxicating drink to such reformer, forfeits all claims to honorable respect and is justly entitled to the contempt of all good citizens.

4. **Resolved**, That it is the business and the duty of all good citizens, to see that the laws of our Commonwealth are not violated with impunity, and that the traffickers in intoxicating liquors, in direct and open violation of law, are no better entitled to exemption from its penalties, than the thief or incendiary.

5. **Resolved**, That it is the duty of all good citizens to "mind their own business," and that it is the business of all good citizens to look after, assist and protect the poor unfortunate victim of intemperance, and to use "moral suasion" with the drunkard manufacturer *alias* intoxicating drink seller, till moral suasion with him ceases to be a virtue, when it becomes the business and duty of all good citizens firmly and perseveringly to sustain the majesty of the law.

6. **Resolved**, That we have used "moral suasion" towards the intoxicating liquor sellers in this District, till they have laughed us to scorn, and that the time has arrived when the public good imperatively demands at our hands, the persevering enforcement of the law.

For the Quincy Patriot.

### MR. WHITE'S LECTURE.

The fourth lecture before the Weymouth and Braintree Union Lyceum, was given on Monday evening last, by Nauman L. White, Esquire, of Braintree. Subject—*Criminal Jurisprudence*. This is a subject that has more and more engaged the attention of philanthropists, for a few years past, throughout the world. We thought the views of the lecturer were statesmanlike, philanthropic and humane, and considering the novel theories with which the community is now rife, peculiarly well adapted to the time and occasion. He first gave his views of the foundation of criminal law and then passed to the penalties which have at various times been pointed out by these laws, as compared with those now in use. The lecture was written and delivered in good style, marked by solid reasoning and occasional flights of high wrought eloquence. His description of the life and progress of a criminal, from his first lesson in iniquity to the final consummation of his career in the State prison or upon the scaffold, was fine, and calculated to impress upon all the necessity of correct early principles and education. The lecture was listened to with attention by a full house, and we believe we speak the sentiments of all present when we say, that they were highly entertained and instructed. We are glad to see the increasing interest which seems to be manifested in this community in the lectures before the Lyceum, and hope that interest will still continue to increase, believing that they will find themselves profitably entertained.

OBSERVER.

### QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, JAN. 28, 1843.

John A. Green, Editor.

### TO OUR FRIENDS.

We were much surprised to find, in the last number of the newspaper "Aurora," published in this place, an endeavor to prove the statement made in a former number, to which we gave an explicit and unqualified denial in our last paper. The charge was that we had written a letter which was read in the Temperance Convention at Weymouth, accusing the publisher of the Aurora with starting that paper to oppose the cause of temperance. Having made a plain and clear denial of any such accusation, in any letter written by us, we had supposed that our published statement would have been satisfactory to every honorable mind. But, on the contrary, we have seen to our astonishment a long and labored article, with a certificate, letter and statement from some of our valued and esteemed friends to prove what? not the charge we are accused of making, but that it might be inferred from the tenor of our letter and from what the speaker said upon the occasion of reading it, that such must have been our intention. Now, to show our entire exculpation from all censure in the matter, we subjoin the following joint certificate of the Rev. Edwin Thompson, to whom the letter was written without any request or intimation having been given that he should bring it before any convention, and of Rev. John Gregory who has examined its contents.

Boston, Jan. 23d. 1843.

This certifies that we have seen the letter sent to one of the undersigned by John A. Green, and which was read at Weymouth at the Norfolk Temperance Convention, of which the Quincy Aurora complains, and that there is no such statement in said letter—that a new paper had been started in this town, in opposition to the temperance cause, and that the subject of temperance is not mentioned at all.

EDWIN THOMPSON.

JOHN GREGORY.

Now it appears that not a word is said in the letter about the subject of temperance, and the inference now so much relied upon fails. Let the reader judge who is the assailable.

**QUINCY LYCEUM.** A friend informs us that the lecture before this institution, on Wednesday evening last, was delivered by Mr. George Newcomb, a native of Quincy, and formerly a teacher in one of our public schools. His subject was Africa. In the course of his remarks, the lecturer briefly alluded to her past history, present relations, and future prospects.

No one, with the limited knowledge that mankind possesses on this benighted portion of the globe, could have done it better justice. His style was easy—his illustrations, apt and happy—his comparisons, keen and pungent. In short, the lecture was just what it should be, and what we should expect from the acknowledged abilities of the lecturer.

**ELECTION OF MEMBERS OF CONGRESS.** The Governor and Council have assigned Monday, the 13th day of February next, for another trial for election for members of Congress in this State, in the second, third, fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh districts.

**THE NEPONSET BRIDGE QUESTION.** Pursuant to notice, a meeting of citizens interested in the reduction of the toll on Neponset Bridge, was held at the Hancock House, in this place, last Tuesday evening. William S. Morton, Esq., presided, and Maj. Thomas Adams, jr. officiated as Secretary.

After some deliberation, it was voted to choose a Committee, whose duty it should be—to draft a Petition to the General Court for a reduction of the rates of toll—to procure signatures to said Petition in the towns of Quincy, Braintree, Weymouth and Hingham—and to send circulars to all the towns immediately interested in the matter that they may co-operate.

The following individuals were accordingly selected for the above purposes—Messrs. William S. Morton, James Newcomb, Thomas Adams, Jr., Benjamin Curtis, Joseph W. Robertson, Thomas White, Simon Gillett, Lloyd G. Horton, Ebenezer Underwood, Jr., George H. French, George Baxter.

**ECCLÉSIASTICAL.** The South Congregational Society in Scituate, which has been for several years under the pastoral charge of the Rev. Samuel J. May, who, a short time since relinquished his clerical duties to assume the superintendence of the Normal School at Lexington, (Mass.), has unanimously invited Mr. William O. Moseley of Newburyport, to become its pastor, and the fifteenth day of February ensuing has been appointed for his ordination.

The third religious society in Dorchester, has unanimously invited Mr. Richard Pike, of the Cambridge Theological School, to become their pastor and he has accepted. He will be ordained on Wednesday, the eighth of February ensuing.

**AN AFFLICTED FAMILY.** Our readers doubtless recollect Mr. George W. Spear, a native of this town, who has resided in Medford for several years past, and the details of two distressing accidents which it has been his lot to experience previous to the one which has called forth this notice.

In the first place, he was blown up while engaged in quarrying granite, and injured to such a degree that it was not expected he would survive. He gradually recovered, and had scarcely commenced work, when he was again very dangerously injured by the fall of a part of a draw bridge, and at this time all hopes of his recovery fled. Providence, in its mysterious ways, however snatched him from the arms of death, and again gave him health and strength to toil and labor.

Trusting in the mercy of an All-wise Being, he came to the conclusion to return to his place of nativity and seek employment. While carrying his intentions into execution, on Monday of last week, by the removal of his goods and family, the forward wheels became detached from the wagon in descending a hill, precipitating them from their seats, by which his wife was so severely lacerated in the face that her own children do not recognize her. Hopes are entertained of her recovery.

**COURT MARTIAL.** The President of the United States, without waiting to learn the decision of the recent Court of Inquiry, has ordered a Court Martial to convene at the Navy Yard, New York, for the trial of Commander Mackenzie and the officers of the Somers, for the execution of Spencer, Cromwell and Small. This decision was in compliance with the demand of Lieut. Mackenzie and his brother officers. They desired a Court Martial, says the New York Express, as the only means of saving themselves from vexatious suits at law. It is reported, that the Court is to be very large—to consist of some ten or a dozen post captains and commanders, at the head of whom Commodore Biddle is to be placed as President. Commander Mackenzie's brother, who is District Attorney of New Orleans, has arrived in New York, for the purpose, as supposed, of assisting his brother in the unpleasant ordeal he has to pass through.

**AGRICULTURAL MEETING.** On Monday evening last, the friends of agriculture met at the State House, Boston. Hon. Johnson Gardner of Seakon, was chosen Chairman pro tem.: S. W. Cole, editor of the Farmers' Journal, Secretary.

H. C. Merriam, Esq., Hon. Arden Brown of Medway, Hon. Benjamin V. French of Braintree, were appointed a committee to nominate officers for the meetings of the winter. This committee reported for

**President**—Hon. Daniel P. King of Danvers.  
**Vice Presidents**—Hon. Johnson Gardner of Seakon, Hon. Benjamin V. French of Braintree, Edmund Badger, Esq. of North Adams.

**Secretaries, Reporters and Business Committee**—Allen Putnam, editor of the New England Farmer; H. C. Merriam, Esq., ex-editor of Boston Cultivator; S. W. Cole, Esq., editor of the Farmers' Journal; William Buckminster, Esq., editor of Massachusetts Ploughman.

The subject of agricultural education was then introduced by H. C. Merriam, the late editor of the Boston Cultivator, who treated the subject somewhat at length. His important suggestions were received by the audience with marked attention.

**WARNING TO YOUNG MEN.** A portion of the Ladies of Hingham, engaged in the temperance reform, have further pledged themselves that they "will not knowingly attend any balls, parties of pleasure, whether for riding, walking or sailing—nor any social gatherings whatsoever, where wine or any other intoxicating drinks are to be used; and, that, if they through mistake or ignorance, find themselves at any such assemblies, they will immediately withdraw; or, in such unequivocal ways as their consciences may dictate, manifest the strongest disapprobation and disgust at the practice of making this scourge of society a part of the entertainment."

**LECTURES ON ASTRONOMY.** We omitted to mention last week, that Mr. M. Hall gave two very interesting lectures on this sublime science, illustrated by many beautiful diagrams. In connection with his subject, he presented many microscopic views of insects, etc., that added materially to enhance the interest already manifested by the large assemblies which filled the hall both evenings of his entertainment. We bespeak for Mr. Hall a favorable reception from the public wherever he may chance to tarry for their edification and instruction. None will regret having expended a trifle to witness his exhibition and listen to his remarks by way of explanation, as by so doing they will acquire a fund of information beyond all price.

**DEMOCRATIC FESTIVAL.** The democrats of Boston, and the States generally, are making arrangements for a grand celebration of the recent democratic victory, in the Old Bay State, to come off at Faneuil Hall, on Thursday evening, the ninth of February. The Festival is to be conducted on strict Washingtonian principles. As John Wright of the Tontine, caters for the company, every body knows the fare will be first rate.

**NO NEW MOON IN FEBRUARY.** Perhaps many of our readers, says the Boston Transcript, are not aware of the singular astronomical fact, that there will be no new moon in the month of February next, and that there will be two new moons in the month following. There will be a new moon on the 30th inst., again on the first of March, and also on the 30th of March.

**LOUISIANA.** Judge Alexander Porter, (whig,) has been elected to represent the State of Louisiana for six years from the fourth of March next, in the United States Senate. The votes stood for Porter, 45; C. M. Conrad, (the present whig Senator,) 23; J. Slidell 5; Clark 2. There was no democratic candidate. The whigs were divided on the question of re-electing Mr. Conrad, and the democrats united with the friends of Judge Porter.

**LIBERTY STATE CONVENTION.** A convention of the liberty [abolition] men of Massachusetts, will be held in the city of Boston, on Wednesday and Thursday, the twenty-second and twenty-third days of February, for the nomination of candidates for Governor and Lieutenant Governor, and for the transaction of such other business as the interests of the cause may require.

### GENERAL COURT.

In the Senate, Jan. 20th, an order was submitted that a committee be appointed to consider the expediency of abolishing all laws relating to the sale of spirituous liquors.

The President then read a communication from Charles Howard, declining the office of Treasurer and Receiver General.

The President appointed the Standing Committees, after which they proceeded to meet the House in convention to hear the Governor's Message.

An order was submitted, that a Committee be appointed to consider the subject of requiring the several cities and towns in the Commonwealth, containing not less than ten thousand inhabitants, to choose their Representatives to the General Court in Wards or in Districts; and that said Committee be instructed to report a Resolution, making provision for such alteration and amendment of the Constitution of the Commonwealth, as shall secure the above object; and that said Committee report as soon as may be convenient.

In the House, a petition was presented of the Hon. Abbott Lawrence and two thousand other legal voters of Boston, praying the passage of an act to indemnify the proprietors of the Ursuline Convent at Charlestown, which was referred to a special committee of five members, to be appointed by the Chair.

An order was submitted that the Committee on the Judiciary consider the expediency of bringing in a bill to repeal the Insolvent Law of 1838.

The Committee on the Judiciary, reported a bill to make larceny in dwelling houses in the night time, punishable with not exceeding five days solitary imprisonment, and five years of hard labor in the State prison, or House of Correction, or with a fine not exceeding three hundred dollars, and imprisonment not exceeding two years in the Common Jail; and this bill was ordered to a second reading, and to be printed.

His Excellency then delivered his annual address, which occupied about an hour, and retired, accompanied by his suite—after which the Convention dissolved.

The usual number of copies of the Governor's Message was then ordered to be printed.

In the Senate, Jan. 21st, the President communicated a letter from the Hon. Nathaniel Wood, of Worcester County, resigning his seat at the Senate Board.

An order was offered in the form of an Act, which was passed to a second reading, reducing the salary of the Adjutant General, curtailing other expenses in that department, and abolishing the office of Military Store Keeper.

In the House, the Monitors were appointed, as also the Joint Standing Committees.

S. H. Walley, Jr., (whig) of Roxbury, was excused from serving as chairman of the Finance Committee, and John P. Tarbell, (dem.) of Pepperell was appointed in his place.

In the Senate, Jan. 23d, the Committee on the Judiciary were instructed to report a bill, forthwith, to repeal an Act, passed April 23d, 1838, entitled an Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors.

In the House, on the order for the appointment of a committee to investigate the affairs of the Western Rail-Road Corporation, the chair appointed

Messrs Boutwell of Groton, Walley, Jr., of Roxbury, Leonard of Westfield, Barrett of Northampton, and Leavitt of Boston, the Committee.

It was ordered, that the Committee on the Judiciary consider the propriety and expediency of so amending the Constitution of the Commonwealth, as to provide that in all elections required to be made by the people in their primary assemblies, or by their Representatives in the Legislature, where there shall appear upon the second ballot to be no choice, the candidate or candidates having the largest number of votes shall be declared elected.

A special committee was appointed to consider the expediency of so altering the laws relating to the Registry of Deeds, as to allow each town to choose its own Register, provided that the expense of books and safes shall be borne by such town; and of further providing that any town which shall so please may belong to the shire town or may unite itself with any other town for the purpose of establishing a registry.

A report from the Committee on the Judiciary, that no further legislation is necessary on the subject of exempting the wages of minors from the trustee process, as a law has already been passed for that express purpose, was read and accepted without debate.

A bill to protect the wages of seamen was read a second time, and as the chairman of that committee was absent, some opposition having been raised against it, it was laid on the table until his return. It provides that no order for wages to be earned by a seaman in any vessel shall be valid, unless such order shall be accepted by the owner or agent of the vessel.

In the Senate, Jan. 24th, it was ordered that the Governor be requested to inform that body if the military arms, or any munitions of war belonging to the State had been loaned to the acting authorities of Rhode Island; and if so, whether the same have been returned; and to communicate any other information in relation to the disposal made of said public property which he may deem proper.

In the House, the Governor transmitted through the Secretary of the Commonwealth, the desired copies of the correspondence between Executive of this Commonwealth and the Executive of Virginia. The letter of his Excellency was read by the Speaker. It is stated that no application was now pending for George Latimer, or any other citizen of the State.

A petition was presented from Charlestown, signed by upwards of one thousand people, relating to convict labor. Rev. Mr. Gregory of Quincy, also presented the petition of upwards of five hundred citizens of Quincy, relating to the same subject, and it was ordered that both these petitions should be referred to a special Committee.

The Committee on the Judiciary were ordered to consider the expediency of abolishing all laws which permit a marriage contract, valid in its inception, to be annulled for any cause but adultery.

The Committee on Banks and Banking were ordered to consider the expediency of so altering our laws as to prohibit banks from enlarging their operations in any way, when the specie in their vaults shall not be to their notes in circulation as one to three and a half; to prohibit loans on pledge of bank stock; to require banks to keep a fair exposure of their affairs, always ready for the inspection of any stockholder; to make stockholders liable to twice the value of their stock; to require one third of the directors to resign annually; to allow no one but the President to be a director for more than three years, and to make the borrowing of money, or the 'conversion of it in any other manner, felony.'

In Convention, the two branches proceeded to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Nathaniel Wood, (dem.) The two constitutional candidates were whigs, and the balloting resulted as follows:

Whole number of votes,	360
Necessary to a choice,	181
Solomon Strong (whig) had	192
Alexander DeWitt " "	169
Two blank votes were not counted.	

**CONGRESSIONAL.** Since our last paper, no business of general importance has been transacted in Congress, with the exception of the repeal of the Bankrupt Act in the House, by a vote of 140 yeas to 71 nays.

A resolution has been unanimously adopted by the Legislature of Louisiana, to appoint a committee whose duty it shall be to inquire into and report upon the full facts connected with the fine imposed by Judge Hall upon General Jackson, at the time of the last war.

The Mormon impostor, Joseph Smith, who was under arrest in Illinois, on the requisition of the Governor of Missouri, as a fugitive from the justice of that State, has been liberated by the Judge of the United States District Court, who decided that there could be no such thing under this provision of the Constitution as a constructive flight—and inasmuch as Smith has not been in Missouri, he could not be claimed as a fugitive therefrom.

It is said that the New York Legislature will, during the present session, nominate Hon. Martin Van Buren for the Presidency.

Col. Joseph Cilley, the whig candidate for Governor of New Hampshire, declines the nomination for that office, preferring to be the candidate of the liberty or abolition party for Member of Congress.

The death of Mr. T. W. White, the accomplished, amiable and enterprising editor of the Southern Literary Messenger, is announced in the papers from that section of the country.

### MARRIED.

In this town, 24th inst., by Rev. Mr. Gregory, Mr. Moses W. Sleeper, formerly of Francis town, (N. H.) to Miss Mary C. Torrey of this place.

### BRIGHTON M.

Monday, Jan. 23. At market 800 Sheep, and 100 Swine.

[Prices.—Beef Cattle.—An advance our quotations, viz: First quality 4 25 a 4 50; second third quality 3 25 a 3 50. Sheep.—Sales from \$1 to 1 50, to \$3 75.

Swine.—A small lot at 3 1 25; a lot at retail from 3 1 2 to 5c.

### NOTICES

#### Washingtonian Co.

An adjourned Meeting of the Norfolk County, will be held in the Norfolk House, at South Dedham the second day of February next, a forenoon.

Several active friends of the cause meeting. Among others, it is expected Mr. Merrick of Walpole, Hantover, Roxbury, Spear of Weymouth and I will take part in the exercises of the meeting. Covert & Doye, the distillers from New York, will also be present. Popular Temperance Songs.

It is hoped that all the Washington County, who feel the importance of persevering effort, will endeavor to persevere their exertions by a renewed effort on the "prize of the high call of intoxication from Old Norfolk."

The meeting will be free for all great subject of Temperance; and thus far successful, as progressed by the humble and the lowly, it is earnestly Committee, that such will not recede, but that they will not recede, very loud for freedom from the drink.

By order of the County Committee

EDWIN THOMPSON.

The Rev. Daniel Wise of Boston, before the Sabbath School, 2nd Methodist Society, on MONDAY 30th, at their chapel, at half past 7 o'clock, will be instructive, and practical.

Mr. Wise will give a simple statement and progress of Sabbath Schools, and their worthy founder Mr. Raikes; and introduce a number of Illustrations of the progress of the cause. The Superintendents and Teachers and the public, are invited to attend.

The Officers of the Washington Society of Quincy, are requested to Society of Quincy, on THURSDAY 31st inst., at half past six o'clock.

An anonymous attendance is requested that business of importance to the Board.

Per order.

S. F. FOWLER.

Mr. Charles H. Pendleton of Quincy, will read a Poem before the Quincy Lyceum, on MONDAY, (Feb. 1st), at seven o'clock.

GEORGE BAXTER.

There will be a meeting of the Braintree Union Lyceum, next MONDAY (Jan. 29th), at half past six o'clock.

QUESTION FOR DISCUSSION.

Is it a more just and equal mode of new suffrage to carry on the Government States by Duties on Imports than that?

CALVIN P. HIN.

Assistant Bishop Eastburn of the Episcopal Church, will preach at Christ Church, in this city, on SATURDAY, (Feb. 2d), at seven o'clock.

Per order,

HIRAM W. BLAND.

Dr. William B. Duggan of Quincy, will lecture on Temperance before the Weymouth Lyceum, (Dorchester) on WEDNESDAY, (Feb. 2d), at half past six o'clock, next, commencing at half past six o'clock.

The undersigned, Selectmen of Quincy, that they will be in session at the Town Meeting, in each month, until from two to five o'clock in the afternoon, having business with the Town, will be sent in on said days.

HENRY BILLING.

JAMES.

### Constable's Sale

NORFOLK SS. January 23. Taken upon an Execution sold at public vendue, the sixth day of March next in the afternoon, at the House of Smith in Cohasset, all the right in equity or interest in and to the following gaged Real Estate, viz—

A certain tract of Land, situated in C. County, with a Dwelling House thereon, half an acre, more or less, bounded north by Abby Rich, easterly by the Road, south by Leavitt Barbank, and westerly by the land of Leavitt Barbank, and westerly by the land of Levi Oakes to secure the payment of two dollars.

WILLIAM PEA.

Constable.

Jan. 28. 6w



Messrs Boutwell of Groton, Walley, Jr., of Roxbury, Leonard of Westfield, Barrett of Northampton, and Leavitt of Boston, the Committee.

It was ordered, that the Committee on the Judiciary consider the propriety and expediency of so amending the Constitution of the Commonwealth, as to provide that in all elections required to be made by the people in their primary assemblies, or by their Representatives in the Legislature, where there shall appear upon the second ballot to be no choice, the candidate or candidates having the largest number of votes shall be declared elected.

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A report from the Committee on the Judiciary, that no further legislation is necessary on the subject of exempting the wages of minors from the trustee process, as a law has already been passed for that express purpose, was read and accepted without debate.

A bill to protect the wages of seamen was read a second time, and as the chairman of that committee was absent, some opposition having been raised against it, it was laid on the table until its return. It provides that no order for wages to be earned by a seaman in any vessel shall be valid, unless such order shall be accepted by the owner or agent of the vessel.

In the Senate, Jan. 24th, it was ordered that the Governor be requested to inform that body if the military arms, or any munitions of war belonging to the State had been loaned to the acting authorities of Rhode Island; and if so, whether the same have been returned; and to communicate any other information in relation to the disposal made of said public property which he may deem proper.

In the House, the Governor transmitted through the Secretary of the Commonwealth, the desired copies of the correspondence between Executive of this Commonwealth and the Executive of Virginia. The letter of his Excellency was read by the Speaker. It is stated that no application was now pending for George Latimer, or any other citizen of the State.

A petition was presented from Charlestown, signed by upwards of one thousand people, relating to convict labor. Rev. Mr. Gregory of Quincy, also presented the petition of upwards of five hundred citizens of Quincy, relating to the same subject, and it was ordered that both these petitions should be referred to a special Committee.

The Committee on the Judiciary were ordered to consider the expediency of abolishing all laws which permit a marriage contract, valid in its inception, to be annulled for any cause but adultery.

The Committee on Banks and Banking were ordered to consider the expediency of so altering our laws as to prohibit banks from enlarging their operations in any way, when the specie in their vaults shall not be to their notes in circulation as one to three and a half; to prohibit loans on pledge of bank stock; to require banks to keep a fair exposure of their affairs, always ready for the inspection of any stockholder; to make stockholders liable to twice the value of their stock; to require one-third of the directors to resign annually; to allow no one but the President to be a director for more than three years, and to make the borrowing of money, or the conversion of it in any other manner, felony.

In Convention, the two branches proceeded to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Nathaniel Wood, (dem.) The two constitutional candidates were Whigs, and the balloting resulted as follows:

Whole number of votes,	360
Necessary to a choice,	181
Solomon Strong (Whig) had,	192
Alexander DeWitt " "	169
Two blank votes were not counted.	

CONGRESSIONAL. Since our last paper, no business of general importance has been transacted in Congress, with the exception of the repeal of the Bankrupt Act in the House, by a vote of 140 yeas to 71 nays.

A resolution has been unanimously adopted by the Legislature of Louisiana, to appoint a committee whose duty it shall be to inquire into and report upon the full facts connected with the fine imposed by Judge Hall upon General Jackson, at the time of the last war.

The Mormon impostor, Joseph Smith, who was under arrest in Illinois, on the requisition of the Governor of Missouri, as a fugitive from the justice of that State, has been liberated by the Judge of the United States District Court, who decided that there could be no such thing under this provision of the Constitution as a constructive flight—and inasmuch as Smith has not been in Missouri, he could not be claimed as a fugitive therefrom.

It is said that the New York Legislature will, during the present session, nominate Hon. Martin Van Buren for the Presidency.

Col. Joseph Cilley, the whig candidate for Governor of New Hampshire, declines the nomination for that office, preferring to be the candidate of the liberty or abolition party for Member of Congress.

The death of Mr. T. W. White, the accomplished, amiable and enterprising editor of the Southern Literary Messenger, is announced in the papers from that section of the country.

**MARRIED.**

In this town, 24th inst., by Rev. Mr. Gregory, Mr. Moses W. Sleeper, formerly of Placemtown, (N. H.) to Miss Mary C. Torrey of this place.

**BRIGHTON MARKET.**  
MONDAY, Jan. 23. At market 270 Beef Cattle, 800 Sheep, and 100 Swine.  
**Prices.**—Beef Cattle. An advance was effected and we advance our quotations, viz: a few extra at 4 75. First quality 4 25 a 4 50; second quality 3 50 a 4; third quality 3 25 a 3 50.  
Sheep.—Sales from \$1 to 1 50. Weathers from 2 50 to \$3 75.  
Swine.—A small lot at 3 25; a lot to close at 23-4c. At retail from 3 12 to 3c.

**NOTICES.**  
**Washingtonian Convention.**

An adjourned Meeting of the Washingtonians of Norfolk County, will be held in Sumner's Washington House, at South Dedham, on THURSDAY, the second day of February next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon.

Several active friends of the cause will address the meeting. Among others, it is expected that the Rev. Mr. Merrick of Walpole, Hinton of Canton, Fay of Roxbury, Spear of Weymouth and Pierce of Dorchester, will take part in the exercises of the day.

Messrs. Covert & Doye, the distinguished Vocalists from New York, will also be present, and sing several popular Temperance Songs.

It is hoped that all the Washingtonians of Norfolk County, who feel the importance of continued and persevering effort, will endeavor to be present, and evince their sincerity by a renewed avowal to press on for the "prize of the high calling," the abolition of intemperance from our land.

The meeting will be free for all to speak upon the great subject of Temperance; and as the cause has thus far successfully progressed by the exertions of the humble and the lowly, it is earnestly desired by the Committee, that they will lift up their voices and "cry aloud" for freedom from the dreadful tyrant Alcohol!

By order of the County Committee.  
EDWIN THOMPSON, Chairman.

The Rev. Daniel Wise of Boston, will deliver a lecture before the Sabbath School, connected with the Methodist Society, on MONDAY EVENING, Jan. 23th, at their chapel, at half past six o'clock. The lecture will be instructive, and perfectly free from sectarianism.

Mr. Wise will give a simple statement of the origin and progress of Sabbath Schools, with anecdotes of their worthy founder Mr. Raikes; after which he will introduce a number of Illumination Diagrams, with suitable questions, remarks and illustrations.

The Superintendents and Teachers of other schools, and the public, are invited to attend.

The Officers of the Washington Total Abstinence Society of Quincy, are requested to meet at the house of George Fletcher, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Jan. 31st inst., at half past six o'clock.

An unanimous attendance is requested, as it is expected that business of importance will come before the Board.

Per order.  
S. F. FOWLER, Rec'g Sec'y.

Mr. Charles H. Pendleton of Quincy, will deliver a Poem before the Quincy Lyceum, WEDNESDAY EVENING next, (Feb. 1st), at the Town Hall, commencing at seven o'clock.

GEORGE BAXTER, Secretary.

There will be a meeting of the Weymouth and Braintree Union Lyceum, next MONDAY EVENING, (Jan. 29th), at half past six o'clock.

QUESTION FOR DISCUSSION.  
Is it a more just and equal mode of raising a Revenue sufficient to carry on the Government of the United States by Duties on Imports than by Direct Taxation?

CALVIN P. HINDS, Secretary.

Assistant Bishop Eastburn of the Eastern Diocese, will preach at Christ Church, in this town, THURSDAY EVENING, (Feb. 2d) Services will commence at six o'clock.

Dr. William B. Duggan of Quincy, will deliver a lecture on Temperance before the Washingtonians of Neponset Village, (Dorchester) in Liberty Hall, near Neponset Bridge, on WEDNESDAY EVENING next, commencing at half past six o'clock.

Per order.  
HIRAM W. BLANCHARD, Sec'y.

The undersigned, Selectmen of Quincy, give notice that they will be in session at the Town Hall, every SATURDAY in each month, until further notice, from two to five o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having business with the Town are requested to present it on said days.

HENRY WOOD,  
BILLINGS BAILEY,  
JAMES NEWCOMB.

**Constable's Sale.**  
NORFOLK SS. January 26th, 1843.

TAKEN upon an Execution and will be sold at public vendue, on MONDAY, the sixth day of March next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the Hotel of Mighill Smith in Cohasset, all the right in equity which Mighill Smith is in and to the following described mortgaged Real Estate, viz:—

A certain tract of Land, situated in Cohasset, in said County, with a Dwelling House thereon, containing half an acre, more or less, bounded northerly by land of Abby Rich, easterly by the Road, southerly by land of Leavitt Burbank, and westerly by land of Thomas Levi Oakes to secure the payment of two hundred dollars.

WILLIAM PEAKES,  
Constable of Cohasset.

**Coroner's Sale.**  
NORFOLK SS. January 24th, 1843.

TAKEN upon Execution and will be sold at public vendue, on MONDAY, the twenty-seventh day of February next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of Gen. Fisher A. Kingsbury, in Weymouth, in said County of Norfolk, all the right in equity which Elbridge G. Hunt has of redeeming the following described Real Estate, viz:—

Five undivided twelfth parts of a quarter of an acre of Land, situated in Weymouth aforesaid, with a Dwelling House thereon, bounded westerly by Front Street, southerly by land of Atherton W. Tilden, easterly by land of Mrs. Sarah White, and northerly by land of Charlotte Hunt.

**In Bankruptcy.**  
United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this ninth day of January, A. D. 1843.  
—Upon the Petition of  
**BENJAMIN PAGE,**  
of Cohasset, in said District, yeoman, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered.—That a hearing on the said Petition, will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the THIRD TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 28. 2w. 2644

**In Bankruptcy.**  
United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this fifth day of January, A. D. 1843.  
—Upon the Petition of  
**EDWARD L. STEVENS,**  
of Dorchester, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof.

Ordered.—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 28. 2w. 2081

**In Bankruptcy.**  
United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this eighteenth day of January, A. D. 1843.  
—Upon the petition of  
**CHARLES CUSHING,**  
of Dorchester, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof.

Ordered.—That a hearing will be had on the said petition, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 28. 2w. 2137

**For Sale,**  
Wholesale and Retail,  
**MEN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTHS'**  
**THICK BOOTS AND BROGANS.**  
REPAIRING done in good order.  
THOMAS WHITE.  
Quincy, Oct. 29. 1f

**Fisher A. Kingsbury,**  
**COUNSELLOR AT LAW,**  
Weymouth Mass.

WILL attend to cases in Bankruptcy before the District Court, for the District of Massachusetts.  
Weymouth, Feb. 5.

**George Bemis,**  
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in  
**FASHIONABLE BOOTS & SHOES,**  
No. 91, Court Street.  
Boston, Feb. 20. 1f

**Flannels, etc.**  
JUST received from the manufacturers, 3 bales heavy Green Twilled Bookings, 6 1/4 yard, suitable for Jackets. 2 bales heavy Scarlet Twilled Flannels, in whole and half pieces.

Also—One bale extra heavy Green Twilled Flannel, which will be sold low by the piece or yard, by  
MANLEY & BRAMHALL,  
No. 24 Dock Square.  
Boston, Sept. 10. 1f

**Woolen Blankets.**  
JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co. have just received a large assortment of Rose and White Blankets, of superior quality, which will be sold at the lowest prices.  
Quincy, Oct. 22. 1f

**Polish your Stoves and Grates.**  
NO house-keeper will be without WM. BROWN'S PENCIL PASTE, after giving it a trial. It gives the stove a beautiful lustre, far better than the British or American lustre and is used with less trouble and is more durable. It is put up in rolls. For the true article see that the directions are signed by the proprietor. Manufactured by WM. BROWN, Chemist, corner of Eliot and Washington Sts. Retailed by most of the druggists and grocers in Boston, Lowell and Salem; in Dorchester, by Darius Brewer; in Neponset Village, by O. P. Bacon, and in this town by JOHN BRIESLER and E. HAYDEN. Price 12 1/2 cts. per roll. Call for Wm. Brown's Pencil Paste.  
Quincy, Feb. 12. 1f

**Just Received,**  
**At E. Packard's, head of Sea Street,**  
**PLAIN AND DIAMOND BEAVERS;**  
Satinets, all prices; Knit Shirts and Drawers; Printed Saxons; Printed Merinos; Highland Plaid SHAWLS; Edinboro' Shawls; Children's Edinboro' Shawls;  
ALL WOOL FROCKING; Low priced PRINTS; Domestic Goods of all kinds, particularly Bleached and Unbleached SHEETINGS & SHIRTINGS. E. P. has also constantly on hand, all that is generally found in a gentleman's Furnishing Store.  
Quincy, Oct. 8. 1f

**Dry Goods**  
**At the Landing in Weymouth, at the Store formerly occupied by Asa Webb.**  
**T. D. THOMPSON**  
WOULD inform the inhabitants of Weymouth and vicinity, that he has opened his stock of fall and winter Goods, which he now offers to those wishing to purchase. He has, and intends to keep a full assortment of desirable Goods. Persons about purchasing are invited to call and examine his stock, among which may be found a good assortment of the following articles:

Shawls, Alpaccas, Merinos, Alpines, Eolennes; Laces, Lace Edgings, Wrought Collars; Mous de Laines; French, English and American Prints; Worsteds and other Hosiery; Gloves; Patches, Gingham, Bed Tickings; Brown and Bleached Cottons; Table Covers; Russia Diaper; White and Colored Cambric; Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Sateenets and Vestings; Stocking Yarn; Ready made Clothing, etc. Together with the assortment usually found in a Dry Goods Store, and as cheap as can be purchased in the City or any other place.  
Weymouth, Sept. 10. 4m

## QUINCY PATRIOT.

**Coroner's Sale.**  
NORFOLK, SS. January, 11th, 1843.

TAKEN on Execution and will be sold at public vendue, on MONDAY, the 20th day of February next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, on or in front of the premises hereinafter mentioned and described, all the right in equity that George W. Seward of Quincy, in said County, Stone-cutter, had on the seventeenth day of May last past, when the same was attached on mesne process of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real Estate, to wit:—

A certain piece or parcel of Land, situated in Milton, in said County, containing by estimation one quarter of an acre, more or less, and bounded as follows:—southerly, on the old Plymouth Road leading from Milton to Quincy—northerly, on land now or formerly of John Adams—easterly, on land now or formerly of John Adams—westerly, on land now or formerly of John Adams—easterly, on land of Jonathan Rollins or formerly of Warren Whitcher—or however otherwise bounded, being the right same parcel of land formerly purchased of John Adams.

Also—Taken on Execution, and will be sold at public vendue, on said twentieth day of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, on or in front of the premises hereinafter mentioned and described; all the right in equity that George W. Seward had on the seventeenth day of May last past, when the same was attached on mesne process of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real Estate, to wit:—

A certain parcel of Land containing by estimation three eighths of an acre, more or less, with the Dwelling and all the buildings thereon, situated in Quincy, in said County, and bounded and described as follows:—northerly, by lands now or formerly of John Adams—easterly, on a dirt-way leading from the old Plymouth Road to Flanders' Ledge, there measuring one hundred and seventy-one feet—southerly, on land now or formerly of John Adams—westerly, on land now or formerly of John Adams—easterly, on land of Quincy, by the Ledges, and nearly parallel to the Quincy Granite Railway, there measuring one hundred and sixty feet, with all the buildings on said premises, and the right same parcel of land formerly purchased of John Adams.

WILLIAM SPEAR, Coroner of Norfolk.  
Quincy, Jan. 12. 6w

**Assignee's Sale.**  
By authority of United States District Court.

WILL be sold at public vendue, at the Wheelwright Shop (on the premises of John Welles), occupied by Cyrus Balkam, at Commercial Point, DORCHESTER, on MONDAY, the thirtieth day of January instant, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, the following goods, chattels and property of the estate of a Bankrupt, viz:—

One unfinished Ox Wagon; One unfinished Truck; One pair Truck Wheels; One Horse Power and Turning Lathe; One Writing Desk; One Wardrobe; One unfinished Horse Cart; One old Wagon; Lot of Patterns; Lot of old Lumber. By order of  
NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Assignee.

Also—At the same time and place, by order of Mortgagees and of said Assignee:—

One thousand feet Oak Plank; 248 feet Round Timber (Oak); 80 feet Elm Timber for Hubs; 38 feet Oak Timber for Hubs; 35 axletrees; 25 pairs Hubs; 98 dozen Spokes; One Covered Pleasure Wagon; One unfinished Open Wagon; Lot of Tools in Blacksmith's Shop; Lot of Tools in Wheelwright's Shop.

NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Assignee.  
GEORGE THOMPSON, Auctioneer.  
Milton, Jan. 21. 2w

**Drivers' Gloves.**  
JUST received, a lot of very superior Drivers' Gloves. Also, Brick Mittens of the first quality for sale by  
MANLEY & BRAMHALL,  
Boston, Sept. 10. 1f 24 Dock Square.

**English Hay.**  
40 BUNDLES of the best English Hay, cheap for cash, on Granite Wharf. Inquire of  
WILLIAM H. GREEN.  
Quincy, Jan. 7. 1f

**Universalism.**  
EXAMINED, Renounced and Exposed, in a Series of Lectures, embracing the principles of the doctrine, author during a ministry of twelve years, by Matthew Hale Smith—second edition.  
Just published and for sale at the  
QUINCY BOOKSTORE.  
Quincy Jan. 14. 3w

**SOUTHWORTH'S Patent Lard Lamps.**  
ECONOMY these hard times, should be practiced by all. A subscriber has just arrived from Washington City, where for the past year I have spent most of my time in experimenting on Lamps for the purpose of burning Lard, or other congealed substances, instead of oil; after a series of experiments, I have at last succeeded in the fabrication of all who have made use of them. All I ask is for the good people to give me a trial, and they will immediately supply themselves with the Lamps, as they have at the South where the Lamp is already introduced. For this new invention, on the second of July infirming me will be right by Letters Patent, and any infringing will be dealt with as the law has provided. Imitations with variations which ruin them for burning in cold weather, are already in progress. Therefore, those who wish to protect the true Patented article, will call for F. H. SOUTHWORTH'S PATENT LARD LAMP, and see that they are stamped in these words: "SOUTHWORTH'S PAT. July, 1842." The Lard used in these Lamps will give a much greater light than oil, without smoke or smell, and will last two thirds of the cost of oil. This article has already been introduced at the South, and the demand for them is increasing daily. Most of the Glass Stores in this City are supplied with them. Those in the vicinity can be supplied by the glass dealer, or at the warehouse of the general agent, WILLIAM BROWN, 421 Washington Street, where all communications must be addressed and all orders will be executed.

F. H. SOUTHWORTH.  
These Lamps are for sale by WILLIAM BROWN, at the corner of Washington and Eliot Streets, and in this town by  
JOHN BRIESLER.  
Boston, Oct. 1. 1f

**Liverwort and Hoarhound.**  
MRS. M. N. GARDNER'S INDIAN BALSM OF LIVERWORT AND HOARHOUND has gained a great reputation for the cure of Coughs, Colds and all disorders of the Lungs; Whooping Cough, Phthisis, Sore Throat, Liver Complaint, etc. It has been in extensive use in Boston for the past ten years and is now recommended by the medical faculty. It is well known to be the best preparation for the cure of all such diseases; for evidence of its efficiency, read on the "Directions" what this balsam has done for Wm. F. Harnden of the Boston, New York and Philadelphia Express. Also, Amos Webster, Thos. Haskins, Jr., E. Horton, David Woodbury, and Mrs. L. Howard. See places of residence on the Directions.

For sale in Boston by WM. BROWN, 421 Washington St. Retailed by all the druggists in Boston, Worcester, Springfield, Hartford, New Haven, Providence, New Bedford, Salem, Newburyport; in Dorchester, by Darius Brewer; in Neponset Village, by O. P. Bacon, and in this town by JOHN BRIESLER, E. HAYDEN.  
Quincy, Feb. 12. 1y

## New Line of Stages.

The subscribers will run a Stage from Quincy to Boston, daily—

Leaving Hardwick's Store, Packard's Store and the Hancock House, at eight o'clock in the forenoon and returning—leaves Bryant's Hotel, No. 17 Union Street, and their Office, 16 Federal Street, Boston, at four in the afternoon.

Persons patronising this line may rest assured that it will continue running daily at 37 1/2 cents. Persons leaving their names, at either of the above places, will be punctually attended to as well as all errands entrusted to their care, by  
THOMAS O. BILLINGS, Driver,  
DEXTER, HIXON & Co., Proprietors.  
Quincy, Oct. 22. 1f

**Music.**  
PIANO FORTES Tuned for one dollar by  
J. W. M'GAUGHY,  
Professor of Music.

Orders left at the Hancock House, or this Office, will be punctually attended to.  
Quincy, Dec. 3. 1f

**QUINCY AND BOSTON DAILY ACCOMMODATION EXPRESS.**  
THE subscriber designs to run a Wagon between Quincy and Boston, for the purpose of attending to such orders as may be entrusted to his care. The utmost attention will be given to the punctual discharge of business, and to the good usage of all articles for transportation.

All orders left at either of the Stores in town, or at No. 7 Elm Street, Boston, will receive prompt attention. It will commence running on Monday, Jan. 2d, and will leave Quincy at about nine o'clock in the morning, and Boston at about three o'clock in the afternoon.

Quincy, Dec. 31. 1f  
JAMES BIRCH.

**Fall and Winter Goods Cheap!!**  
THE subscribers wishing to reduce their stock prior to taking an account of the same, offer their extensive assortment of Woollens during the months of January and February, at reduced prices for cash, consisting in part of twenty pieces Diamond Beaver; Wave Asphatum and plain Pilot Cloths; 100 pieces of Blue, Black, Olive, Green, Brown, Mixed and Adelaide Broadcloths, from \$1.50 to \$5.12 per yard; 150 pieces Cassimeres and Sateenets, from 36 cents to \$1.75 per yard; Bookings, Blankets, Flannels, etc. etc. Purchasers are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.

MANLEY & BRAMHALL, 24 Dock Square.  
Boston, Dec. 31. 1f

**Compound Boneset Candy.**  
WILLIAM BROWN'S Compound Boneset Candy Medicated—Price six cents per ounce, or four ounces for nineteen cents. This article is the most celebrated preparation now in use in the form of Candy, for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Whooping Coughs, Sore Throat and all diseases of the Lungs. It is literally in the mouth of the whole community, and is in extensive use for clearing the voice for vocalists and public speakers. Its ingredients are known to the public, therefore it cannot be called a quack article. It is made from the root of Elecampane, Licorice, Squills, Seneca Root, Boneset Herb and many other ingredients recommended by the medical faculty. It has gained so extensive a reputation that a number of druggists and confectioners are counterfeiting it. In order, therefore, to procure the genuine, call for "William Brown's Boneset Candy," and observe the directions are signed and the candy stamped "William Brown's Candy."

The true article is for sale in Boston, at wholesale and retail, by the Manufacturer, corner of Washington and Eliot Street, WILLIAM BROWN, and in this town by  
JOHN BRIESLER, Agents.  
MRS. E. HAYDEN, Agents.  
Quincy, March 5. 1f

**For Sale.**  
200 TONS of the best Red Ash Coal, broken and screened, and delivered for seven dollars per ton.

Also—One hundred and fifty cords of good Hard Wood, delivered at six and a half dollars a cord. Forty cords of Hemlock at a less price, by  
ALBERT HERSEY.  
Quincy Point, July 23. 1f

**'Christ Church Seminary.'**  
ON and after the second day of January next, there will be two sessions daily in this School, instead of one as heretofore, commencing at nine o'clock in the forenoon, and one o'clock in the afternoon.

J. P. ROBINSON.  
Quincy, Dec. 24. 1f

**Cheaper than ever.**  
JOHN HOLDEN, JR., has just received an invoice of handsome REVELED CASE CLOCKS, which he will sell at the low price of \$3.50; and extra patterns at \$4.50.

Also, BRASS and ALARM CLOCKS, unusually low.  
Quincy, Jan. 7. 6w.

**Dry Goods Cheap.**  
THOSE who wish to buy Dry Goods adapted to the season, at lower prices than they can probably be obtained for in another year, will do well to call and examine the stock of E. PACKARD, which he will sell very low.

Also—On hand as above, a good assortment of West India GOODS and GROCERIES, at as low prices as possible.  
Quincy, Jan. 14. 1f

**Just Received.**  
40 TUBS of BUTTER—excellent quality—for sale at 12 1/2 to 14 cents per pound. Purchasers would do well to call and examine.  
Quincy, Jan. 14. 4w  
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.

**Eastern Wood.**  
JUST received by the subscribers, at Newcomb's Wharf, Quincy Point, fifty cords of prime Eastern Wood, which they offer for sale on reasonable terms, for cash.

B. B. NEWCOMB,  
O. T. NEWCOMB.  
Quincy, Dec. 31. 1f

**Particular Notice.**  
ALL persons are hereby forbid taking Sea Weed from any beach or lands improved by the subscriber, without first ascertaining the place from which they may load. Individuals, in all cases, are forbid loading from the Sea Weed which has been hauled upon the beach.

The public are also cautioned from carrying away posts, rails, chips, etc, from the above premises.  
Quincy, Sept. 17. 1f  
JACOB F. EATON.

**Italian Sewing Silk.**  
ONE Case of I. P. Beaux & Co's superior Blue Black Sewings, which will be sold at the lowest rate by  
MANLEY & BRAMHALL,  
Boston, Sept. 10. 1f 24 Dock Square.

## Quincy & Boston Stage.

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DEXTER, HIXON & Co., Proprietors.  
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Professor of Music.

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Quincy, Dec. 31. 1f  
JAMES BIRCH.

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MANLEY &amp



## POETRY.

VILLAGER'S WINTER EVENING SONG.  
Not a leaf on the tree, not a bud in the hollow  
Where late waving the blue-bell and blossomed the  
rose,  
And hushed is the cry of the swift-darting swallow,  
That circled the lake in the twilight's dim close.  
Gone, gone are the woodbine and sweet-scented briar,  
That bloomed o'er the hillock, and gladdened the  
vale,  
And the vine that uplifted its green pointed spire  
Hangs drooping and sere on the frost-covered pale.  
And hark to the gush of the deep-swelling fountain,  
That prattled and shone in the light of the moon;  
Soon, soon shall its rushing be still on the mountain,  
And locked up in silence its frolicsome tune.

Then heap up the hearth-stone with dry forest branches,  
And gather about me, my children, in glee,  
For cold on the upland the stormy wind launches,  
And dear is the home of my loved ones to me!

## EARTHLY BEAUTY.

There was an angel loved the flowers,  
Who brought them dew from sainted springs;  
And came with Heaven's own glowing hours,  
Upon her white and sparkling wings;  
Then sat enamored all the morn,  
Lone gazing on her bow of bliss,  
For oh! she thought Love's self was born  
In some sweet paradise like this.

And all her fond affections grew  
In beauty round her flowery bands,  
That seem'd almost as if they knew  
Their buds were fed by angel hands.  
And thus she half forgot the sky,  
Such feeling warm'd her spirit fair,  
Till one by one the flowers died,  
And left the angel weeping there.

Alas, she mourn'd, who love could place,  
Or let the heart's affection rest,  
On forms that have such heavenly grace,  
Yet fade away when loved the best.  
Alas, that beauty such as thine,  
Should die, O Earth, and love deplore!  
From thee I wing my way divine,  
Where beauty blooms forevermore.

## YESTERDAY.

"Twas yesterday!" familiar sound;  
Heard oft as idle breath;  
Yet, prophet-like to all around,  
It spoke of woe and death!  
A mourner by the past it stands,  
In mystic mantle of decay,  
Shrouds in the night of its hands,  
And grasps at life away!  
What, then, is "yesterday"—a key  
To wisdom most divine!  
It is the hall of Memory,  
Where Fame's brief trophies shine!  
The spiritual home of things,  
Where intellect immortal beams,  
Which leads to thought's holiest wings,  
Inspires the noblest themes!  
A drop that mirrors forth a world,  
Then mingles with the earth;  
A star from Time's vast empire hurled,  
Slow falling from its birth,  
A presence with the sacred past,  
To warn our spirits of delay;  
Which saith—"Proud man, to day thou hast,  
Use well thy little day."

## ANECDOTES.

A solitary country store held out a sign of "Dry Goods, wholesale and retail." A traveller, inquired for stockings. "How will you have them?" he asked. "Wholesale or retail?" "O! I only want a pair," said the traveller. "Wholesale or retail?" was again the question. "Why, blast it, I want a single pair of stockings," said the man. "Well, we haven't got no single ones; ours are all double." Will you tell me what your sign means, of "wholesale and retail?" "Why, wholesale means swapping even with advantage, and retail means swapping with something to boot!"

"The usual place of resort for Dublin duellists is called the 'Fifteen Acres.' An attorney of that city, in penning a challenge, thought, most likely, he was drawing up a lease—and invited his antagonist to meet him at 'the place called the Fifteen Acres, be the same more or less.'"

"Have you voted?" asked a political drummer of a loafer, who was hanging about the polls, as he thrust a ticket into his hands. "No, I haven't, and I don't mean to till the third day, about sundown. No body shakes hands with me, or treats me, after I have voted."

A lady asked a minister if she might pay attention to dress and fashion without being proud. "Madam," replied the minister, "whenever you see the tail of a fox out of a hole, you may be sure the fox is there also."

"Well, Pat, can you tell us why February has less days in it than the other months?" "And be sure, is it a fair answer that ye want?" "Certainly, we wish to know?" "Och! my darlins, and it's because the month ends the winter, and has, like your father's pony's tail, a piece cut off by the cold weather!"

"I say, Jim," said a ploughboy the other day to his companion, "I know of a new fashion mackintosh to keep out the wet." "What's that?" "Why, if you eat a red herring for breakfast, you'll be dry all day."

"John, can you tell me the difference between attraction of gravitation and attraction of cohesion?" "Yes, sir. Attraction of gravitation pulls a drunken man to the ground, and the attraction of cohesion prevents his getting up again."

"Gentleman of the Jury," said a western lawyer, "would you set a rat-trap to catch a bear? Would you make fools of yourselves by endeavoring to spear a buffalo with a knitting needle? Or would you attempt to empty out the Mississippi with a gourd? No, gentlemen, I know you would not; then how can you be guilty of the absurdity of finding me guilty of manslaughter for taking the life of a woman."

"I feel that I was weaker each succeeding day, and that I am fast approaching my end; a few more stitches and all will be over; in Heaven there is rest for the weary soul; earth hath no sorrow that heaven cannot heal." Having said and he wished, he calmly breathed his last.

DR. SACKETT'S  
Indian Strengthening Plaster.

The cheapest and best in the world, and recommended by the Medical Faculty, and by thousands who have made use of it.  
Over three hundred thousand sold annually.



For Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sprains, Bruise:  
—Pains in the Side, Loins, Back, Breast  
—Liver Complaints, Coughs, and all  
disorders leading to Consumption.

THE increased demand for these celebrated Plasters, has induced some to palm off others, purporting to be mine, therefore I caution purchasers to buy none except they bear my signature. GEORGE STEVENS JONES, none other can be GENUINE.

Prices—On paper manufactured expressly for them, 12 1/2 cents each—on soft kid, 25 cents.

Manufactured and sold wholesale and retail by the Proprietor, GEORGE STEVENS JONES, Nos. 80 and 82 Mount Vernon street, Boston—where all orders must be addressed, (post paid).

By special appointment MRS. HAYDEN of Quincy, has become my Agent.

Observe—none genuine unless having my signature. None ever goes from my office without it. THEY ARE WARRANTED IN ALL CASES.

Boston, Feb. 12. if

## Have you ever tried it?



DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S  
Pectoral Balm of Spikenard, Blood Root,  
Wild Cherry and Comfrey.

THE most effectual remedy ever known for Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Consumption, Whooping Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Influenza, Pain in the Side, Shortness of Breath, and all Affections of the Throat and Lungs. It affords wonderful relief to those laboring under these complaints, and the use of one bottle will satisfy the most incredulous that they possess a healing power above everything heretofore discovered.

Around each bottle is a Treatise on Consumption, its causes, symptoms and cure, with full and particular directions for using the Balm; what food, drinks, clothing, air, exercise, etc., should be used.

This Valuable Healing Cough Balm, possessing the restorative virtues of many Roots and Rare Plants, which have been prepared with great care, can be obtained of the regularly appointed Agents, Merchants, Traders, Druggists, Apothecaries, and Dealers in Medicines throughout the New England States.

For sale, wholesale and retail, at the Doctor's Office, 15 Hanover Street, Boston. Price 50 cents.

Also—For sale by E. Thayer, Weymouth; John B. Arnold, Braintree; William Sherman, Randolph; Royal B. Whiton, Hingham; Bacon & Baird, Dorchester; George Dixon, Dedham; and by all the Agents who sell his celebrated Sherry Wine Bitters and Family Pills. Agents in this town.

JOHN BRIESLER, Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

HEALTH & STRENGTH. Just received a fresh supply of S. O. Richardson's Sherry Wine Bitters & Family Pills, for sale as above. Look out for counterfeits and imitations, as there are several spurious articles in market intended to palm off for S. O. Richardson's. See that the Signature of S. O. Richardson is on the first envelope. Cm Quincy, Dec. 3.

## To the Public.

DR. GORDAK'S highly approved and most valuable Medicines are for sale at his office, No. 57 Hanover street, Boston; all others sold by Apothecaries and Dealers in the city of Boston and vicinity, in his name, he does not vouch to be genuine. The following are the names, qualities, and prices of his Medicines:

JELLY OF POMEROY AND PERUVIAN PILLS, unrivaled for the catarrh, weakness at the stomach, cancer, humors of every description and general debility. Price \$1 25.

ICELAND BALM, for weakness and consumptive complaints. Price \$1.

PULMONARY JELLY OR COUGH DROPS, for obstinate colds, coughs, phthisis and asthma. Price 37 1/2 cents per bottle.

PARACETOL DROPS, for bilious complaints, violent headache, worms and teething in children. Price 25 cents per bottle.

LINIMENT OPODELDON, for the rheumatism, sprains, swellings, bruises and chilblains. Price 25 cents per bottle.

STRENGTHENING PLASTER, for pains in the side, back and limbs. Price 25 cents per box.

SALT RHEUM OINTMENT, for the salt rheum and all external humors. Price 25 cents per box.

ICELAND BALM, unrivaled for the cure of the piles. Price 25 cents per box.

DR. GORDAK gives general satisfaction in all chronic diseases that are curable, and never flatters the public, like many others, to cure impossibilities. The most of those who have tried his Medicines have received general satisfaction.

Certificates may be seen at his office, No. 57 Hanover street, six doors above Union street, nearly opposite the First Baptist Meeting-house and Friend street, Boston.

Dr. G. can be consulted at his office, from 8 o'clock, A. M. until 8 P. M.

Individuals who have been imposed upon by counterfeit medicines, are requested to give me timely notice that I may publicly expose such frauds, whether it originated from a retailer or counterfeiter.

WILLIAM GORDAK.

The above Medicines are for sale at the Store of the authorized Agent in this town.

JOHN BRIESLER, Agent. Quincy, Feb. 12. 1y.

## Winter Fashions.

SUSANNA S. MARSH respectfully informs her friends and customers, that she has just received her winter fashions, with a splendid assortment of Winter RIBBONS; also, some very rich Velvet

and Florence Bonnets, colored and altered, cleansed and pressed, every week, as usual. Quincy, Nov. 5. if

## Removal—Painting Business.

COACH, CHAISE, SIGN

AND

HOUSE PAINTING;

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has taken the shop formerly occupied by Thaddeus W. Cross, where he will carry on the

## PAINTING BUSINESS

in all its various branches, and hopes by strict attention to receive public patronage.

N. B. All kinds of GRADING done at short notice and in good style. As he relies upon a test to prove his advertisement to be correct in all particulars, he hopes the public will give him a chance for trial. MELVILL HOVEY. Quincy, Dec. 31. if

## Ebenezer B. Hersey,

HOUSE, SHIP, SIGN, AND FANCY PAINTER AND GRAINER.

THE subscriber, grateful for past favors, takes this method to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has removed to his Shop on Coddington Street, nearly opposite the Town Hall, where he may be found ready to execute all orders for HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, GRADING, Etc., in a manner which cannot fail to suit. Particular attention paid to HOUSE PAINTING.

## SIGN PAINTING,

done handsomer and cheaper than at any other Establishment in town.

ORNAMENTAL PAINTING executed in a workman-like manner. GRADING or Painting in imitation of all kinds of Wood, Marble and Stone, in a style surpassed by none.

Glazing, Gilding, Coloring, etc., as usual.

PAINTS AND OILS, of the best quality, wholesale and retail, and as cheap as they can be purchased in Boston.

N. B. The subscriber wishes to be understood that he will WORK AS CHEAP AS ANY ONE ELSE, and will warrant satisfaction. CALL AND SEE. EBENEZER B. HERSEY. Quincy, Jan. 7. if

## Dry Goods.

E. PACKARD has on hand and for sale low, a good assortment of FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, consisting in part of

BEAVERS—Plain, Dia- Alpaccas, Alpines, TABLE COVERS, Muslins, Laces, Edgings, TICKINGS, Printed & Plain Merinos. Linings, Cotton Velvets, Broadcloths—Black, SAXONIES, CAMBRICS, LINENS, Linen Hdkfs., Silk do. Blue Black, Green, Brown, MOUS. DE LAINES, GLOVES, CRASH, Buff Sheetings, and Drab. CAMBLETEENS, SHIRTINGS, Salisbury FLANNEL, Kid & Leather Slippers, CASSIMERES—Blk., Blue, FLANNELS, YARN, DIAPERS, India Rubbers, Muffs, Lavender and Drab. FROCKING, VICTORIA ROBES, Saraset Cambrics, DOESKINS, SATINES, CALICOES, GINGHAM, Victoria PLAID, Pelisse Wadding, VESTINGS, VELVETS, DOMESTIC do. Cotton Batting, Lace Veils, Tailors' Trimmings, Domestic do.

Together with a great variety of small articles constituting a full stock, which it is scarcely necessary to say, will be sold low, for that is now the order of the day. Quincy, Nov. 12. if

## Good and Cheap for Cash.

## MARSH'S TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,

Near the Railway House, Milton.

A FIRST RATE assortment of Goods, suitable for the season, comprising the following:—BEAVERS—Plain, Diamond and Double Waved; PILOTS—Blue, Invisible Green, etc., etc., for Winter Frocks and Surtouts; ENGLISH, FRENCH, GERMAN AND AMERICAN SUPERFINE CLOTHS, of different colors and fine texture.

A good assortment of VESTINGS, comprising first rate Black Silk Velvet, Super Wool and Plaid Velvets; Figured and Plain SATINS, Light and Dark rich Silk Fancies; Super Wool Dyed English, French and American CASSIMERES AND DOESKINS; FANCY AND COMMON CASSIMERES.

The above articles will be made up at the following low prices in first rate style.

SURTOUTS, from	\$14 00 to	\$24 00
SUPER BLACK DRESS OR FROCK COATS,	13 00 to	25 00
VELVET VESTS,	4 00 to	5 50
FANCY SILK AND SATIN VESTS,	3 00 to	4 50
GOOD BLACK CASSIMERE PANTS,	5 00 to	7 00
DOE SKIN PANTS,	5 00 to	8 50
GOOD COMMON PANTS,	4 00 to	5 00

## Ready Made Clothing.

A good assortment of Dress and Frock Coats, Velvet and Fancy Vests, Pants, etc., etc., that will be sold cheap, all custom made and warranted good.

The subscriber feels satisfied he need only say that his business shall be managed in the prompt manner that he has heretofore conducted it, and hopes by a continuation of the same, to merit the patronage of a liberal community.

Particular attention paid to CUTTING of Garments for Gentlemen who furnish their own cloth.

FALL AND WINTER FASHIONS by late arrivals. ALFRED S. MARSH. Milton, Near Railway House, Oct. 22. if

## Extensive Assortment of Fall and Winter Goods.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & CO., having recently made large purchases of Fall and Winter Goods, are enabled with their former stock to offer for sale as great an assortment of Goods as can be found in any Store in the city or country, and all of which will be sold CHEAP for cash or approved credit. Among which are the following:

Waved, Diamond and Plain BEAVER CLOTHS, for Frock and Over-Coats. English and French and American BROADCLOTHS—superfine, medium and low priced—for Dress Coats. Black, Blue Black, Blue and Fancy Colors. DOESKINS AND CASSIMERES, all qualities and colors, for Pants. SATINETTES, all colors and qualities. Rich Figured Velvet, Sattin and other VESTINGS. Superfine Mole Skin and Fur HATS. Fur and Cloth CAPS. Gloves, Stocks, Linen Collars and Bosoms, Black Italian Cravats.

## FOR THE LADIES.

Superfine French THIBET MERINOES—Colors, Black, Blue, Black Dahlia and Mulberry—very beautiful English Merinos, a full assortment of Black, Blue Black and Fancy Colors.

Silk Warp ALPACCAS AND ALPINES—Black, Blue Black and Fancy Colors. Plain and Figured MOUSLIN DE LAINES AND SAXONIES. English and French and American PRINTS, a good assortment. Embroidered PLAID and MERINO SHAWLS.

Bed TICKINGS, Rose and Whitney BLANKETS and BED COMFORTERS. Silk, Woollen, Mohair and Worsted HOSE. Kid, Silk, and Mohair GLOVES. WHITE FLANNELS 3-4, 7-8, 4-4 & 5-4. Red, Green and Yellow do. Red, Green & White Twilled do. MUFFS, NECK COMFORTERS, FRINGE for trimming Cloaks. Also, a good assortment of BOOTS and SHOES, CROCKERY, GLASS AND CHINA WARE, HARD WARE AND CUTLERY, WEST INDIA GOODS AND GROCERIES. Quincy, Dec. 4. if

## Extensive Cloth and Clothing Establishment.

## New Fall and Winter Goods.

## CALROW &amp; COMPANY,

Corner of Elm and Hanover Streets, Boston.

HAVING made extensive arrangements for the Fall and Winter Season, in the purchase of Goods, we are now prepared to offer to the public,

## Clothing,

at prices less than any other Establishment in the city, and at the same time, the style of Making, Trimming and Fit inferior to none.

## Our Stock consists of

SUPER LONDON, GERMAN AND AMERICAN PLOTT, BEAVER AND ASPHALTUM CLOTHS, Of plain, figured, double waved, clouded, corded, and fancy colors, and of the most select styles. BLACK, BLUE, RIFLE AND INVISIBLE GREEN, LONDON SMOKE, LIGHT AND DARK OLIVES AND BROWN BROADCLOTHS.

SUPER WOOL DYED BLACK GERMAN CASSIMERES AND DOESKINS, warranted to retain their colors.

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN ELASTIC DOESKINS, AND FANCY AND COMMON CASSIMERES.

The above Goods comprise some of the most elegant styles for the coming season.

SUPER WOOL AND PLAID VELVETS. RICH CASHMERE, THIBET, FIGURED AND PLAIN SATINS AND SILKS. VALENCIA AND COMMON VESTINGS.

Also—Some of the most beautiful patterns of SHAWL VESTINGS, and a new and elegant style Cutting the same.

## Ready Made Clothing.

SURTOUTS, OPERA CLOAKS, SACKS, PELLOTT'S, DRESS AND FROCK COATS, COPIES, SPENCERS, JACKETS, PLAIN AND GAITER PANTS, FASHIONABLE VESTS, &c. &c.

The above Clothing is manufactured of the very best Stock and Trimmings, and cut in that style that distinguishes our garments from those that are vended in the numerous Slop Shops; and although we do not advertise our former or present prices, nor that we have engaged the services of some of our best Cutters, but by strict and personal attention and economical expenses, we defy competition in prices, durability or style of workmanship.

To strangers visiting the city we would say, that by calling at this establishment, they can have their garments manufactured at twelve hours notice.

The strictest attention paid to making and trimming, and a fit warranted in all cases or the price of the Cloth refunded. The public are invited to call and examine for themselves.

Corner of Elm and Hanover Streets. Boston, Oct. 8. if

## Plaid Veto Shawls,

A NEW article of 8-4 and 9-4 for the winter wear. H. NEWELL & MANLEY & BRAMHALL'S. Boston, Oct. 1. if 21 Dock Square.

## Cloths for Over Coats.

PLOTT, Asphaltum and Beaver cloths a great variety at MANLEY & BRAMHALL'S. Boston, Oct. 1. if 21 Dock Square.

## BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of THOMAS R. DASCOMB, of Dorchester, a Bankrupt. NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Assignee. Milton, Jan. 21. 3w 2004

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of JAMES HILDRETH of Dorchester, a Bankrupt. NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Assignee. Milton, Jan. 21. 3w 1761

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of STEPHEN MOULTON, Jr. of Milton a Bankrupt. NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Assignee. Milton, Jan. 21. 3w 2057

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this tenth day of January, A. D. 1843.

—Upon the petition of

THOMAS M. BIRD,

of Dorchester, in said District, chaise-maker, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the THIRD TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. Jan. 21. 2w 2657

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this seventh day of January, A. D. 1843—Upon the petition of

AARON P. NASH,

of Weymouth, in said District, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room in Boston, in said District, on the THIRD TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. Jan. 21. 2w 2642

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this fourth day of January, A. D. 1843.

—Upon the petition of

JOHN A. CREHORE,

of Milton, in said District, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the THIRD TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. Jan. 21. 2w 2613

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this seventeenth day of December, A. D. 1842.

—Upon the petition of

WILLIAM SHERMAN,

of Randolph, in said District, Merchant, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition, will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the THIRD TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. Jan. 21. 2w 2357

## Premium Britannia Ware.

THE subscribers, nearly opposite the Neponset House, have supplied themselves with the very superior Britannia Ware from the manufactory of Roswell Gleason, Esq., comprising a splendid variety of patterns of TEA POTS, COFFEE POTS, LAMPS, TUMBLERS, PORCELAINS, etc., etc., which they offer for sale to the trade at the manufacturer's prices, and at low prices at retail.

Also—For sale GLASS, CROCKERY, TIN AND JAPANESE WARE.

Also—PAINTS, OIL, GLASS, PAPER HANGINGS AND PUTTY.

WEST INDIA GOODS & GROCERIES. All of which will be sold on good terms.

BACON & BAIRD. Dorchester, (Neponset Village,) April 17. if

## Muffs! Muffs!!

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & CO. have just received a good assortment, some of them are very handsome, which they offer for sale at prices corresponding to the times. Quincy, Dec. 24. if

## General Auction Depot.

No. 7 State Street, (opposite the Post Office.) BOSTON.

SALES EVERY EVENING IN THE WEEK. DAY SALES—TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.

NORTON & LUTHER, Auction and Commission Merchants, respectfully tender their services to the public and solicit a share of patronage.

At their Evening Sales may be had great bargains in DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, FANCY ARTICLES, etc., etc.

At their Day Sales, FURNITURE can be purchased at much less than the cost of manufacture.

Liberal advances made on consignments. Nov. 5. if

## Domestics.

EXETER



## BANKRUPT NOTICES.

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Milton, Jan. 21 3w 2004

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Milton, Jan. 21 3w 1761

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Milton, Jan. 21 3w 2057

### In Bankruptcy.

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of Dorchester, in said District, chaise-maker, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the THIRD TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 21. 2w 2057

### In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this seventh day of January, A. D. 1843—Upon the petition of

AARON P. NASH,

of Weymouth, in said District, to be declared Bankrupt. Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room in Boston, in said District, on the THIRD TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 21. 2w 2042

### In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this fourth day of January, A. D. 1843.

—Upon the Petition of  
JOHN A. CREHORE,

of Milton, in said District, to be declared Bankrupt. Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition, will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the THIRD TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 21. 2w 2613

### In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

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of Randolph, in said District, Merchant, to be declared Bankrupt. Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition, will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the THIRD TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 21. 2w 2357

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Also—For sale GLASS, CROCKERY, TIN and JAPANESE WARE.

Also—PAINTS, OIL, GLASS, PAPER HANGINGS and PUTTY.

WEST INDIA GOODS & GROCERIES.

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Quincy, Dec. 24. 1f

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At their Day Sales, FURNITURE can be purchased at much less than the cost of manufacture.

[L] Liberal advances made on consignments.

Nov. 5. 1f

### Domestics.

EXETER SHEETINGS, Family do, Merino do, Appleton do.

Appleton Shirtings, Waltham do, Striped do, For sale at the Agent's prices by

MANLEY & BRAMHALL,  
Boston, Sept. 10. 1f 24 Dock Square.

### 'Christ Church Seminary.'

UNDER the charge of the Rev. Mr. Robinson is now open for the reception of a limited number of Girls and Boys.

Application may be made at the School Room, or at the residence of Rev. Mr. Robinson.

Quincy, Nov. 5. 1f

### Young Ladies' School.

MISS PACKARD has commenced her Fall and Winter Term.

Further information obtained by calling at the house of Mr. William Packard, Hancock Street.

Quincy, April 2. 1y

### Hingham Dye-House.

GOODS of all descriptions Cleaned, Dyed and Finished, in the best manner and at the lowest price.

Goods or orders left at the store of the subscribers will receive immediate attention, and no charges for sending bundles to or from the Dye-House.

[L] All Goods warranted to give satisfaction.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.  
Quincy, March 19. 1f

# QUINCY PATRIOT.

Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store, in Hancock Street.

NUMBER 5.

JOHN A. GREEN,  
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

### CONDITIONS.

TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance—Two Dollars and FIFTY CENTS if not paid till the end of six months—THREE DOLLARS if delayed till the expiration of the year.

No subscription, or advertisement, will be stopped previous to the payment of all arrears, unless at the option of the proprietor. When subscribers wish their papers stopped, they will notify the publisher to that effect and at the time their subscription expires. Every subscriber will be held responsible for the payment of his paper so long as it is sent to his address at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where he may have ordered it, until legally notified to the contrary.

Advertisements, correctly and conspicuously, inserted at the customary prices. The number of insertions required must be marked on the advertisement, otherwise they will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business; and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all legal advertisements, and advertisements of auction sales, sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates.

Business letters and communications addressed to the Editor, postage paid, will receive early attention. [L] Single copies of the paper, SIX CENTS.

### AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions.

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## MISCELLANY.

### THE WIDOW'S LAST TRIAL.

"He was the only son of his mother, and she was a widow."

"And to-morrow you are to be taken into the firm as a partner." This was uttered by an aged female, who was sitting with one of her withered hands clasped in that of her son, a young man of two-and-twenty, who sat looking in her face, with eyes beaming with affectionate interest. "This truly repays me, my beloved son, for all I have suffered."

For a moment the son's features appeared clouded with sorrow; he thought what that suffering had been; of the long years past, when the mother now sitting beside him, so beamed, had submitted to toil and privation, enduring all this for his sake; his eyes glistened with tears, and his hand trembled as he clasped her hand.

"True, mother," he said; "but let these recollections be forgotten now. The memory of the past will but bring sorrow, and think only of the days that are to come."

"But you will not allow present prosperity to harden your heart, William; you will not let your good fortune make you high-minded, and forget Him who has been a friend in the hour of trouble."

"No, mother, I will not forget that I am the child of God—yet should temptation assail me, I am only to think of you! precepts and example, and they would always deter me from doing wrong. But thank," he continued, a bright gleam lighting up every feature, "how happy I shall be, in being enabled to place you in the sphere of life to which your virtues entitle you. If you knew how often busy hands had pictured this hour; how often I have dwelt upon the idea of one day being able to place you in a home equal to your merit, you would not wonder, that now, when I see my wishes on the eve of accomplishment, it should thus subdue me."

"Nor do I, nor do I, my son," the mother said with tearful eyes; but you think more favorably, my boy, of your aged mother than she deserves. I doubt not, many will think, and say, the old woman has now more than she merits, and really, though I am proud of your advancement, I should not murmur at never having a more comfortable home than the present one you have provided me."

The night was pitchy dark, not a star being visible, while the wind blowing in fitful gusts, portended a storm of unusual violence.

"'Twill be a stormy night, I fear," said the young man, rising and going toward the door to look out. "The river is already swollen, and if the rain falls as it did the other evening, I fear much damage will ensue. You heard of the poor fellow drowned in the canal last evening?"

"Yes," the mother replied. "I hope he had friends to care for him. 'Tis a dreadful death to die," she added, musingly.

"They say not," said William; "many who have encountered it, assert the being brought to, is the most painful part to endure."

"It may be so," the mother answered, "but I fervently trust no one dear to me may ever be subjected to the experience."

A vivid flash of lightning, followed by the low rumbling of thunder, caused William now to retire; and observing again that the river would be very high he closed the door.

It was now the usual hour for family worship. The mother had seated herself in a corner of the fire-place, with her features settled into a look of devotion, while the son, with a corresponding gravity, walked toward the stand on which the family Bible was placed, and opening the sacred volume, began reading a chapter. Religion with them, was not the cold expression of the lip alone. It was the incense of the heart. It was a beautiful sight, that aged mother and her only son bending their knees, and lifting their voices to the Most High.

Perhaps the events of the day had given a deeper tone of tenderness to William's voice and feelings; certain it was, he had never prayed more fervently than on that evening; and when they separated for the night, the poor old woman looked forward to the bright vista of the future, with full confidence of its meeting her most sanguine anticipations. The mother of William had been left a widow, while he was in his second year. By dint of hard labor he had managed to keep her boy at school, until he arrived at his fifteenth year, when she obtained a situation for him with a merchant, residing at the flourishing town of Rochester, in the State of New York. William's good conduct

and steady application to business, won the favorable opinion of his employer. The merchant was a man of great benevolence; he could appreciate merit in whatever station it was to be met; and when he saw the lad supporting an aged mother out of his earnings—never mingling with the low and the vicious, and practising a fidelity to business unusual in one so young, it was impossible to avoid feeling an involuntary respect for his character. William was aware of the merchant's kindness; he knew that his salary exceeded that given to other boys; still he never presumed on the merchant's disinterestedness, but was alike respectful to his employer, and their customers. On the day in which he was introduced to the reader's notice, he had been offered a share in the merchant's lucrative business. Never had his brightest vision pictured such a result; but even then, when it would have been natural to suppose him greatly elated by his good fortune, he thought only of his mother; and while his expressions of gratitude were poured in eloquent language into the ear of his benefactor, there was a mingling of thanks that she would be the reaper of his unexampled kindness.

To-morrow! who may boast of to-morrow? The widow and her son parted from each other with happiness bright in the perspective. The storm of the preceding evening had been succeeded by a morning of unusual mildness for the season, for it was the middle of January; and telling his mother he would not return to dinner, but that she should see him early in the evening, William bade her farewell.

It was at the close of the day, that a traveller went forth to view the picturesque and beautiful falls of the Genesee. He proceeded slowly, gazing upon the surrounding country, with the eye of a connoisseur, and had gained the point at which the fall could be seen to the greatest advantage, when his attention became engrossed by an object of exceeding interest. Near to the aqueduct was a young man employed in endeavoring to collect some drift-wood. He had stretched forth his arm to seize a floating log, when, the place being slippery, he lost his balance, and fell into the water. At first, the stranger thought him justly punished for his temerity, and felt inclined to smile at what he deemed his fool-hardiness; but soon other feelings predominated. The river was very high, and the current running strong, soon brought the rash youth towards the rapids.

Who, oh! who may point the anguished feelings of that hapless being, knowing himself to be doomed to inevitable destruction? On, on the rapids drove him. There was not a ray of hope to cheer his drooping heart; but as the moment of impending fate drew near, desperation gave him strength to grapple with a death grasp; on the very top of the falls he stood bolt upright upon his feet, and giving one wild dreadful shriek, went over. Faint and dizzy, the traveller had closed his eyes to shut out the dreadful sight. He knew that the hapless being had seen him, that the last agonizing appeal the unfortunate youth had made for aid, was to him, and sick at heart he returned to the hotel.

When he awoke, he found a poor youth who had been in the habit of nightly carrying home a supply bundle of drift-wood to his mother. All spoke highly of him; of his devotion to her, and of his subsequent good conduct. It was mentioned that his prospects had improved, and many conjectured that the force of habit, more than actual necessity, had occasioned the dreadful catastrophe. Reader, the poor drowned youth was the widow's only son!

Not many days after, a coffin was seen slowly emerging from the widow's now desolate mansion. The body of the young man had been found many miles below the spot at which he perished. Not a trace of his once pleasant countenance was perceptible; but his clothes were identified by many. There was one who would have recognized him under any circumstances—the hapless broken child. When all shrunk and turned away with horror from the sight of his mutilated limbs, she clung to them, and wept over the body in the most bitter agony. The earth closed over his loved remains. It was the widow's last trial.

Soon she was sleeping beside them!

### THE MANTILLA.

The last gleam of day was silvering the waters of the Guadalquivir, at the mouth of which stands the ancient city of Valencia. Above the other buildings rose the tower of Miguellet, with its bell ringing its solemn tones far and near, calling the inhabitants to prayers. Far as the eye could reach, extended the fertile valley of Huerta de Valencia, studded with thriving villages, vineyards and cottages, bounded by the sea in the distance, and surrounded by the lofty mountains of Catalonia. The stars were slowly glistening the field of azure, and the crescent moon ascending the vault of heaven; it was indeed a night of beauty—a scene to attune the mind to happiness and peace.

The service had ceased, and the congregation was slowly departing from the Cathedral of Saint Cecilia. Among the last of the worshippers was a young female, closely shrouded in a mantilla, yet of so thin a texture was it, that her face and figure were almost perceptible. In her hand she carried a fan of the most exquisite workmanship, but seemingly more for ornament than use; behind her bobbed an old Duenna, who with difficulty kept pace with the tripping feet of Donna Isabella, for such was the name of the young lady. Close by her side walked a young and noble looking cavalier, whose deep dark eye was riveted upon her, while ever and anon glances of recognition were exchanged between them till at length the suspicion of the old lady was aroused, who shouldered aside the youth, and seizing the arm of her young charge, quitted her not till they reached a noble mansion in the neighborhood of the ever verdant Gorieta.

But the young cavalier was not to be thwarted in his design, which was, to convey to his lady love a billet of appointment, nor was Donna Isabella deficient in invention in favoring the wishes of her lover, for she was just on the eve of ascending the stair leading to her mansion she dropped her fan as if by accident. The opportunity was immediately seized by the cavalier, who lifting it, unseen by the Duenna, slipped within its folds a billet, and kneeling, presented it to the blushing girl.

"You are too forward," muttered the ancient lady. "It is well her brother was not at hand, else he would chastise thy insolence."

"He durst not," replied the cavalier, "my blood is as noble as that which flows within the veins of any of the race of the Velasquez."

"Holy toity, we shall see that," said the old crone, and raising her voice she called for assistance.

"Leave me, leave me, for the sake of the Virgin mother," imploringly spoke Donna Isabella.

"You will meet me then, as specified within the billet," said the youth.

"I will, I will, God willing, and opportunity occurs. Now leave me!"

The youth hastily scratched her hand and pressed it to her lips. The next moment he was lost among the mazes of the Gorieta.

The noise of the Duenna had alarmed the inmates of the mansion, who hastened to her assistance, but the calm demeanor of Isabella converted their alarm into laughter, especially when she informed them that the old dame's cries arose solely from the polite attention of a passing cavalier in tendering her fan which she had accidentally dropped.

That night, when the bell of Miguellet told the midnight hour, Isabella stood in her balcony which overhung the garden. A slight movement was soon heard among the orange foliage, and a tall manly figure shrouded in a flowing mantle, advanced and stood beneath the balcony.

"Are you ready?" asked the mask.

"I am!" answered the maiden, in a breath, scarcely audible from terror.

"Secure then this ladder to the rails and descend! And throwing a ladder of silken cords, it was caught by Isabella, who having fastened it as desired, the next moment she was in the arms of her lover.

"Now then, for the chapel of the lady mother—ere morning you will be forever mine."

"That morning you will never see," cried Don Henriquez, brother of Isabella, advancing from an umbrageous shrubbery close by—"traitor! villain! you would seek to dishonor the noble blood of Velasquez? Draw, coward and defend thyself!"

With the speed of lightning were the rapiers of the opponents crossed, and with the speed of lightning was that of Henriquez buried in the heart of the mask—who, falling, exclaimed—"Henriquez, you have killed your Prince!"

The alarm speedily brought the domestics to the scene of slaughter—the mask was removed from the face of the departed, and too surely were the gallant features of the noble Pedro, Prince of Castile and Arragon, revealed to the horror-stricken gaze of Henriquez.

With difficulty did the domestics untwine the arms of Isabella from the body of her lover—sense had forsaken her; and when she awoke to consciousness, it was only to murmur the name of Pedro with her dying breath.

Mourful, yet grand, was the funeral of the ill-fated Prince; and, in pity to his love, was the sweet corpse of Isabella consigned to the royal tomb, to rest in death with her lover; while, weary of his life,

"Henriquez fled to Venice, and, embarking Flung it away in battle with the Turk."

In the Cathedral of St. Cecilia may yet be seen the tomb of the unfortunate lovers. It stands in the east nave, containing the brief and simple inscription—"The Tomb of Affection!"

—AT WASHINGTON.

Every indication of an increasing regard for the Sabbath-day by distinguished public men is gratifying to the government and the patriot. I give you, says the Washington correspondent of a New York paper, the following as pregnant signs, omens of good and worthy of high commendation, regardless of party prejudice or partiality.

Amid the notoriously frequent violations of the Sabbath-day by public officers, in travelling, in transacting business, and in various other ways we encounter with great pleasure any evidence of a regard for that holy institution by distinguished men.

I accompanied a distinguished gentleman, on Saturday, to pay our respects to the President. We were informed that the President was very much engaged, a meeting of his Cabinet having been just dissolved, so that he could not then be seen. Before we left the house, one of the President's sons came out, to say to my friend, that he should name some hour to see the President on Monday morning.

Said my friend:—"As I shall have some private business with the President, I should prefer seeing him to-morrow evening."

"Ah," said young Mr. Tyler, "the President will be happy to see you at the earliest hour, but to-morrow night is Sunday."

My friend took the intimation, and appointed an hour on Monday to call.

I was much gratified with the little incident. It was modesty, and with much propriety due by young Tyler, and was well received and approved by my excellent friend, to whose sense of propriety it commended itself strongly.

When Governor Wickliffe, the present efficient and valued Postmaster General, took possession of the Post Office Department, the assistants and clerks received him with a little speech, and in reply he announced his determination to suspend all business in all the offices of the building on Sunday. The information was generally well received, for the custom was, formerly, to allow all the clerks on Sunday to occupy their respective offices, and of course, the messengers were obliged to be in attendance, and this gave rise often to much dissatisfaction and confusion. One of the higher officers of the department remarked aloud to Governor Wickliffe, after he had concluded his little speech, that he supposed his Sunday rule was intended to apply to the clerks only. "No, sir," said the Postmaster General, "it is for you as well as the clerks, for you must set the example."

Governor Wickliffe immediately informed the post that he suspended on Sunday. Since that day, that neat and beautiful building has witnessed no Sunday business within its walls; its doors have been locked up, and its silence on the Sabbath day reminds one of the truly gratifying fact, that a good and honest man is at the head of that department, regarding the laws of his country and of his God, fearless in the discharge of his duties, and determined at all hazards to do what is right.

The influence of the above example is of incalculable value. Two high public functionaries seeking to honor the Sabbath—one by refusing Sunday visits, the other by suspending all business in the department over which he presides.

I had almost forgotten to say, that formerly some of the clerks in the General Post Office Department, having business of the past week, and that what was lost in idleness during the week, was made up by application on Sunday.

If I were not in danger of occupying too much space, I might say, that a neat edition of the Cottage Bible is made one of the parlor books at the Postmaster General's and that his friends always

receive a true Kentucky welcome at his house, only on Sunday, when it is easily understood, that Sunday visitors are not acceptable.

The time, I hope, will soon come when the Sabbath day will be regarded by our distinguished men—when theirs will be an example for good, and when their example will not be referred to by those who wish to violate the Sabbath, as their authority and encouragement. Who can conceive the most happy results that must flow from such good example, affecting most beneficially, the morals, the happiness, and the best and highest interests of the nation.

### For the Quincy Patriot.

### CONSUMPTION.

There are many things connected with leaving the busy scenes of life, which naturally awakens serious reflections in the mind and creates painful emotions. And in no one instance can the affections of the heart be drawn forth to meditate upon things above with more force and solemnity, than that of the flattering disease, Consumption.

One day I see imprinted upon the flushed cheek and in the beaming eye, the hope of joy and the brightness of an awakening spring; and perhaps the next will follow gloom, dependency and the fading hues of decaying autumn. It is a sight which may well soften the hard heart and cause the tear of compassion to flow, to see the fair forms of earth fading and wasting, day after day, under the influence of this disease; to behold the young upon the very verge of the grave and to all appearance unconscious of their situation. There is a feeling which solemnizes our thoughts and causes them to be directed beyond this transitory world.

This blighting disease often deprives an interesting family of children of their best earthly friend, a father or a mother. And, oh! how changed the scene! Where once dwelt order and kindness—wisdom to direct and guide—now a vacancy exists which none can realize, but these who are called to pass through scenes of this kind by bitter experience. The former, a guardian, protector and supporter of those who are bereft of his guidance; the latter, a vacancy which none but a kind and anxious mother can fill; one who has guided childhood through the uneven paths of infancy and ripeness of maturity. She is a friend who will counsel us when we err, but oh! how full of compassion and how ready to forgive! Directing our steps in the path of duty, cautioning us to "beware of the sins and follies" which so often beset the path of the young and inexperienced. Not until a vacancy like this exists, can the companion of the departed fully realize the value of the friend he has lost.

The most interesting of his nature is sundered, and he feels that a responsibility is resting upon him which none but a fond and devoted mother can fully realize. His joy is a faded smile, and his hope a plan of future happiness for them, are now by sad experience made to realize that a golden link is sundered in that chain which to them can never be replaced, bound as they were by the strongest ties of love and parental affection. And they are now left to ponder the friendly warnings and kind advice of their now departed best earthly friend.

No one or condition is free from this destroyer. The aged matron and venerable sire; the high as well as those in a more humble sphere of action, all must bow in submission when this angel of destruction aims its arrow of desolation and death. The school child, of years but few in number, is often a victim of this disease. And oh! with what feelings does that mother look upon a beloved child when she feels this result; at times it is with an uncharitable sensation, as she hears from a slight cough or perhaps daily the hectic cough, and sees the pale countenance of that interesting child. It seems as if such an one engaged more heartily, if possible, in moments of amusements, than those who are not diseased, which causes that mother to feel more keenly the reality she feels. She watches with intense interest the motions of that body and the windings of that mind.

The infant is taken from affectionate parents, thus blasting the hopes of parental love and causing them to consign the object of their tenderest affection to the silent tomb. But these buds of innocence, bright emblems of immortality, shall expand their loveliness in a more genial climate, where no blight shall mar their purity, where a guardian protector shall bear them upon the arms of love to a fairer and a purer world, where their fragrance shall forever bloom in freshness and beauty.

Again a confiding sister is taken and we indeed feel that the sunlight of our home is dimmed; that the glow and radiance of another star in the family circle is obscured from the mental eye. A devoted and affectionate sister ought highly to be prized. She is not a friend who will flatter us in the path of sin, but is ever ready to render assistance in time of affliction and trouble. She strengthens us in a good resolution and in an upright course of conduct. When we look around and behold the vacant seat; view in imagination the forms of the loved and lost of earth; when we see the tenderest ties that are linked with the best feelings of our nature give way one by one, and we are called to bid a last farewell to friends we hold dear, memory is ever busy reminding us of the past; each fond desire of the living scenes of the past look upon the dear departed becomes lasting and precious remembrances of those we shall see no more.

A beloved brother falls a victim to this disease, thus sundering another tender link in the chain of domestic happiness. Sadness and departed joys take the place of happiness and kindred affections, where each regards the welfare of the other and with whom in childhood we have been guided by the same parental hand of affection—gathered around the same family board when our hearts were free from the cares of this cold unfeeling world. Many a scene can we recall to our memory which revives recollections of the past and reminds us of departed joys which makes our hearts more desolate at the thought and causes us to feel that the places that once knew those we love will know them no more. With what tender recollections does the mind wander back to scenes that are past. There it beholds a beloved brother bound by the endearing ties



Feb. 4. 2w.  
**Baptist Hymn**  
**WINCHELL'S WATTS.** in  
 Churches, for sale at the  
**QUINCY**  
 Quincy, Feb. 4. 3w



By one of the Revised Statutes of the State of New Hampshire lately passed, it is provided that any citizen, of twenty one years of age, of good moral character, on application to the Superior Court, shall be admitted to practice as an attorney.

At the annual meeting of the American Colonization Society, recently held at Washington, (D. C.) it was resolved to raise at least forty thousand dollars during the present year, for the purchase of additional territory, the opening of a road to the Canwood forests, in the rear of the Colony; the removal of sundry emigrants, and for various other purposes.

Samuel W. King has declined the nomination as a candidate for re-election to the office of Governor of Rhode Island, and it has been tendered to and accepted by Hon. James Fenner, who was Governor several years since.

Hon. John M. Robinson, formerly United States Senator, and Richard M. Young, present Senator, whose term expires on the fourth of March next, have been elected by the Legislature of Illinois as Circuit Judges of that State.

The Black Tongue is the name of a disease now prevailing in the neighborhood of Ballston, (N. Y.) It commences with a swelling of the glands of the throat, and proves very fatal.

The friends of President Tyler recently held a large meeting at Columbus, Ohio, and a series of spirited resolutions expressive of respect and esteem for the Chief Magistrate and his coadjutors, were passed. The State Central Committee were authorized to invite the assembling of a Convention of the friends of the Administration in Ohio, the time and place to be left to the discretion of the Committee.

The Charlestown (Mass.) Aurora says over nineteen hundred tons of ice have been brought from Fresh Pond, over the railroad, the present winter. One ship will sail next week with a full cargo for the Isle of France.

Crowded audiences have been present at the eleventh annual meeting of the Massachusetts Anti-Slavery Society, held on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday of the past week, at Faneuil Hall, in Boston. On Thursday evening, the meeting was held at the State House, in the Representatives' Hall, which was so crowded that multitudes were unable to obtain admission.

A Soup and Bread Society has been formed in Boston, for the purpose of furnishing gratuitously to the poor, during the winter months, soup and bread.

There are upwards of forty thousand depositors in the Massachusetts Savings Banks—who have deposits amounting to nearly seven millions of dollars.

The Governor of Missouri, it is stated, recommends imprisonment for life of abolitionists, who may be found guilty of aiding or assisting slaves to escape from their masters.

The democrats of Indiana, have nominated James Whitcomb, late Commissioner of the General Land Office, for Governor, and Jesse D. Bright for Lieutenant Governor.

The counterfeiters and twenty thousand dollars of counterfeit money, have been detected at Louisville (Ky.). The counterfeit notes were on the Bank of Missouri, State Bank of Indiana, and the First Municipality of New Orleans.

An abolition journal, edited by Rev. Charles T. Torrey, has been commenced at Albany (N. Y.) called the Albany Daily Patriot.

Col. R. M. Johnson has been nominated for the Presidency, by a State Convention of the democrats of Kentucky, subject to the decision of a National Convention.

A resolution has passed the Wisconsin Legislature, by a vote of thirty to two, requesting the President to remove Gov. Doty from the office of Governor of that Territory.

CONGRESS. The only business of general importance is the passage of a resolution, that the President's Exchequer scheme ought not to be adopted, by a vote of 193 yeas to 18 nays. An amendment providing for the restoration of the Sub-treasury plan was rejected by a vote of 105 yeas to 116 nays.

**BRIGHTON MARKET.**  
Monday, Jan. 30. At market 620 Beef Cattle, 1200 Sheep, and 70 Swine.

**Prices.**—Beef Cattle—Last week's prices were not sustained and we reduce our quotations, viz: a few extra at 4.50. First quality 4.40; second quality 3.50; third quality 3.25; fourth quality 3.00. Sheep—Sales from \$1 to 1.50. Weathers from 2.50 to \$3.75. No lots were sold to peddle. A few retained from 2.12 to 2.50.

**MARRIED.**  
In this town, 2d inst., by Rev. Mr. Lunt, Mr. Emory Southern of Boston, to Miss Hannah L., daughter of John Southern, Esq., of this place.

**DIED.**  
In Hingham 21st ult., Hiram, son of the late Mr. Laban Pratt of Weymouth, aged 17 years.

In Scituate, 13th ult., Capt. Joseph Barnes, aged 67. In Dorchester 22d ult., Mr. Jeremiah McIntosh, a revolutionary soldier, in the 92d year of his age. He was born and has always resided within a few rods of the spot where he died. He has left a widow, aged 86, (to whom he has sustained the affectionate relation of husband for sixty-five years,) and his descendants, now living, number about seventy-five.

**Notice.**  
Persons, who have not taken their Hay Tickets, are requested to call, on or before the 15th inst., and receive them.  
GEORGE NIGHTINGALE, Hay Weigher.  
Quincy, Feb. 4.

**Twenty-Five Dollars Reward.**  
WHEREAS some second-rate stole the key from the Lock of the subscriber's office door on the night of the 3d inst., a reward of twenty-five dollars will be paid to any person who will furnish evidence sufficient to convict the thief.  
J. M. GOURGAS, Jr.  
Quincy, Feb. 4.

**NOTICES.**  
Religious services will take place at the Catholic Church, in this town, TO-MORROW, at ten o'clock in the morning. A choir from Boston will be present.

Mr. Charles H. Pendleton of Quincy, will deliver a Poem before the Quincy Lyceum, WEDNESDAY EVENING next, (Feb. 5th,) at the Town Hall, commencing at seven o'clock.

GEORGE BAXTER, Secretary.

An adjourned meeting of the citizens of Quincy, interested in procuring a reduction of Tolls on the Neponset Bridge, will be held at the Hancock House, on THIS EVENING, at six o'clock.

The citizens of adjoining towns are respectfully invited to attend.

Henry B. Stanton, Esq. of Boston, will lecture on Slavery, at the Evangelical Congregational Meeting-house, in this town, on SATURDAY and SUNDAY EVENINGS, (Feb. 4th and 5th,) at half past six o'clock.

On Saturday evening, he will explain the principles and objects of the New Organization.

There will be an exhibition and sale of useful and fancy articles by the Ladies Howard Temperance Society, on TUESDAY EVENING next, (Feb. 7th,) at the house of Mrs. Lucretia Smith, Quincy Point. The friends of this Society are invited to attend.

Should the weather prove unfavorable, it will take place on the next fair evening.

A public meeting of the American Peace Society will be held in the Representatives' Chamber of the State House, Boston, on WEDNESDAY, Feb. 5th, at seven o'clock in the evening, when resolutions will be offered, and the meeting addressed by gentlemen interested in the cause.

The friends of Peace, of both sexes, and citizens generally, from the city or country, are respectfully invited to attend.

**MURDER! MURDER! MURDER!!!** At all times will arouse the most stupid. Yet murders are daily perpetrated, which excite very little attention. Is not CONSUMPTION daily murdering thousands of human beings? Does not ASTHMA render life a burthen, and then destroy its victim? Does not BRONCHITIS paralyze the usefulness of many of our most eminent Divines and other public Speakers, to say nothing of the thousands of all ages and sexes who are swept into eternity by it? Millions of human beings sink down and die, by attacks of the above and similar affections of the lungs and throat. Fortunately for mankind, JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT has never been known to fail in giving relief, and has, in thousands of instances, effected permanent cures after all other means had failed.

Prepared and sold only by DR. D. JAYNE, No. 20 South THIRD Street, Philadelphia.

For sale by CALEB GILL, Jr.  
Quincy Bookstore.

The undersigned, Selectmen of Quincy, give notice that they will be in session at the Town Hall, every SATURDAY in each month, until further notice, from two to five o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having business with the Town are requested to present it on said days.

HENRY WOOD,  
BILLINGS BAILEY,  
JAMES NEWCOMB.

**In Bankruptcy.**  
United States District Court—Massachusetts District.  
Jan. 26th, 1843.

UPON the Petition of LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Assignee of the estate of

NATHANIEL MAY, of Braintree, who has been declared Bankrupt, praying for leave to sell certain real estate, and to compound and settle a certain demand, set forth in the schedule annexed to the said petition.

It is ordered by the Court, that a hearing of the said petition, will be had on the SECOND TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, when and where all creditors, the Bankrupt, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause (if any they have) why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk of the Court.  
Feb. 4. 1w 1297

**In Bankruptcy.**  
United States District Court—Massachusetts District.  
Jan. 27th, 1843.

UPON the Petition of LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Assignee of the estate of

ANCEL STODDARD, of Braintree, who has been declared Bankrupt, praying for leave to sell certain real estate and property, set forth in the schedule annexed to the said petition.

It is ordered by the Court, that a hearing of the said petition, will be had on the SECOND TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, when and where all creditors, the Bankrupt, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause (if any they have) why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk of the Court.  
Feb. 4. 1w 493

**In Bankruptcy.**  
United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this twenty-seventh day of January, A. D. 1843.—Upon the Petition of

THOMAS R. DASCOMB, of Dorchester, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk of the Court.  
Feb. 4. 2w 2004

**In Bankruptcy.**  
United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this twenty-third day of January, A. D. 1843.—Upon the Petition of

EDWARD M. PAGE, of Quincy, in said District, stone-cutter, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered—That a hearing on the said petition, will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the SECOND TUESDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Feb. 4. 2w

**Baptist Hymn Books.**  
WINCHELL'S WATTS, in use in the Baptist Churches, for sale at the

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.  
Quincy, Feb. 4. 3w

## BANKRUPT NOTICE.

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of HENRY B. COWING of Weymouth, a Bankrupt. LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Assignee.  
Weymouth, Feb. 4. 3w

**Assignee's Sale.**  
By authority of United States District Court.

WILL be sold by public auction, at the Shop occupied by Thomas J. Thayer, in Braintree, on MONDAY, the 20th day of February instant, at two o'clock in the afternoon—one sixth part of a Pew numbered 54, in the Meeting-house of the Society of Rev. Lyman Matthews: one light horse Wagon; and several mechanic tools.

LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Assignee.  
Weymouth, Feb. 4. 3w

**COPARTNERSHIP NOTICE.**  
THE undersigned have this day formed a Copartnership, under the firm of

BAKER & WHITNEY,  
and will continue the business of selling SPERM OIL AND CANDLES, in addition to a general Commission business, at Stores Nos. 80 and 82 Water Street, recently occupied by Baker, Crocker & Co.

GEORGE T. BAKER,  
EDMUND E. WHITNEY.  
Boston, Jan. 16. 6w

**Constable's Sale.**  
NORFOLK SS. January 26th, 1843.

TAKEN upon an Execution and will be sold at public vendue, on MONDAY, the sixth day of March next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the Hotel of Merrill Smith in Cohasset, all the right in equity which Warren Orcutt has in and to the following described mortgaged Real Estate, viz:—

A certain tract of Land, situated in Cohasset, in said County, with a Dwelling House thereon, containing half an acre, more or less, bounded northerly by land of Abby Rich, easterly by the Road, southerly by land of Leavitt Burbank, and westerly by land of Thomas Smith, the same being subject to a mortgage made to Levi Oakes to secure the payment of two hundred dollars.

WILLIAM PEAKES,  
Constable of Cohasset.  
Jan. 28. 6w

**Coroner's Sale.**  
NORFOLK SS. January 24th, 1843.

TAKEN upon Execution and will be sold at public auction, on MONDAY, the twenty-seventh day of February next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of Gen. Fisher A. Kingsbury, in Weymouth, in said County of Norfolk, all the right in equity which Elbridge G. Hunt has of redeeming the following described Real Estate, viz:—

Five undivided twelfth parts of a quarter of an acre of Land, situated in Weymouth aforesaid, with a Dwelling House thereon, bounded westerly by Front Street, southerly by land of Atherton W. Tilden, easterly by land of Mrs. Sarah White, and northerly by land of Charlotte Hunt.

Also—Another tract of Land, situated in Braintree, in said County, being Woodland, containing twelve acres, more or less, bounded southerly by land now or late of Whitcomb Porter, northerly by land of John Crane, and easterly and westerly by land of Edward Vinton—said Land being mortgaged to Dr. Jacob Richards to secure the payment of two hundred dollars.

EZEKIEL FRENCH, Coroner.  
Jan. 28. 5w

**Administrator's Notice.**  
NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has been duly appointed Administrator of the estate of

RUTH BOURNE, late of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, widow, deceased, and has accepted said trust. And all persons having demands upon the estate of the said deceased are required to exhibit the same, and all persons indebted thereto to make payment to SAMUEL BOURNE, Administrator.

Weymouth, Jan. 28. 3w

**For Sale.**  
Wholesale and Retail.  
MEN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTHS' THICK BOOTS AND BROGANS.

REPAIRING done in good order.  
THOMAS WHITE.  
Quincy, Oct. 29. 1f

**Fisher A. Kingsbury, COUNSELLOR AT LAW.**  
Weymouth Mass.

WILL attend to cases in Bankruptcy before the District Court, for the District of Massachusetts.  
Weymouth, Feb. 5.

**George Bemis, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in FASHIONABLE BOOTS & SHOES.**  
No. 91, Court Street.  
Boston, Feb. 20. 1f

**Flannels, etc.**  
JUST received from the manufacturers, 3 bales heavy Green Twilled Bookings, 6-4 wide, suitable for Jackets. 2 bales heavy Scarlet Twilled Flannels, in whole and half pieces.

Extra One bale extra heavy Green Twilled Flannel, which will be sold low by the piece or yard, by MANLEY & BRAMHALL,  
No. 24 Dock Square.  
Boston, Sept. 10. 1f

**Woolen Blankets.**  
JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co. have just received a large assortment of Rose and Whitney Blankets, of superior quality, which will be sold at the lowest prices.  
Quincy, Oct. 22. 1f

**Dry Goods**  
At the Landing in Weymouth, at the Store formerly occupied by Asa Webb.

T. D. THOMPSON  
WOULD inform the inhabitants of Weymouth and vicinity, that he has opened his stock of fall and winter Goods, which he now offers to those wishing to purchase. He has, and intends to keep a full assortment of desirable Goods. Persons about purchasing are invited to call and examine his stock, among which may be found a good assortment of the following articles:

Shawls, Alpaccas, Merinos, Alepines, Eolennies; Laces, Lace Edgings, Wrought Collars; Mous de Laines; French, English and American Prints; Worsted and other Hosiery; Gloves; Patches, Gingham, Bad Tickings; Brown and Bleached Cottons; Table Covers; Rose and Whitney Blankets; Broadcloths, Cassimeres, Satinets and Vestings; Stocking Yarn; Ready made Clothing, &c. Together with the assortment usually found in a Dry Goods Store, and as cheap as can be purchased in the City or any other place.  
Weymouth, Sept. 10. 4m

## Coroner's Sale.

NORFOLK, SS. January 11th, 1843.  
TAKEN on Execution and will be sold at public auction, on MONDAY, the 20th day of February next, at nine of the clock in the forenoon, on or in front of the premises hereinafter mentioned and described, all the right in equity that George W. Seward of Quincy, in said County, Stone-cutter, had on the seventeenth day of May last past, when the same was attached on mesne process of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real Estate, to wit:—

A certain piece or parcel of Land, situated in Milton, in said County, containing by estimation one quarter of an acre, more or less, and bounded as follows:—southerly, on the old Plymouth Road leading from Milton to Quincy—northerly, on land now or formerly of John Adams—westerly, on land now or formerly of John Adams—easterly, on land of Jonathan Rollins or formerly of Warren Whittier—or however otherwise bounded, being the same parcel of land formerly purchased of John Adams.

Also—Taken on Execution, and will be sold at public auction, on said twentieth day of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, on or in front of the premises hereinafter mentioned and described, all the right in equity that George W. Seward had on the seventeenth day of May last past, when the same was attached on mesne process of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real Estate, to wit:—

A certain parcel of Land containing by estimation three eighths of an acre, more or less, with the Dwelling House and all buildings thereon, situated in Quincy, in said County, bounded and described as follows:—northerly, by lands now or formerly of widow John Pierce—easterly, on a drift-way leading from the old Plymouth Road to Flanders' Ledge, there measuring one hundred and seventy-one feet—southerly, on land now or formerly of Jonas Kendall—westerly, on the road leading from the Railway House, in Milton, to Quincy, by the Ledges, and nearly parallel to the Quincy Granite Railway, there measuring one hundred and sixty-three feet, with all the buildings on said premises, and the right to pass over said drift-way, being the same premises recently occupied by said Seward.

WILLIAM SPEAR, Coroner of Norfolk.  
Quincy, Jan. 12. 6w

**SOUTHWORTH'S Patent Lard Lamps.**

ECONOMY these hard times, should be practiced by all. The subscriber has just arrived from Washington City, where for the past year I have spent most of my time in experimenting on Lamps for the purpose of burning Lard, or other congealed substances, instead of oil; after a series of experiments, I have at last succeeded to the satisfaction of all who have made use of them. All I ask is for the good people to give them a trial, and they will immediately supply themselves with the Lamps, as they have at the South, where the Lamp is already introduced. For this new invention, on the second of July last, I secured my right by Letters Patent, and any infringement will be dealt with as the law has provided. Imitations with variations which ruin them for burning in cold weather, are already in progress. Therefore, those who wish to procure the true Patented article, will call for F. H. SOUTHWORTH'S PATENT LARD LAMP, and see that they are stamped in these words: "SOUTHWORTH'S PAT. JULY, 1842." The Lard used in these Lamps will give a much greater light than oil, without smoke or smell, and will save two thirds of the cost of oil. This article has already been introduced at the South, and the demand for them is increasing daily. Most of the Glass Stores in this City are supplied with them. Those in the vicinity can be supplied by the glass and oil, at the residence of the undersigned agent, WILLIAM BROWN, 421 Washington Street, where all communications must be addressed and all orders will be executed.

F. H. SOUTHWORTH.  
These Lamps are for sale by WILLIAM BROWN, at the corner of Washington and Elliot Streets, and in this town by JOHN BRIESLER.

Boston, Oct. 1. 1f

**Liverwort and Hoarhound.**  
MRS. M. N. GARDNER'S INDIAN BALSAM OF LIVERWORT AND HOARHOUND has gained a great reputation for the cure of Coughs, Colds and all diseases of the Lungs, Whooping Cough, Phthisis, Sore Throat, Liver Complaint, &c.

It has been in extensive use in Boston for the past ten years and is now recommended by the medical faculty. It is well known to be the best preparation for the cure of coughs ever introduced to the American public. It is no quick medicine; for evidence of its efficiency, read on the "Directions" for this balsam has done Wm. F. Harnden of the Boston, New York and Philadelphia Express. Also, Amos Webster, Thos. Haskins, Jr., E. Horron, David Woodbury, and Mrs. L. Howard. See places of residence on the Direction.

For sale in Boston by WM. BROWN, 481 Washington St. Retained by all the druggists in Boston, Worcester, Springfield, Hartford, New Haven, Providence, New Bedford, Salem, Newburyport; in Dorchester, by Darius Brewer; in Neponset Village, by O. P. Bacon, and in this town by JOHN BRIESLER, E. HAYDEN.

Quincy, Feb. 12. 1y

**Drivers' Gloves.**  
JUST received, a lot of very superior Drivers' Gloves. Also, Brick Mittens of the first quality for sale by MANLEY & BRAMHALL,  
Boston, Sept. 10. 1f 24 Dock Square.

**English Hay.**  
40 BUNDLES of the best English Hay, cheap for cash, on Granite Wharf. Inquire of WILLIAM H. GREEN.  
Quincy, Jan. 7. 1f

**Universalism.**  
EXAMINED, Renounced and Exposed, in a Series of Lectures, embracing the experience of the author, during a ministry of twelve years, by Matthew Hale Smith—second edition.

Just published and for sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.  
Quincy Jan. 14. 3w

**Polish your Stoves and Grates.**  
NO house-keeper will be without WM. BROWN'S PENCIL PASTE, after giving it a trial. It gives the stove a beautiful lustre, far better than the British or American lustre and is used with less trouble and is more durable. It is put up in rolls. For the true article see that the directions are signed by the proprietor. Manufactured by WM. BROWN, Chemist, corner of Eliot and Washington St. Retained by most of the druggists and grocers in Boston, Lowell and Salem; in Dorchester, by Darius Brewer; in Neponset Village, by O. P. Bacon, and in this town by JOHN BRIESLER and E. HAYDEN. Price 12 1/2 cts. per roll. Call for Wm. Brown's Pencil Paste.  
Quincy, Feb. 12. 1f

**Just Received,**  
At E. Packard's, head of Sea Street,

PLAIN AND DIAMOND BEAVERS; Satinets, all prices; Knit Shirts and Drawers; Printed Saxons; Printed Merinos; Highland Plaid SHAWLS; Edinboro' Shawls; Children's and Youth's Clothing; &c.

ALL WOOL FROCKING; Low priced PRINTS; Domestic Goods of all kinds, particularly Bleached and Unbleached SHEETINGS & SHIRTINGS. E. P. has also constantly on hand, all that is generally found in a gentleman's Furnishing Store.  
Quincy, Oct. 8. 1f

## New Line of Stages.

THE subscribers will run a Stage from Quincy to Boston, daily—

Leaving Hardwick's Store, Packard's Store and the Hancock House, at eight o'clock in the forenoon and returning—leaves Bryant's Hotel, No. 17 Union Street, and their Office, 16 Federal Street, Boston, at four in the afternoon.

Persons patronising this line may rest assured that it will continue running daily at 37 1/2 cents. Persons leaving their names, at either of the above places, will be punctually attended to as well as all errands entrusted to their care, by THOMAS O. BILLINGS, Driver, DEXTER, HIXON & Co., Proprietors.  
Quincy, Oct. 22. 1f

**Music.**  
PIANO FORTES Tuned for one dollar by J. W. M'GAUGHY, Professor of Music.

Orders left at the Hancock House, or this Office, will be punctually attended to.  
Quincy, Dec. 3. 1f

**QUINCY AND BOSTON DAILY ACCOMMODATION EXPRESS.**

THE subscriber designs to run a Wagon between Quincy and Boston, for the purpose of attending such orders as may be entrusted to his care. The most attention will be given to the punctual discharge of business, and to the good usage of all articles for transportation.

All orders left at either of the Stores in town, or at No. 7 Elm Street, Boston, will receive prompt attention. It will commence running on Monday, Jan. 24, and will leave Quincy at about nine o'clock in the morning, and Boston at about three o'clock in the afternoon.

Quincy, Dec. 31. 1f

**Fall and Winter Goods Cheap!!**  
THE subscribers wishing to reduce their stock prior to taking an account of the same, offer their extensive assortment of Woollens during the months of January and February, at reduced prices for cash, consisting in part of twenty pieces Diamond Beaver:

Wave Asphatum and plain Plaid Cloths; 100 pieces of Blue, Black, Olive, Green, Brown, Mixed and Adelaide Broadcloths, from \$1.50 to \$5.12 per yard;

150 pieces Cassimeres and Satinets, from 36 cents to \$1.75 per yard;

Boatings, Blankets, Flannels, &c. etc. Purchasers are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.

MANLEY & BRAMHALL, 24 Dock Square.  
Boston, Dec. 31. 1f

**Compound Boneseet Candy.**  
WILLIAM BROWN'S Compound Boneseet Candy Medicated—Price six cents per ounce, or four ounces for nineteen cents. This article is the most celebrated preparation now in use in the form of Candy, for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat and all diseases of the Lungs. It is literally in the mouth of the whole community, and is in extensive use for clearing the voice for vocalists and public speakers. Its ingredients are known to the public, therefore it cannot be called a quack article. It is made from the root of Elecampane, Licorice, Squills, Seneca Root, Boneseet Herb and many other ingredients recommended by the medical faculty. It has gained so extensive a reputation that a number of druggists and confectioners are counterfeiting it. In order, therefore, to procure the genuine, call for "William Brown's Boneseet Candy," and observe the directions are signed and the candy stamped "William Brown, Boston."

The true article is for sale in Boston, at wholesale and retail, by the Manufacturer, corner of Washington and Eliot Street, WILLIAM BROWN, and in this town by JOHN BRIESLER, Agents.

Quincy, March 5. 1f

**For Sale.**  
200 TONS of the best Red Ash Coal, broken and screened, and delivered for seven dollars per ton.

Also—One hundred and fifty cords of good Hard Wood, delivered at six and a half dollars a cord. Forty cords of Hemlock at a less price, by ALBERT HERSEY.  
Quincy Point, July 23. 1f

**'Christ Church Seminary.'**  
ON and after the second day of January next, there will be two sessions daily in this School, instead of one as heretofore, commencing at nine o'clock in the forenoon, and one o'clock in the afternoon.

J. P. ROBINSON.  
Quincy, Dec. 24. 1f

**Cheaper than ever.**  
JOHN HOLDEN, JR., has just received an invoice of handsome BEVELED CASE CLOCKS, which he will sell at the low price of \$3.50; and extra patterns at \$4.50.

Also, BRASS and ALARM CLOCKS, unusually low.  
Quincy, Jan. 7. 6w

**Ery Goods Cheap.**  
THOSE who wish to buy Dry Goods adapted to the season, at lower prices than they can probably be obtained in the stock of E. PACKARD, will do well to call and examine the assortment of E. PACKARD, which he will sell very low.

Also—On hand as above, a good assortment of West India GOODS and GROCERIES, at as low prices as possible.  
Quincy, Jan. 14. 1f

**Just Received.**  
40 TUBS of BUTTER—excellent quality—for sale at 1 1/2 to 14 cents per pound.

Purchasers would do well to call and examine.  
DANIEL BAXTER & Co.  
Quincy, Jan. 14. 4w

**Eastern Wood.**  
JUST received by the subscribers, at Newcomb's Wharf, Quincy Point, fifty cords of prime Eastern Wood, which they offer for sale on reasonable terms, for cash.

B. B. NEWCOMB, O. T. NEWCOMB.  
Quincy, Dec. 31. 1f

**Particular Notice.**  
ALL persons are hereby forbid taking Sea Weed from any beach or land improved by the subscriber, without first ascertaining the place from which they may load. Individuals, in all cases, are



## POETRY.

## THE TWO BRIDALS.

The annexed beautiful lines were suggested by a similar event to the one which occurred in this town—the late marriage and sudden death of Mrs. Eliza B. Woodard—and their appropriateness have induced us to publish them.

There are sounds of gladness greeting,  
In the maiden's childhood home;  
For long severed friends are meeting,  
And with joyous hearts they come:  
Come to greet her new life's morning—  
Come to hail the earliest ray  
Of that light, whose cloudless dawning  
Heralds an effulgent day.

'Tis the maiden's hour of bridal!  
Aged mother, hoary sire,  
Ye must yield your cherished idol,  
To a claim, than yours yet higher.  
Ye have reared her for another—  
Gently loose your silken chain!  
Sisters, in a loving brother,  
You shall find your loss your gain.

O, ye mystic webs of feeling!  
Binding heart so close to heart—  
Ne'er your hidden strength revealing,  
Till ye hear the call to part—  
What avails then your resistance?  
Changeless is the mandate given;  
More than adamant constance,  
By that voice of fate were given.

Yet there's hope, there's exultation,  
In this parting, friends, for thee—  
Here is severed no relation;  
Daughter, sister, still ye'll see.  
Joy, then, in the happy hour!  
He who claims deserves your gem;  
Tears may fall, but hope has power;  
By its smiles to banish them.

Months pass on, but few and fleeting,  
And again those friends have met:  
Hushed are now the tones of greeting,  
And each cheek with tears is wet;  
On the lips the low words falter,  
Hearts are bowed from sternest pride;  
Waits the bridegroom at the altar,  
For the coming of his bride?

She is there—yet his no longer—  
Calm in her white robes she lies;  
Drawn by claim than by yet stronger,  
To her bridegroom in the skies!  
Let the tears fall fast and flowing—  
Let the veiled face wear its woe—  
When the loved from sight are going,  
Nature bids it to be so.

O ye mystic webs of feeling!  
Binding heart so close to heart—  
Ne'er your hidden strength revealing,  
Till ye hear the call to part—  
What avails then your resistance?  
Changeless is the mandate given;  
More than adamant constance,  
By that voice of fate were given.

Yet there's hope of consolation,  
In this parting, friends, for thee—  
Here is severed no relation;  
Fixed in Heaven each claim shall be.  
Peace, then, in this hallowed hour!  
Think what breast shall bear your gem!  
Tears may fall, but Faith has power,  
Back to smiles to brighten them.

## ANECDOTES.

"Frank," said a young woman to a diffident suitor, who had for sometime been making evening calls upon her without fully declaring himself—"Frank, if you wish to marry me, I wish to know it, so that I may make preparation." A long pause ensued—at length Frank broke silence and exclaimed, "No meat, no corn, and fishing almost over! Good Lord—Well, I can't!" Frank's answer was at least a frank one.

A city buck visited the Shakers at Lebanon, (Conn.) some time since, and as he was wandering through the village, encountered a stout, hearty, specimen of the sect, and thus accosted him: "Well, broad-brim, are you much of a Shaker?" "Nay," said the other, "not over much, but I can do a little that way." So saying he seized the astonished chap by the collar, and nearly shook him out of his boots.

At an election in England, an Irishman happening to say something to one of the candidates, one of the opposite party exclaimed from the hustings, "Oh, Paddy, now go to the devil!" "I'm much obliged to yer honor," was Pat's reply, "sure ye are the first gentleman that has invited me to yer father's house since my arrival in England."

A Dutchman once wanted to wed a widow, and his manner of making known his intention was as follows:—"If you wish content to get better for worse, to be happy for miserable, and if you smoke and drink ale, I shall take you for no better and much worse." Upon which the lady said "Yaw."

A lad, who had lately gone to service, having had salad served up for a week, ran away, and when asked why he left his place replied, "he made me eat grass in the summer, and I were afraid the d' make me eat hay in the winter, and I could not stand that, so I were off."

At a church, where there was a call for a minister, two candidates appeared whose names were Adam and Low. The latter preached an elegant discourse from the text—"Adam where art thou?" In the afternoon, Adam preached from these words, "Lo here am I."

"Cato, what do you suppose is the reason that the sun goes to the south in the winter." "Well, I don't know, massa unless he no stand the clemency of the north, and so am obliged to go to the south, where he 'perience warmer longitude."

A concealed Colonel, lately complained that from the ignorance of his officers, he was obliged to do the whole duty of the regiment. "I am," said he, "my own captain, my own cornet,"—"and your own drummer!" said a witty lady.

An ignorant Arab was asked how he knew any thing of the existence of a God. "Just as I know by the tracks in the sand whether a man or beast has passed there, so, when I survey the heavens with its bright stars, and the earth with its productions, do I feel the existence and power of God."

"Papa, the Temperance men say they put log-wood into Port Wine. Is that what they call your nose red?" "Nonsense, my son, go to bed."

DR. SACKETT'S  
Indian Strengthening Plaster.

The cheapest and best in the world, and recommended by the Medical Faculty, and by thousands who have made use of it.

Over three hundred thousand sold annually.



For Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sprains, Bruise:  
—Pains in the Side, Loins, Back, Breast  
—Liver Complaints, Coughs, and all  
disorders leading to Consumption.

THE increased demand for these celebrated Plasters, has induced some to palm off others, purporting to be mine, therefore I caution purchasers to buy none except they bear my signature. GEORGE STEVENS JONES, none other can be GENUINE.

Prices—On paper manufactured expressly for them, 12 1/2 cents each—on soft kid, 25 cents.

Manufactured and sold wholesale and retail by the Proprietor, GEORGE STEVENS JONES, Nos. 50 and 52 Mount Vernon street, Boston—where all orders must be addressed, (post paid).

By special appointment MRS. HAYDEN of Quincy, has become my Agent.

Observe—none genuine unless having my signature. None ever goes from my office without it. THEY ARE WARRANTED IN ALL CASES.

Boston, Feb. 12.



DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S  
Pectoral Balm of Spikenard, Blood Root,  
Wild Cherry and Comfrey.

THE most effectual remedy ever known for Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Consumption, Whooping Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Influenza, Pain in the Side, Shortness of Breath, and all Affections of the Throat and Lungs. It affords wonderful relief to those laboring under these complaints, and the use of one bottle will satisfy the most incredulous that they possess a healing power above everything heretofore discovered.

Around each bottle is a Treatise on Consumption, its causes, symptoms and cure, with full and particular directions for using the Balm; what food, drinks, clothing, air, exercise, etc. should be used. This Valuable Healing Ointment Balm, possessing the restorative virtues of many Roots and Rare Plants, which have been prepared with great care, can be obtained of the regularly appointed Agents, Merchants, Traders, Druggists, Apothecaries, and Dealers in Medicines throughout the New England States.

For sale, wholesale and retail, at the Doctor's Office, 15 Hanover Street, Boston. Price 50 cents.  
Also—For sale by E. Thayer, Weymouth; John B. Arnold, Braintree; William Sherman, Randolph; Royal B. Whitton, Hingham; Bacon & Band, Dorchester; George Dixon, Dedham; and by all the Agents who sell his celebrated Cherry Wine Bitters and Family Pills. Agents in this town

JOHN BRIESLER,  
MRS. E. HAYDEN.  
HEALTH & STRENGTH. Just received a fresh supply of S. O. Richardson's Cherry Wine Bitters & Family Pills, for sale as above. Look out for counterfeits and imitations, as there are several spurious articles in market intended to palm off for S. O. Richardson's. See that the Signature of S. O. Richardson is on the first envelope.

Quincy, Dec. 3.

To the Public.

DR. GORDAK'S highly approved and most valuable Medicines are for sale at his office, No 57 Hanover street, Boston; all others sold by Apothecaries and Dealers in the city of Boston and vicinity, in his name, he does not vouch to be genuine. The following are the names, qualities, and prices of his Medicines:—

JELLY OF POMEGRANATE AND PERUVIAN PILLS, unrivalled for the catarrh, weakness at the stomach, canker, humors of every description and general debility. Price \$1 25.

ISLAND BALM, for weakness and consumptive complaints. Price \$1.

PULMONARY JELLY OR COUGH DROPS, for obstinate colds, coughs, phthisis and asthma. Price 37 1/2 cents per bottle.

PHYSICAL DROPS, for bilious complaints, violent headache, worms and teething in children. Price 25 cents per bottle.

LINIMENT GORDAKIAN, for the rheumatism, sprains, swellings, bruises and chilblains. Price 25 cents per bottle.

STRENGTHENING PLASTER, for pains in the side, back and limbs. Price 25 cents per box.

SALT RHEUM OINTMENT, for the salt rheum and all external humors. Price 25 cents per box.

PILE OINTMENT, unrivalled for the cure of the piles. Price 25 cents per box.

DR. GORDAK gives general satisfaction in all chronic diseases that are curable, and never flatters the public, like many others, to cure impossibilities. The most of those who have tried his Medicines have received general satisfaction.

Certificates may be seen at his office, No 57 Hanover street, six doors above Union street, nearly opposite the First Baptist Meeting-house and Friend street, Boston.

Dr. G. can be consulted at his office, from 8 o'clock, A. M. until 8 P. M.

Individuals who have been imposed upon by counterfeit medicines, are requested to give me timely notice that I may publicly expose such frauds, whether it originated from a retailer or counterfeiter.

WILLIAM GORDAK.

The above Medicines are for sale at the Store of the authorized Agent in this town.

Quincy, Feb. 12. JOHN BRIESLER, Agent.

Winter Fashions.

SUSANNA S. MARSH respectfully informs her friends and customers, that she has just received her winter fashions, with a splendid assortment of Winter RIBBONS; also, some very rich Velvet

Ebenezer B. Hersey.  
HOUSE, SHIP, SIGN, AND FANCY PAINTER AND GRAINER.

THE subscriber, grateful for past favors, takes this method to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has removed to his Shop on Coddington Street, nearly opposite the Town Hall, where he may be found ready to execute all orders for HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, GRAINING, Etc.

in a manner which cannot fail to suit. Particular attention paid to HOUSE PAINTING.

SIGN PAINTING,  
done handsomer and cheaper than at any other Establishment in town.

ORNAMENTAL PAINTING executed in a workman-like manner.

GRAINING or Painting in imitation of all kinds of Wood, Marble and Stone, in a style surpassed by none.

Glazing, Gilding, Coloring, etc., as usual.

PAINTS AND OILS, of the best quality, wholesale and retail, and as cheap as they can be purchased in Boston.

N. B. The subscriber wishes to be understood that he will WORK AS CHEAP AS ANY ONE ELSE, and will warrant satisfaction.

Quincy, Jan. 7.

Removal—Painting Business.

COACH, CHAISE, SIGN

AND

HOUSE PAINTING;

GILDING, GRAINING,

PAPERING & GLAZING,

&c. &c.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has taken the shop formerly occupied by Thaddeus W. Cross, where he will carry on the

PAINTING BUSINESS

in all its various branches, and hopes by strict attention to receive public patronage.

N. B. All kinds of GRAINING done at short notice and in good style.

As he relies upon a test to prove his advertisement to be correct in all particulars, he hopes the public will give him a chance for trial.

Quincy, Dec. 31.

Dry Goods.

E. PACKARD has on hand and for sale low, a good assortment of FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY

BEAVERS—Plain, Diamond and Waved.

BROADCLOTHS—Black, Blue Black, Green, Brown and Drab.

CASSIMERES—Bk., Blue, Lavender and Drab.

DOESKINS, Sattines, VESTINGS, VELVETS, Tailors' Trimmings,

Alpacas, Alpines, Printed & Plain Merinos.

SAXONIES, MOUS. de LAINES, CAMBLETEENS, FLANNELS, CROCKING, CALICOES, GINGHAMS, HOSIERY.

TABLE COVERS, TICKINGS, CAMBRICS, LINENS, GLOVES, CRASH, SHIRTINGS, SHEETINGS, YARN, DIAPERS, VICTORIA ROBES, Surtout Cambrics, Polished Wadding, Domestic do.

Muslins, Laces, Edgings, Insertings, Cotton Velvets, Linen Hdkfs., Silk do. Buff Sheetings, Salisbury FLANNEL, India Rubbers, Muffs, Surtout Cambrics, Polished Wadding, Cotton Batting, Lace Veils,

Together with a great variety of small articles constituting a full stock, which it is scarcely necessary to say, will be sold low, for that is now the order of the day.

Quincy, Nov. 12.

Good and Cheap for Cash.

MARSH'S TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,  
Near the Railway House, Milton.

A FIRST RATE assortment of Goods, suitable for the season, comprising the following:—BEAVERS—Plain, Diamond and Double Waved; PILOTS—Blue, Invisible Green, etc., etc., for Winter Frocks and Surtouts;

ENGLISH, FRENCH, GERMAN AND AMERICAN SUPERFINE CLOTHS, of different colors and fine texture.

A good assortment of VESTINGS, comprising first rate Black Silk Velvet, Super Wool and Plaid Velvets; Figured and Plain SATINS, Light and Dark rich Silk Fancy Vestings.

Super Wool Dyed English, French and American CASSIMERES AND DOESKINS; FANCY AND COMMON CASSIMERES.

The above articles will be made up at the following low prices in first rate style.

SURTOUTS, for Frocks and Coats, \$14 00 to \$24 00

SUPER BLACK DRESS OR FROCK COATS, 13 00 to 25 00

VELVET VESTS, 4 00 to 5 50

FANCY SILK AND SATIN VESTS, 3 00 to 4 50

GOOD BLACK CASSIMERE PANTS, 5 00 to 7 00

DOE SKIN PANTS, 5 00 to 8 50

GOOD COMMON PANTS, 4 00

A good assortment of Dress and Frock Coats, Velvet and Fancy Vests, Pants, etc., etc., that will be sold cheap, all custom made and warranted good.

The subscriber feels satisfied he need only say that his business shall be managed in the prompt manner that he has heretofore conducted it, and hopes by a continuation of the same, to merit the patronage of a liberal community.

Particular attention paid to CUTTING of Garments for Gentlemen who furnish their own cloth.

FALL AND WINTER FASHIONS by late arrivals

Milton, Near Railway House, Oct. 22.

ALFRED S. MARSH.

Extensive Assortment of Fall and Winter Goods.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & CO., having recently made large purchases of Fall and Winter Goods, are enabled with their former stock to offer for sale as great an assortment of Goods as can be found in any Store in the city or country, and all of which will be sold CHEAP for cash or approved credit. Among which are the following:—

Waxed, Diamond and Plain BEAVER CLOTHS, for Frock and Over Coats.

English and French and American BROADCLOTHS—superfine, medium and low priced—for Dress Coats.

Black, Blue Black, Blue and Fancy Colors.

DOE SKINS and CASSIMERES, all qualities and colors, for Pants.

SATINETTS, all colors and qualities. Rich Figured Velvet, Sattin and other VESTINGS.

Superfine Mole Skin and Fur HATS. Fur and Cloth CAPS.

Gloves, Stocks, Linen Collars and Bosoms, Black Italian Cravats.

FOR THE LADIES.

Superfine French Thibet MERINOES—Colors, Black, Blue, Black Dahlia and Mulberry—very beautiful English Merinos, a full assortment.

Silk Warp ALPACAS and ALPINES—Black, Blue Black and Fancy Colors.

Plain and Figured MOUSLIN DE LAINES and SAXONIES.

English and French and American PRINTS, a good assortment.

Edinboro' PLAID and MERINO SHAWLS.

Bleached and Unbleached SHIRTINGS and SHEETINGS, very low.

BED TICKINGS, Rose and Whitney BLANKETS and BED COMFORTERS.

Silk, Woolen, Mohair and Worsted HOSE. Kid, Silk, and Mohair GLOVES.

WHITE FLANNELS 3/4, 7/8, 4/4 & 5/4. Red, Green and Yellow do Red, Green & White Twilled do.

MUFFS, NECK COMFORTERS, FRINGE for trimming Cloaks. Also, a good assortment of BOOTS and SHOES, CROCKERY, GLASS and CHINA WARE, HARD WARE and CUTLERY, WEST INDIA GOODS and GROCERIES.

Quincy, Dec. 4.

Extensive Cloth and Clothing Establishment.

New Fall and Winter Goods.

CALROW & COMPANY,

Corner of Elm and Hanover Streets, Boston.

HAVING made extensive arrangements for the Fall and Winter Season, in the purchase of Goods, we are now prepared to offer to the public,

Clothing,

at prices less than any other Establishment in the city, and at the same time, the style of Making, Trimming and Fit inferior to none.

Our Stock consists of

SUPER LONDON, GERMAN AND AMERICAN PILOT, BEAVER AND ASPHALTUM CLOTHS.

Of plain, figured, double waved, corded, and fancy colors, and of the most select styles.

BLACK, BLUE, RUFFLE and INVISIBLE GREEN, LONDON SMOKE, LIGHT AND DARK OLIVES AND BROWN BROADCLOTHS.

SUPER WOOL DYED BLACK GERMAN CASSIMERES AND DOESKINS, retaining their colors.

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN ELASTIC DOESKINS, AND FANCY AND COMMON CASSIMERES.

The above Goods comprise some of the most elegant styles for the coming season.

SUPER WOOL AND PLAID VELVETS.

RICH CASHMERE, THIBET, FIGURED AND PLAIN SATINS AND SILKS.

VALENCIA AND COMMON VESTINGS.

Cutting the same

Ready Made Clothing.

SURTOOTS, OPERA CLOAKS, SACKS, PELLOTTES, DRESS AND FROCK COATS, COPIES, SPENCERS, JACKETS, PLAIN AND GAITER PANTS, FASHIONABLE VESTS &c. &c.

The above Clothing is manufactured of the very best Stock and Trimmings, and cut in that style that distinguishes our Garments from those that are vended in the numerous Shop Shops; and although we do not by strict and personal attention and economical expenses, we defy competition in prices, durability or style of workmanship.

To strangers visiting the city we would say, that by calling at this establishment, they can have their Garments manufactured at twelve hours notice.

The strictest attention paid to making and trimming, and a fit warranted in all cases or the price of the Cloth refunded.

The public are invited to call and examine for themselves.

Corner of Elm and Hanover Streets.

Quincy, Oct. 8.

Plaid Veto Shawls,

A NEW article of 8-4 and 9-4 for the winter wear, for sale at MANLEY & BRAMHALL'S.

Boston, Oct. 1.

Cloths for Over Coats.

PILLOT, Asphaltum and Beaver cloths a great variety at MANLEY & BRAMHALL'S.

Boston, Oct. 1.

24 Dock Square.

## BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of THOMAS R. DASCOMB, of Dorchester, a Bankrupt.

NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Assignee.  
Milton, Jan. 21. 3w 2004

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of JAMES HILDRETH of Dorchester, a Bankrupt.

NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Assignee.  
Milton, Jan. 21. 3w 2007

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of STEPHEN MOULTON, Jr. of Milton a Bankrupt.

NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Assignee.  
Milton, Jan. 21. 3w 2007

In Bankruptcy.  
United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this ninth day of January, A. D. 1843.  
—Upon the Petition of

BENJAMIN PAGE,  
of Cohasset, in said District, yeoman, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition, will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the THIRD TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 23. 2w 2644

In Bankruptcy.  
United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this fifth day of January, A. D. 1843.  
—Upon the Petition of

EDWARD L. STEVENS,  
of Dorchester, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof.

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 28. 2w 2081

In Bankruptcy.  
United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this eighteenth day of January, A. D. 1843.  
—Upon the petition of

CHARLES CUSHING,  
of Dorchester, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof.

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition, at



# QUINCY PATRIOT.

Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store, in Hancock Street.

NUMBER 6.

QUINCY, (MASS.) SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1843.

VOLUME 7.

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NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Assignee.  
Milton, Jan. 21. 3w 2004

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of JAMES HILDRETH of Dorchester, a Bankrupt.  
NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Assignee.  
Milton, Jan. 21. 3w 2007

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this ninth day of January, A. D. 1843.

—Upon the Petition of

**BENJAMIN PAGE.**

of Cohasset, in said District, yeoman, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered.—That a hearing on the said Petition, will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the THIRD TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 25. 2w 2044

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this fifth day of January, A. D. 1843.

—Upon the Petition of

**EDWARD L. STEVENS.**

of Dorchester, in the County of Norfolk, in said District, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof.

Ordered.—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 25. 2w 2051

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this eighteenth day of January, A. D. 1843.

—Upon the petition of

**CHARLES CUSHING.**

of Dorchester, in the County of Norfolk, in said District, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof.

Ordered.—That a hearing will be had on the said petition, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Jan. 25. 2w 2137

## Premium Britannia Ware.

THE undersigned, newly opposite the Neponset House, have supplied themselves with the very superior Britannia Ware from the manufactory of Rowell & Gleason, Esq., comprising a splendid variety of patterns of TEA POTS, COFFEE POTS, LAMPS, TUMBLERS, PORRINGER, etc., etc., which they offer for sale to the trade at the manufacturer's prices, and at low prices at retail.

Also—For sale GLASS, CROCKERY, TIN and JAPANESE WARE.

Also—PAINTS, OIL, GLASS, PAPER HANGINGS and PUTTY.

**WEST INDIA GOODS & GROCERIES.**

All of which will be sold on good terms.

**BACON & BAIRD.**

Dorchester, (Neponset Village,) April 17. if

## Muffs! Muffs!!

**JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.** have just received a good assortment, some of them are very handsome, which they offer for sale at prices corresponding to the times.

Quincy, Dec. 24. if

## General Auction Depot.

No. 7 State Street, (opposite the Post Office.)

**BOSTON.**

SALES EVERY EVENING IN THE WEEK.

**DAY SALES—TUESDAY and FRIDAY.**

**NORTON & LUTHER,** Auction and Commission Merchants, respectfully tender their services to the public and solicit a share of patronage.

At their Evening Sales may be had great bargains in DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, FANCY ARTICLES, etc., etc.

At their Day Sales, FURNITURE can be purchased at much less than the cost of manufacture.

Liberal advances made on consignments.

Nov. 5. if

## Domestics.

**EXETER SHEETINGS,** Family do, Merimac do, Appleton do.

Appleton Shirtings, Waltham do, Striped do, For sale at the Agents' prices by

**MANLEY & BRIMHALL.**

Boston, Sept. 10. if 24 Dock Square.

## Christ Church Seminary.

UNDER the charge of the Rev. Mr. Robinson is now open for the reception of a limited number of Girls and Boys.

Application may be made at the School Room, or at the residence of Rev. Mr. Robinson.

Quincy, Nov. 5. if

## Young Ladies' School.

**MISS PACKARD** has commenced her Fall and Winter Term.

Further information obtained by calling at the house of Mr. William Packard, Hancock Street.

Quincy, April 2. if

## Brigham Eye-House.

**GOODS** of all descriptions Cleaned, Dyed and Finished, in the best manner and at the lowest prices.

Goods or orders left at the store of the subscribers will receive immediate attention, and no charges for sending bundles to or from the Eye-House.

All Goods wanted to give satisfaction.

**JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.**

Quincy, March 12. if

**JOHN A. GREEN,**

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

## CONDITIONS.

TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance—Two Dollars and FIFTY CENTS if not paid till the end of six months—THREE DOLLARS if delayed till the expiration of the year.

No subscription, or advertisement, will be stopped previous to the payment of all arrearages, unless at the option of the proprietor. When subscribers wish their papers stopped, they will notify the publisher to that effect and at the time their subscription expires. Every subscriber will be held responsible for the payment of his paper so long as it is sent to his address at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where he may have ordered it, until legally notified to the contrary.

Advertisements, correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices. The number of insertions required must be marked on the advertisement, otherwise they will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business; and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all legal advertisements, and advertisements of unusual sales, sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates.

Business letters and communications addressed to the Editor, postage paid, will receive early attention. Single copies of the paper, SIX CENTS.

## AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions.

<b>JOSIAH BABCOCK, Jr.</b> Quincy Railway. Stone Quarries. Dorchester.	<b>ORIN P. BACON.</b> Fisher A. Kingsbury. Jacob Threlkeld, Jr. Samuel D. Hayden. Joseph Cleverly. Samuel A. Turner. N. B. Osborne. Freeman Hunt.
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## MISCELLANY.

### THE WILL.

It was on a cold, murky evening in the month of November, that I was seated in one of the suite of apartments which constituted my office. A comfortable fire puffing in a grate, whose enormous dimensions, betokened a relationship to those of olden time; whilst a pair of candles, embedded in a shade, afforded sufficient light for the pursuance of my accustomed avocations.

But though every thing was *au fait* for business, my mind felt indisposed for labor of any description. A fit of listlessness fettered my hand, and the pen lay neglected by my side.

This feeling existed, not in consequence of any ailment that afflicted my outward or inward man, but of one of those "coming events" that cast their shadows before us; for, in truth and I hope the reader will make due allowance for my situation, I was to be married on the following morn.

My busy imagination, therefore, found full employment in conjuring to the mental eye scenes of peerless pleasure—a castle securely perched on the summit of the mountain of ambition, where Elysian fields, redolent in fruitfulness and beauty, stretched on all sides, bounded by no possible horizon; where nightingales sang all the year round, beneath a sky whose azure was untinted by aught wearing a darker hue. And if, as some times occurred, the spectre—cold reality—intruded himself and produced a concussion of nature which overwhelmed the immaculate structure, the properties of the phantasm were such, that a new one, not a whit inferior to its predecessor, immediately emerged from the ruins.

But my cogitations were rudely disturbed by an eager and continuous knock at the room door. The usual summons of "come in" introduced a middle-aged woman, apparently in the lower ranks of life. Her splashed garments and flushed features evidenced that she had walked speedily, from some distant part of the town. The errand was quickly explained. An old man, a near neighbor of the good woman, had been rapidly declining for a considerable time. With the greatest distress apparent in his solitary situation he had, nevertheless as long as possible, disclaimed all proffered assistance; but now reduced to the final stage of the disease, he had entreated her to request my personal attendance.

One guess satisfied me that the purport of the application was the preparation of a will; but I in vain endeavored to probe why my particular person was preferred to that of any other attorney, many of whom lived much nearer. However, as such extremities brook no delay, I shook off dull sloth, and prepared to accompany my guide.

Whilst collecting materials indispensable for the engrossment of a testamentary document—to wit: pens, ink, paper, and sealing-wax—I questioned the female as to the description of the party; but beyond the surname "Brooks," could obtain no information. Leaving, consequently the mystery to be unraveled by time, attended by her, I descended to the pavement.

We progressed quickly and in silence through several streets. The rain was pouring down—to use the language of common parlance, per chance somewhat exaggerated—in buckets full; but no coach, cab, or "bus" was at hand, and we were compelled to plough through the miry slough frequently ankle-deep, in a composition whose component parts could not be easily distinguished. Here and there, in our onward course, we perceived a passerby, in like plight, advancing in a manner somewhat resembling that practiced at a steep-chase; but with these few exceptions, all living beings were snugly housed. By the time the streaming current had forced the barrier of a great coat acting as the engine upon a flame, by reducing to nonentity the cloud-capped towers and gorgeous palaces of my formed visions.

After pacing for nearly an hour through filthy lanes and alleys, situated in parts totally unknown to me, we at length stopped before a house whose dilapidated appearance bore testimony to the fact that it had been deserted as untenable in the reign of "our good Queen Bess."

"Surely," said I, "we are not about to enter here?"

This building is uninhabited."

"You are mistaken," said my conductress, "the invalid resides in this place."

"Any where rather than in the rain," was a principle by this time fully established; so preceded by the female, I groped my way in utter darkness through a long passage, to a ladder supplying the

place and purpose of a staircase. A candle "serving but to show the gloom," was now to be perceived glimmering through a loophole in the ceiling; and on clambering towards our beacon, we arrived in a kind of false room, designated as a "chamber." Never shall I forget the scene of squalid misery that saluted our entrance. On a box, beneath a window, filled with rags instead of glass, stood a flickering ruslight within the remnant of a bottle, whose side still legibly retained the words "Warren's Blacking." A few dying embers explained the destined use of a cracked stove, and the floor, destitute of a chair and carpet, was strewn with the remains of aliment and medicine accumulated during a six week's illness. The sufferer himself whose shrivelled features retained the look of acute agony, and whose fleshless hand ever and anon twitched the covered with restless effort, lay on a pallet of straw in that state of lethargy necessarily produced by the use of opiates freely administered. Though our admission could not be effected without considerable disturbance, the sick man still slumbered heavily, and with the peculiar "twang" which foretells the triumph of consumption over its enfeebled victim.

But soon a step was heard beneath, advancing towards the ladder with a directness that denoted a knowledge of the locality.

The sleeper, impervious to every other sound, seemed to notice the stranger's approach, and manifested increased uneasiness. Passing his hand with nervous impetuosity over his forehead, he uttered a deep-drawn sigh, and awoke.

Without requiring explanation or announcement, the invalid recognized me, but remarking a footstep ascending the stair, with great agitation demanded whose it was. Before the kind-hearted neighbor could reply, a young man rushed in. His step, though not unsteady, was influenced by recent intoxication, and his countenance and demeanor bore evident marks of reckless dissipation.

But his *beau ideal* was rendered still more unfavorable by the dirty finery in which he was bedecked. Advancing towards the almost stupefied patient, he burst out in a paroxysm of rage and indignation.

"Tom C—," said he mentioning by name one of his boon companions, whom it appeared he had recently left, "has advised me to demand some money instant. So fork out, old fellow. Why should I starve whilst my old miserly father has enough and to spare? You would have pined yourself if the woman had not taken pity on you."

"Go away," said the dying man, "go away; Go, pray leave me."

"I won't until you cash up, if I remain in this filthy den all night," was the answer of the inhuman son.

Sensible of the delicacy of my position, I endeavored to allay his animosity, but received in return only contumely and reproach, coupled with a command from the braggart to begone immediately, or rue the consequences.

I could not, as a professional man, and of course on no other consideration, think of leaving my client whilst an infuriated mad-man remained with him, so remembering the proverb, "Iron will not strike fire against wool," I strove by peaceable measures to restrain his boisterous spirit, but all in vain; he reiterated his demands upon his father, using his own odious flash phraseology, "to tip the blunt," and upon me, "to make myself scarce."

At last, his supply of invectives being exhausted, there was a momentary silence. During this interval, a most wonderful change was wrought in the manner, I might say character, of the sick man. As the eagle, hovering in mid-air, ready to pounce on his victim, so death seemed to have retarded his downward course, and with the like intent, to make destruction still more certain. Raising himself on his couch, and stretching towards me a paper which he took from beneath his head, he requested in a voice singularly firm, and without a remnant of the emotion recently exhibited, that it might be read aloud.

"I would willingly," added he, "have spared my son the humiliation of hearing this; but as it is, so let it be. And you, sir," turning to the young man, who stood astonished to hear his father speak thus, "listen attentively, for it is the last boon you shall ever receive from my hand."

I took the sheet, a single glance sufficed to assure me of the authenticity and legality of the composition. With a voice rendered husky by the feelings engendered in such a scene, I read aloud the will, and never was auditory more attentive. The female sat, hands clasped before, and her extending attitude denoting mingled interest and curiosity. The young man, in sullen antagonism, leaned with his back against the smoke-recked wall; and the miser (for such he really was), with his whole soul riveted upon the subject, seemed eager to absorb each word as it was uttered, although to him "a thrice told tale."

The document, after setting forth the untidulous conduct of an adopted son, stated the intention of the testator to bequeath his all, amounting to the sum of twenty thousand pounds, to his legitimate though neglected daughter, Lucy Brooks, otherwise Dawes, of Tower street.

"Lucy Dawes," said I, forgetting the identity of the parties was not wholly established and that I was not wholly ignorant of the person present: "Lucy Dawes is my betrothed, and our marriage is to be consummated to-morrow."

"I know it," said the old man, and a smile played over his grim and ghastly features.

"And is she truly your daughter?" I answered, perfectly bewildered.

"Truly."

"Let me, then, fetch her. She would gladly contribute to smooth your dying pillow."

"No, no!" shrieked the sufferer; "hear me. I desire she should remain in ignorance of her parent's situation until this body shall be gathered to the dust. Oh! I could not bear to see one, whom I once wickedly disclaimed. Look kindly on me—listen! You know Lucy not except as a foundling relieved by a stranger's generosity. Her mother, a patient angel, whom she never knew, died by my hand. Yes! why look so earnestly! She was starved to save paltry gold. I remember how the infant smiled, unconscious of aught of evil. I intended to reform the error of my ways, but still the demon tempted. A sordid love of lucre prevailed on me, to save myself expense, by leaving the innocent child in the open street, alone and unprotected."

As he spoke these words, the cold perspiration rolled from his withered brow; but making a strong effort to subdue the fire that raged within, the unhappy being continued more calmly.

"Dire compunction, however, was soon at hand.

To stifle remorse, I befriended an orphan boy, and taught him to call me father—a name unused to my ears. But as you see, he has since a viper, an ungrateful wretch. A short time since, I discovered that my daughter still lived, indebted for life and sustenance to a gentleman named Dawes, and that she was shortly to be wedded to a young solicitor. How I shuddered at the contrast betwixt my baseness and their compassion! I sought you out. You are aware of the rest."

"Allow me," said I deeply affected, "at least to remove you to some better situation, were kind attention might palliate some of your sufferings."

"No, no!" said he hurriedly, "I enjoin you to leave me as you found me. No change is desired, save from this chamber to the grave."

I nominally yielded to his compulsory mandate, but resolved, as soon as I could decently depart, to seek medical assistance and my betrothed.

In the meantime, the youth, completely sobered, and, with a face of ashy paleness, approached the bed.

You might have left me a shilling to buy a halter with," said he, with a sarcastic smile.

"If you live much longer," bitterly retorted the old man, "you'll be saved the expense of buying one for yourself, and may it be so!" laying a horrid emphasis on the concluding words.

The young man for a moment glanced wildly round the room, as if in search of something; and then loudly prolonging the word "Amen," for the last time left the place and presence of his adopted father.

I watched him as he departed. His eyes sparkled with a phrenzy almost supernatural; his visage was distorted by the inward workings of passion, desperate and firmly implanted. With steps such as madmen are wont to take, he strode away, and gliding down the ladder, dashed out of the house.

What were the thoughts of the invalid? I turned to observe. He was dead! Without a groan or a sigh, his spirit had returned to the God who gave it.

With feelings wherein horror and surprise were strangely blended, I directed my steps towards Tower street. The rain, though abated, still pattered disagreeably. It was very dark. I was completely ignorant of that part of the metropolis, and my clothes were clinging to my back.

But the faculty of recollection banished all troublesome sensations, and roused me to exertion. The whole distance was threaded with facility, and I soon arrived at Mr. Dawes's door. Here I paused awhile to collect my scattered ideas, and determined upon the course requisite touching an explanation of the melancholly catastrophe. Glancing about me, I espied, at a short distance, a human figure standing beneath an archway, in a position nearly concealed from observation by a projection of the wall, but beyond the passing moment it failed to attract my attention, as I fancied, from the rapidity the ground was traversed, no clue had been left by which, even if any one felt so disposed, my steps could have been traced.

My pale and exhausted looks, on being ushered into the presence of the family, attracted the attention of all. But how shall I describe the sensation caused by my recital? Every eye was turned upon the speaker. Every ear hearkened to his narration. Poor Lucy! the principal of the *dramatis personæ*, listened motionless as a statue, and with an earnestness that almost terrified us. Not a muscle moved; but as the last word escaped my lips, her cheek blanched, and she fainted.

The clock in the Mint had just tolled the hour of twelve as I turned towards my bachelor's abode. The postponement of the nuptials had been deemed inevitable for the preservation of decency; but though the delay ill-compensated by the receipt of a fortune, I cannot affirm that any reflections upon the latter event added ought to my gloom.

Thus musing, I chanced accidentally to glance my eye towards the arch-way before mentioned, and to my astonishment, beheld the individual still ensconced in the same position. He must, I thought, have taken up his abode there for the night; but the drizzling rain which still fell belied the supposition. My conjectures, however, directly diverged into another channel; for halting at the corner of the street, I witnessed him emerge from his obscurity, and evidently, though at a considerable distance, watch my movements.

For once I was alarmed, and endeavored to escape the unknown spy; but, although I broke into a run, whenever an opportunity occurred for observation, his dim outline might be discerned still hanging on my course.

Just in this nick of time, a policeman who stood at the entrance of a lane, enveloped in the customary accoutrements of nocturnal service, turned his light full upon me. An idea suggesting itself, I whispered, "A stranger is tracking my path—watch him!"

The man who, as it afterwards appeared, knew me, touched his hat, turned the opaque side of his lantern outwards, and I walked on.

I had now arrived within a street of my own home, and began to imagine my fears groundless. The spectre which haunted me had seemingly departed. But at this very moment, testing the fallacy of my surmises, a man rushed from the opposite side of the road, and dealt a furious blow on my head with a bludgeon. Fortunately, my hat, completely saturated, was no longer "a gossamer," and fatal effects must have ensued. We clashed and fell, struggling for the mastery; but the combat was shortly decided by the arrival of the constable, who had attended to my directions. Being disabled, owing to the stroke, from successfully grappling with my powerful antagonist, in whose person I now painfully recognized the younger Brooks, he cluded my grasp, and ran away, pursued by the policeman.

As the echo of their feet died on my ear, I rose, stiff and faint, from the damp ground, blaming my own folly in not escaping danger by demanding the protection and company of the policeman; but, contrariwise, I reflected the simplicity that would have been manifested on my part, had it been a causeless alarm.

I was awakened the next morning by the violent ringing of a bell. For a short time my wandering intellects refused obedience. The events of the previous evening seemed but as a dream, that vanished—the baseless fabric of a vision." But a violent pain in my head, and the voice of my servant, dispelled the illusion.

"There is a man," said he, "who has discovered the lifeless body of a person in the Paddington Canal, and requires its identification with the one who attacked you yesterday."

What remains need scarcely be told. It was he; and may he who stands in need of the moral which this short narrative teaches—*Learn to practice it.*

## For the Quincy Patriot.

### WEST DISTRICT AWAKE!

Forth stood the Demon's Advocate,  
The giant form, athletic;  
With spirit's ether in his pate,  
His brain became magnetic;  
With zig-zag strides he rent the shroud  
Where urchins daily enter;  
The Master Spirit in the crowd—  
The critic's son and centre.  
Self-enlightened the generous friend—  
The orphan's grief assuager—  
The first to virtue's ear to bend—  
The worthy West-End Major—  
In classic strains, sublime and chaste,  
Four'd forth his claim so fully,  
Congenial spirits loath'd the taste;  
"I would shame a broiled bully.  
With frothy eloquence he sped  
His ear where rummies know him;  
Amid the crowd a cap's head,  
Even by the 'suffragan' he led."  
"I'm friend of temperance," hear him shout,  
And 'moral suasion' sounding;  
Annoyed by doctors, kicks them out,  
While bible texts expounding.  
Cold water cried, with swelling phiz,  
"Your logic's right, as feather;  
For whosoever's the carcass is,  
Even there the eagles gather."

What Sage that whose mental flash,  
Bursts on the world—astounding;  
Mark! once again, the mighty crash—  
The nation's law expounding.  
Ye poets and latins debate,  
And Daniel Webster cower;  
Look! see—the West-End Captain shake  
The State and nation's power.  
A noble friend of temperance, he—  
The Major's colleague—champion;  
"I would not crush the poor and free,"  
Loud shouts the gallant Captain.  
"This 'license law,' is hard—unjust—  
'Tis against the Constitution!"  
So all have legal rights, in trust,  
To practice rum pollution.  
Hold—hold—hence Captain!—go to school,  
Where studied Paddy Cady;  
Behold! thyself a supple tool,  
Complain of 'rum-sell' led!"

Mr. Editor—Agreeably to the call, published in the Quincy Patriot, of Jan. 28th ult., a meeting of the Electors of the West District was held in their School House, on Thursday evening, the 2d instant, to take into consideration the subject of the traffic in intoxicating liquors within the District; and although the weather was very cold, the meeting was well attended, and much interest and animation were manifested on the occasion; and we, the friends of temperance, enjoyed a rich moral treat.

The meeting was called to order by Justin Spear, Esq., by whom the call for the meeting was read from the Quincy Patriot.

The meeting was then organized by the choice of Ezra Badger as Chairman, and Joseph French as Clerk. The Preamble and Resolution, which were published in the Quincy Patriot, were read by S. F. Fowler, by whom a motion was made which was carried, that we take up and act upon each Resolution separately, but as we took no notes on the occasion, I am obliged to report entirely from memory and shall not attempt to do more than give a brief synopsis of the proceedings; and this I do for the good of the temperance reform, and also to inform the other District in this town, and the public at large, what we have done and what we mean to do in future, in relation to this all-important subject. And, although we have had the unenviable reputation of having at least one of the worst rum-holes in town, that we, the citizens, have at last opened our eyes and roused our long-lain dormant energies, and have arisen in our majesty and are determined to rout this devastating scourge from our otherwise moral and happy District.

The Resolutions were thoroughly discussed, and passed almost unanimously, and passed entire with but one exception, and that the first, which proposed forming ourselves into an "Association," for the suppression of the intoxicating drink traffic, was so unanimously rejected, that we, the citizens of the West District, will use all moral and legal measures in our power, to rout the traffic of intoxicating liquors from our District."

As the advocates of the *critter* were not promptly "on hand" at the commencement of the proceedings, Justin Spear, Esq., assumed the position of a rum advocate, and in an ingenious and happy manner, *burlesqued* the arguments of the friends of the monster, which excited much amusement, and drew out an interesting and animated debate. He thought (in *burlesque*) that the Preamble was too severe, and reflected unjustly upon some individual residents of the District; that there were no persons in the District so devoid of the better feelings of our common humanity, as was stated in the Preamble.

S. F. Fowler, who rose in reply, and to sustain the position of the Preamble, thought that the statements in the Preamble, strong and severe as the gentleman supposed them to be, were, nevertheless, true to the letter; and he cited to individual cases (names being withheld), in which it was morally certain that the statements complained of, were mild and lenient, compared with the facts in the case.

Mr. Spear next thought that strong and unjust insinuations were thrown out against the fair sex—some of the women of our district, as being implicated in the rum traffic, and that we, as citizens, should repel such unjust insinuations.

Mr. Fowler contended, in reply, that from his own personal observations, which were considerable, and from the statements of persons of veracity, and various circumstances and facts which had come to his knowledge, that the facts in the case, came fully up to the statements in the Preamble.

Mr. Spear still contended that the accusations of which he complained, were far from being true, and called for more evidence of their truth.

John A. Simpson thought that if the gentleman had lived where he does, and had seen the miserable wretches of humanity who passed his residence with tin pails, jugs, bottles, and other vessels, containing rum; and had also heard the declarations that he had, from some of them, of the whereabouts of their rendezvous, that he would not ask for more proof of the position of the Preamble.

William Trask stated that from the collection of facts and nice calculations and observations, he was confident—yes, morally certain—that at least fifty barrels of rum were carried yearly from a certain house in this District.

Mr. Fowler thought that from the proximity of his residence to a certain house in this District, and from his business relations, which brought him in direct and frequent contact with the same, that Messrs. Simpson and Trask had not overwrought their truth.

The paragraphs of the Preamble were severally passed. The Resolutions were taken up, debated and passed, in the due routine of business.

William D. Gray made some appropriate remarks upon the nature of the first Resolution, and subsequently made a motion to amend the same, so as



Mr. Fowler thought that the old adage was true, that "like causes produce like effects," and that the "pumpkin" poem had captured a pumpkin head. The Major's speech was so contradictory that it refuted itself, and needed no reply; that although he had denied that he (Fowler) had used moral suasion with him, he affirmed that he had, and that the Major had unwittingly acknowledged it. As the Major was so much in favor of moral suasion, he would give a sample of his practical moral suasion. The Major had told him (Mr. Fowler) that he had been much annoyed by drunken loafers about his house and premises; and that he, to get rid of them, kicked them out and d-d them off. He (Mr. Fowler) thought that the Major convicted himself of an untruth about selling rum; and also, of cruelty and a want of moral suasion, by "kicking the poor drunkard out," which reminded him of the Bible text, that—"Whosoever the carcass is, there will the eagles be gathered together."

Mr. Spear made an eloquent and thrilling appeal to all good citizens to come up to the work and sustain the majesty of the law against the evil traffickers.

Some further remarks were made by the Chairman, Mr. Badger, Messrs. W. D. Gray, William Trask, J. B. Packard and L. R. Pratt, all strongly commendatory of moral suasion with the inebriate, as the only means of reaching and reclaiming him, and also of extending moral suasion to the rum seller, until moral suasion with him ceases to be a virtue; when it becomes the duty of all good citizens to sustain the majesty of the law.

The evening having far advanced, a motion was made by Mr. Fowler, and decided in the affirmative, to choose a Committee of Vigilance consisting of five members, who, by day or night, "pencially" as they can—forcibly if they must, to carry the resolutions into effect, with power to call another meeting of the citizens whenever they shall deem the same expedient.

Chose for said Committee, Levi B. Pratt, Chairman; William Trask, Lemuel S. Crosby, John A. Simpson and Peter Donahoe.

Subsequently, a motion was made by Thomas Nottage, that two be added to this Committee. Decided in the affirmative.

Chose Joshua B. Packard and Enoch J. Danforth.

A motion was made by Justin Spear, Esq., to choose a Committee of three, to obtain as soon as practicable, the services of the celebrated temperance lecturer, George Haddock, to lecture in our School-house. Decided in the affirmative.

Chose Stephen F. Fowler, William D. Gray and Ezra Badger, said Committee.

Voted—That that this meeting now dissolve.

Mr. Editor—I write this imperfect sketch at the solicitation of several genuine friends of the temperance reform. Yours, COLD WATER.

For the Quincy Patriot.

#### ANTI-SLAVERY MEETING.

The eleventh annual meeting of the Massachusetts Anti-Slavery Society was held on Wednesday, the 25th ult., in Faneuil Hall, and continued there by adjournment, for three days and evenings, with the exception of one evening in the Representatives' Hall. The annual report was very interesting, the reading of which occupied three hours. Resolutions, relating to the union of the North and South, were discussed by able speakers, which occupied one day and a half.

The meeting in the State House on Thursday evening was crowded to overflowing. Speakers were present from New York, Connecticut, Rhode Island, and New Hampshire; also, Rev. Hiram Wilson, a missionary to the fugitives from slavery in Canada. Resolutions relating to the connection of the church with slavery; to the petition of Daniel O'Connell, Father Mathew, and sixty thousand others, in Ireland, to their countrymen in America, exhorting them to lend their aid to the Anti-Slavery cause, was adopted. Mr. Campbell, an Irishman, spoke with much eloquence in favor of the latter resolution.

The meetings were all well attended. On Friday evening, the ninth session, the immense Hall was well filled, in the gallery and below. A Resolution recommending the whig party not to nominate Henry Clay, a slave holder, as candidate for President, was discussed. The audience were entertained by songs from the celebrated Hutchinson family, of New Hampshire, who gave a lively interest to the meeting during its whole session. Wendell Phillips, Edmund Quincy, George Bradburn and Charles L. Remond, were among the speakers of this State.

"Speed on the blissful hour,  
When stripes and chains shall cease,  
And rescued millions own thy power,  
Triumphant Prince of Peace." H. W. B.

For the Quincy Patriot.

#### LETTER FROM BOSTON.

Boston, February 9th, 1843.  
Sabbath in Boston—Bankrupt Law—Bankrupts in Massachusetts—Legislature—Sheriff for Norfolk County and his Deputies—Legislative proceedings—Sleighting—the Storm.

I have passed a Sabbath in Boston, and if I have not been made better by witnessing how well and reverently this holy day is kept here, I am at least strengthened in the belief that the sabbatical institution is eminently adapted for the happiness and improvement of man. We relax our cares from business—seek the sanctuary of the domestic circle. We aim at greater purity on that day than any other of the seven, if greater attention to personal cleanliness is an emblem of purity of mind. We are more intellectual and more spiritual on Sunday than a week day, because the mind and the soul is more operated upon by study and meditation. It is the day of mind, of prayer and converse with Heaven, and God be praised, it is so. It is a day of equality, the humblest subject of a realm resting with the Prince, and the inmate of charity reposing with the millionaire. It is a day of public worship in which are congregated in the earthly temples of God supplicants for divine grace, and from which in all christendom proceed glory, honor and praise in the highest. In this city are no less than seventy edifices devoted to divine worship.

The United States Bankrupt Law is likely to go unrepelled this session, if we may judge by the movements of the Senate on the question. In this District, so far, the number of Bankrupts is three thousand, and the amount received from them, one hundred and forty-three thousand dollars, nearly all of which has been absorbed in fees, the creditors receiving extremely small dividends. A more unjust statute never was created in this country. Its unconditional repeal is demanded on all sides.

The business of State Legislation is slowly progressing here. In the Senate, the repeal of the insolvent law and the intermarriage law have passed to be considered. The House will doubtless concur. The subject of retrenchment in our State expenditures is now under consideration and will be so for many days. You need not expect the Legislature to rise before the tenth of next month.

The nomination of Mr. Mann as Sheriff of Norfolk County was this day confirmed by the Governor's Council. Mr. Mann resides in Dedham, is the jailor and crier of our courts, and stands well for talents and integrity. I have reason to believe the selection of his deputies will be, well grounded evidence of qualification and the expression of public opinion in their favor more than any partisan predilection, at least I hope so.

It is due to our Legislature to say, that since the delivery of Governor Morton's excellent address on the 17th ult., from that day the working session of the Legislature may be fairly said to have commenced. A system of retrenchment is fairly under way, which, if adopted, thirty thousand dollars per annum will be saved without injury to the interests of the State or injustice to individuals. Efforts are making to abolish the board of Bank Commissioners, and to reduce the expense of the Adjutant General's office two thousand dollars per year. Then again the invaluable right of suffrage has been discussed, and measures proposed to extend it as widely as possible, limiting the poll tax to fifty cents, and requiring none on persons under twenty years of age. The election law is likely to be so altered that a man can deposit his ballot folded or open, at his pleasure, and can vote for whom he chooses in secrecy. The cause of public education engrosses its share of attention from the Legislature, so that the school fund shall never be misapplied. And the great subject of extinguishing the public debt of Massachusetts, which is twelve hundred thousand dollars for money expended in eight years over its revenues, and five millions of State script which has been issued, the security being on Railroad Corporations, is also under serious consideration. Upon the whole, the General Court is at work on these great reforms in good earnest.

We have excellent sleighing, which has revived business. Fires and accidents are of frequent occurrence here. The storm of Sunday was severe, and it was feared would be disastrous to navigation on our coast. One schooner is ashore on Nantasket Beach, crew saved. The masts, spars and stern boat of a brig came ashore about a mile from Warrick's, on the beach, and a brig totally dismantled, was seen at anchor near Minot's Lodge.

Yours, etc., TRI MOUNTAIN.

#### QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, FEB. 11, 1843.

John A. Green, Editor.

PRIMARY SCHOOLS. We had supposed that genius was exhausted in the manufacture of School Books; that the ground had been thoroughly examined and that nothing more could be gathered. But a little work which we have just seen, "The Primary School Reader—Part First," has convinced us, that we were never more in error. Every one, who has given any attention to the subject, is aware that an important part of the duty devolved upon the masters of our grammar schools is to correct bad habits of articulation; and almost every one must have observed with how little success. How few, even of our best speakers, articulate distinctly; how few there are who do not "run words into each other"; sink the sound of important letters or clip terminations, thereby rendering their language indistinct and often unintelligible. This defect, contracted in the Primary School, is seldom eradicated by the most unvaried exertions in the higher schools; and it causes beside a great loss of time to the scholar and the master which might and ought to be otherwise employed.

The little work before us goes on the plan that "an ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," and we cannot but think that, if generally adopted, it will render essential service to the cause of education. The author is William D. Swan of Dorchester, "Principal of the Mayhew School, Boston," and we hope that he will find sufficient encouragement to induce the production of Part Second at an early day. It is reasonable to suppose that a man who has done one thing so well will not fail in a second attempt.

The School Committees in our County will, we trust, take measures to introduce this new system into our Primary Schools without delay.

The "Primary School Reader" is published in Boston by the well known house of C. C. Little and James Brown, whose names upon the title page are strong prima facie evidence of merit.

A "WORKING" MAN. The editor of the United States Gazette, who is now in Washington, writing letters to his editorial chair in Philadelphia, gives the following sketch of a master working man:—"Walking out rather early one morning, I was struck by the earnestness with which certain laborers were pulling down an old fence, and opening drains. They seemed to be under the guidance of an overseer, who was also an aid, as he plied head and shoulders in the work, transferring to his coat, hat, and pantaloons, the remainder whitewash of the boards, and a sample of the earth removed from the drains. When the job was finished, the principal laborer raised himself to depart. I looked closely at him—it was the President of the United States, John Tyler. Long may the head of the nation be a working man, and long may he aid and assist the working men.

NEW PAPER. We have just received a number of the Livingstone Express, a hebdomadal lately started at Mount Morris (N. Y.) by Messrs. L. G. Wisner & G. B. Phelps. We discover in its columns no political or sectarian bias, and infer that it is designed to be strictly a family newspaper, independently speaking of politics, religion, and moral reforms. From an acquaintance with the junior partner of the firm, we have no hesitation in commending the enterprise to the most liberal patronage of the community where our friend is located, believing that his tact and talents every way qualify him to make an interesting and valuable sheet.

"PUB. DOC." For the continued attention of Ex-President Adams, in forwarding to us important Congressional documents, we return him our humble thanks.

A HARD BATTLE. The Olive Branch says, that some time since, on a Sunday, the people passing a grain store on Front street, in Boston, heard an unusual noise. Many stopped, looked in, and beheld a weazel fighting rats. He fought bravely, and some fifty of the rats fell successively before the heroic weazel; every part of the store was sprinkled with blood; at last, however, the weazel became exhausted from the very labor of slaughtering his enemies, who being almost innumerable, dashed on their foe and killed him.

BETTER TIMES. The editor of the Boston Evening Bulletin has been informed by one of the oldest ship brokers in that city, "that at the present time there is not a single square rigged vessel in port that is not engaged." As the commerce of the country is the great wheel of business, and as this is now fairly set in motion, it is hoped that the smaller wheels of trade will soon begin to feel the impulse.

SECRETARY OF STATE. The editor of the Bay State Democrat, in acknowledging the reception of a package of "State documents" from the Secretary of the Commonwealth, remarks, that thus far, the present incumbent, "is to the full as obliging and attentive to the press, as his popular predecessor; let the press be as willing to respond." Perhaps our cotemporary of the Democrat may be attentively noticed in this respect, but we can assure him that as yet we have had no manifestations of that courtesy and attention which governed the late incumbent of that office in his transactions with the press throughout the State.

RAINFORD ISLAND. In a late Report made to the Legislature of this State, it is mentioned that Rainford Island was purchased in 1736 by the Selectmen of Boston, with money furnished by the Province of Massachusetts Bay, and was conveyed to the then Treasurer of the Province, in trust for the Province, and to be used as the site of a Hospital. The island has been used for the purpose specified in the grant ever since, and the expense has been borne jointly by the Commonwealth and the city of Boston, until two years ago, when the Commonwealth chose to retire from her share of the responsibility.

QUEER IDEAS. The Bunker Hill Aurora reports that Dr. J. V. C. Smith stated in a lecture, which he recently delivered before the Lyceum in Charlestown, "that in Quincy and Scituate are large forests, but a few feet beneath the surface of the earth, containing immense trees, unlike any which are now found in the vicinity; that these trees must be, at least, several hundreds of years old; charcoal is also found in large lots; by some mighty operation of nature the land must have settled and the trees became buried."

THE DOLLAR NEWSPAPER. It gives us pleasure to notice the appearance of this neat and interesting weekly sheet, the first number of which has lately reached our table, from our old friends, A. H. Simmons & Co., the projectors and late proprietors of the Ledger newspaper published in Philadelphia. Among the numerous cheap newspapers of the present day, none will compare with our friends' enterprise for neatness of execution, tact and ability in its editorial department, and in the general care and supervision to make it entertaining and useful. The most abundant success is our benison on this project.

BANK COMMISSIONERS. By an official statement from the State Treasurer of this Commonwealth, it appears that the following sums have been paid to the several Bank Commissioners for their services:—To Julius Rockwell, \$4,785 80; Jonathan Shove, \$8,814 10; Waldo Flint, 1,140 80; Warren Lovering, 5,401 90. Total, \$19,142 60.

ECCLESIASTICAL. Rev. John Gregory, at present pastor of the First Universalist Society in this place, has received and accepted an unanimous invitation from the First Universalist Society in Fall River, (Mass.) and will commence his labors in that place early in April ensuing.

COURT MARTIAL ON THE SOMERS AFFAIR. All the officers constituting the Court Martial have assembled on board the North Carolina, at New York, and the Court has been organized in form. Commander Mackenzie has two able lawyers as his counsel. The Judge Advocate is Wm. H. Norris of Baltimore, a young man of about five and twenty. The Court continue in session almost every day. Messrs. B. F. Butler and Charles O'Connor, by direction of Spencer's friends, requested to be admitted as counsel on the part of the prosecution, and also Alderman Scholes—probably by the same direction. The requests were refused by the Court.

LATIMER MEMORIAL. This petition to Congress contains forty-eight thousand names, all of which have been procured since November last, in this State. A committee of one from each Congressional District, has been appointed to take charge of this petition, and will in a few days proceed to execute the high trust confided to them. On their arrival at Washington City, the delegates will wait upon Ex President Adams, who has been unanimously selected to present the memorial to Congress. Rev. John M. Spear of Weymouth, is the delegate from this section of the State.

HIGH SHERIFF. J. N. E. Mann, Esq. of Dedham, who has been for several years past the Keeper of the Jail and House of Correction, has been appointed by the Governor, with the consent of the Council, Sheriff of Norfolk County, in place of John Baker, 2d., deceased. Mr. Mann has not yet made any appointment of Deputies.

QUINCY LYCEUM. Unavoidable circumstances prevented us from listening to the Poem which was delivered before this institution, last Wednesday evening, by Charles H. Pendleton. The theme of the Poem was King Philip of Mount Hope, and report speaks of the author's efforts as highly creditable to his poetic genius, especially the concluding part of it which is said to have been highly eloquent.

A CARD. We are requested by Apollas Randall, Esq., of Braintree, to state, that, while thankful for past manifestations of public confidence from his fellow-townsmen, he must positively decline being considered as a candidate for the office of Selectman the ensuing year.

TREASURER OF THE COMMONWEALTH. Hon. John Mills has taken the oath of office, and will enter upon the duties of his station as soon as the accounts of his predecessor can be audited.

ANTI-SLAVERY ADDRESS. H. B. Stanton Esq., of Boston, addressed the Abolition Society of this place and the public generally, last Saturday evening, upon the causes of the division which exists in the anti-slavery ranks. Prior engagements deprived us of the pleasure of hearing this able champion in the cause of humanity. Knowing the talents of the lecturer, we have no doubt that it was replete with eloquent language and conclusive arguments. We bespeak for Mr. Stanton, tomorrow evening, as will be seen by the notice, a full house. He is probably the most powerful advocate engaged in the cause.

CONGRESSIONAL. We find no business of particular interest transacted the past week in the national legislature. Considerable debate has taken place on several subjects, among them the Oregon question and repeal of the Bankrupt Law, but no definite action on any one question.

LEGISLATIVE. Our limits force us to be very brief in noticing the doings in the State legislature. The repeal of the intermarriage law has passed both branches, and we believe only requires the Governor's signature to become a law. The re-funding of Gen. Jackson's fine has occasioned much debate. The bill in relation to the rights of passengers in railroad cars has been voted down in the House, but a motion now lies on the table to reconsider this vote. Many petitions have been offered and orders submitted, and considerable debate had on questions of little general interest.

DEMOCRATIC FESTIVAL. The Morton supper came off in grand style, at Faneuil Hall, Boston, last Thursday evening. The arrangements were excellent—the tables were bountifully laden—and the numerous company seemed gratified with the efforts that had been made. Sentiments were given and remarks offered by Gov. Morton, Lieut. Gov. Childs, several members of the Council, Senate, and House of Representatives, and volunteer toasts followed in great abundance. Ex-President Van Buren, Gov. Dorr, and Gov. Fairfield, were prevented from attending by prior engagements. More anon.

PROBATE COURT. A session of this Court will be held in this place, on Tuesday next, at the house of Daniel French, Esq.

MAGNETISM. A friend desires us to state, that Messrs. E. W. & C. H. Wilder will deliver the last lecture of their course on Phreno-Magnetism, at the Hancock House, to-morrow (Saturday) evening, commencing at seven o'clock, when many interesting and novel experiments will be tried. Those who attend, it is believed, will never regret it. Last evening the experiments were very interesting.

SUMMARY OF INTELLIGENCE. A man was lately prosecuted, says the Bunker Hill Aurora, for running toll, and after a hearing of the case, he was fined five dollars, in default of which he was sent to jail,—all for one cent! The case affords food for reflection. For how small a sum of money may a man be incarcerated in jail!

The New York Express says it is now disclosed from the Treasury Department that Jesse Hoyt—the successor of Samuel Swartwout in the office of Collector of the Custom in New York—is a defaulter to the amount of two hundred and twenty-six thousand dollars.

On Saturday afternoon of last week, the Robbins-Cordage Factory, in Plymouth, took fire in the tarring room and all the buildings of the factory were destroyed, together with the stock and machinery contained in them. A large two story building adjacent to the factory was also burnt.

The Hon. Charles W. Ewing, formerly a member of Congress from Indiana, in a temporary fit of insanity, lately shot himself.

In the evening, recently, four children, who were supposed to be stealing wood from a wharf, in New York, were fired at with a gun loaded with shot, and all wounded; two of them dangerously.

At a late Dutch ball, in Milwaukee, (Ill.) one of the persons present choked another until his tongue protruded from his mouth, when, shocking to relate, it was bit off by a third person. It is believed that the unfortunate individual died next morning.

Fifty-seven voters of Montgomery County (Ohio,) have presented a memorial to the Legislature, representing that they are deterred from matrimony by the costs of the ceremony, and praying for a reduction of the fees.

There are in Wrentham, in this State, twenty-seven farmers, the oldest of whom is eighty-eight, and the youngest seventy years old. They are all heads of families, and most of them swing the scythe with their sons and their grandsons last summer.

Hon. Nathaniel Wood, (dem.) of Fitchburg, the gentleman who resigned his seat in the Senate of this State, has written an address to his constituents, giving his reasons for so doing.

A boy, twelve years of age, has been convicted, in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Alabama, of robbing the mail, and sentenced to the penitentiary of that State for the term of two years.

#### NOTICES.

Mr. William Seaver of Quincy, will deliver a lecture before the Quincy Lyceum, WEDNESDAY EVENING next, (Feb. 15th,) at the Town Hall, commencing at seven o'clock.

QUESTIONS FOR DISCUSSION.  
Ought Capital Punishment to be abolished?  
GEORGE BAXTER, Secretary.

The Washington Quarterly meeting will be held at the Town Hall, on THURSDAY, the 16th inst., at five o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the Officers, and as many of the Members as are disposed, are requested to meet for the transaction of business. At seven o'clock following, the public are requested to meet, at the same place, to listen to a lecture on Temperance.

A Collection will be taken up to defray the expenses of the evening.

S. F. FOWLER, Rec'g Sec'y.

Mr. Frederic Pope of Weymouth, will lecture before the Weymouth and Braintree Union Lyceum, MONDAY EVENING, (Feb. 13th,) at half past six o'clock.

CALVIN P. HINDS, Secretary.

Henry B. Stanton, Esq. of Boston, will lecture on Slavery, at the Evangelical Congregational Meeting-house, in this town, on SUNDAY EVENING, (Feb. 12th,) at half past six o'clock.

A meeting of the Quincy Abolition Society will be held at the Town Hall, on MONDAY EVENING, (Feb. 13th,) at two o'clock, for the transaction of important business.

An attendance is earnestly requested of every member of the Society, and all others who feel an interest in the anti-slavery cause are invited to attend.

Per order of the Managers.

The Ladies belonging to the Washington Fair are requested to meet at the Town Hall, on MONDAY AFTERNOON, (Feb. 13th,) at two o'clock, for the purpose of choosing a Committee to arrange the Fair in order for the Fair, and to transact such other business as may be expedient.

A punctual attendance is desired.

MURDER! MURDER!! MURDER!!! At all times will arouse the most stupid. Yet murders are daily perpetrated, which excite very little attention. Is not CONSUMPTION daily murdering thousands of human beings? Does not ASTHMA render life a burthen, and then destroy its victim? Does not BRONCHITIS paralyze the usefulness of many of our most eminent Divines and other public Speakers, to say nothing of the thousands of all ages and sexes who are swept into eternity by it? Millions of human beings sink down and die, by attacks of the above and similar affections of the lungs and throat. Fortunately for mankind, JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT has never been known to fail in giving relief, and has, in thousands of instances, effected permanent cures after all other means had failed.

Prepared and sold only by DR. D. JAYNE, No. 20 South THIRD STREET, Philadelphia.

For sale by CALEB GILL, Jr.

Feb. 4. 3w Quincy Bookstore.

The undersigned, Selectmen of Quincy, give notice that they will be in session at the Town Hall, every SATURDAY in each month, until further notice, from two to five o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having business with the Town are requested to present it on said days.

HENRY WOOD, BILLINGS BAILEY, JAMES NEWCOMB.

#### MARRIED.

In this town, 5th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Burrell, Mr. ANSON STETSON of Weymouth, to Miss HARRIET SPEAR of this place.

A liberal token of remembrance came with this notice. May their course through life flow on lovingly, peacefully and harmoniously—happy in each other, and conferring happiness upon all around them.

In Braintree, 9th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Perkins, Mr. Lawrence Richards to Miss Louisa Ann Brackett, both of this town.

In Cohasset, 5th inst., by Rev. Mr. Babcock, Capt. John W. Bates of Boston, to Miss Rebecca N., daughter of Leavitt Burbank, Esq., of the former place.

#### BANKRUPT NOTICE.

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of OZIAS D. DANIELS of Randolph, a Bankrupt.

AARON PRESCOTT, Assignee.

Randolph, Feb. 11. 3w

#### To be Let,

TWO convenient Dwelling Houses, with gardens and a good well of water, situated on Copeland Street. Possessions to be given the first of April.

Inquire of JOSIAH BASS.

#### To Let,

A PART of the Dwelling House, occupied by the subscriber, and suitable for a small family. Immediate possession given. Inquire of JOHN L. SOUTHER.

Quincy, Feb. 11. 4w

#### Notice.

ALL persons having demands against the Town of Quincy are requested to present them, on or before the 15th inst.; and all persons indebted to the Town are requested to pay the same to the subscribers on or before that time.

All persons indebted to the Almshouse are requested to pay the same to Urbane Cudworth, (Keeper of the Almshouse,) without delay, as all the Accounts must be settled by the 15th of this month.

HENRY WOOD, BILLINGS BAILEY, JAMES NEWCOMB, Selectmen of Quincy.

Quincy, Feb. 11. 2w

#### Cheapest Yet.

DAUBIGNE'S History of the Reformation, in three volumes, containing 1300 large duodecimo pages for ONE DOLLAR, for sale at the

QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, Feb. 11. 3w

#### In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this third day of February, A. D. 1843—Upon the Petition of

THOMAS O. PENNIMAN, of Braintree, in said District, to be declared bankrupt—Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the SECOND TUESDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.

Feb. 11. 2w 3034

#### In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—District.

ON this twenty-fifth day of January—Upon the Petition of

STEPHEN MOULT,

at the time of filing his petition to be declared bankrupt of Milton, in the County of Middlesex, in the County of Middlesex, who has been declared for a full discharge from all his debts the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate

Ordered—That a hearing will be had at the United States Court Room in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, all creditors who shall have proved other persons in interest may appear if any they have, why the said discharge should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.

Feb. 11. 2w

#### In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—District.

ON this twenty-seventh day of January—Upon the Petition of

HENRY B. COW,

of Weymouth, in the County of Middlesex, in the County of Middlesex, who has been declared for a full discharge from all his debts the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate

Ordered—That a hearing will be had at the United States Court Room in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, all creditors who shall have proved other persons in interest may appear if any they have, why the said certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.

Feb. 11. 2w

#### In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—District.

ON this thirtieth day of January—Upon the petition of

OZIAS D. DANIELS

of Randolph, in the County of Norfolk, in the County of Norfolk, who has been declared for a full discharge from all his debts the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate

Ordered—That a hearing will be had at the United States Court Room in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, all creditors who shall have proved other persons in interest may appear if any they have, why the said discharge should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.

Feb. 11. 2w

#### In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—District.

ON this third day of February, A. D. 1843—Upon the Petition of

JOSEPH BURRILL

of Quincy, in said District, to be declared bankrupt—Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room in said District,



## NOTICES.

Mr. William Sever of Quincy, will deliver a lecture before the Quincy Lyceum, WEDNESDAY EVENING next, (Feb. 15th.) at the Town Hall, commencing at seven o'clock.

QUESTION FOR DISCUSSION.  
Ought Capital Punishment to be abolished?  
GEORGE BAXTER, Secretary.

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An attendance is earnestly requested of every member of the Society, and all others who feel an interest in the anti-slavery cause are invited to attend.

Per order of the Managers.

The Ladies belonging to the Washingtonian Fair are requested to meet at the Town Hall, on MONDAY AFTERNOON, (Feb. 13th.) at two o'clock, for the purpose of choosing a Committee to arrange the Fair, and to transact such other business as may be expedient.

A punctual attendance is desired.

Those having donations to contribute for the Fair, money or articles, are requested to leave them at the residence of either the following persons—Benjamin Curtis, Charles A. Cummings, George W. Kenison.

Per order of the President

A. J. KENISON, Secretary.

MURDER! MURDER!! MURDER!!! At all times will arouse the most rapid. Yet murders are daily perpetrated, which excite very little attention. Is not CONSUMPTION daily murdering thousands of human beings? Does not ASTHMA render life a burden, and then destroy its victim? Does not BRONCHITIS paralyze the usefulness of many of our most eminent Divines and other public Speakers, by so nothing of the thousands of all ages and sexes who are swept into eternity by it? Millions of human beings sink down and die, by attacks of the above and similar affections of the lungs and throat. Fortunately for mankind, JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT has never been known to fail in giving relief, and has, in thousands of instances, effected permanent cures after all other means had failed.

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HENRY WOOD,  
BILLINGS BAILEY,  
JAMES NEWCOMB.

MARRIED.

In this town, 5th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Burrell, Mr. ANSON SPENCER of Weymouth, to Miss HARRIET STARK of this place.

A liberal token of remembrance came with this notice. May their course through life flow on lovingly, peacefully and harmoniously—happy in each other, and conferring happiness upon all around them.

In Braintree, 9th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Perkins, Mr. Lawrence Richards to Miss Louisa Ann Brackett, both of this town.

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Randolph, Feb. 11. 3w

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Quincy, Feb. 11. 4w

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PART of the Dwelling House, occupied by the subscriber, and suitable for a small family. Immediate possession given.

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Quincy, Feb. 11. 2w

Cheapest Yet.

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In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this third day of February, A. D. 1843—Upon the Petition of

THOMAS O. PENNIMAN,

of Braintree, in said District, to be declared bankrupt—

Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the SECOND TUESDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.

Feb. 11. 2w 2571

For Sale,

TWO Horse Sleds. Inquire of

JOSEPH G. BRACKETT.

Quincy, Feb. 11. 1w

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.

Feb. 11. 2w 3034

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United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

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# QUINCY PATRIOT.

Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store, in Hancock Street.

NUMBER 7.

QUINCY, (MASS.) SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1843.

VOLUME 7.

## BANKRUPT NOTICE.

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of HENRY B. COWING of Weymouth, a Bankrupt. LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Assignee. Weymouth, Feb. 4. 3w

### In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District. Jan. 26th, 1843.

UPON the Petition of LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Assignee of the estate of

### NATHANIEL MAY,

of Braintree, who has been declared Bankrupt, praying for leave to sell certain estate and property, and to compound and settle a certain demand, set forth in the schedule annexed to the said petition. It is ordered by the Court, that a hearing of the said petitioner, will be had on the SECOND TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, when and where all creditors, the Bankrupt, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause (if any they have) why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk of the Court. Feb. 4. 1w 1257

### In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District. Jan. 27th, 1843.

UPON the Petition of LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Assignee of the estate of

### ANCEL STODDARD,

of Braintree, who has been declared Bankrupt, praying for leave to sell certain estate and property, set forth in the schedule annexed to the said petition. It is ordered by the Court, that a hearing of the said petitioner, will be had on the SECOND TUESDAY of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, when and where all creditors, the Bankrupt, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause (if any they have) why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk of the Court. Feb. 4. 1w 433

### In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this twenty-seventh day of January, A. D. 1843. —Upon the Petition of

### THOMAS R. DASCOMB,

of Dorchester, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof.

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. Feb. 4. 2w 2004

### In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this twenty-third day of January, A. D. 1843. —Upon the Petition of

### EDWARD M. PAGE,

of Quincy, in said District, stone-cutter, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition, will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the SECOND TUESDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. Feb. 4. 2w 2788

## Premium Britannia Ware.

THE subscribers, nearly opposite the Neponset House, have supplied themselves with the very superior Britannia Ware from the manufactory of Roswell Gleason, Esq., comprising a splendid variety of patterns of TEA POTS, COFFEE POTS, LAMPS, TUMBLERS, FOKKINGERS, etc., etc., which they offer for sale to the trade at the manufacturer's prices, and at low prices at retail.

Also—For sale GLASS, CROCKERY, TIN and JAPANESE WARE.

Also—PAINTS, OIL, GLASS, PAPER HANGINGS and PUTTY.

WEST INDIA GOODS & GROCERIES.

All of which will be sold on good terms.

BACON & BAIRD. Dorchester, (Neponset Village,) April 17. 1f

## General Auction Depot.

No. 7 State Street, (opposite the Post Office), BOSTON.

SALES EVERY EVENING IN THE WEEK.

DAY SALES—TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.

NORTON & LUTHER, Auction and Commission Merchants, respectfully tender their services to the public and solicit a share of patronage.

At their Evening Sales may be had great bargains in DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, FANCY ARTICLES, etc., etc.

At their Day Sales, FURNITURE can be purchased at much less than the cost of manufacture.

Liberal advances made on consignments.

Nov. 5. 1f

## Domestic.

EXETER SHEETINGS, Family do, Merino do, Appleton do.

For sale at the Agent's prices by

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## Christ Church Seminary.

UNDER the charge of the Rev. Mr. Robinson is now open for the reception of a limited number of Girls and Boys.

Application may be made at the School Room, or at the residence of Rev. Mr. Robinson.

Quincy, Nov. 5. 1f

## Young Ladies' School.

MISS PACKARD has commenced her Fall and Winter Term.

Further information obtained by calling at the house of Mr. William Packard, Hancock Street.

Quincy, April 2. 1y

## Bingham Dy-House.

GOODS of all descriptions Cleaned, Dyed and Finished, in the best manner and at the lowest prices.

Goods or orders left at the store of the subscribers will receive immediate attention, and no charges for sending bundles to or from the Dy-House.

All Goods warranted to give satisfaction.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. Quincy, March 19. 1f

## JOHN A. GREEN,

EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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Single copies of the paper, Six CENTS.

### AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions.

JOSIAH BARBOCK, Jr. Quincy Railway.  
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## MISCELLANY.

### THE EMBROIDERED SLIPPERS.

How shrilly the storm whistles around the corners of the streets or howls down the chimney; and hark to the sleet pattering furiously against the casement. Oh! the poor—what sufferings must be theirs on such a night as this!

The speaker was one in whom such language would have seemed to common ears strange. He was a man of great gentleness, almost amounting to softness, and his broad forehead and handsome face betrayed none of the furrows of care. Rich, courteous, and as yet a stranger to sorrow, Charles Harcourt had still a heart open to the miseries of his less favored fellow beings, and now, as he sat before the fire in that luxurious parlor, his thoughts turned involuntarily to the homeless outcasts who might be wandering in the streets. His words were partly to a lady who sat opposite to him on the sofa, her delicate foot buried in the soft velvet Turkey carpet, and her jeweled hand resting ostentatiously on the arm of the seat beside her. She was dressed fashionably and with exquisite taste. Her face was lovely, surpassingly lovely, with regular features, and eyes, eyebrows, and nose, all of which she had inherited from her mother, a face crossed her brow, fastened in front by a diamond of great price, which blazed and flickered like a star. It was evident from the look with which Harcourt turned towards her, that his heart had been touched, if not overcome by her beauty. She returned his fond look and replied:

Yes! poor wretches—I fear enough has not been done for them this winter. You don't know, Mr. Harcourt, how my heart has been, during the explorations I have lately been making among the lanes and alleys of the suburbs. Such scenes of destitution and sickness! Oh, I shudder even to recur to them; and she covered her eyes with her hands, as if to shut out some disagreeable object. Harcourt's eyes expressed deeper admiration at this evocation of her sympathy; and had they been alone, perhaps his feelings would have hurried him into the declaration he had been long meditating. But there was a third person in the room, whom we have hitherto forgotten, though to be thus postponed to her cousin was the usual fate of Edith Melville. And yet, when one came to look at her, the causes of this neglect seemed doubtful. True, she was not so splendidly beautiful as Clara, but her soft, dove-like eyes shone with an expression which seemed more angelic than earthly; and her whole countenance impressed the beholder with feelings of purity and awe. She was sitting at a table, a little apart, busily plying her needle; and seemed to take no part in the conversation, though when her cousin answered Harcourt, she started and looked up, first at her and then at him, catching the expression on his face, she turned deadly pale. Bending over her work, she hid her feelings, she remained silent and almost unconscious of what was going on, until Harcourt rose to take his leave.

You have been quite still to-night, Edith, he said, but I attribute it all to that beautiful pair of slippers you are working. I never knew before you loved embroidery.

Edith blushed, and without raising her eyes, replied, quietly.

They are not for myself! Harcourt colored, and it was evident from his manner, that what he heard was, from some cause, disagreeable to him. He looked inquiringly at Clara, and then answered.

Whoever the person is, Miss Edith, he has great reason to be proud, and would be even more so if he knew how devoted you have been to your work; and without waiting for a reply, he bowed to both ladies and left the room without noticing the flash of triumph in Clara's eye. The instant the door closed on him, Edith sprang from her seat, and left the parlor by the opposite entrance, while Clara flung herself again on the sofa, and following her cousin with her looks, burst, when she had departed, into a clear, ringing, exultant laugh. Edith, the instant she left the parlor, burst into tears, and hurrying up stairs, looked herself into her room. Then flinging herself passionately on her bed, she wept as if her heart would break.

Oh! cruel, cruel, she added, to tell me I am working the slippers for another, when only he is in my heart. He little knows that I am embroidering them to raise a few dollars to assist nurse in her poverty. And Clara! heartless Clara!—to talk about her sympathy for the destitute, when she would do nothing for our almost second mother, who is now sick and in poverty. Could Charles only know the truth! and she wept afresh.

This is a strange request, said the matron, but as you seem honest, and wish the money for charity, I will accede to your terms if you give me your name and residence.

There was a pause, as if a struggle was going on in the other's breast; then she asked for a piece of paper to write her address.

Miss Edith Melville, said the matron, in some surprise, I have often heard of her, though I do not know her personally. Surely, Miss, there is

some mistake here. That lady is, if I mistake not, the niece of Mr. Townley.

But Harcourt had arisen from his seat, for now recognizing the voice of Edith, he was about to enter the shop. He checked himself however; and the matron hearing him rise, fortunately left the shop to see if he wished her. In a few hurried words he told her to buy the slippers, placing his purse in her hand. He then waited until Edith had left the shop, when he followed her at a safe distance, until she entered a narrow lane, and passed into a dirty, rickety house. He could not resist going after her, and cautiously opening the door, saw her approach the bedside of an invalid old woman.

God bless you, Miss Edith, she fondly said, your visit is the only comfort I now have.

I know it, I know it, God bless you, an angel as you are. And so Clara is not well, else surely she would come to see me, after my dying request.

Edith avoided an answer, which Harcourt noticed, though the invalid did not. He had seen enough, and gently withdrawing from the door, was soon in the street.

How have I misjudged this angel! And Clara, oh! how I loathe her hypocrisy. I cannot believe she is sick, but I will go at once and see.

Harcourt found Clara at home, and to an enquiry about her health, she declared she had never been better in her life. Convinced of her duplicity, he departed, grateful for her escape, and resolving to give his hand and fortune to Edith, if she would accept them. What her answer was, our readers, who know her feelings can imagine.

How I wronged you, dearest, said Harcourt to his young bride, a day or two after their marriage, at that concert, when you gave nothing, while Clara threw in her ring. I little thought what sacrifices you were making at that very moment.

Poor Clara! said Edith, looking fondly up to her husband.

### GIVE ME BACK MY HUSBAND.

Not many years since a young married couple from the far 'fast anchored isle,' sought our shores with the most sanguine anticipations of prosperity and happiness. They had begun to realize more than they had seen to the visions of hope, when in an evil hour, the husband was tempted to 'look upon the wine when it was red,' and to taste of it 'when it gave its color in the cup.' The charmer fastened around his victim all the serpent spells of his sorcery, and he fell; and at every step of his rapid degradation, from the map to the brute, and Godhead, a heart string broke in the bosom companion.

Finally, with the last spark of hope flickering on the altar of her heart, she threaded her way into one of those shambles where man is made such a thing as the beasts of the field would bellow at. She pressed her way through the bacchanalian revel, and what had she done for her noble form? With her bosom full of that perilous stuff that preys upon the heart, she stood before the pander of her husband's destiny, and exclaimed in tones of startling anguish, 'Give me back my husband!'

'There's your husband,' said the man as he pointed towards the prostrate wretch. 'That my husband! What have you done to him! That my husband! What have you done to that noble form that once like a giant oak, held its protecting shade over the fragile vine that clung to it for support and shelter? That my husband! With what torpedo chill have you touched the sinews of that manly arm? That my husband! What have you done to that noble brow, which he once wore high among his fellows, and if he bore the supercilious of the Godhead? That my husband! What have you done to that eye, with which he was wont to look erect on heaven, and see in his mirror the image of his God. What Egyptian drug have you poured into his veins, and turned the rumbling fountains of his heart into black, bitter, and burning pitch? Give me back my husband! Undo your basilisk spells, and give me back the man that stood with me by the altar!'

The ears of the rumpler, ever since the first demi-john of that burning liquid was opened upon our shores, have been saluted at every stage of his traffic, with just such appeals as this. Such wives, such widows and mothers, such fatherless children as never mourned in Israel at the massacre of Beth-lehem, or at the burning of the Temple, have cried in his ears, morning, night, and evening, 'Give me back my husband! Give me back my father! Give me back my boy! Give me back my brother!'

But has the rumpler been confounded or speechless at these appeals? No! not he. He could show his credentials at a moment's notice with proud defiance. He always carried in his pocket a written absolution for all he had done and could do in his work of destruction. He had bought a letter of indulgence—I mean a license! a precious instrument, signed and sealed by an authority stronger and more respectable than the Pope's. He could found! Why! the whole artillery of civil power was ready to open in his defence and support. Thus shielded by the arms of the law, he had nothing to fear from the enemies of the traffic. He had the image and superscription of Caesar in his credentials, and unto Caesar he appealed; and unto Caesar too, his victims appealed, and appealed in vain.

Washingtonians! need I say that you are the last court of these appeals? that the forlorn hope of the cause is now centred upon your exertions? How the strongest statutes of human legislation have sunk into ridiculous impotence, when opposed to the progress of this mighty ruin? How have you four then mere characters written in the sand, compared with the sublime and eternal principles of that law which you have illustrated and enforced in this great work of philanthropy, the law of sympathy and love, a law enacted in heaven to fill earth with the perpetual sunshine of its bliss, and to make the fellows of angels! And, brethren, during your short experience, have you ever found this law of love an inadequate substitute for all the legal institutions of human wisdom.

Suppose at the outset of this great reformation, you had been clothed with all the authority of human law; what would have become of the thousand happy homes which you have made to smile again where the searing fires of rum had left the black

desolation of Sodom? Suppose you had exchanged the bible for the statute book, and the principles of the gospel for the institutions of man, what would have become of those husbands, fathers, brothers, and sons, which you have, this year, given to hearts bruised and broken by their fall!

Go on, then; carry out this grand and simple system of the gospel, until the world shall see their infinite aptitude for all the emergencies and relations of human life and society; until it shall induce that millennial consummation, when nations shall accept it as a substitute for human legislation, and abrogate the laws which produced and perpetuated such monstrous inequalities in the commonwealth of humanity.

### For the Quincy Patriot.

### OBITUARY NOTICES.

In these days, scarcely have the clouds of the valley covered the body of one blessed with kindred, ere some sympathizing friend seeks to lighten the deep dispensation of grief by passing an extravagant eulogium upon the character of the deceased, as if, forsooth, to 'heal a wounded spirit' by touching a chord of vanity. This seems to me like decking out a corpse in the gaudy vesture of life and gaiety, that the dazzling splendor of the winding sheet may shut out the remembrance of the ghastly form wrapped up within; like painting the pall and the bier to turn off the thoughts of lookers on from the stern reality that they gaze upon the dead. Yet these highly wrought pictures of departed excellence serve not to lessen the sorrow of the real mourner, for every new virtue, every undiscovered bright spot, adds another pang to the already thrilling anguish of the bereaved spirit. He who is truly afflicted, grieves more, because himself and a world have lost more. But it is the wrong inflicted upon community which I wish especially to notice. The true object of sketches of the dead is to benefit society by presenting a true picture of the lives of men. If then these sketches are false, if the dead are represented as good, if those whose lives have been marred by more of imperfection than sin, the lives of most others, are represented as remarkable for consistency of life and example, we teach false lessons; we hold up a mirror reflecting a false image; we defeat every good end which obituaries can answer.

Another error is in over-painting the harmony and beauty of a really graceful and exalted character; in exhibiting an imaginary standard, an ideal of excellence which is never attained; which has naught to do with life as it is—the life through which we are forced to jostle on, and in which, day by day, we must meet and buffet stubborn realities. Far be it from me to bate one jot or tittle the true worth of any man, nor would I call up from their dim resting place in the past, every fault and blemish; but if the character of the dead is to be delineated as it really was, let us be true to death changes not vice to virtue, nor deformity to beauty.

### For the Quincy Patriot.

### CAUTION TO NOVICES.

There are many in this and other towns, disposed to experiment in the use of Animal Magnetism, who are not sufficiently conversant with its nature or its laws. This is not as it should be.

The following case is worth consideration. A novice had succeeded in producing the magnetic sleep upon a subject—(the operator had attempted many times before, and merely from curiosity.) But he found upon trial that he could not control the subject, nor yet wake him up. Another and skillful operator was immediately sent for. After much exertion, the subject awoke, but complained of fatigue, of pains, and a stiffness in the limbs. The subject was then put into the magnetic state by the operator who had succeeded in awakening him, and when he awoke, he was immediately after he was asked how he felt; he said, quite well. The most skillful and intelligent may sometimes fail, and if they are not successful always, it should caution others never to attempt to produce a state of feeling in another which they may find difficult to control in themselves.

If an individual, having health, a knowledge of the rules of operating, and a heart for the work, is disposed to operate, let him commence with the sick, but let him not attempt to produce the magnetic sleep nor any of its attendant phenomena. In this way they might avoid evil, and if they are guided by benevolence, and the patient is not incommenced by the operation, they may do much to benefit mankind.

It is not well to magnetize an individual in a promiscuous company, nor should it be done at any time excepting in presence of a third person. That person who submits to be magnetized by another of whose health and abilities he is not well assured, runs a hazard far more dangerous than the patient who merely swallows the nostrums of a quack of whom he knows nothing.

The person magnetized should know, that just so far as the operation is successful, just so far he receives the impress of the operator's heart. The mental disposition of the magnetizer has every thing to do with the impression made on the person magnetized. Of this fact we are well convinced, having had many demonstrations which leave no room for even the shadow of a doubt. All therefore should understand what results may follow and those which do always follow the influence which is exerted upon them by Animal Magnetism. That influence should be good, and nothing but good; but this will depend, of course, upon the health, skill and motives of the operator. Therefore, let the operator be healthy, skillful, and, above all, benevolent.

### For the Quincy Patriot.

### ANTI-SLAVERY ADDRESS.

Henry B. Stanton's lecture on slavery, in this town, on Sabbath evening last, was well attended and listened to as usual with much interest and fixed attention by the audience. He remarked, that notwithstanding all that had been said and published on this subject, the question was still before the people, and he proposed to discuss it. 'What have the North to do with slavery—what concern have we, who breathe the free mountain air of New England, with the peculiar institutions of the South?'

To answer the objection implied in this question was the main object of his remarks.

He said that it was now universally conceded in the North, that slavery was not only a great evil, but a sin which ought to be abandoned, and yet, many still maintain that it is a matter with which the North have no right whatever to interfere. Were this a small evil—some town or county af-

fair—it would not be of so much importance to the nation. But the cruel wrong of slavery spread over more than one half of the United States, making one in every six of her inhabitants, created in the image of God, mere chattels to be bought and sold in the market. The United States were bound together in one great body, and so numerous were its ramifications, that when any one portion of the system suffered, the other parts must necessarily suffer with it.

Could a man, asked the speaker, have a distressing complaint in one arm and the other experience no pain? Slavery sent its Upas poison through every vein, artery and vessel of the body politic. It fastened itself like a blood-leech upon the North, drawing from its inhabitants a large portion of her strength. A sin of such enormity must necessarily affect injuriously all who were in any way connected with it.

'What has the North to do with slavery?' Look at the District of Columbia. This is under the entire control of Congress; the laws are made by the nation, by Representatives of the North as well as the South. If there were any place in the whole country where the air of freedom should be breathed in its purity, that place should be where the nation had erected its temple of liberty. And yet at the very time our venerable townsmen was lifting up his shrill voice in that temple amid the dashing foam of the angry waves around him, advocating the sacred right of petition, almost within the sound of his own voice could be heard the auctioneer's hammer, the clanking of chains, and the lamentations and wailings of crushed humanity. That District was the great central mart of the domestic slave trade. To carry on its operations, Congress had erected five prisons at an expense of over one hundred and twenty-five thousand dollars from the public money—money that came from the pockets of the North as well as the South. In these men, women and children were confined, for no crime whatever but the color of their skin which the Almighty had painted thereon, till a large number could be collected and they were then put on board a ship and carried around to New Orleans or driven like horses and cattle overland to a southern market. And have we of the North, said the speaker, nothing to do in this matter? Must we refrain from raising our voice against such a prostitution of the public money—against such an abominable though peculiar institution?

We present an anomalous spectacle to the world. We are sending bibles and missionaries to pagan nations, while at the same time, we debar, by severe penal laws, one sixth part of our own population from reading the bible. Have we much to do with the heathen abroad and nothing with the heathen at home? Must we always crouch to the haughty and despotic spirit of the South, generated, nurtured and perfected by slavery and manifested with such brazen front in Congress and other places? Shall we tamely permit Massachusetts to become a slave hunting ground?

Slavery was an enormous injury to the South. To show this, the speaker in graphic language, drew a contrast between Massachusetts and Virginia in four particulars, viz, agriculture, manufactures, commerce and education. Massachusetts, with a soil by nature poor, hard and ungenerous, had by assiduous cultivation become to a great extent rich and productive; while Virginia, with a soil in many places very fertile, had been made barren as the desert. Factories and manufactures had been erected in all parts of Massachusetts. Her streams, as they leaped from her hills and mountains, were made to work their passage to the ocean, while the products of their labor were sent throughout the South and West. In Virginia, a thousand rivers rolled down each side of the noble blue ridge for a great distance, unimpaired in all their course to the plains beneath, when they sought their way to the ocean with an indolence like that of the listless, lazy inhabitants upon their banks.

The commerce of Massachusetts extended to all the nations on the globe. Her sails whitened every sea, while the commerce of Virginia consisted mainly in a few dark, worn out vessels, which kept creaking idly in the spring near the coast, laden with garden vegetables for the New York market.

In regard to education, it was stated, that one in every twelve of the white adult population of Virginia could neither read nor write, while the proportion in Massachusetts was only one in five hundred. There was no common school system like that of New England, in which the causes of abolition and temperance, were predicated, if Providence shall spare his life and health, that his influence will yet be felt in the councils of the nation.

Some of Mr. Stanton's figures were truly beautiful, and portions of his lecture glowed with the spirit of genuine eloquence. He has recently, we understand, engaged in the practice of law in Boston, but yields, when his professional duties will permit, to the numerous and urgent invitations which his popular talents and eloquence call forth from the city and country, to plead the causes of abolition and temperance.

We predict, if Providence shall spare his life and health, that his influence will yet be felt in the councils of the nation.

### For the Quincy Patriot.

There is nothing more desirable, or more worthy of our attention, than education. If there is anything that adorns, augments and renders more pleasant to us, it certainly is this above all things else; it gives to our nobler powers all the perfections which they are capable of possessing; improves our understanding and heart, and in a word it will enable us to discharge the several functions to which the order of divine providence shall call us. It is to man what the compass is to a ship; she may have her masts, sails, rigging, and all things nicely adapted for a long and prosperous voyage; but let her put to sea deprived of this director, and her value, her ability to glide 'swiftly over the ocean's wave' would but hurry her on the more rapidly to shipwreck and ruin. Thus it is with the human understanding. Unless we are supplied with the compass of knowledge to direct our course amid the storms and tempests of life, how can we imagine that our voyage will be a prosperous one? How can we be assured that this frail bark of ours will not ere long be led into the seductive circle of the vicious and profligate, founder amid the raging storms of excitement, or be dashed to pieces upon the bars and quicksands of infidelity. The only surety that we have, is to store the mind with erudition and science.

This is an acquirement which exalts the orator above the unrefined of mankind, and almost above humanity itself; it renders him in a measure the guide and arbiter of the world. It is this that



For the Quincy Patriot.

## THE MORTON FESTIVAL.

The Ball and Supper at the Hancock House, in this town, on the evening of the 10th inst., was attended by a very large number of ladies and gentlemen, and the evening passed pleasantly and happily away. Music and dancing was continued to a late hour, and morn began to break before all the company had retired to their homes. About eleven o'clock, the company partook of a sumptuous repast provided by that prince of landlords, Mr. George H. French, and during the dessert, the assembly was addressed by William S. Morton, Esq., in a felicitous and eloquent manner, who concluded his remarks with the following sentiment:

*The occasion we celebrate—May each returning year rejoice the hearts of the people with the triumph of democratic principles.*

## REGULAR TOASTS.

1. *Marcus Morton*—The able champion of democracy. Though the whigs may throw obstructions in the way of reform, yet we hope during his administration to sustain the credit of old Massachusetts.

2. *Thomas Jefferson*—The author of the Declaration of Independence and the great apostle of democracy; his memory is embalmed in the hearts of his countrymen.

3. *Andrew Jackson*—In 1815, he humbled the proud flag of England; in 1829, he nailed to the mast the flag of democracy.

4. *The tornado of 1840*—Like an event in the history of Havver Tummion's wife, it proved to be a thing but wind.

5. *The Representative from Hull*—Like the last nail in the hull of the old ship Massachusetts, it has proved a clincher.

6. *The Representative from Eastham*—Though assailed by the malignant clique of the Atlas, yet true to his country and to himself, their shafts were hurled at him in vain.

7. *The ill-starred Extra Session*—Like the United States Bank, all that remains of it is bankruptcy.

8. *The Star of Rhode Island*—May her kindly palace soon have a Doric front.

9. *The Ladies*—

When our feelings are saddened by sorrow and blight, And misfortune's dark cloud shall our spirits depress, Their smiles will illumine the darkness of night, And their tenderness soothe and their sympathy bless.

## VOLUNTEER SENTIMENTS.

By Frederic Hardwick. *The Navy of the United States*—The pride of America; may it never strike its colors to any nation.

By William Torrey. *The Democrats of Massachusetts*—With hearts like iron they have fought and were vanquished, and they fought again. In 1829, they broke the ranks of their enemies; in 1840, by the fraud and trickery of the whigs, they were again conquered—but, in 1842, they rallied and completely succeeded in subduing their enemies.

By Nathaniel White. *Gov. Morton, the great extinguisher*—In his elevated office he hath extinguished whiggery; may he continue the people's choice at least long enough to extinguish the debt of the State.

By Lovell Bicknell of Weymouth. The whigs boast of the credit of the State; the democrats ask for no credit as they pay cash down.

By Joseph W. Robertson. *Equal Rights and the Rights of Man*—The solid foundation of a pure democracy.

By Thomas White. *Gen. Jackson, the Hero of New Orleans, and Marcus Morton, the Governor of Massachusetts*—May they both live to see this nation free from mismanagement.

By William S. Morton. Though there are no spirits on the table, yet its place is well supplied by the bright spirits around it.

By John V. Clark. *The Chief Magistrate of the Old Bay State*—Like the venerable oak of his native soil, the squalls of licentious whiggery have more deeply rooted him in the hearts of all true patriots.

By William Torrey. In 1842, the whig music sounded loud, but on the day of action their army proved too small for them.

By John Parker. *United States of America*—Like a light set upon a hill which all the monarchial governments of Europe look upon with a jealous eye.

By Nathaniel White. *The polite and accommodating landlord of the Hancock House*—May he sit under his own vine and fig tree, eat and drink the fruits thereof, with no one to molest nor make him afraid.

By Frederic Hardwick, Jr. *John Tyler and Marcus Morton*—The former, the champion of the United States; the latter, the champion of Massachusetts. During their administrations our country will be prosperous and happy.

By Abner B. Packard. *Marcus Morton and John Gregory*—If it had not been for the latter we could not have had the former.

By Jonathan Jameson. May we, by this and similar meetings, prove to the citizens of this and adjoining towns, that we do not consider the landlord of the Hancock House the inhuman monster which some tea-total office-seekers would fain have us believe him to be.

The subjunctive sentiments were promiscuously given as among the "unfinished papers" in the hands of the toast-master.

*Benjamin Franklin*, whose wisdom extended from the earth to the clouds, drove lightning into junk bottles.

*The Ladies*, who have honored us with their presence on this occasion, may they always remain an ornament and support to the principles of democracy.

*The Ladies*—as mothers, we owe them all that is dear to existence—as guardians in youth, our gratitude—as our companions and solace in riper years, our highest regard, constant protection, and undivided affection.

*Equal Rights* are the rights of man; a pure democracy is founded on it, and with it is the right to instruct our public servants, without which right they would soon become our masters.

By a Lady. *The Fair Sex*—May we arise in the majesty of our strength and teach our children the first great principles of democracy.

By a gentleman of Weymouth.

With Morton to lead us.

And George French to feed us.

The whole world in arms would have hard work to beat us.

*Morton Ball*—From fifty to sixty couples of the true democracy assembled at the Hancock House, in Quincy, on the 10th inst., to celebrate the glorious triumph of Democracy in this State after being under whig mismanagement too many years.

The Hon. Silas Wright, (dem), has been re-elected, by the unanimous vote of his party in the State Legislature of New York, to be a Senator of the United States for six years from the fourth of March next, when his present term of service ends.

An eminent baker of London asserts that American flour will absorb from eight to fourteen per cent more of water than English flour. This is attributed to our drier and better climate.

*Bill Johnson*, the so-called Canada Patriot, and hero of the Thousand Isles, is a citizen of Iowa. He cultivates a farm, and is cheered in his retirement by his equally celebrated daughter. It does not seem to be his lot, however, to be at peace any where, for lately he was attacked and lynched in a most inhuman manner.

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## LETTER FROM BOSTON.

*The Sabbath—Curious estimate of attendance at Meeting—Millerism at war with philosophy—Geological considerations—The sword of Washington—Congress—its unbroken close.*

In my last, I noticed how well the Sabbath is revered in Boston; the following table, taken from the Boston Times of last week, will corroborate in a satisfactory manner the truth of my remark, if attendance on public worship is a criterion of its observance. Here it is.

## ORTHODOX CHURCHES.

*Average attendance on the Sabbath, 1843.*

Central Church,	Wm. M. Rogers,	862
Temple,	E. N. Kirk,	750
Salem street Church,	J. H. Towne,	743
Church in Bowdoin st.,	H. Winslow,	731
Park street,	Silas Aiken,	679
Un. Church, Essex st.,	N. Adams,	682
Church in Fine street,	Austin Phelps,	561
Old South,	G. W. Blagden,	530
Mariners, Purchase st.,	Mr. Lord,	300
Phillips' ch. S. Boston,	W. W. Patton,	255
Garden street,	W. R. Chapman,	275
Church in Green street,	W. Jenks, D. D.,	281
First Cong. ch. E. Bos.,	A. A. Phelps,	202

## EPISCOPAL CHURCHES.

Trinity church, Summer street,	750
St. Paul's church, Tremont street,	554
Grace church, Temple street,	438
Christ's church, Salem street,	381
Episcopal City Mission chapel,	320
St. Matthew's church, South Boston,	180

## CATHOLIC.

Church of the Holy Cross,	4000
St. Augustine's, South Boston,	300
St. Mary's, Endicott street,	3000
St. Patrick's, Northampton street,	750

## UNITARIAN CHURCHES.

Pitts street Chapel,	Watson,	600
Church in Purchase st.,	Ripley,	530
West church,	Lowell, D. D.,	505
Church in Federal st.,	Gannett,	500
Church in Brattle st.,	Lothrop,	490
Second ch. Hanover st.,	Robbins,	439
First church,	Prothingham,	479
New North, Hanover st.,	Parkman, D. D.,	355
New North,	Young,	400
Bulfinch st. society,	Gray,	463
Twelfth ch. society,	Barrett,	500
South cong. society,	Mott,	414
Kings Chapel,	Greenwood,	363
Hawes' place, S. Boston,	Shackford,	110
Warren street Chapel,	Barnard,	270
Suffolk street Chapel,	Sargent,	253
Church in Hollis street,	Pierpont,	200

## UNIVERSALIST SOCIETIES.

Society, Warren street,	1100
" North Bennett street,	753
" School street,	470
" South Boston,	317
" East Boston,	122

Millerism, or the doctrine of the second advent, engrosses, with many, a great share of deep solicitude. It is a matter of amazement, that any portion of civilized society should be thus deluded as to the specific period when this great event is to occur. The time of the final consummation of all things is not revealed to man; it is known only to God himself. Science justifies the belief that the "end of the world" is very remote. The bible tells us "that the earth and the works that are therein, must be burnt up," but the material and moral world show that "the end is not yet," nor will it be for centuries.

Geology demonstrates that the world has been repeatedly destroyed and its materials, vegetable and animal, commingled together from the surface, to several thousand of feet below the surface of the earth. Reasoning from the appearance of the red marl groups, it would appear that a new period in the creation of man has just commenced and that the duration of the world is to be some thousands of years to come. As we descend into the earth the temperature increases one degree to every forty-five feet yet explored; at twenty-nine miles below us iron will melt and at forty-five miles below the hardest rock would become liquid. The crust of earth over this immense heat doubtless yearly becomes thinner. And, although it will do its work at last and the whole world become fused, yet the process will be so slow that an immense period will be required to accomplish this final conflagration of all material things. And in the moral world, judging from the progress of science the last fifty years, the condition of man is yet to be more elevated and meliorated, than ever the fondest anticipations of the philanthropists could anticipate; but I will leave the subject and pass to others.

From Washington we have some little tidings of interest. The sword of General Washington, used by him in the revolutionary war, was presented to Congress a few days since at the request of his relatives. Our worthy Representative, Mr. Adams pronounced an Eulogy on the "Father of his Country" and offered a resolution providing for the safe keeping of the sword in the Department of State. It was adopted unanimously. The Army Bill in the Senate and the Naval Appropriation Bill in the House have passed to be engrossed. Like our State Legislature, Congress is in its last moments aiming at a system of retrenchment, also some new financial system as a substitute for the Exchequer and Sub-Treasury schemes. But as the days of the present Congress will be numbered a fortnight from Saturday, Feb. 18th, it is very probable all the proposed renovations will die with them. A more reckless, unworthy set of men never disgraced our national Halls of Legislation than the present profligate Congress. They will go into obscurity unhonored and unsung.

## TRI MOUNTAIN.

The constitutionality of the Bankrupt Law has been settled by a recent decision of the United States Supreme Court, which has given an opinion that the act having been passed by Congress in the exercise of what they deemed their constitutional power, the Supreme Court cannot controvert the constitutionality of the act or annul it. "It has always been doubted whether the Supreme Court has the power to pronounce an act of Congress unconstitutional, but the question was never before settled."

The Morris Canal and Banking Company, a concern which in years back has been quite noted in New York, is a complete wreck. Its debts are six millions of dollars, and it has nothing to pay them except the Canal, which is mortgaged to the Hollanders for seven hundred and fifty thousand dollars, more than it is worth. It owes two and a half millions to the State of Indiana, and a like sum to the State of Michigan.

Hon. John C. Calhoun has been nominated for the Presidency at two large meetings in Mississippi, one of which expressed a preference for Levi Woodbury and the other for James K. Polk, for the Vice Presidency.

## QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, FEB. 18, 1843.

John A. Green, Editor.

THE WASHINGTONIAN FAIR. By a notice from the ladies, in another column, it will be seen that the Fair will commence on Tuesday evening, Feb. 21st, and continue during the following day and evening. From indications, we are led to believe that the Fair will be got up in a manner fully corresponding with the usual good taste and style in which the benevolent hearts and pious hands of the ladies do such things. The articles to be offered for sale, we opine, will be mainly those of real utility, and that no extravagant price will be asked for them. Were there no other attractions, we think these facts must draw together a large number of purchasers who can do two good things at the same time—make good bargains and help a good cause.

The Hall will be decorated in a style which will render it a fit abode of the fair-ies. The Post Office will, doubtless, be open at all hours. The refreshment tables will be temptingly supplied, and even the juvenile portion of the community will not have cause to complain of a want of articles to take off their coppers.

To people in the neighboring towns, who might not think of it, we will venture to hint that the Fair should induce them to take a ride to our pleasant village and buy of those who give a "fair deal." Every philanthropist, in fact all who possess the spirit of human kindness, should visit the Town Hall on Wednesday, but don't leave the purse at home. Many things, that every man, woman and child necessarily requires, or which they can appropriate to a good use, will be offered for sale, and by purchasing them one of the noblest objects that ever enlisted the aid of the benevolent will be promoted.

DEATH OF BISHOP GRISWOLD. This eminent and venerable prelate and exemplary christian died in Boston, on Wednesday afternoon last. He had recently enjoyed as good health as for some years past, and walked from his house to the residence of Bishop Eastburn, his associate and successor, when on ascending the steps of the house, he was observed to falter and fall. He was immediately taken up, but in a few moments he was dead. The cause of his death was a disease of the heart, from which he had occasionally suffered for some years past.

The Right Rev. Alexander Viets Griswold, D. D., was Bishop of the Eastern Diocese, (which comprises the States of Massachusetts, Maine, New Hampshire and Rhode Island,) and was consecrated May 28th, 1811, at Trinity Church, New York, at the same time as late Rt. Rev. Bishop Hobart. He was seventy-seven years old, and enjoyed good health up to the time of his sudden death.

He was one of the oldest of the ministering servants in the Episcopal church, and till the recent consecration of Bishop Eastburn, performed the arduous duties of his apostolic office singly and alone. His two last sermons were preached in Salem, on Sunday last, where he confirmed twenty-two persons.

The funeral services on the occasion, will take place at Trinity Church, in Summer street, this forenoon, at ten o'clock.

There are few who require to be told of Bishop Griswold's pure piety, profound learning, winning eloquence, an earnest and faithful devotion to his duties, and a union of all the graces which belong to the Christian character. He had earned for himself the admiration, respect and attachment of all who knew him, or even held the most distant relations with him. The remembrance of his virtues will soften the sorrows of mourners, for though Death came upon him suddenly in the midst of life, it found him ripe in years and excellence, prepared to yield his spirit un murmuring into the Hand that formed it.

MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE. Several orders, as usual, have been offered and adopted, one of which proposes to amend the Constitution, so as to deprive the Legislature of borrowing more than half a million of dollars, except in case of invasion, without the consent of the people. A debate also ensued on the bill to repeal the law to close the polls at sunset. The bill to reduce the expenses of the Adjutant General's office has been warmly discussed. The bill providing that if any citizen is omitted to be taxed on the first of May, being otherwise qualified, he may within two days of election pay his tax and become a voter, was discussed with much spirit and interest. The bill to reduce the salaries of the Judges of the Supreme Court five hundred dollars has passed the Senate.

DEATH OF COMMODORE HULL. Commodore Isaac Hull, the famed Commander of "Old Ironsides," the conqueror of the Guerriere frigate, and by his countrymen, died in Philadelphia, on Monday last, after a short illness, in the sixty-eighth year of his age. He entered the United States Navy as a Lieutenant, on the 9th of March, 1798; and, in consideration of memorable service, was promoted to the rank of Captain, the commission bearing date the 28th of April, 1806. He was the third on the list of Captains at the time of his death—Com. James Baran being at the head of the service, and Com. Charles Stewart second on the list.

CONGRESSIONAL. Our correspondent's letter alludes to the doings of Congress. He, however, omitted to state that the Case of Benjamin Franklin, which that philosopher gave to Washington, was also presented with the Sword to the custody of Congress. An Exchequer scheme it is thought will again be offered, but the members will probably pay no attention to it, as many of them have but a short time to remain in office.

LIBERTY CONVENTION. Delegates have been chosen from this town, twenty-six in number, to attend the State Convention of the Liberty Party, which meets in Boston, next Wednesday, at the Marlboro' Chapel. A large gathering is anticipated—it should be numerous and attended.

WHIG STATE CONVENTION. A meeting is to be held in this town, this evening, at the Hancock House, to choose delegates to this Convention, on the 22d inst., at Boston.

The *Mormon delusion* is not likely soon to come to an end—for it is said that Joe Smith has recently sent out a large number of female preachers, of "great talent and surprising beauty." They will do more to keep up the delusion than could all the men in Christendom.

Three hundred thousand dollars have been paid in Massachusetts alone, within the past year, in cases of bankruptcy, to the Court, assignees, and lawyers.

The Legislature of Missouri have passed a law, which has been approved by the Governor, totally abolishing imprisonment for debt.

## NOTICES.

Mr. William Seaver of Quincy, will deliver a lecture before the Quincy Lyceum, WEDNESDAY EVENING (March 1st,) at the Town Hall, commencing at seven o'clock.

## QUESTIONS FOR DISCUSSION.

Ought Capital Punishment to be abolished?  
GEORGE BAXTER, Secretary.

The Ladies of Quincy will hold a Washingtonian Fair, commencing on TUESDAY EVENING, (Feb. 21st,) and will continue the day and evening following, (22d.)

A great variety of useful and fancy articles will be for sale.

The Quincy Band will favor the Fair with their services on the evening of the 21st.

It is expected there will be songs and addresses suitable for the occasion. It is also expected that Mr. Walker of Boston, will be present and sing some original songs, on Wednesday, 22d.

Those having donations to contribute, such as cakes, pies, or fruits, are requested to leave them at the Town Hall after Monday noon, (Feb. 20th,) as there will be persons to receive them.

As the profits arising from the Fair are to be appropriated for the poor, and to assist the Washingtonian, it is hoped all who feel interested will attend.

The Ladies who have charge of Tables, and all others who feel interested, are desired to meet at the Town Hall, MONDAY AFTERNOON, at one o'clock, to assist in trimming the hall, etc.

Admission, 12 1/2 cents to the Fair—children under twelve years of age, 6 1/4 cents.

Persons having in their possession any of the Banners, which were used at the Temperance Celebration, in this town, Feb. 22d, 1842, are requested to leave them at the Bookstore, THIS DAY or MONDAY next.

West District Ship, ALOY!  
There will be a Washingtonian meeting at the West District School House, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, (Feb. 22d,) at half past six o'clock.

William B. Duggan, Esq., will address the people on that occasion.

The public are respectfully invited to attend.  
S. F. FOWLER, Recg Secy.

MURDER! MURDER! MURDER!!! At all times will arouse the most stupid. Yet murders are daily perpetrated, which excite very little attention. Is not CONSUMPTION daily murdering thousands of human beings? Does not ASTHMA render life a burthen, and then destroy its victim? Does not BRONCHITIS paralyze the usefulness of many of our most eminent Divines and other public Speakers, to say nothing of the thousands of all ages and sexes who are swept into eternity by it? Millions of human beings sink down and die, by attacks of the above and similar affections of the lungs and throat. Fortunately for mankind, JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT has never been known to fail in giving relief, and has, in thousands of instances, effected permanent cures after all other means had failed.

Prepared and sold only by DR. D. JAYNE, No. 20 South THIRD Street, Philadelphia.

For sale by CALLE GILL, Jr.  
Feb. 4. 3w Quincy Bookstore.

The undersigned, Selectmen of Quincy, give notice that they will be in session at the Town Hall, every SATURDAY in each month, until further notice, from two to five o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having business with the Town are requested to present it on said days.

HENRY WOOD, BILLINGS BAILEY, JAMES NEWCOMB.

## MARRIED.

In Weymouth, by Rev. J. Emery, Mr. ALBERT I. TRENKLE, to Miss MARY HEPPERT, youngest daughter of Mr. Noah Tirrell.

"To the groom and the bride,  
Of their circle the pride,  
May life its blessedness lend them—  
And joy's golden rays,  
Gild the close of their days,  
And the blessing of Heaven attend them."

## DIED.

In Braintree, 17th inst, Miss Charlotte, only daughter of Gen. Freeman White, aged 19 years.

To Sell and Money to Loan.  
SEVERAL HOUSES to sell in the West District of Quincy, on the most favorable terms.

Also—To Loan, \$1,000; security on Real Estate will be required. Apply to  
WILLIAM B. DUGGAN.  
Quincy, Feb. 18. 3w

WEYMOUTH  
English & Classical School.

THE Spring Term of this School, at Weymouth Landing, will commence on WEDNESDAY, (March 1st,) and continue eleven weeks. Efforts will be made to render it pleasant resort for young persons desirous of knowledge in English and Classical Science. The principles of morality and virtue will be enjoined, as essential to prosperity, happiness and usefulness.

Terms, from \$3.50 to \$5.00, according to the ages of pupils, and studies pursued.

J. W. PILLSBURY, Principal.  
Weymouth, Feb. 18. 4w

Assignee's Sale.  
By authority of United States District Court.

WILL be sold at public auction, on MONDAY, the 20th of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co., in Quincy, sundry small demands belonging to the estate of John L. Dutton of said Quincy, a schedule of which may be seen on application to  
JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Assignee.  
THOMAS ADAMS, Jr., Act.

Quincy, Feb. 18. 1w

Cabinet Business.  
Near the Hancock House, Quincy.

THE subscriber feels grateful for the patronage he has already received and takes this opportunity to inform his friends and the public, that he still continues to manufacture and answer all orders connected with the Cabinet making business, in its various branches.

Also—Furniture REPAIRED and VARNISHED in the neatest and best manner.

Individuals who wish to purchase any article of Furniture, can rest assured that it will be made in a workmanlike manner and warranted superior to that which may be bought at the warehouse in Boston, consequently they are invited to call and examine before they buy elsewhere.

N. B.—Mahogany and Pine COFFINS made at short notice.  
WASHINGTON M. FRENCH.  
Quincy, Feb. 18. 1f

Bleached Cottons.  
FROM 3-4 to 1-4 yards wide; also, a large assortment of Unbleached Sheetings and Shirtings of the same widths. For sale low by  
E. PACKARD.  
Quincy, Feb. 18. 1f

## Copartnership.

THE undersigned have this day entered into a partnership, under the firm of

BAKER & WALKER, and will continue the business of AND CANDLES, in addition to their present business, at Store No. 20 recently occupied by Baker, Co.

GEORGE BAXTER, Secretary.  
EDMUND BAXTER.  
Boston, Jan. 16. 6w

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—District.

UPON the Petition of A. A. Assignee of the estate of

OZIAS D. DA

of Randolph, who has been declared for leave to sell certain estate and the schedule annexed to the said petition, it is ordered by the Court, that the petitioner will be had on the 10th of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, where all creditors, the Bankrupt, interest, may appear and show cause why the prayer of the said petition should be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Feb. 18. 1w

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—District.

UPON the Petition of LEMUEL Assignee of the estate of

HENRY B. CO

of Weymouth, who has been declared for leave to sell certain estate and the schedule annexed to the said petition, it is ordered by the Court, that the petitioner will be had on the 10th of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, where all creditors, the Bankrupt, interest, may appear and show cause why the prayer of the said petition should be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Feb. 18. 1w

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—District.

ON the seventeenth day of Feb. Upon the Petition of



## NOTICES.

Mr. William Weaver of Quincy, will deliver a lecture before the Quincy Lyceum, WEDNESDAY EVENING (March 1st.) at the Town Hall, commencing at seven o'clock.

QUESTIONS FOR DISCUSSION.

Ought Capital Punishment to be abolished?

GEORGE BAXTER, Secretary.

The Ladies of Quincy will hold a Washington Fair, commencing on TUESDAY EVENING (Feb. 21st.) and will continue the day and evening following. (22d.)

A great variety of useful and fancy articles will be for sale.

The Quincy Band will favor the Fair with their services on the evening of the 21st.

It is expected that the Fair will be a success, and that the Ladies who have charge of Tables, and all others who feel interested, are desired to meet at the Town Hall, MONDAY AFTERNOON, at one o'clock, to assist in trimming the hall, etc.

Admission, 12 1/2 cents to the Fair—children under twelve years of age, 6 1/4 cents.

Per order of the President.

A. J. KENSON, Sec.

Persons having in their possession any of the Banners, which were used at the Temperance Celebration, in this town, Feb. 22d., 1842, are requested to leave them at the Bookstore, THIS DAY or MONDAY next.

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MURDER! MURDER! MURDER!!! At all times will arouse the most just. Yet murders are daily perpetrated, which excite very little attention. Is not CONSUMPTION daily murdering thousands of human beings? Does not ASTHMA render life a burden, and then destroy its victim? Does not BRONCHITIS paralyze the usefulness of many of our most eminent Divines and other public Speakers, to say nothing of the thousands of all ages and sexes, who are swept into eternity by it? Millions of human beings sink down and die, by attacks of the above and similar affections of the lungs and throat. Fortunately for mankind, JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT has never been known to fail in giving relief, and has, in thousands of instances, effected permanent cures after all other means had failed.

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For sale by CALLEB GILL, Jr., Quincy Bookstore.

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HENRY WOOD, JAMES NEWCOMB.

## MARRIED.

In Weymouth, by Rev. J. Emory, Mr. ALBERT J. TURRELL to Miss. ORIENT HUMPHREY, youngest daughter of Mr. Noah Turrell.

"To the groom and the bride, Of their circle the pride, May life be blessed and long, And joy's golden rays, Gild the close of their days, And the blessing of Heaven attend them."

## DIED.

In Braintree, 17th inst, Miss Charlotte, only daughter of Gen. Freeman White, aged 19 years.

To Sell and Money to Loan.

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Quincy, Feb. 18.

WEYMOUTH English & Classical School.

THE Spring Term of this School, at Weymouth, will commence on WEDNESDAY, (March 1st.) and continue eleven weeks.

Editors will be made to render it pleasant resort for young persons desirous of knowledge in English and Classical Science. The principles of morality and virtue will be enjoined, as essential to prosperity, happiness and usefulness.

Terms, from \$3.50 to \$5.00, according to the ages of pupils, and studies pursued.

J. W. PILLSBURY, Principal.

Weymouth, Feb. 18.

Assignee's Sale.

By authority of United States District Court.

WILL be sold at public auction, on MONDAY, the 20th of February inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the Store of Josiah Brigham & Co., in Quincy, seventy small demijohns belonging to the estate of John I. Dutton of said Quincy, a schedule of which may be seen on application to

JOSEPH BRIGHAM, Assignee.

THOMAS ADAMS, Jr., Auctioneer.

Quincy, Feb. 18.

Cabinet Business.

Near the Hancock House, Quincy.

## Copartnership Notice.

THE undersigned have this day formed a Copartnership, under the firm of

BAKER & WHITNEY,

and will continue the business of selling SPERM OIL AND CANDLES, in addition to a General Commission business, at Store Nos. 80 and 82 Water Street, recently occupied by Baker, Crocker & Co.

GEORGE T. BAKER, EDWARD B. WHITNEY.

Boston, Jan. 16.

In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

Feb. 9th, 1843.

UPON the Petition of AARON PRESCOTT, Assignee of the estate of

OZIAS D. DANIELS,

of Randolph, who has been declared Bankrupt, praying for leave to sell certain estate and property, set forth in the schedule annexed to the said petition.

It is ordered by the Court, that a hearing of the said petition will be had on the FIRST TUESDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, when and where all creditors, the Bankrupt, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause (if any they have) why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk of the Court.

Feb. 18.

In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

Feb. 14th, 1843.

UPON the Petition of LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Assignee of the estate of

HENRY B. COWING,

of Weymouth, who has been declared Bankrupt, praying for leave to sell certain estate and property, set forth in the schedule annexed to the said petition.

It is ordered by the Court, that a hearing of the said petition will be had on the FOURTH TUESDAY of February inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, when and where all creditors, the Bankrupt, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause (if any they have) why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk of the Court.

Feb. 18.

In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

Feb. 18th, 1843.

ON the Petition of

EDWARD CREHORE,

of Dorchester, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered, That a hearing of the said petition will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, on the FIRST TUESDAY of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.

Feb. 18.

In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

Feb. 18th, 1843.

ON the Petition of

JOSEPH A. ARNOLD,

of Weymouth, in said District, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, on the SECOND TUESDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.

## Real Estate.

WILL be sold at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of March next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, part of the Real Estate of Ebenezer Adams, late of Quincy, deceased, to wit:—One undivided half of several parcels of Land with the buildings thereon situated in said Quincy, containing in all about one hundred and fifty acres, being the late residence of the said deceased.

Also—About two acres of Land in the rear of the seat of Hon. Thomas Greenleaf.

Also—A lot of Land with a Wharf thereon, at Brackett's Landing, (so called.)

Also—A lot of Salt Marsh at Hough's Neck; one do. at the Farms, and one do. at Squantum.

Sale to commence at the late residence of said deceased, at the time above mentioned.

THOMAS ADAMS, Jr., Auctioneer.

Quincy, Feb. 18.

Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge.

THIS Vermifuge is perfectly safe, and so pleasant that children will not refuse to take it. It effectually destroys Worms; neutralizes acidity or Sourness of the Stomach; increases appetite; and acts as a general and permanent Tonic, and is therefore exceedingly beneficial in Intermittent and Remittent Fevers, Indigestion, etc. and is almost a certain cure for Fever and Ague, and what is of more importance, it cures it permanently.

It is harmless in its effects on the system, and the health of the patient is always improved by its use, even when no Worms are discovered. Numerous certificates of its usefulness have been received, which the proprietor does not consider necessary to publish; yet to give the reader an idea of its vermicifuge powers, he will mention a few cases. He gave it to his little nephew, not four years old, and in a few days he discharged upwards of ninety large Worms. He also gave it to his daughter, then about three years old, when it brought away thirty Worms in one day.

Joseph Thompson, near Salem, (N. J.) administered this Vermifuge to a child between two and three years old, and says that in a few days she discharged one hundred and twenty seven large Worms.

Mr. Joseph A. Lents of the Penn Township Savings Institution, in this city, gave it to one of his children, and says that after the sixth dose it brought away about fifty Worms at once, five and six inches long.

Mr. Ferdinand Woodruff used two bottles of this Vermifuge for Dyspepsia, and in the course of two weeks discharged upwards of thirty pieces of Tape Worm, and was thereby perfectly cured.

For sale by CALLEB GILL, Jr.

Quincy, Feb. 18.

In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

Feb. 11th, 1843.

ON the Petition of

OZIAS D. DANIELS,

of Randolph, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered, That a hearing of the said petition will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, on the FIRST TUESDAY of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.

Feb. 11.

Notice.

ALL persons having demands against the Town of Quincy are requested to present them, on or before the 15th inst., at all persons indebted to the Town are requested to pay the same to the subscribers on or before that time.

All persons indebted to the Almshouse are requested to pay the same to Urban Cudworth, (Keeper of the Almshouse,) without delay, as all the Accounts must be settled by the 15th inst.

HENRY WOOD, BILLINGS BAILEY, Selectmen of JAMES NEWCOMB, Quincy.

Quincy, Feb. 11.

Cheapest Yet.

DAUBIGNE'S History of the Reformation, in three volumes, containing 1300 large duodecimo pages for ONE DOLLAR, for sale at the Quincy Bookstore.

Quincy, Feb. 11.

Assignee's Sale.

By authority of United States District Court.

WILL be sold at public auction, at the Wheelwright Shop, (on the premises of John Welles,) recently occupied by Cyrus Balkam, at Commercial Point, Dorchester, on MONDAY, the twentieth day of February inst., at three o'clock in the afternoon—

All the right, title, and interest of said Balkam at the time of the filing of his petition for a decree in Bankruptcy and at the time of said decree, in and to a certain Building, recently occupied by said Balkam as a Wheelwright and Blacksmith Shop.

By order of Nathaniel F. Sanford, Assignee.

GEORGE THOMPSON, Auctioneer.

Milton, Feb. 11.

Books for the People.

ABEDNEGO, the Money Lender, by Mrs. Gore, 12 1/2 cents.

Sister Anne, a novel from the French, 12 1/2 cents.

Bianca Capello, an Historical Tale, by Lady Bulwer, 12 1/2 cents.

Indiana, from the French, 12 1/2 cents.

Rosina Meadows, a story of City Scenes and every day life, by William B. English, 12 1/2 cents.

Life and Exploits of the Duke of Wellington, embracing his whole military career, including a complete history of the Peninsular War, with all the spirit stirring incidents and anecdotes of that memorable contest, illustrated by forty-three handsome engravings, 25 cts.

Anglo American Magazine, No. 1.—12 1/2 cts.

All the Extras of the New World, Brother Jonathan, etc, received as published, and for sale at the Quincy Bookstore.

Quincy, Feb. 11

Twenty-Five Dollars Reward.

WHEREAS some scoundrel stole the key from the Lock of the sub-criber's Office door on the night of the 3d inst., a reward of twenty-five dollars will be paid to any person who will furnish evidence sufficient to convict the thief.

Quincy, Feb. 4.

Baptist Hymn Books.

WINCHELL'S WATTS, in use in the Baptist Churches, for sale at the Quincy Bookstore.

Quincy, Feb. 4.

Assignee's Sale.

By authority of United States District Court.

WILL be sold by public auction, at the Shop of Quincy, in said District, Stone Cutter, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.

Feb. 18.

Bleached Cottons.

FROM 34 to 1 1/4 yards wide; also, a large assortment of Unbleached Sheetings and Shirts of the same widths. For sale low by

E. PACKARD.

Quincy, Feb. 18.

## QUINCY PATRIOT.

### Coroner's Sale.

NORFOLK, ss. January, 11th, 1843.

TAKEN on Execution and will be sold at public auction, on MONDAY, the 20th day of February next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, on or in front of the premises hereinafter mentioned and described, all the right in equity that George W. Seward of Quincy, in said County, Stone-cutter, had on the seventeenth day of May last past, when the same was attached on mesne process of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real Estate, to wit:—

A certain piece or parcel of Land, situated in Milton, in said County, containing by estimation one quarter of an acre, more or less, and bounded as follows:—

—southerly, on the old Plymouth Road leading from Milton to Quincy—northerly, on land now or formerly of John Adams—easterly, on land now or formerly of William Whitaker—or however otherwise bounded, being the same parcel of land formerly purchased of John Adams.

Also—Taken on Execution, and will be sold at public auction, on said twentieth day of February next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, on or in front of the premises hereinafter mentioned and described; all the right in equity that said George W. Seward had on the seventeenth day of May last past, when the same was attached on mesne process of redeeming the following described mortgaged Real Estate, to wit:—

A certain parcel of Land containing by estimation three eighths of an acre, more or less, with the Dwelling House and all buildings thereon, situated in Quincy, in said County, and bounded and described as follows:—

—northerly, by lands now or formerly of widow John Pierce—easterly, on a drift-way leading from the old Plymouth Road to Flanders' Lodge, containing one hundred and seventy-one feet—southerly, on land now or formerly of Jonas Kendall—westerly, on the road leading from the Railway House, in Milton, to Quincy, by the Ledges, and nearly parallel to the Quincy Granite Railway, there measuring one hundred and sixty-three feet, with all the buildings on said premises, and the right to pass over said drift-way, being the same premises recently occupied by said Seward.

WILLIAM SPEAR, Coroner of Norfolk.

Quincy, Jan. 12.

Coroner's Sale.

NORFOLK, ss. January 24th, 1843.

TAKEN upon Execution and will be sold at public auction, on MONDAY, the twenty-seventh day of February next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the office of Gen. Fisher A. Kingsbury, in Weymouth, in said County of Norfolk, all the right in equity which Elbridge G. Hunt has of redeeming the following described Real Estate, viz:—

Five undivided twelfth parts of a quarter of an acre of Land, situated in Weymouth aforesaid, with a Dwelling House thereon, bounded westerly by Front Street, southerly by land of Abner W. Tilden, easterly by land of Mrs. Sarah White, and northerly by land of Charlotte Hunt.

Also—Another tract of Land, situated in Braintree, in said County, being Woodland, containing twelve acres, more or less, bounded southerly by land now or late of Whitcomb Porter, northerly by land of John Crane, and easterly and westerly by land of Edward Vinson—said Land being mortgaged to Dr. Jacob Richards to secure the payment of two hundred dollars.

EZRA FRENCH, Coroner.

Jan. 28.

Constable's Sale.

NORFOLK, ss. January 26th, 1843.

TAKEN upon an Execution and will be sold at public venue, on MONDAY, the sixth day of March next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the Hotel of John Smith in Cohasset, all the right in equity which Warren Orcutt has in and to the following described mortgaged Real Estate, viz:—

A certain tract of Land, situated in Cohasset, in said County, with a Dwelling House thereon, containing half an acre, more or less, bounded northerly by land of Abby Rich, easterly by the Road, southerly by land of Lebbitt Burbank, and westerly by land of Thomas Smith, the same being subject to a mortgage made to Lett Oakes to secure the repayment of two hundred dollars.

WILLIAM PEAKES, Constable of Cohasset.

Jan. 28.

To be Let,

TWO convenient Dwelling Houses, with gardens and a good well of water, situated on Copeland Street. Possessions to be given the first of April.

Inquire of JOSIAH BASS.

Quincy, Feb. 11.

To Let,

PART of the Dwelling House, occupied by the subscriber, and suitable for a small family. Immediate possession given.

Inquire of JOHN L. SOUTHER.

Quincy, Feb. 11.

Muffs! Muffs!!

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have just received a good assortment, some of them are very handsome, which they offer for sale at prices corresponding to the times.

Quincy, Dec. 24.

Polish your Stoves and Grates.

NO house-keeper will be without WM. BROWN'S PENCIL PASTE, after giving it a trial. It gives the stove a beautiful lustre, far better than the usual American lustre and is used with less trouble and is more durable in rolls. For the true article see that the directions are signed by the proprietor. Manufactured by WM. BROWN, Chemist, corner of Eliot and Washington St. Retailed by most of the druggists and grocers in Boston, Lowell and Salem; in Dorchester, by Darius Brewer; in Neponset Village, by O. P. Bacon, and in this town by JOHN BRIEHLER and E. HAYDEN. Price 12 1/2 cts. per roll. Call for Wm. Brown's Pencil Paste.

Quincy, Feb. 12.

Drivers' Gloves.

JUST received, a lot of very superior Drivers' Gloves. Also, Brick Mittens of the first quality for sale by MANLEY & BRAMHALL, Boston, Sept. 10.

For Sale,

Wholesale and Retail,

MEN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTHS' THICK BOOTS AND BROGANS.

REPAIRING done in good order.

THOMAS WHITE.

Quincy, Oct. 29.

Young Ladies' School.

MISS PACKARD has commenced her Fall and Winter Term.

Further information obtained by calling at the house of Mr. William Packard, Hancock Street.

Quincy, April 2.

'Christ Church Seminary.'

UNDER the charge of the Rev. Mr. Robinson is now open for the reception of a limited number of Girls and Boys.

Application may be made at the School Room, or at the residence of Rev. Mr. Robinson.

Quincy, Nov. 5.



## POETRY.

For the Quincy Patriot.  
VILLAGE SKETCHES—No. 6.  
THE SHIP IN SIGHT.

Ye have linger'd long—ye have linger'd far—  
Till hope has gone out as the faded star,  
And its ashes sleep on the cold hearth-stone,  
Where the watcher weeps all silent and lone:  
And prayers are heard, for they pray for thee  
Who hast linger'd thus long, on the deep sea!

The song will awaken sad voices to night,  
And hope will relume her fair phoenix light,  
For the fire of the beacon gilds her sails,  
As the fresh breeze from land a welcome wails;  
And to-morrow their steps will press the sod,  
Who have seen this hour as the deck they trod.

And why hast thou moored by Spanish land?  
Why floated thy flag o'er African sand?  
Oh! treasures are piled in that bosom of thine,  
The fabric of Ind, the gems of her mine—  
The leaf of China and the spicy shore  
Of the beam that burns, on the tropic shore!

From the ocean cave O bringest thou pearls,  
Which have slept where the sea-weed tendrils curls—  
To twine 'mid the orange flowers of the bride?  
Who never will mourn the loved one that died—  
As he rose with his treasure from the deep,  
And sunk on the sand in his last—cold sleep!

In thy mission's trust hast thou wandered forth  
For the mantling drapery of the north,  
That the beauty may glide in ermine white?  
Nor dream of the fabled boreal light—  
Nor think of the cold or the iceberg isle—  
Which has chilled young hearts that she may smile!

Oh! never can we, though we welcome back,  
Know aught of the storms that have perilled thy track—  
Or hear by the fire-side the breakers roar,  
Or gush of distress which echo on shore—  
But gratitude swells in our hearts for thee,  
Who blest the earth, by roving the sea! L. D. C.

## A HEART TO LET.

To be let,  
To be let at a very desirable rate,  
A snug little house in a healthy state;  
'Tis a Bachelor's heart, and the agent is Chance.  
Affection, the Rent, to be paid in advance.  
The owner, as yet, has lived in it alone,  
So the fixtures are not of much value; but soon  
'Twill be furnished by Cupid himself, if a wife  
Take a lease for the term of her natural life.  
Then ladies, dear ladies, pray do not forget  
An excellent Bachelor's heart 's to be let.

The Tenant will have a few taxes to pay,  
Love, honor, and (the heaviest item) obey.  
As for the good-will, the subscriber is inclined  
To have that, if agreeable, settled in kind;  
Indeed, if he could such a matter arrange,  
He'd be highly delighted to take in exchange,  
Provided true and by prudence be shown,  
Any heart unincumbered, and free as his own.  
So ladies, dear ladies, pray do not forget  
An excellent Bachelor's heart 's to be let. Jan.

## AN ANSWER.

I called, as per notice, the "snug house" to see,  
But failed to get in, for the want of a key;  
Though by those who well know it, I have been told  
That the rent is too small, and rather too cold;  
The rent is too high—and what is still more,  
It, I fear, has been rented too often before;  
And, had it not been that you always saw fit  
To serve on each Tenant a notice to quit,  
One might have remained, and, by patience and skill,  
Have filled up the blank in a Bachelor's will.  
There are doubts whether you can now claim the estate,  
On the grounds that you've entered your lien up too late;  
And if there is truth in the current report,  
You have lately been seen to drop into Court—  
And now, when in doubt your suit to have pressed,  
You ask for a bond, and a judgment confessed;  
And thus, having managed adroitly your part,  
You would levy at once on some fair Lady's heart,  
Therefore, I've concluded, for reasons you'll own,  
That hearts to be let, better be let alone. JULIA.

## ANECDOTES.

"Well, my little fellow," said a certain Principal to a juvenile philosopher, whose mamma had been teasing the learned Knight to test the astonishing abilities of her boy—"what are the properties of heat?" "The chief property of heat is that it expands bodies, while cold contracts them." "Very good indeed—can you give me a familiar example?" "Yes, sir; in Summer, when it is hot, the day is long; while in Winter, when it is cold, it becomes very short." The learned Knight stopped his examination, and was lost in amazement that so familiar an instance should have so long escaped his own observation.

"Sally Jones, have you done the sum I set you?" "No, sir, I can't do it." "Can't do it! I'm ashamed of you. Why, at your age I could do any sum that was set me. I hate that word can't! For there is no sum that can't be done, I can tell you." "I think, then, that I know a thum you can't thier." "It th th, thier: I fene apple cauthed the ruin of the human rath, how many thuch will it take to make a barrel of twelve thier, thir?" "Miss Sally Jones—you may turn to your lesson." "Yeth thir."

A "swell" from New York being at a country tavern, attempted to quiz an old farmer, by offering to drop money into a hat, the one who should hold out longest to treat the company. The dandy dropped in a quarter, then the old man followed with a bung-town copper—Go on, said the cockney—"I won't said the old man, take the money and treat the company!"

"My dear friend, that woman has been talking about you so again! She has been telling awfuller lies you ever heard; why she railed away at you for a whole hour!" "And you heard it all, did you?" "Yes." "Well, after this, just bear in mind that it takes two to make a slander—one to tell it, and one to listen to it."

"La, husband," you talk of my inconstancy before marriage, but have I not always been constant after marriage? "Yes my dear—and that's the worst of it: for if you would only be inconstant after marriage, I might get rid of you."

"Do you know Mr. T.?" said a man to another in our hearing yesterday. "Yes, very well." "What does he do now?" "Do? Why he owns me twenty dollars, and so he does all his acquaintances. That's what he does."

DR. SACKETT'S  
Indian Strengthening Plaster.  
The cheapest and best in the world, and recommended  
by the Medical Faculty, and by thousands  
who have made use of it.  
Over three hundred thousand sold annually.



For Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sprains, Bruises,  
—Pains in the Side, Loins, Back, Breast  
—Liver Complaints, Coughs, and all  
disorders leading to Consumption.

THE increased demand for these celebrated Plasters, has induced some to palm off others, purporting to be mine, therefore I caution purchasers to buy none except they bear my signature. GEORGE STEVENS JONES, none other can be GENUINE. Prices—On paper manufactured expressly for them, 12 1-2 cents each—on sold kid, 25 cents. Manufactured and sold wholesale and retail by the Proprietor, GEORGE STEVENS JONES, Nos. 50 and 52 Mount Vernon street, Boston—where all orders must be addressed, (post paid.) By special appointment MRS. HAYDEN of Quincy, has become my Agent.

Observe—none genuine unless having my signature. None ever goes from my office without it. THEY ARE WARRANTED IN ALL CASES. Boston, Feb. 12. if

## Have you ever tried it?



DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S  
Pectoral Balsam of Spikenard, Blood Root,  
Wild Cherry and Comfrey.

THE most effectual remedy ever known for Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Consumption, Whooping Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Influenza, Pain in the Side, Shortness of Breath, and all Affections of the Throat and Lungs. It affords wonderful relief to those laboring under these complaints, and the use of one bottle will satisfy the most incredulous who they possess a healing power above everything heretofore discovered.

Around each bottle is a Treatise on Consumption, its causes, symptoms and cure, with full and particular directions for using the Balsam; what food, drinks, clothing, air, exercise, etc. should be used. This Valuable Healing Cough Balsam, possessing the restorative virtues of many Roots and Rare Plants, which have been prepared with great care, can be obtained of the regularly appointed Agents, Merchants, Traders, Druggists, Apothecaries, and Dealers in Medicines throughout the New England States.

For sale, wholesale and retail, at the Doctor's Office, 15 Hanover Street, Boston. Price 50 cents. Also—For sale by E. Thayer, Weymouth; John B. Arnold, Braintree; William Sherman, Randolph; Royal B. Whitton, Hingham; Bacon & Baird, Dorchester; George Dixon, Dedham; and by all the Agents who sell his celebrated Sherry Wine Bitters and Family Pills. Agents in this town JOHN BRIESLER, Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

HEALTH & STRENGTH. Just received a fresh supply of S. O. Richardson's Sherry Wine Bitters & Family Pills, for sale as above. Look out for counterfeits and imitations, as there are several spurious articles in market intended to palm off on S. O. Richardson's. See that the Signature of S. O. Richardson is on the first envelope. Quincy, Dec. 3. 6m

## To the Public.

DR. GORDAK'S highly approved and most valuable Medicines are for sale at his office, No 57 Hanover street, Boston; all others sold by Apothecaries and Dealers in the city of Boston and vicinity, in his name, he does not vouch to be genuine. The following are the names, qualities, and prices of his Medicines:

JELLY OF POMEGRANATE AND PERUVIAN PILLS, unrivaled for the catarrh, weakness at the stomach, canker, humors of every description and general debility. Price \$1 25.

ISLAND BALM, for weakness and consumptive complaints. Price \$1.

PULMONARY JELLY OR COUGH DROPS, for obstinate colds, coughs, phthisis and asthma. Price 37 1-2 cents per bottle.

PATECAL DROPS, for bilious complaints, violent headache, worms and teething in children. Price 25 cents per bottle.

LINIMENT OPORDECO, for the rheumatism, sprains, swellings, bruises and chilblains. Price 25 cents per bottle.

STRENGTHENING PLASTER, for pains in the side, back and limbs. Price 25 cents per box.

SALT RHEUM OINTMENT, for the salt rheum and all external humors. Price 25 cents per box.

FILE OINTMENT, unrivaled for the cure of the piles. Price 25 cents per box.

DR. GORDAK gives general satisfaction in all chronic diseases that are curable, and never flatters the public, like many others, to cure impossibilities. The most of those who have tried his Medicines have received general satisfaction.

Certificates may be seen at his office, No 57 Hanover street, six doors above Union street, nearly opposite the First Baptist Meeting-house and Friend street, Boston.

Dr. G. can be consulted at his office, from 8 o'clock, A. M. until 8 P. M.

Individuals who have been imposed upon by counterfeit medicines, are requested to give me timely notice that I may publicly expose such frauds, whether it originated from a retailer or counterfeiter.

WILLIAM GORDAK.  
The above Medicines are for sale at the Store of the authorized Agent in this town.  
JOHN BRIESLER, Agent.  
Quincy, Feb. 12.

## Winter Fashions.

SUSANNA S. MARSH respectfully informs her friends and customers, that she has just received her winter fashions, with a splendid assortment of Winter RIBBONS; also, some very rich Velvet ribbons.

Florence Bonnets, colored and altered, cleaned and pressed, every week, as usual.  
Quincy, Nov. 5. if

Ebenezer B. Hersey,  
HOUSE, SHIP, SIGN, AND FANCY PAINTER AND GRAINER.

THE subscriber, grateful for past favors, takes this method to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has removed to his Shop on Coddington Street, near the Town Hall, where he may be found ready to execute all orders for HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, GRAINING, Etc., in a manner which cannot fail to suit.

Particular attention paid to HOUSE PAINTING. done handsomer and cheaper than at any other Establishment in town.

ORNAMENTAL PAINTING executed in a workman-like manner. GRAINING or Painting in imitation of all kinds of Wood, Marble and Stone, in a style surpassed by none. Glazing, Gilding, Coloring, etc., as usual.

PAINTS AND OILS, of the best quality, wholesale and retail, and as cheap as they can be purchased in Boston.

N. B. The subscriber wishes to be understood that he will WORK AS CHEAP AS ANY ONE ELSE, and will warrant satisfaction. CALL AND SEE. EBENEZER B. HERSEY.

Quincy, Jan. 7. if

## Removal—Painting Business.

COACH, CHAISE, SIGN

AND

HOUSE PAINTING;



GILDING, GRAINING,

PAPERING & GLAZING,

&c. &c.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has taken the shop formerly occupied by Thaddeus W. Cross, where he will carry on the

PAINTING BUSINESS in all its various branches, and hopes by strict attention to receive public patronage.

N. B. All kinds of GRAINING done at short notice and in good style.

As he relies upon a test to prove his advertisement to be correct in all particulars, he hopes the public will give him a chance for trial. MELVILL HOVEY. Quincy, Dec. 31. if

## Dry Goods.

E. PACKARD has on hand and for sale low, a good assortment of FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY

GOODS, consisting in part of

BEAVERS—Plain, Diamond and Waved.	Alpacas, Alpines, Printed & Plain Merinos.	TABLE COVERS, Muslins, Laces, Edgings, Insertings, Cotton Velvets, Linen Hdkfs., Silk do.
BROADCLOTHS—Black, Blue Black, Green, Brown and Drab.	SAXONIES, MOUS, DE LAINES, CASHMERE, FLANNELS, SHEETINGS, YARN, DIAPERS, VICTORIA ROBES, Victoria Plaid, Domestic do.	Buff Sheetings, Salisbury FLANNEL, Kid & Leather Slippers, India Rubbers, Muffs, Sarsnet Cambrics, Pelisse Wadding, Cotton Batting, Lace Veils,
CASHMERE—Bk, Blue, Lavender and Drab.	FROCKING, CALICOES, GINGHAMS, HOSIERY.	
DOESKINS, Satinets, VESTINGS, VELVETS, Tailors' Trimmings.		

Together with a great variety of small articles constituting a full stock, which it is scarcely necessary to say, will be sold low, for that is now the order of the day. Quincy, Nov. 12. if

## Good and Cheap for Cash.

MARSH'S TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,  
Near the Railway House, Milton.

A FIRST RATE assortment of Goods, suitable for the season, comprising the following:—BEAVERS—Plain, Diamond and Double Waved; PILOTS—Blue, Invisible—Green, etc., etc., for Winter Frocks and Surtouts;

ENGLISH, FRENCH, GERMAN AND AMERICAN SUPERFINE CLOTHS, of different colors and fine texture.

A good assortment of VESTINGS, comprising first rate Black Silk Velvet, Super Wool and Plaid Velvets; Fawn and rich SATINS, Light and Dark rich Silk Fawn Vests.

Super Wool Dyed English, French and American CASSIMERES AND DOESKINS; FANCY AND COMMON CASSIMERES.

The above articles will be made up at the following low prices in first rate style.

SURTOUTS, from	\$14 00 to	\$24 00
SUPER BLACK DRESS OR FROCK COATS,	13 00 to	25 00
WAVED, VESTS,	4 00 to	5 50
FANCY SILK AND SATIN VESTS,	3 00 to	4 50
GOOD BLACK CASSIMERE PANTS,	5 00 to	7 00
DOE SKIN PANTS,	5 00 to	8 50
GOOD COMMON PANTS,	5 00 to	4 00

A good assortment of Dress and Frock Coats, Velvet and Fancy Vests, Pants, etc., etc., that will be sold cheap, all custom made and warranted good.

The subscriber feels satisfied he need only say that his business shall be managed in the prompt manner that he has heretofore conducted it, and hopes by a continuation of the same, to merit the patronage of a liberal community.

Particular attention paid to CUTTING of Garments for Gentlemen who furnish their own cloth.

FALL AND WINTER FASHIONS by late arrivals. Milton, Near Railway House, Oct. 22. if

ALFRED S. MARSH.

## Extensive Assortment of Fall and Winter Goods.

JOSEPH BRIGHAM & CO., having recently made large purchases of Fall and Winter Goods, are enabled with their former stock to offer for sale as great an assortment of Goods as can be found in any Store in the city or country, and all of which will be sold CHEAP for cash or approved credit. Among which are the following:

Waved, Diamond and Plain BEAVER CLOTHS, for Frock and Over-Coats.

English and French and American BROADCLOTHS—superfine, medium and low priced—for Dress Coats.

Black, Blue Black, Blue and Fancy Colors.

DOE SKINS AND CASSIMERES, all qualities and colors, for Pants.

SATINETTES, all colors and qualities. Rich Figured Velvet, Satin and other VESTINGS.

Superfine Mole Skin and Fur HATS. Fur and Cloth CAPS.

Gloves, Stocks, Linen Collars and Bosoms, Black Italian Garters.

## FOR THE LADIES.

Superfine French Thibet MERINOES—Colors, Black, Blue, Black Dahlia and Mulberry—very beautiful English Merinoes, a full assortment.

Silk Warp ALPACCAS AND ALPINES—Black, Blue Black and Fancy Colors.

Plain and Figured MOUSLIN DE LAINES and SAXONIES.

English and French and American PRINTS, a good assortment.

Embossed PLaid and MERINO SHAWLS.

Bleached and Unbleached SHEETINGS and BED CLOTHS.

BED TICKINGS, Rose and Whitney BLANKETS and BED COMFORTERS.

Silk, Woolen, Mohair and Worsted HOSE. Kid, Silk, and Mohair GLOVES.

WHITE FLANNELS 3-4, 7-8, 4-4 & 5-4. Red, Green and Yellow do. Red, Green & White Twilled do.

MUFFS, NECK COMFORTERS, FRINGE for trimming Cloaks. Also, a good assortment of BOOTS and SHOES, CRACKERY, GLASS and CHINA WARE, HARD WARE and CUTLERY, WEST INDIA GOODS and GROCERIES.

Quincy, Dec. 4. if

## Extensive Cloth and Clothing Establishment.

New Fall and Winter Goods.

CALLOW & COMPANY,

Corner of Elm and Hanover Streets, Boston.

HAVING made extensive arrangements for the Fall and Winter Season, in the purchase of Goods, we are now prepared to offer to the public,

Clothing, at prices less than any other Establishment in the city, and at the same time, the style of Making, Trimming and Fit inferior to none.

Our Stock consists of

SUPER LONDON, GERMAN AND AMERICAN PILOT, BEAVER AND ASPHALTUM CLOTHS.

Of silver, figured, double waved, clouded, corded, and fancy colors, and of the most select styles.

BLACK, BLUE, RIFLE AND GAITER PANTS, FASHIONABLE VESTS, &c. &c.

SMOKE, LIGHT AND DARK OLIVES AND BROWN BROADCLOTHS.

SUPER WOOL DYED BLACK GERMAN CASSIMERES AND DOESKINS, warranted to retain their colors.

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN ELASTIC DOESKINS, AND FANCY AND COMMON CASSIMERES.

The above Goods comprise some of the most elegant styles for the coming season.

SUPER WOOL AND PLAID VELVETS.

RICH CASHMERE, THIBET, FIGURED AND PLAIN SATINS AND SILKS.

VALENCIA AND COMMON VESTINGS.

Also—Some of the most beautiful patterns of SHAWL VESTINGS, and a new and elegant style Cutting the same.

## Ready Made Clothing.

SURTOUTS, OPERA CLOAKS, SACKS, PELLOTS, DRESS AND FROCK COATS, COPIES, SPENCERS, JACKETS, PLAIN AND GAITER PANTS, FASHIONABLE VESTS, &c. &c.

The above Clothing is manufactured of the very best Stock and Trimmings, and cut in that style that distinguishes our garments from those that are vended in the numerous Shop Shops; and although we do not by strict and personal attention and economical expenses, we defy competition in prices, durability or style of workmanship.

To strangers visiting the city we would say, that by calling at this establishment, they can have their garments manufactured at twelve hours notice.

The strictest attention paid to making and trimming, and a fit warranted in all cases or the price of the Cloth refunded. The public are invited to call and examine for themselves.

Corner of Elm and Hanover Streets. Boston, Oct. 8. if

Plaid Veto Shawls, A NEW article of 8-4 and 9-4 for the winter weather, for sale at MANLEY & BRAMHALL'S. Boston, Oct. 1. if 24 Dock Square.

Cloths for Over Coats. PILOT, Asphaltum and Beaver cloths a great variety at MANLEY & BRAMHALL'S. Boston, Oct. 1. if 24 Dock Square.

## BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of OZIAS D. DANIELS of Randolph, a Bankrupt. AARON PRESCOTT, Assignee. Randolph, Feb. 11. 3w

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of HENRY B. COWING of Weymouth, a Bankrupt. LEMUEL HUMPHREY, Assignee. Weymouth, Feb. 4. 3w

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this twenty-fifth day of January, A. D. 1843.

—Upon the Petition of

STEPHEN MOULTON, JR.,

at the time of filing his petition to be declared a Bankrupt of Milton, in the County of Norfolk, now of Weyland, in the County of Middlesex, in said District, of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts, provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. Feb. 11. 2w 2057

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this twenty-seventh day of January, A. D. 1843.

—Upon the Petition of

HENRY B. COWING,

of Weymouth, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. Feb. 11. 2w 2117

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this third day of February, A. D. 1843—Upon the Petition of

THOMAS O. PENNIMAN,

of Braintree, in said District, to be declared bankrupt—Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the SECOND TUESDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. Feb. 11. 2w 3034

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this third day of February, A. D. 1843.

—Upon the Petition of

JOSEPH BURRELL,

of Quincy, in said District, to be declared Bankrupt. Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the SECOND TUESDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. Feb. 11. 2w 3032

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this second day of February, A. D.



# QUINCY PATRIOT.

Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store, in Hancock Street.

NUMBER 8.

QUINCY, (MASS.) SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1843.

VOLUME 7.

JOHN A. GREEN,  
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Two Dollars per annum in advance—Two Dollars and Fifty Cents if not paid till the end of six months—Three Dollars if delayed till the expiration of the year.

No subscription, or advertisement, will be stopped previous to the payment of all arrearages, unless at the option of the proprietor. When subscribers wish their papers stopped, they will notify the publisher to that effect and at the time their subscription expires. Every subscriber will be held responsible for the payment of his paper so long as it is sent to his address at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where he may have ordered it, until legally notified to the contrary.

Advertisements, correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices. The number of insertions required must be marked on the advertisement, otherwise they will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.

The privilege of small advertisers is limited to their own immediate business; and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all legal advertisements, and advertisements of auction sales, sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates.

Business letters and communications addressed to the Editor, postage paid, will receive early attention. Single copies of the paper, Six Cents.

AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions.

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SAMUEL A. TURNER,  
N. B. OSBORNE,  
FREEMAN HUNT,

LIST OF VOTERS

For the Town of Quincy, prepared by the Selectmen.

A.  
Adams, Hon. John Q.  
Adams, Josiah  
Adams, Josiah, Jr.  
Adams, Ebenezer  
Adams, Thomas  
Adams, Henry A. C.  
Adams, Seth  
Adams, Micajah N.  
Adams, John  
Adams, Isaac Hull  
Adams, Charles  
Adams, Nathan  
Adams, Moses  
Abbott, Luther C.  
Abbott, Luther  
Abercrombie, Wyman  
Arey, Thomas  
Arey, Joseph, Jr.  
Appleton, William G.  
Andrews, Samuel  
Allen, William, Rev.  
Allen, Obed  
Andrews, John  
Anderson, Henry M.  
Askwith, William  
Alexander, Oliver B.  
Allen, Otis  
Atherton, Albert B.  
B.  
Bramhall, Benjamin  
Brigham, Josiah  
Bailey, Billings  
Bailey, Hanson  
Bailey, Seth K.  
Brown, Joseph N.  
Brown, George M.  
Brown, Charles H.  
Brown, Foster C.  
Brown, William, 2d.  
Brown, Foster  
Brown, John G.  
Brown, Thomas  
Brown, John  
Brown, William R.  
Barker, Henry  
Barker, Charles  
Barker, George  
Billings, Lemuel  
Billings, Richard H.  
Billings, John A.  
Billings, Caleb F.  
Burr, John  
Burr, Henry  
Bean, Nathaniel M.  
Bean, Daniel  
Blanchard, George  
Bassett, George W.  
Babrege, Dennis  
Britton, James  
Brackett, Joseph  
Bailey, Martin  
Blye, Sanford  
Badger, Ezra  
Badger, Lewis  
Baxter, Lewis  
Beaton, William  
Batchelder, Henry G.  
Barrey, Garrett  
Beckford, James M.  
Bass, George W.  
Bass, Josiah  
Bass, Jonathan  
Bass, Hezekiah  
Bass, Lewis  
Bass, Josiah, Jr.  
Bass, Benjamin  
Bass, Isaac  
Benson, Samuel  
Bunting, Jesse G.  
Babcock, Robert G.  
Batchelder, James  
Baxter, James  
Baxter, Jonathan  
Baxter, Jonathan, Jr.  
Baxter, George  
Baxter, Thompson  
Baxter, Josiah  
Baxter, Daniel  
Baxter, William W.  
Baxter, George L.  
Baxter, Lewis, Jr.  
Baxter, Lemuel  
E.  
Ezra S. Conant,  
of Randolph, in said District, Lumber dealer, to be declared Bankrupt.  
Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the SECOND TUESDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.  
FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
Feb. 11. 2w 2571

Duggan, William B.  
Dexter, Edward T.  
Dison, William  
Davis, John C.  
Davis, Alonzo G.  
Dyer, William  
Damon, Ezra  
Damon, Edward  
Denton, Gideon F.  
Dow, Freeman  
Dakin, Stillman  
Danforth, Enoch, Jr.  
Dearborn, Horatio  
Dunn, John  
Duffy, Patrick  
Durgin, Anthony P.  
Durgin, David M.  
Daves, George M.  
F.  
Edwards, John C.  
Edwards, Samuel R.  
Edwards, Charles H.  
Elson, William  
Ela, Samuel  
Eaton, Jacob F.  
Everson, Edwin  
Ellis, Francis C.  
F.  
Feltis, Alexander  
Farmer, Jesse B.  
Finfield, Ira  
Flint, Jacob  
Flint, Daniel K.  
Foster, Rufus  
Foster, John S.  
Foster, Richard S.  
Frohock, Richard  
Farrey, Warren J.  
French, Daniel  
French, Joseph  
French, George H.  
French, Alden  
French, Harvey  
Fisher, Richard  
Fowler, Stephen F.  
Field, Ebenezer N.  
Field, Harvey  
Field, Joseph  
Field, Frederic W.  
Field, William  
Faxon, Horace  
Faxon, John  
Faxon, John, 2d.  
Faxon, George  
Faxon, Dexter  
Follett, George  
Ford, Job  
Ford, David  
Fenno, Isaac J.  
Fenno, Thomas G.  
Fenno, Rufus P.  
Fletcher, Salathiel A.  
Frederic, Ebenezer  
Fellows, Esquig S.  
Fellows, Luther S.  
Fitzlow, John  
Fowle, Theodore  
Fry, Joseph  
Flanders, Joseph  
Flanders, Hosea H.  
Folsom, Levi G.  
Frohock, Daniel  
Ferret, Nathaniel  
Farham, Henry H.  
G.  
Gibson, James  
Gray, Barber  
Gray, William D.  
Gray, John  
Glover, William S.  
Glover, Horatio N.  
Glover, Edward  
Glover, Ezra  
Glover, Nathaniel E.  
Glover, John B.  
Glover, Josiah  
Glover, John, Jr.  
Glover, James F.  
Glover, Noah A.  
Gay, Henry T.  
Gay, Henry A.  
Gay, Benjamin  
Greenleaf, Thomas  
Greenleaf, Elisha T.  
Greenleaf, David  
Greenleaf, Daniel  
Green, Ephraim  
Green, James  
Green, John  
Green, John A.  
Green, Ebenezer  
Green, Joseph  
Green, John Q. A.  
Green, William H.  
Gillett, Simon  
Gourgas, John M. Jr.  
Graham, Thomas  
Gill, Caleb, Jr.  
Goodrich, Benjamin  
Gill, Charles  
Glennon, James  
Gregory, Rev. John  
Guliver, John P.  
Guile, Eli T.  
Gould, Joseph  
Goss, Cyrus  
Goss, Lyman B.  
Goweth, Joseph  
H.  
Heustis, Alpheus M.  
Hill, Eli F.  
Hayden, Thomas  
Hutchinson, Daniel C.  
Huntress, Truman  
Higgins, Samuel  
Harris, James M.  
Halstrom, Jonas  
Halstrom, Jonas, Jr.  
Hall, Elisha V.  
Holmes, James W.  
Harvey, James R.  
Hancock, Richard  
Hall, Charles, 2d.  
Hall, Edward  
Hall, John  
Hall, Thomas F.  
Hall, Charles  
Mitchell, Charles R.  
Mills, Seba H.  
Merritt, Martin B.  
Merritt, Melzer  
McKendrick, Michael  
Hersey, Jerome  
Hobart, Daniel  
Hobart, William  
Hobart, William, Jr.  
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Hamilton, John K.  
Hemsworth, John C.  
Houghton, George A.  
Houghton, John, Jr.  
Hartshorn, Jonathan E.  
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Lapham, Frederic A.  
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Long, Benjamin  
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Leach, Levi  
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Leighton, Adriel W.  
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Munroe, Israel W.  
Munroe, Daniel  
Mead, Benjamin  
Mead, William  
Munroe, Alexis W.  
Moore, Thomas  
Munn, Luther  
Mann Nathaniel  
Mayo, Amariah  
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McNiece, Parker  
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Kane, Edward  
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Littlefield, Samuel, Jr.  
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Leonard, Silas  
Lucas, John S.  
Lucas, Thomas  
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Luther, John  
Lord, Peter R.  
Leighton, Thomas  
Leighton, Adriel W.  
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Marsh, Moses R.  
Marsh, Edmund  
Marsh, Thomas M.  
Marsh, George  
Marsh, Jonathan  
Rollins, Caleb  
Marsh, Edwin W.  
Marsh, Henry C.  
Marsh, Edmund S.  
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Munroe, Daniel  
Mead, Benjamin  
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Munroe, Alexis W.  
Moore, Thomas  
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Morton, William S.  
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Johnson, William F.  
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Miss Carlton, that you have asked another's assistance in your composition, and that you now repeat the deception?"

Poor Harriet! this was too much! Her dark eye first flashed, and then filled with tears; her lip trembled with emotion, and she paused a moment, as if disdaining a reply to this unmerited charge.

A slight and sneering laugh from the beauty aroused her, and she answered, respectfully but firmly.

"The story, I did write, was in that envelope yesterday. Some one has changed it without my knowledge. It was not so good as that you have read; so I must not take the prize."

There was a murmur of applause through the assembly, and the teacher bent upon the blushing girl a look of approval, which amply repaid her for all the embarrassment she suffered.

Aunt Eloise took advantage of the momentary excitement to steal from the room. Harriet took her seat, and Miss Angelina Burton was next called up. The portly matron leaned smilingly forward; and the graceful little beauty, already affecting the airs of a fine lady, sauntered up to the desk and languidly reached out her hand for the prize.

I cannot say much for your taste in selection, Miss Burton. I do not admire your author's sentiments. The next time you wish to make an extract, you must allow me to choose for you. There are better things than this, even in the trashy Magazine from which you have copied it.

And with this severe, but justly merited reproof of the imposition that had been practised, he handed the young lady, not the prize, which she excepted, but the MS. Essay on Friendship, which she had copied word for word, from an old Magazine.

The portly lady turned very red, and the beauty, bursting into tears of anger and mortification, returned to her seat discomfited.

"Miss Catherine Sumner," resumed the teacher, with a benign smile, to a plain, yet noble looking girl; who came as she spoke. "I believe there can be no mistake about your little effusion. I feel great pleasure in presenting you the reward due, not only to your mental cultivation, but the goodness of your heart. What! do you too hesitate?"

"Will you be kind enough, sir," said the gracious Kate, taking a paper from her pocket, "to read Harriet's story before you decide. I asked her for a copy several days ago, and here it is."

"You shall read it to the audience yourself, my dear; I am sure they will listen patiently to so kind a pleader in her friend's behalf."

The listeners looked pleased and eager to hear the story; and Kate Sumner, with a modest self-possession, which well became her, and with her fine eyes lighting up as she read, did full justice to the pretty and touching story, of which Harriet had been so cruelly robbed.

"It is well worth reading," said Mr. Wentworth, when she had finished; "your friend has won the prize, my dear young lady; and, as she owes it to your generosity, you shall have the pleasure of bestowing it yourself."

Kate's face glowed with emotion as she hung the chain around Harriet's neck; and Harriet could not restrain her tears, while she whispered, "I will take it not as a prize, but as a gift from you, dear Kate."

"And now, Miss Sumner," said Mr. Wentworth, in conclusion, "let me beg your acceptance of these volumes, as a token of your teacher's respect and esteem," and presenting her a beautifully bound edition of Milton's works, he bowed his adieu to the retiring audience.

"Will you lend me your prize pencil this morning, Harriet?" said Mrs. Carlton the next day. She was dressed for a walk, and Harriet wondered why she should want the pencil out with her; but she immediately unclasped the chain from her neck, and handed it to her mother without asking any questions.

She was rewarded at dinner by finding it lying at the side of her plate, with the single word "Truth" engraved upon its seal.

For the Quincy Patriot.

#### LETTER FROM BOSTON.

The season—City life—All is not gold that glitters—Sleight—Social parties—European news—Congress—Massachusetts Legislature—Demise of Judge Thacher.

The present month will not soon be forgotten, for its severe cold weather, in Massachusetts. Often has the thermometer stood, at sunrise, at zero; and a few mornings since the mercury descended to seven degrees below zero. The consequence has been a rise in the price of fuel here, and of many articles of daily consumption; sources of real depression to the suffering poor.

In a business sense, we have gloomy times just now, in Boston. Hundreds of deserving mechanics and laborers have nothing to do; and in good truth, I might say the same with the mercantile and other classes of society. Many are growing poorer, while few are gaining in this world's goods. But I need not expatiate on the apathy of the "times"—they are well known to you and the readers of your well conducted paper. Things look well enough in our great cities, but could the veil be uplifted, that hides misery and poverty from the eye of the casual observer, what scenes would present themselves!—insolvency screened by a gaudy show, and poverty by the unmeaning term of gentility. Still the city is gay and lively. The merry sleigh bells tell how many there are, by hook or crook, who ride in magnificence through the streets with probably not a cent in their pockets or in the world. Twenty-five thousand dollars is but a moderate estimate of the expense for sleigh riding in these "digging" the present winter. And, oh! the social parties, there is no end to them, particularly "moonshiny" evening. It is customary on these occasions to "show off," and an hundred dollar bill is easily absorbed, which perhaps a week after would be needed to meet the polite call of a bank notification. The places of public amusement of late, have been fairly patronized.

The intelligence of the week is briefly as follows: The British steamer Acadia arrived here on Monday, in the short passage of fourteen days from Liverpool. The British parliament met on the 2d inst. The royal speech was read by the Lord Chancellor, and the Ashburton Treaty spoken of in terms of commendation. The Corn Laws are not yet repealed. There is a general depression of trade throughout England but money is plenty. We are soon to have a new steamer added to the Cunard line, called the Hibernia, a splendid vessel of thirteen hundred and fifty tons, a fast sailor, safe, and so rigged that she can sail round the world with her sails alone. On the 30th of January the private Secretary of Sir Robert Peel, (Edmund Drummond, Esq.) was assassinated in the streets of London, which created no little sensation in that city. He was probably mistaken for Sir Robert himself. On the 13th ult. there was a dreadful hurricane on the European coast which was attended with great loss of life and destruction to shipping. It is painful to read the particulars. The repeal of the Union with Ireland according to O'Connell is near at hand. God grant it may be true. France

is quiet and prosperous. The Asiatic news is not of much interest. The British arms are victorious in the India as well as the China war.

The doings of Congress at Washington since your last, have been unimportant. Retrenchment is the order of the day there now, and to some extent it will prevail, as reducing the pay of members from eight to six dollars, *per diem* and also greatly lessening their mileage bills. It is said, that the Missouri members have heretofore received two thousand dollars each session for travel; the new bill proposes to allow no member over three hundred dollars, however remote he may live from the seat of government. I sincerely hope the new Postage Bill will pass, by which the highest rate on each single letter will be ten cents instead of twenty-five, as it now is. On Saturday next the present Congress will expire. In the meantime the country can expect but little from its proceedings. An extra session of the next Congress is confidently expected.

The Massachusetts Legislature is likely to sit until the 15th of March, ensuing if not longer. A great extent of business is carved out, but the protracted debates on almost every question that occurs retards the doings exceedingly. The Senate despatch business readily in consequence of the political inequality of strength there, but in the House, parties are so equipped, that its progress is snail like. Many of the speeches have been of great length. Mr. Palfrey of Boston spoke two and a half hours on the subject of remitting General Jackson's fine at New Orleans in 1815. Among the prominent democrats are Col. Thomas, Messrs. Allen, Whitmarsh, Russel and Tarbell. Mr. Nathaniel Hinckley of Barnstable is not returned the present year. Messrs. Kinnicut, Walley, Brooks, Adams, Colby and Bigelow rank among the prominent members of the whig party, deservingly so. There is certainly no lack of talent in our Legislature the present year. To show you a specimen of the progress of the House, the following was most of the business yesterday, Feb. 24th. Mr. Kellogg of Pittsfield, offered the following order:

Whereas, it appears by one of the public journals published in this city of Boston, called the "Bay State Democrat," that on the 9th inst. at a public festival held at Faneuil Hall, and attended by a large number of citizens, His Excellency the Governor of the Commonwealth, after saying that "he had a small account to settle with a co-ordinate branch," uttered the following sentiment,

"The House of Representatives—though afflicted with the 'King's Evil,' it is now under a course of treatment, which will soon restore it to health."

Therefore ordered that a committee to consider, and report what action the House ought to take in the premises.

In support of this order, Mr. Kellogg argued that its adoption was called for by the House's respect for itself as an independent branch of the government.

Mr. Thomas of Charlestown, objected to the order, that it related to a matter over which the House could have no control, and he moved to lay it on the table, and called for the yeas and nays on the question.

The motion to lay on the table was then carried—yeas 181 to 141 nays.

The Hon. Peter O. Thacher, died in this city at his residence, yesterday morning after a brief illness. He was conveyed sick from the Municipal Court of which he has been judge for twenty years past, on Saturday and rapidly grew worse until he died. His disease was rheumatism followed by paralysis. Judge Thacher graduated at Harvard University in 1796, and was appointed Judge of the Municipal Court of Boston, by Gov. Brooks in 1823. The Governor and Council now in session will probably fill the vacancy forthwith. Among the candidates for the office may be mentioned the names of Bradford Sumner, Esq. and Hon. Abel Cushing.

THE MOUNTAIN.

For the Quincy Patriot.

#### ORDINATION.

The ordination of Rev. William O. Mosely of Newburyport, over the South Congregational Society in Scituate, lately under the pastoral charge of Rev. S. J. May, took place on Wednesday, the 15th inst.

Introductory prayer by Rev. William P. Tilden of Norton, lately a member of this Church and Society. Selection from Scripture, by Rev. Joseph Osgood of Cohasset. The following original hymn, by a young lady of the Society:

Here in thy temple Lord, we bow,  
And here thy love declare,  
Here consecrate to thee our souls,  
To thee address our prayer,

When doubt and infidelity  
Are striking through the land;  
O give thy Servant faith, and strength,  
Firm in thy truth to stand.

And may his words like living coals  
From hallowed altars burn,  
To kindle up love's holiest flame;  
To bid the sinner turn.

Should darkness spread her sable shade,  
His spirit's bliss to mar;  
O penetrate his inmost soul,  
With beams from Bethlehem's star.

Thy Servant, and his People bless;  
And may their hearts be one,  
One in their love to thee, their God,  
Their love to Christ, thy Son.

Sermon by Rev. Thomas M. Fox of Newburyport, which was one of the most eloquent discourses ever delivered in that house. Prayer of Ordination by Rev. Dr. Kendall of Plymouth. Although from age delivered in a trembling voice, it was superior to like productions of his best days. Another original hymn by a young lady of the Society, which is annexed:

Now Teacher to thy charge!  
The gospel truths proclaim,  
Preach boldly to a sinful world;  
Speak in Jehovah's name!

O sinners conscience-seared,  
Condemners of God's word;  
O thunder in their guilty ears,  
"The terrors of the Lord."

The fearful trembling souls,  
To doubt and sorrow given;  
O draw them by a Saviour's love,  
Within the gates of Heaven.

The desolate and lone—  
The lambs of Jesus' flock,  
Direct them in their pilgrimage,  
To their salvation's rock.

And when thy work is done,  
Then peaceful be thy rest;  
For thou shalt hear the Saviour's call,  
"Come, of my Father blest."

The Charge by Rev. E. Q. Sewall of North Scituate. All who know Mr. Sewall will rightly conclude that he left nothing unsaid. Fellowship of the churches by Rev. Parker C. Waterston of Boston, who spoke without notes and was truly elo-

quent, often moving the audience to tears. The Society was then addressed by Rev. Mr. May, their former pastor, in fine style, and being much affected himself did not fail to reach the hearts of his hearers. Concluding prayer by Rev. E. Leonard of Marshfield, in the absence of Rev. Mr. Moore of Duxbury, to whom that part was assigned.

We were not a little gratified in seeing our old friend, Rev. Morrill Allen of Pembroke, presiding upon the occasion. His introductory remarks were excellent, every way to the point, as every thing is which he utters.

Upon the pastor giving his benediction, the council, with many invited guests, repaired to the house of Dea. Joshua James, where dreadful havoc was made among the turkeys, etc.

Notwithstanding the inclemency of the weather, the meeting house was well filled, and the audience separated having enjoyed a great intellectual treat. The music was excellent, and much credit is due to their chorister, Mr. Alfred Litchfield, for the pains he had taken and the manner in which he led them off.

#### QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, FEB. 25, 1843.

John A. Green, Editor.

SAD DISASTER. Last Monday, a short time after sunset, Mr. Nehemiah Fletcher and Mr. Charles H. Grover, two industrious and exemplary citizens of this place, came to their deaths in a most shocking manner. They were employed by Mr. John Parker to remove a rock, about fourteen feet below the surface of the ground, which obstructed him in digging a well. They had drilled to nine feet in the rock and charged it with powder which was first placed in a tin canister to keep it from getting wet, and then had attempted to ignite it, but from some cause were unable to succeed. After it had remained for over a day covered with two feet of water, they ventured to drill it out but with the most fatal result. The body of Grover, who was the nearest to the rock, was literally mangled, many of his bones being broke, and his face so bruised and blackened as to leave scarcely a resemblance. Fletcher, who stood upon a staging, engaged with the top part of the drill, was less bruised though evidently he came to an instant death.

Messrs John Parker, Josiah Adams, Jr., Abram Prescott, and George Clapp, who were either on the brink of the well or the platform which partly covered it, were more or less injured, though none of them very seriously. Mr. Parker was the most hurt, but we are glad to learn that his injuries will not long keep him from his daily pursuit.

Each of the unfortunate men have left families to mourn, as well as a large circle of acquaintances, their sudden exit to eternity.

Appropriate services were performed at their funeral, which took place at the Episcopal Church by the Rev. Mr. Robinson, a solemn and impressive prayer having previously been made at their late residence by Rev. Mr. Lunt, as one of the afflicted wives was unable from sickness to attend the last rites to her departed companion.

THE WASHINGTONIAN FAIR. As we mentioned last week, the Fair in aid of the philanthropic cause of the Washingtonians, commenced last Tuesday evening, and the Town Hall was crowded at an early hour. No pains were spared to render every thing what it should be, and the Hall was most tastefully decorated with flags, festoons, wreaths and banners. The anticipations of the friends of this entertainment were more than realized; and the receipts will show what our town, once awakened, can do in the greatest moral cause of the age. The enterprise, none will deny, was highly creditable to the ever spirited ladies who matured and successfully brought it to a close.

The Quincy Band, under the direction of their accomplished leader, Prof. McLaughy, contributed much towards the festivities in discoursing excellent music, which was highly admired by the numerous company present. Their valuable services on this as well as other occasions will doubtless be remembered by a generous community.

The severe attack of ague, under which we have labored, compels us to be brief in our notice, but we shall refer to it again in our next paper.

FROZEN TO DEATH. An inquest was taken on Sunday morning last, at Milton, before William Spear, Esq., Coroner, upon the body of Lucy Talbot of Milton. Verdict of the jury, that she came to her death on the night of the 18th inst., by intoxication and exposure to severe cold, while in company with one John Bowman.

It appeared from the testimony of Bowman, that he had visited the deceased several times previous, and at one time remained with her until two or three o'clock in the morning; that she had said to him she should like to take a sleigh ride, and that he called about nine o'clock on Friday evening last for her; that he went with her to Roxbury and stopped at a Distil House, and gave her three glasses of brandy, and drank freely himself; that on returning home, she said, on the road between Dr. Harris' and Dr. Codman's meeting-houses, that she felt cold and that when they got to her gate he found she could not speak, that he then went with her to Dr. Ware, who said she was dead and told him to carry her home.

Dr. Ware testified, that Bowman came to his gate with the deceased about sun rise of Saturday morning, that she was then dead, that he had examined and found some bruises, but nothing to cause him to suppose they were caused by violence, did not think it necessary to make a post mortem examination. Several other witnesses were examined, whose testimony seemed to corroborate the above statements.

DEATH OF A PHYSICIAN. We are informed that Dr. Samuel Mullikin of Dorchester, came to his death on Sunday last, from a disease contracted while opening the body of a deceased person,

ROBERT MERRY'S MUSEUM. Each number of this little favorite of the juvenile portion of the community, (and it is not without interest to those more advanced) is well filled with rare stories, from Master Merry's vast store-house of entertaining and useful knowledge. Each number is illustrated by pretty engravings, and presents unusual attractions for youth of both sexes. The tales of Robert Merry will be remembered by his numerous readers many years hence—Tom Trotter, Alexis Pultova, Peter Pilgrim, Philip Brusque, and many other characters which have been sketched by the pen of old Peter Parley, will not soon be forgotten. The Museum contains more sound, valuable, and yet agreeable matter, such as all children love to read, than any Youth's Magazine in the country; and one thing more, reader—it is, by far, the cheapest.

We advise all who are desirous of admitting to the family circle a work which they can safely put into the hands of children, to subscribe for the Museum. This work is published by Bradbury, Soden & Co., No. 10 School Street, Boston. Subscriptions received at this office and at the Quincy Bookstore.

THE SLAVE LATIMER'S CASE. Gov. McDowell, the new Chief Magistrate of Virginia, tells the Legislature of that State, that "the correspondence commenced by his predecessor with the then Gov. (Davis) of Massachusetts, will be resumed," with Gov. Morton, and as he "would fain hope, with some satisfactory result than has yet been obtained." The Governor of Virginia adds, moreover that as to the protection of the holders of slave property when at the North, he has no sufficiently matured views to offer at present.

THE HANCOCK HOUSE, QUINCY. The editor of the Boston Traveller, who is a judge in matters pertaining to a well regulated public house, says that "this hotel is one of the favorite resorts of our city, at all times, and especially in this season of sleighing and merriment. Mr. French keeps one of the most quiet, well ordered houses in the country; yet there are those around him who seem to delight more in watching his movements than in attending to their own concerns. Parties from the city universally speak well of the entertainment furnished and the polite attention of the host."

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE. We are gratified to learn, that Messrs. George Newcomb and Benjamin Curtis of this town, have been appointed by his Excellency the Governor, with the consent of the Honorable Council, Justices of the Peace within and for the County of Norfolk. Both of these gentlemen are well qualified to discharge the high trusts reposed in them.

FUNERAL SOLEMNITIES. We have been requested to mention that a sermon will be preached at Christ Church, in this place, by its respected pastor, next Sunday afternoon, with special reference to the life, character and christian virtues of the lamented Bishop Griswold.

PARDON. Mr. David Edwards of this place, was pardoned on Tuesday last, by the Governor and Council, upon the petition of nearly six hundred of the citizens of this town, and accordingly released from imprisonment.

DEPUTY SHERIFFS. The Sheriff of Norfolk County has appointed the following persons Deputy Sheriffs, viz—Nathan Jones of East Medway, Alexander E. Dubois of Randolph, Enoch Bullard of Roxbury, Jesse K. Webster of Canton, George Ellis, 2d, of Dedham, Silas Binney of Weymouth, and Farrington of Wrentham.

The highest tax paid in Boston last year, was \$5,542 80, by Peter C. Brooks, Esq.

If the "march" of roguery is not onward in Baltimore, we should really like to know where it is. They lately gave a grand ball in that city for the benefit of the poor—and somewhere about forty tickets of admission were found to be forged.

A chime of bells is to be placed in the tower of the Trinity Church, now erecting at the head of Wall street, New York.

#### MARRIED.

In Dorchester, 19th inst., by Rev. Mr. Miner, Mr. Reuben Ricker to Miss Eunice Savil, both of this town.

#### DIED.

In this town, 18th inst., Sarah Jane, daughter of Mr. Samuel V. and Mrs. Jane M. Hardwick, aged 3 years and 2 months.

On the 20th inst. Mr. Nehemiah Fletcher, aged 33; and Mr. Charles H. Grover, formerly of Sandown, (N. H.) aged 30. [New Hampshire papers are requested to copy. See editorial columns for a notice of their deaths.]

On the 22d inst., an infant child of Mr. Charles and Mrs. Harriet A. Page.

In Scituate, June 16th, Louisa, daughter of Mr. Jonathan and Mrs. Caroline Merrett, aged 5 years and 5 months.

Oh lay her down amid the flowers,  
There she will sweetly sleep,  
They will her fragrance round her breathe,  
A shelter o'er her keep.

Her life was like the gentle flowers,  
Like them, she could not stay;  
She came, she smiled, but suffered too,  
And then she passed away.

But why hath sorrow filled thy heart,  
And wherefore do you sigh,  
That one so pure and innocent,  
So soon was called to die!

The fleeting joys and cares of earth,  
Might lead her heart astray;  
And then, O who could call her back,  
Amid them here to stay.

'Tis time, the home that knew her once,  
Shall know her now no more,  
And yet, how sweet to think of her,  
With all her sufferings o'er,

And gone to her heavenly Father's arms;  
She is safe, beneath his care,  
O tread the straight and narrow way,  
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The reader is referred to "Tri-Mountain's" letter for congressional and legislative intelligence.

#### Cards.

Mr. McLaughy begs leave to inform the ladies and gentlemen of Quincy, that he will be able to comply with the wishes of his friends by given a vocal and instrumental Concert, on or about the ninth of March.

A selection of popular Songs with Piano Forte and Guitar accompaniments, together with several favorite pieces by the Band, Clarinet Solos, etc. will, it is hoped, form an entertainment worthy the music loving gentry of Quincy.

Mrs. T. B. Hall tenders her thanks to her friends in Quincy, for their liberal contributions to the Washingtonian Fair.

The Ladies connected with the Fair would respectfully present their thanks to all persons who may have in any manner aided them in their undertaking, and more especially, to Mr. McLaughy and the gentlemen composing the Band under his direction, for the readiness with which they gave their attendance and for the gratification which their performance afforded their visitors during the evenings of the Fair.

#### NOTICES.

Mr. William Seaver of Quincy, will deliver a lecture before the Quincy Lyceum, WEDNESDAY EVENING (March 1st.) at the Town Hall, commencing at seven o'clock.

QUESTION FOR DISCUSSION.

Ought Capital Punishment to be abolished?  
GEORGE BAXTER, Secretary.

Charles L. Remond, a colored gentleman, of Salem, will deliver a lecture in the Town Hall on SUNDAY EVENING next, at half past six o'clock. Subject—The prejudice against color.

A collection will be taken to defray expenses.

Mr. George Newcomb of Quincy, will lecture before the Weymouth and Braintree Union Lyceum, MONDAY EVENING, (Feb. 27th.) at half past six o'clock.

Dr. William B. Duggan will lecture on Temperance at the West District School House, TO-MORROW EVENING.

The Ladies connected with the tables at the Fair are requested to meet at the Town Hall, on MONDAY next, at two o'clock in the afternoon.

All bills against the Fair will be paid by Mr. George Vezzie, and it is desired that they may be presented before the time of the above meeting.

Information of a Veil, which was found in the Hall, may be obtained at the Bookstore; also, of an Umbrella, which was left by some person.

The undersigned, Selectmen of Quincy, give notice that they will be in session at the Town Hall, every SATURDAY in each month, until further notice, from two to five o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having business with the Town are requested to present it on said days.

HENRY WOOD,  
BILLINGS BAILEY,  
JAMES NEWCOMB.

#### School Meeting.

THE legal voters of the Centre School District, in Quincy, are hereby notified and warned to meet at the Grammar School Room, in said District, on SATURDAY EVENING, the fourth day of March ensuing, at six o'clock, for the following purposes, viz:

1. To choose a Moderator.  
2. To choose such District Officers as the Law requires.

3. To hear and act upon the Report of the Prudential Committee of said District for the past year.  
4. To choose any committee, hear and act upon any Report, or transact such other business as may be legal and proper.

By order of the Prudential Committee.  
JOHN A. GREEN, District Clerk.  
Quincy, Feb. 25.

DEPUTY SHERIFFS. The Sheriff of Norfolk County has appointed the following persons Deputy Sheriffs, viz—Nathan Jones of East Medway, Alexander E. Dubois of Randolph, Enoch Bullard of Roxbury, Jesse K. Webster of Canton, George Ellis, 2d, of Dedham, Silas Binney of Weymouth, and Farrington of Wrentham.

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## POETRY.

## WHO ARE THE FREE?

Who are the Free?  
They who have scorned the tyrant and his rod,  
And bow'd in worship unto none but God;  
They who have made the conqueror's glory dim—  
Unchain'd in soul, though manacled in limb—  
Unwarp'd by prejudice—unaw'd by wrong,  
Friends to the weak, and fearless of the strong:  
They who could change not with the changing hour,  
The self-same men in peril and in power;  
True to the law of right, as warmly prone  
To grant another's as maintain her own:  
Foes of oppression, whoso'er it be—  
These are the proudly free.

## Who are the Great?

Who are the Great?  
They who have boldly ventured to explore  
Unsound seas, and lands unknown before—  
Soar'd on the wings of science, wide and far,  
Measur'd the sun and weigh'd each distant star—  
Pierc'd the dark depths of ocean and of earth,  
And brought uncounted wonders into birth—  
Repell'd the pestilence, restrain'd the storm,  
And given new voice to the human form—  
Waken'd the voice of reason, and unfur'd  
The page of truthful knowledge to the world:  
They who have toiled and studied for mankind—  
Arouned the slumbering virtues of the mind—  
Taught us a thousand blessings to create:—  
These are the nobly Great.

## Who are the Wise?

Who are the Wise?  
They who have govern'd with a self-control  
Each will and baneful passion of the soul—  
Curb'd the strong impulse of all fierce desires,  
But kept alive affection's purer fires;  
They who have pass'd the labyrinth of life,  
Without one hour of weakness or of strife;  
Prepar'd each change of fortune to endure;  
Humble though rich, and dignified though poor—  
Skill'd in the latent movements of the heart—  
Learn'd in the lore which nature can impart—  
Teaching that sweet philosophy aloud,  
Which sees the "silver lining" of the cloud,  
Looking for good in all beneath the skies:  
These are the truly Wise!

## Who are the Blest?

Who are the Blest?  
They who have kept their sympathies awake,  
And scatter'd joy for more than custom's sake:  
Steadfast and tender in the hour of need,  
Gentle in thought—benevolent in deed;  
Whose looks have power to make dissensions cease—  
Whose smiles are pleasant, and whose words are peace;  
They who have lived as harmless as the dove,  
Teachers of truth, and ministers of love;  
Love for all mortal power—all mental grace—  
Love for the humblest of the human race—  
Love for that tranquil joy that virtue brings—  
Love for the Giver of all goodly things:  
True followers of that soul-exalting plan,  
Which Christ laid down to bless and govern man.  
They who can calmly linger at the last,  
Survey the future and recall the past;  
And with that hope which triumphs over pain,  
Feel well assured they have not lived in vain;  
Then wait in peace their final hour of rest:  
These are the only blest!

## TO JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.

Invincible old man! New England's pride!  
Although the day of life be well nigh done,  
Yet bright the glories of thy setting sun  
As in its noon-tide splendor. Thou hast lived  
With the blest patriots whose souls were tried  
In the stern conflict when thy youth began,  
And, ere thy sands of life are wholly run,  
Thy name is graven their great names beside.  
Long as enduring Time doth hold his flight  
Thy virtues shall be named: and History's page  
Always shall tell, in characters of light,  
Of thee thou Statesman, Orator and Sage,  
Whose arm is ever lifted in the cause of Right—  
"He was the Glory of his Land and Age."

## ANECDOTES.

Two lawyers, one day, in riding came up with a clergyman. Says one of them, to his fellow-traveller, "We'll crack a joke with the priest." Pleased with the idea, they rode up, on either side; after mutual salutations, one of them says: "How happens it, that men of your cloth make such blunders in the pulpit? I heard one when he wished to say 'Oz, King of Bathan,' say 'Hog, King of Bacon.'" "Oh," replied the divine, "we are men of the like infirmities with the rest of fellow-creatures. I lately, when I should have said the devil was the father of liars, said the devil is the father of lawyers." "Ah," asked the other, "which are you, a knave or a fool?" "I believe, gentlemen," he replied, "I am between both."

"Good morning, Cuff Link—came for to at you why you no pay dat small bill ob tree and one pence, which I decended to you too de hands ob my little nigga Bill?" "Sambo Sinks, I hab he honor to deform you dat I hab received dat account; and dat I acknowledge de debt; but, sah, let me also deform you dat a change hab come ober de state of tings, and dat I solemnly repudiate de account, and will neber pay, so help me Miss Sippi?"

"Daddy, Daddy! who pays for de education of fish?" "Why nobody, you silly boy!" "Do they get teachin' for nothin'?" "No, dey don't get any teachin' or education, you namskull you." "Well then de paper lies, dad." "How so?" "Cos dey talks about de fishes runnin' in de sea in schools." "Go to bed! you prognostications varmint you." "Yetham?"

A fire happening at a public house, a man present entreated one of the firemen to play the engine upon a particular door. The fireman complied—upon which the arch rogue, offering his friend a shilling, exclaimed, "Thank you, sir: you've done what I never could do; for, egad, you've liquidated my score."

A person being seated at table between two tradesmen, and thinking to be witty upon them, said, "How pretty I am fixed between the two tailors." Upon which one of them replied, "Being only beginners in business, we cannot afford to keep more than one goose between us."

"Sir," said a barber to an attorney who was passing his door, "will you tell me if this is a good dollar?" The lawyer, pronouncing the piece good, deposited it in his pocket, adding with great gravity, "If you'll send your lad to my office, I'll return the fifty cents."

"Why does Jewel wiggle his tail, pa?" Because he is pleased, my son. A few days afterwards the son skinned an eel by way of recreation. "How could you be so cruel, my boy?" "Cruel, pa! the eel wiggle his tail all the time."

## DR. SACKETT'S

## Indiaa Strengthening Plaster.

The cheapest and best in the world, and recommended by the Medical Faculty, and by thousands who have made use of it.

Over three hundred thousand sold annually.



For Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sprains, Bruise—Pains in the Side, Loins, Back, Breast—Liver Complaints, Coughs, and all disorders leading to Consumption.

THE increased demand for these celebrated Plasters, has induced some to palm off others, purporting to be mine, therefore I caution purchasers to buy none except they bear my signature. GEORGE STEVENS JONES, none other can be GENUINE.

Prices—On paper manufactured expressly for them, 12 1-2 cents each—on soft kid, 25 cents. Manufactured and sold wholesale and retail by the Proprietor, GEORGE STEVENS JONES, Nos. 80 and 82 Mount Vernon street, Boston—where all orders must be addressed, (post paid.)

By special appointment MRS. HAYDEN of Quincy, has become my Agent.

Observe—none genuine unless having my signature. None ever goes from my office without it. THEY ARE WARRANTED IN ALL CASES. Boston, Feb. 12. if

## Have you ever tried it?



DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S Pectoral Balsam of Spikenard, Blood Root, Wild Cherry and Comfrey.

THE most effectual remedy ever known for Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Consumption, Whooping Cough, Spitting of Blood, Influenza, Pain in the Side, Shortness of Breath, and all Affections of the Throat and Lungs. It affords wonderful relief to those laboring under these complaints, and the use of one bottle will satisfy the most incredulous that they possess a healing power above everything heretofore discovered.

Around each bottle is a Treatise on Consumption, its causes, symptoms and cure, with full and particular directions for using the Balsam; what food, drinks, clothing, air, exercise, etc. should be used. This Valuable Healing Cough Balsam, possessing the restorative virtues of many Rugs and Rare Plants, which have been prepared with great care, can be obtained of the regularly appointed Agents, Merchants, Traders, Druggists, Apothecaries, and Dealers in Medicines throughout the New England States.

For sale, wholesale and retail, at the Doctor's Office, 15 Hanover Street, Boston. Price 50 cents.

Also—For sale by E. Thayer, Weymouth; John B. Arnold, Braintree; William Sherman, Randolph; Royal B. Whiton, Hingham; Bacon, Baid, Dorchester; George Dax, Dedham; and by all the Agents who sell his celebrated Sherry Wine Bitters and Family Pills. Agents in this town JOHN BRIESLER, Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

HEALTH & STRENGTH. Just received a fresh supply of S. O. Richardson's Sherry Wine Bitters & Family Pills, for sale as above. Look out for counterfeits and imitations, as there are several spurious articles in market intended to palm off for S. O. Richardson's. See that the Signature of S. O. Richardson is on the first envelope. Quincy, Dec. 3. 6m

## To the Public.

DR. GORDAK'S highly approved and most valuable Medicines are for sale at his office, No 57 Hanover street, Boston; all others sold by Apothecaries and Dealers in the city of Boston and vicinity, in his name, he does not vouch to be genuine. The following are the names, qualities, and prices of his Medicines:

JELLY OF POMEGRANATE AND PERUVIAN PILLS, unrivalled for the catarrh, weakness at the stomach, canker, humors of every description and general debility. Price \$1 25.

ICELAND BALSAM, for weakness and consumptive complaints. Price \$1.

PULMONARY JELLY OR COUGH DROPS, for obstinate colds, coughs, phthisis and asthma. Price 57 1-2 cents per bottle.

PHYSICAL DIAPERS, for bilious complaints, violent headache, worms and teething in children. Price 25 cents per bottle.

LINIMENT ORPHELOCO, for the rheumatism, sprains, swellings, bruises and chilblains. Price 25 cents per bottle.

STRENGTHENING PLASTER, for pains in the side, back and limbs. Price 25 cents per box.

SALT RHEUM OINTMENT, for the salt rheum and all external humors. Price 25 cents per box.

PILE OINTMENT, unrivalled for the cure of the piles. Price 25 cents per box.

DR. GORDAK gives general satisfaction in all chronic diseases that are curable, and never flatters the public, like many others, to cure impossibilities. The most of those who have tried his Medicines have received general satisfaction.

Certificates may be seen at his office, No 57 Hanover street, six doors above Union street, nearly opposite the First Baptist Meeting-house and Friend street, Boston.

Dr. G. can be consulted at his office, from 8 o'clock, A. M. until 8 P. M.

Individuals who have been imposed upon by counterfeit medicines, are requested to give me timely notice that I may publicly expose such frauds, whether it originated from a retailer or counterfeiter.

WILLIAM GORDAK.

The above Medicines are for sale at the Store of the authorized Agent in this town.

JOHN BRIESLER, Agent. Quincy, Feb. 12. 1y.

## Winter Fashions.

SUSANNA S. MARSH respectfully informs her friends and customers, that she has just received her winter fashions, with a splendid assortment of Winter RIBBONS; also, some very rich Velvet ribbons.

Florence Bonnets, colored and altered, cleaned and pressed, every week, as usual. Quincy, Nov. 5. if

## Ebenezer B. Hersey.

## HOUSE, SHIP, SIGN, AND FANCY PAINTER AND GRAINER.

THE subscriber, grateful for past favors, takes this method to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has removed to his Shop on Coddington Street, near the Town Hall, where he may be found ready to execute all orders for

HOUSE, SIGN, AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING, GRADING, ETC., in a manner which cannot fail to suit. Particular attention paid to HOUSE PAINTING.

SIGN PAINTING, done handsomer and cheaper than at any other Establishment in town.

ORNAMENTAL PAINTING executed in a workman-like manner. GRADING or Painting in imitation of all kinds of Wood, Marble and Stone, in a style surpassed by none.

Glazing, Gilding, Coloring, etc., as usual.

PAINTS AND OILS, of the best quality, wholesale and retail, and as cheap as they can be purchased in Boston.

N. B. The subscriber wishes to be understood that he will WORK AS CHEAP AS ANY ONE ELSE, and will warrant satisfaction. CALL AND SEE. EBENEZER B. HERSEY. Quincy, Jan. 7. if

Removal—Painting Business.

COACH, CHAISE, SIGN AND GILDING, GRADING, PAPERING & GLAZING, &c. &c.

HOUSE PAINTING; PAINTING BUSINESS

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has taken the shop formerly occupied by Thaddeus W. Cross, where he will carry on the

PAINTING BUSINESS in all its various branches, and hopes by strict attention to receive public patronage.

N. B. All kinds of GRADING done at short notice and in good style. As he relies upon a test to prove his advertisement to be correct in all particulars, he hopes the public will give him a chance for trial. MELVILL HOVEY. Quincy, Dec. 31. if

Dry Goods.

E. PACKARD has on hand and for sale low, a good assortment of FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, consisting in part of

BEAVERS—Plain, Diamond and Waved. ALPACAS, Alpines, Printed & Plain Merinos. SAXONIES, MOUS, de LAINES, CAMBLETENS, FLANNELS, FROCKING, DOESKINS, Sattinets, CALICOES, GINGHAMS, HOSIERY, TABLE COVERS, TICKINGS, CAMBRICS, LINENS, GLOVES, CRASH, SHIRTINGS, Kid & Leather Slippers, YARN, DIAPERS, VICTORIA ROBES, Victoria Plaid, Domestic do.

Muslins, Laces, Edgings, Insertings, Cotton Velvets, Linen Hdkfs., Silk do. Buff Sheetings, Salisbury FLANNEL, India Rubbers, Muffs, Sarsnet Cambrics, Pelisse Wadding, Cotton Batting, Lace Veils, &c. &c.

Together with a great variety of small articles constituting a full stock, which it is scarcely necessary to say, will be sold low, for that is now the order of the day. Quincy, Nov. 12. if

Extensive Assortment of Fall and Winter Goods.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & CO., having recently made large purchases of Fall and Winter Goods, are enabled to offer their former stock to offer for sale as great an assortment of Goods as can be found in any Store in the city or country, and all of which will be sold CHEAP for cash or approved credit. Among which are the following:—

Waved, Diamond and Plain BEAVER CLOTHS, for Frock and Over-Coats. English and French and American BROADCLOTHS—superfine, medium and low priced—for Dress Coats. Black, Blue Black, Blue and Fanny Colors.

DOE SKINS and CASSIMERES, all qualities and colors, for Pants. SATINETTS, all colors and qualities. Rich Figured Velvet, Satin and other VESTINGS. Superfine Mole Skin and Fur HATS. Fur and Cloth CAPS. Gloves, Stocks, Linen Collars and Bosoms, Black Italian Cravats.

FOR THE LADIES. Superfine French Thibet MERINOES—Colors, Black, Blue, Black Dahlia and Mulberry—very beautiful English Merinos, a full assortment.

Silk Warp ALPACAS and ALPINES—Black, Blue Black and Fanny Colors. Plain and Figured MOUSLIN DE LAINES and SAXONIES. English and French and American PRINTS, a good assortment.

Edinboro' PLAID and MERINO SHAWLS. Bleached and Unbleached SHIRTINGS and SHEETINGS, very low. BED TICKINGS, Rose and Whitney BLANKETS and BED COMFORTERS. Silk, Woollen, Mohair and Worsted HOSE. Kid, Silk, and Mohair GLOVES.

WHITE FLANNELS 3-4, 7-8, 4-4 & 5-4. Red, Green and Yellow do. Red, Green & White Twilled do. MUFFS, NECK COMFORTERS, FRINGE for trimming Cloaks. Also, a good assortment of BOOTS and SHOES, CROCKERY, GLASS and CHINA WARE, HARD WARE and CUTLERY, WEST INDIA GOODS and GROCERIES. Quincy, Dec. 4. if

Extensive Cloth and Clothing Establishment.

New Fall and Winter Goods. CALROW & COMPANY, Corner of Elm and Hanover Streets, Boston.

HAVING made extensive arrangements for the Fall and Winter Season, in the purchase of Goods, we are now prepared to offer to the public,

Clothing, at prices less than any other Establishment in the city, and at the same time, the style of Making, Trimming and Fit inferior to none.

Our Stock consists of SUPER LONDON, GERMAN AND AMERICAN PILOT, BEAVER AND ASPHALTUM CLOTHS. Of plain, figured, double waved, clouded, corded, and fancy colors, and of the most select styles. BLACK, BLUE, RIFLE AND INVISIBLE GREEN, LONDON SMOKE, LIGHT AND DARK OLIVES AND BROWN BROADCLOTHS.

SUPER WOOL DYED BLACK GERMAN CASSIMERES AND DOESKINS, warranted to retain their colors.

ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN ELASTIC DOESKINS, AND FANCY AND COMMON CASSIMERES.

The above Goods comprise some of the most elegant styles for the coming season.

SUPER WOOL AND PLAID VELVETS. RICH CASHMERE, THIBET, FIGURED AND PLAIN SATINS AND SILKS. VALENCIA AND COMMON VESTINGS.

Also—Some of the most beautiful patterns of SHAWL VESTINGS, and a new and elegant style of Cutting the same.

Ready Made Clothing. SURTOUTS, OPERA CLOAKS, SACKS, PELLOTT'S, DRESS AND FROCK COATS, COPIES, SPENCERS, JACKETS, PLAIN AND GAITER PANTS, FASHIONABLE VESTS &c. &c.

The above Clothing is manufactured of the very best Stock and Trimmings, and cut in that style that distinguishes our Garments from those that are vended in the numerous Shop Shops; and although we do not advertise our former or present prices, nor that we have engaged the services of some cast off Cutters, but by strict and personal attention and economical expenses, we defy competition in prices, durability or style of workmanship.

To strangers visiting the city we would say, that by calling at this establishment, they can have their Garments manufactured at twelve hours notice.

The strictest attention paid to making and trimming, and a fit warranted in all cases or the price of the Cloth refunded. The public are invited to call and examine for themselves.

Corner of Elm and Hanover Streets. Boston, Oct. 8. if

Fall and Winter Goods Cheap!!

THE subscribers wishing to reduce their stock prior to taking an account of the same, offer their extensive assortment of Woollens during the months of January and February, at reduced prices for cash, consisting in part of twenty pieces Diamond Beaver: Wave Asphaltum and plain Pilot Cloths;

100 pieces of Blue, Black, Olive, Green, Brown, Mixed and Adelaide Broadcloths, from \$1.56 to \$5.12 per yard;

150 pieces Cassimeres and Sattinets, from 36 cents to \$1.75 per yard;

Buckings, Blankets, Flannels, etc., etc. Purchasers are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.

MANLEY & BRAMHALL, 24 Dock Square. Boston, Dec. 31. if

Cloths for Over Coats.

PILOT, Asphaltum and Beaver cloths a great variety at MANLEY & BRAMHALL'S. Boston, Oct. 1. if 24 Dock Square.

Plaid Veto Shawls.

A NEW article of 8-4 and 9-4 for the winter wear, for sale at MANLEY & BRAMHALL'S. Boston, Oct. 1. if 24 Dock Square.

'Christ Church Seminary.

ON and after the second day of January next, there will be two sessions daily in this School, instead of one as heretofore, commencing at nine o'clock in the forenoon, and one o'clock in the afternoon.

J. P. ROBINSON. Quincy, Dec. 24. if

Compound Bonaset Candy.

WILLIAM BROWN'S Compound Bonaset Candy Medicated—Price six cents per ounce, or most celebrated preparation now in use in the form of Candy, for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Whooping Coughs, Sore Throat and all diseases of the Lungs. It is literally in the mouth of the whole community, and is in extensive use for clearing the voice for vocalists and public speakers. Its ingredients are known to the public, therefore it cannot be called a quack article.

It is made from the root of Elecampane, Liquorice, Squills, Senecca Root, Bonaset Herb and many other ingredients recommended by the medical faculty. It has gained so extensive a reputation that a number of druggists and confectioners are counterfeiting it. In order, therefore, to procure the genuine, call for "William Brown's Bonaset Candy," and observe the directions are signed and the candy stamped "William Brown, Boston."

The true article is for sale in Boston, at wholesale and retail, by the Manufacturer, corner of Washington and Eliot Street, William Brown, and in this town by JOHN BRIESLER, Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Agents. Quincy, March 5. if

For Sale.

200 TONS of the best Red Ash Coal, broken and screened, and delivered for seven dollars per ton.

Also—One hundred and fifty cords of good Hard Wood, delivered at six and a half dollars a cord. Forty cords of Hemlock at a low price, by ALBERT HERSEY. Quincy Point, July 23. if

## BANKRUPT NOTICE.

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of OZIAS D. DANIELS of Randolph, a Bankrupt. AARON PRESCOTT, Assignee. Randolph, Feb. 11. 3w

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this seventeenth day of February, A. D. 1843. —Upon the Petition of

EDWARD CREHORE,

of Dorchester, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted. FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. Feb. 18. 2w 1519

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this thirtieth day of January, A. D. 1843. —Upon the petition of

ZICHRI NASH, Jr.,

of Weymouth, in said District, to be declared Bankrupt. Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the SECOND TUESDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. Feb. 18. 2w 2062

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this first day of February, A. D. 1843—Upon the Petition of

JOSEPH A. ARNOLD,

of Braintree, in said District, to be declared bankrupt. Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the SECOND TUESDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. Feb. 18. 2w 3014

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this first day of February, A. D. 1843. —Upon the Petition of

JOHN A. MEAD,

of Stoughton, of the late firm of Mead & Sylvester, in said District, Boot & Shoe Manufacturer, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition, will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the SECOND TUESDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. Feb. 18. 2w 3011

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this twenty-first day of January, A. D. 1843. —Upon the petition of

CHARLES FRENCH WHITCOMB,

of East Randolph, in said District, Butcher, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the SECOND TUESDAY of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. Feb. 18. 2w 2751

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this tenth day of February, A. D. 1843. —Upon the Petition of

MATTHIAS ENDERLE,

of Quincy, in said District, Stone Cutter, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition, will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. Feb. 18. 2w 3067

## General Auction Depot.

No. 7 State Street, (opposite the Post Office.) BOSTON.

SALES EVERY EVENING IN THE WEEK.

DAY SALES—TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.

NORTON & LUTHER, Auction and Commission Merchants, respectfully tender their services to the public and solicit a share of patronage.

At their Evening Sales may be had great bargains in DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, FANCY ARTICLES, etc., etc.



## VOLUME 7.

r, in Hancock Street.		VOLUME 7.	
		TREASURER'S ACCOUNT.	
		Cr.	
37.00	Share of State School Fund, (1841)	118.50	
25.00	Received of B. S. Pratt for tax of 1841,		
20.25	(no account of the balance has been given),	2941.05	
30.00	Received of L. Bass in part for tax of 1842,	5092.71	
6.00	Received of State for Militia services	175 --	
50.21	Nett income from Hay Scales	86.84	
9.70	For rent of Town Hall	25 --	
13.12	Income of Coddington Land	75 --	
\$201.23	P. T. Tirrell, full payment of note and interest	3.04	
is and building	Borrowed of sundry persons	3340. --	
	Received Payment of note signed Justin Spear		
	and others for	75 --	
	Rec'd paym't of note and interest of Thos. White	139.33	
	of note and interest of H. G. Pratt	14.13	
	of note in full of Samuel Ela	10 --	
	of Josiah Adams, Jr. for things left and		
	sold at the South School House	24.15	
	of Billings Bailey for things left and		
	sold at the Centre School House	10.52	
169.00	of Peleg F. Jones \$10 -- Jahos Stanner		
92.50	\$5: Joseph Barrett \$5; William W.		
151.00	Baxter \$5 for fines for not being		
65.00	qualified as officers according to law	25 --	
225.00	Selection for discontinuance of Town road	300. --	
6.00	Notes now due sundry persons		
10.00	School Tax	212.21	
30.00	Now due from Lewis Bass of West for 1842	528.68	
87.00	Cash in Treasury	125.74	
110.00			
40.00			
56.00			
7.00	Land purchased of Samuel Savil	560 --	
20.00	Land purchased of Samuel R. Folsom	250 --	
15.50	Paid J. M. Georges, Jr. regarding deeds	1.62	
1.83	Town Clerk and Treasurer's probable pay	60 --	
1.00	Adams Temple & School Fund notes and		
	interest	1,009.64	
17.43	Orders paid for 1840		
6.50	Orders paid for 1842 and 1843	9494.45	
15.75	Interest paid on notes 1842 and 1843	591.66	
136.00	Lewis Bass estimated for collecting taxes 1842	100 --	
50.50	Notes paid sundry persons in 1842 and 1843	532.19	
11.90	Notes now due sundry persons	7770.68	
2,50	Probable drawback on tax of 1842	402. --	
17.00	Paid George Nightingale, former Treasurer,		
170, 17.66	a balance due him from the Treasury	140.70	
50 cis.			
8.00	Dr.	\$21,256.04	
10.00	Cr. deducted	\$14,126.74	
10, 10.00	Leaves the Town Debt, Feb. 20th, 1843,	\$7,129.30	
2,50			
7.50	The Committee, in examining the books and		
9.00	accounts of the Treasurer and Selectmen, find		
12.50	them well kept and generally well vouched.		
15.00	THOMPSON BAXTER,		
6.50	ADAM CURTIS,		
4.67	PERCIVAL SPEAR,		
7.00	GEORGE L. BAXTER,		
96.44	EBENEZER ADAMS.		
12, 10.00			
3, 225	SUMMARY OF INTELLIGENCE.		
6.00	A family, consisting of husband, wife, three sons		
1.08	and five daughters, residing about a mile east of		
9.37	Batavia, (N. Y.) were all lately poisoned by one of		
2.70	the sons, who put an ounce of arsenic into a bag of		
\$1842.26	flour which he brought from the mill the day pre-		
	vious. They all narrowly escaped death. No accus-		
	can be assigned except that his family have lately		
	become pious, and united with the church and have		
	made great efforts to induce him to attend church		
	and family worship, but he would always absent		
	himself during family exercises.		
402.65	By the death of Bishop Griswold, the Eastern		
982.52	Diocese is dissolved. Maine, New Hampshire		
5.00	and Rhode Island, will hereafter constitute three		
\$3323.53	Dioceses. The Episcopal Church in each of these		
	States must now choose a Bishop for itself, or		
	request a neighboring Diocese to exercise episcopal		
	supervision over the same.		
	Several of the gentlemanly individuals connected		
	with the Phoenix Bank of Charlestown, (Mass.),		
	which exploded a few months since, have been		
	indicted by the Grand Jury of Middlesex District		
	for the offences of conspiracy, embezzlement, &c.		
	Let no respect be paid to rank in society, or any		
	other bias be exerted, to thwart justice in this case.		
	Com. David Porter, celebrated for his naval hero-		
	ism, and at present the accredited representative of		
	our country at Constantinople, is said to be in very		
	feeble health. Apprehensions are entertained that		
	he will not long survive.		
	The "Boston Miscellany" has been discontinued		
	Its subscribers will be supplied with Graham's		
35	Magazine in its stead. The latter has an able se-		
63	lect of contributors, which is not surpassed by any of		
00	its cotemporaries.		
	The Prince de Joinville is about to visit various		
80	points of the United States, in the frigate de Mar-		
---	seilles, accompanied by the steam-frigate Gomer-		
	to make arrangements for the reception of the		
	French steam mail-packets.		
05	At a late Tyler meeting in New Jersey, Hon.		
75	Garret D. Wall, Ex-Gov. Vroom, Dr. Darcy, and		
	other distinguished citizens of that State, partici-		
	pated in its deliberations. The abuse so lavishly		



For the Quincy Patriot.

## LETTER FROM BOSTON.

Congress—Repeal of the Bankrupt Law—Retrenchment—The President and his prospects—State Legislature—The debt—Mr. Tarbell's Bill—Court of Common Pleas increased from four to five Judges—Congressional Districts—Six weeks sleighing in March—Mismerism.

The news from Washington the past week has been of unusual interest. The Senate has at length, by a vote of thirteen to thirty-two, concurred with the House in the unconditional repeal of the Bankrupt Law. The Bill only awaits the signature of the President to become a law. Many here are of opinion that Mr. Tyler will veto this judicious Bill. The retrenchment scheme was under serious consideration at the last advice. The proposition before Congress is, to deduct twelve and a half per cent on all salaries of government officers, over twelve hundred dollars per annum, including in this restriction the pay and mileage of the members of Congress. There is a probability that the Bill will pass. The Secretary of the Treasury, Mr. Forward, has resigned his office, and other resignations in the Cabinet are likely to follow soon. Within a few days some thirty papers in the United States, hitherto neutral or opposed to the present national administration, have hoisted the flag of John Tyler for the next Presidency.

The State Legislature is busy at work, and on Tuesday was in session until after one o'clock at night. I mean the House of Representatives. Mr. Tarbell's retrenchment Bill is the all absorbing topic. Never was a subject more thoroughly debated than this important proposition. Hours, days, and even weeks may be said to have been consumed in the consideration of this Bill and if it passes at all it will do so by a trial party vote. The bill is so framed as to save over thirty thousand dollars annual expense to the State. The office of Attorney General, on the part of the Senate, has passed to be abolished in the usual forms of legislation. The intermarriage law, between whites and persons of color, has passed to be repealed in both branches. Agreeably to the suggestions of Gov. Morton's Message made to the Legislature on Thursday last, a bill has passed both houses, creating an additional Judge of the Court of Common Pleas, from four to five Judges, continuing the Municipal Court as it now is in Boston, the city paying the same sum as before, and one of these Judges to preside over its doings, not over three months at any one term, changing in a similar manner from time to time as is now practiced in that Court throughout the State, to the end that no one Judge should become obnoxious to the people of Boston. I learn that Phyllis Merrick, Esq. of Worcester, well known to the readers of your paper, is nominated by the Governor to the Council, as the fifth Judge of the Court of Common Pleas; an excellent selection.

Correct returns of votes for members of Congress in this State at the late trial, show that Mr. Rantoul wanted only 170 votes in Boston as you know; Mr. Mansur of the Third District, 330; Mr. Parmenter of the Fourth District, was chosen, receiving 250 votes majority. Mr. Hudson lacked 118 votes of a choice in District No. 5; Mr. Baker 209 in the 6th District, and Mr. Rockwell in District No. 7, failed of being chosen by a very few votes. The 13th of April next is fixed upon for another trial in the remaining five Districts.

The gossip of the past week is extremely meagre. We have about as cold weather in Boston as you enjoy in Quincy, but not so good sleighing. Several persons have been run over and considerably injured here by the furious riding of sleigh parties. Mismerism is all the go now in Boston, but on this subject I will speak anon. T. MOUNTAIN.

For the Quincy Patriot.

## LYCEUM LECTURE.

The lecture before the Weymouth and Braintree Lyceum, on Monday evening last, was by Mr. George Newcomb of Quincy. Subject, *African Slavery*. Any thing relating to this portion of the world is interesting. It is particularly so to us, inasmuch as a large number of the descendants of that unfortunate country are held in bondage among us. And the condition of that country, its present state, and the means of its future enlightenment and civilization, are supposed, by some, to be intimately connected with some of the benevolent projects for the emancipation of the southern bondmen. But the dark picture which the lecturer gave of the degradation, ignorance and superstition of the people in the greater part of Africa, did not give much encouragement to such projects as being philanthropic.

The lecture was mostly historical, giving an account of the climate and productions, the soil, rivers and natural divisions of that Continent; also, of the character, customs and religion of its inhabitants. He also adverted to its ancient history, to the learning and splendor once exhibited in the northern portions of it, and gave some account of the various exploring expeditions that have, from time to time, been made into the interior. These descriptions were many of them very curious and interesting. We were gratified by the opportunity of learning so much of a country that is comparatively little known.

Mr. White, also, gave us his usual variety of entertainment from the Mirror. He read one or two communications that were done up in the right style, and were of unusual keenness and interest.

OBSERVER.

For the Quincy Patriot.

## SEAVER'S LECTURE.

Mr. William Seaver gave one of the best lectures before the Lyceum in this place, last Wednesday evening, that has been delivered during the season before this institution. His subject was about home affairs, and for one I should like to read it in your valuable paper. It is the wish of the writer of this article, that the President and other officers of the Lyceum should request Mr. Seaver a copy for publication. I think it would be read with profit and interest. MANY HEARERS.

Dr. Alcott, the famous anti-tea-and-coffee writer, has received from the Sultan of Muscat, a present of a bag of Moccha Coffee.

The proposition for a Commonwealth Bank, has been lost in the Kentucky House of Representatives—yes, 48; nays, 49.

The Whig State convention, recently held in Pennsylvania, unanimously nominated Henry Clay for the Presidency.

At a recent meeting in Bangor, (Me.) out of five hundred and three votes cast, four hundred and seventy-four were against licenses to sell ardent spirits.

An individual of Kingston, (N. H.) partially deranged, caused, as it is said, by over excitement on the Miller doctrine, lately cut his wife's throat in a shocking manner, which it is feared will prove fatal.

## QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, MARCH 4, 1843.

John A. Green, Editor.

## DEATH OF REV. MR. WHITNEY.

The Rev. Peter Whitney, senior pastor of the First Congregational Church in this town, died very suddenly yesterday morning, the 3d instant, at nine o'clock. He was in his usual health, and engaged in reading a few moments before his departure. He fell from his chair and expired without a groan or struggle—peacefully as becomes the Christian's life. He was born on the 18th of January, 1770, and was ordained in this place, on the 5th of February, 1800. His funeral will take place from the First Congregational Church, on Tuesday afternoon ensuing, at two o'clock.

The death of this estimable man—whom no one knew "but to love, nor named but to praise"—demands at least a passing tribute of respect to his memory. In life, he was scrupulously just, honorable, and high-minded—a man of quiet energy, compassing much, and wisely and well, in little time and without parade—a man of liberal heart that flowed where best needed in refreshing ills, silent and unobtrusive—a man, at the same time, of generous public spirit, ever prompt to contribute in aid of objects and enterprises his judgment approved, either bearing on the general good of society or the welfare immediately of the community of which he was a member.

He was a man whose faith was proved by his works—in whom a department marked by the virtues of manly integrity, simplicity and sobriety—tempered by charity toward disciples of every Christian sect, and candor and good will toward all—evinced a sound principle of goodness—a reverence for God, and practical respect for the Divine commandments.

His affections, which breathed in kindness toward all, and with a warmth of sensibility seldom exceeded in behalf of friends, centered with devoted attachment in the bosom of home. There, he was pre-eminently endeared. None ever inspired or better deserved, more heartfelt returns of domestic affection; and the loves he cherished and exercised on objects nearest to his heart, have been reflected back with a light and warmth on his own spirit, which gilded with soft and delightful beams the pensive decline of life's setting day.

And have such virtues perished? Can such affections ever die? If the heart which throbbed with generous attachments and was the seat of pure and noble sentiments—if it has ceased to beat and is now cold in death, shall we suppose the spirit quenched which imbued and quickened it? No; it cannot be. Life—this tabernacle of terrestrial being—may burst and break; but it bursts—dissolves—into immortality. All the kindly sentiments of our natures are from heaven. All our virtuous sympathies are destined to be garnered up anew and "bound in the bundle of life." Earth is not the poor, solitary field, nor time the narrow scantling of opportunity lent for their growth and culture. They shall revive again—transplanted to celestial climes, there to put forth with new beauty, freshness and fragrance. They shall bloom eternally.

"Where no more at eve declining,  
Suns without a cloud are shining  
Over a land of light and love."

Farewell then, venerated and beloved townsman! Thou art gone but for a brief space before us. We look for a new union when "the perfect shall come." Pleasant thou wast in thy life. Precious is the memorial of thy virtues in death. Farewell, till we greet thee again in a Father's Kingdom, to renew immortal friendships—companions of the wise and good, the blest and righteous, redeemed from every kindred, people and tongue, and exalted "High in salvation, and the climes of bliss!"

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS. Our thanks are due to John A. Bolles, Esq. the Secretary of the Commonwealth, for several legislative documents.

We have also to return thanks to Hon. John Q. Adams for continued attention in forwarding to us important congressional papers; and further for a copy of his interesting lecture—the Social Compact, exemplified in the Constitution of this State, with remarks on the different Theories of several eminent individuals concerning the Origin and Nature of Governments. This lecture was delivered before the Lyceum in this town, a similar institution at Boston, in several other places, at Providence, (R. I.) and by request of the society in the latter place, it was published in pamphlet form.

LEGISLATIVE WHIG ADDRESS. The whig members of both branches of the Legislature of this State have just published an address to their constituents, in a neat pamphlet of twenty-six octavo pages, signed by a committee consisting of Hon. Messrs. Josiah Quincy, Jr., Edward Dickinson, Samuel A. Elliott, on the part of the Senate, and Messrs. Samuel H. Walley, Jr., Charles F. Adams; Ensign H. Kellogg, J. Thomas Stevenson, Loring Moody, on the part of the House. The publication of this Address, as the title page says, was "occasioned by the inaugural address of His Excellency Marcus Morton."

The kindness of our friend is duly appreciated in forwarding to us a copy; and for this attention he will please accept our thanks.

IRISH REPEAL MEETING. A great meeting of the friends of Ireland has been held, in Washington, (D. C.) which was addressed by Robert Tyler, Esq., the President's son, and several other distinguished gentlemen. Mr. Tyler's speech is spoken of as "full of passages of impassioned eloquence, rich and copious in language, and yet chaste and polished."

ROCKINGHAM ARGUS. Such is the name of a new paper, lately commenced at New Market, (N. H.) to aid the election of the Hon. John H. White, a conservative democrat, to the gubernatorial chair of that State in opposition to Gov. Henry Hubbard, the regular democratic nominee for re-election. Its editorial columns display tact and talents, which cannot fail to make an interesting and valuable sheet; and in its mechanical appearance, it will vie with the best printed hebdomads in the country. B. Palmer & E. B. Tripp are the editors and publishers; the latter gentleman of this firm has worked in this office, and we readily cheer him and his enterprise on the left of successful experiment, as his sojourn with us left an exalted opinion of his abilities and character.

NORFOLK DEMOCRAT. Silas W. Wilder, Esq., has retired from the editorial supervision of this journal, published at Dedham, (Mass.) and is succeeded by E. G. Robinson, the present proprietor of the paper. Mr. Wilder, in his career of four years has conducted the sheet in a judicious and spirited manner, gaining for it a handsome support from an enlightened community. While we regret the retirement of Mr. Wilder, we are rejoiced to think that the mantle has fallen upon one who will do justice to the high character the paper has acquired under its late conductor. Mr. Wilder will contribute as a correspondent to the columns of that sheet. Success and happiness attend our friends—the late and present editor of the Democrat.

LADY'S PEARL. We are happy to notice that this interesting monthly magazine goes on its way rejoicing, gaining in public encouragement with each succeeding number. It is edited by our esteemed friend, Rev. Daniel Wise, and published by Messrs. P. D. & T. S. Edmunds of Lowell, (Mass.) who have lately purchased the proprietorship from E. A. Rice. It is needless for us to commend this work again to public support, as we have seen nothing in its pages to incline us to change the high encomiums which we have previously bestowed.

STATE LIBERTY CONVENTION. A convention of the friends to the Abolition of Liberty Party in this State, convened in Boston, on Wednesday and Thursday of last week, and was called to order by H. B. Stanton, Esq., Chairman of the State Central Committee. The following gentlemen were elected officers of the Convention:—Hon. James G. Carter, President. Dr. Swan of Easton, Asaph Rice, Esq. of Northboro', Judge Dickinson of Amherst, Hon. Appleton Howe of Weymouth, Den. William B. Dodge of Salem, and J. Bement, Esq. of Ashfield, Vice Presidents. Secretaries, J. W. Alden, Thomas King and Amos B. Merrill, Esqrs.

The Convention was much more fully attended than last year, notwithstanding the hard times, and a spirit pervaded the meeting which augurs well for the success of the enterprise the coming year.

The Convention was unanimous in the re-nomination of the former candidates—Samuel E. Sewall of Roxbury, for Governor, and William Jackson of Newton, for Lieut. Governor. After the announcement of the result of the ballot, instead of the boisterous demonstrations, so common in political conventions, Rev. Mr. Grosvenor of Worcester was requested to lead the meeting in prayer for the success of the holy cause in which they were engaged.

CONGRESSIONAL ELECTIONS. The Governor and Council of this State, have appointed Monday, the 3d of April next, as the day for holding elections in those Congressional districts which have failed to elect.

At the last trial, Hon. William Parmenter, (dem.) of the Fourth District, was the only candidate elected.

The Hon. Leverett Saltonstall, who has twice failed of an election, has declined being a candidate for re-election to the seat which he holds in Congress.

SCHOOL EXPENSES. It will be seen by the Report of the Expenses of the Town, published in this paper, that the repairs upon the School-houses, the past year, have exceeded four thousand dollars. This is a large sum to be expended for that object; and the people of the town cannot but be deeply interested in a subject for which they have to pay eight thousand dollars a year, as the whole expense of schools and school-houses has been the last year.

ABOLITION NOMINATION. At a Convention of the Liberty Party, recently holden in Beverly, Dr. Moses P. Hanson of Salem, was nominated as a suitable candidate for the next Congress, in place of D. H. Badow, Esq., declined.

NEW NOMINATION. Daniel P. King, Esq., of Danvers, the Speaker of the House, has been nominated as the whig candidate, in place of Hon. Leverett Saltonstall, declined, for Member of Congress. Robert Rantoul, Jr., is the democratic candidate.

CRITER OF THE COURTS. We learn that Ellbridge G. Robinson, Esq., of Dedham, the editor of the Norfolk Democrat, has been appointed Crier of the Courts held in that place, vice J. N. E. Mann, who has been appointed Sheriff of Norfolk County.

CONGRESSIONAL AND LEGISLATIVE NEWS.—Our correspondent, "Tri-Mountain," has given in his letter a synopsis of the doings of both of these legislative bodies up to the date of his favor, and nothing of interest has since occurred in either body, except the passage in the House of Representatives of this State of the Retrenchment Bill to be engrossed, by a vote of 202 yeas to 126 nays. It will receive Gov. Morton's signature. Upwards of thirty thousand dollars will be saved to the State by this movement.

ANTI-SLAVERY ADDRESSES. Charles L. Remond, a colored gentleman from Salem, (Mass.) lectured at the Town Hall, on Sunday evening last, to a very crowded house of attentive listeners, upon the prejudice in the community against the colored race. Our informant states, that it more than answered the high expectations of the public, who have previously entertained an exalted opinion of the lecturer's talents and oratory.

On Monday evening last, he lectured at the Universalist Meeting-house, in this place, and confined his remarks principally to his opinions of the unhappy difficulties in the anti-slavery ranks, and which led to two separate organizations a few years ago. As a sincere friend to the best welfare of the oppressed and down-trodden race, and free from all bias in relation to societies, we were pained to hear proceed from the lips of so eloquent an advocate of the colored man as Mr. Remond, such a tirade of abuse so lavishly bestowed upon many true and sincere friends to the same great cause, merely because they differed from the lecturer as to the means of accomplishing the emancipation of his enslaved brethren. No other motives could possibly have prompted to such an outpouring of detraction, as several of the gentlemen who were handled in such a manner have given evidence, and are daily showing by practice, that they are indeed the friend of the slave. Instances could be given to prove these statements to be correct; but we do not wish to dwell upon the unpleasant division in this philanthropic movement. We entreat Mr. Remond, for the good of the enterprise, to let his talents be exerted to heal rather than renew the warfare, as we can assure him that a portion of the friends to the old organization were not delighted with his remarks in reference to many of the members of the new society—they considered them as indiscreet and vindictive.

In these few comments, we wish to be distinctly understood that we are not actuated by a partiality towards either of the State societies but the welfare of the colored population; and Mr. Remond will understand, that while we are ready to speak in the highest terms of his talents and eloquence as they certainly deserve to be, yet must condemn the misapplication of them without being considered in any other light than his friend.

ALMOST A FIRE. Thursday, March 3d, the school house of the East District, in this town, accidentally took fire about eleven o'clock in the forenoon, and narrowly escaped being consumed. At a meeting of many of the citizens, held in that District yesterday afternoon, it was voted unanimously that the thanks of the East District be tendered to Dr. William B. Duggan, (including afterwards the names of Peter Mead and Nathaniel Eaton, pupils of said School.)

Resolved—That the thanks of the East District, are hereby tendered to Dr. William B. Duggan, and the two scholars, for their prompt and successful efforts in extinguishing the fire in the East District School-house, yesterday, by which they were instrumental in preserving the building from destruction.

JOHN SULLIVAN.

QUINCY LYCEUM. We only heard a part of the lecture delivered before this Society, last Wednesday evening, by William Seaver, one of the instructors of the public schools in this town. That portion of it was of such a character as might have been expected from the talents and experience of the lecturer. It was characteristic of sound philosophy and sage observations. We place it as among one of the best lectures of the course this season, and indulge the hope that Mr. Seaver will oftener favor the Lyceum with a rich treat from his fund of well-acquired and desirable knowledge.

SINGING SCHOOLS. On reference to our advertising columns, will be seen the notices of Messrs. Nathaniel Nash and Thomas Reed. They are both gentlemen who possess requisite qualifications for imparting a thorough knowledge of music, and well deserving of patronage.

THE CONCERT. The public must not forget the Vocal and Instrumental Concert, which Prof. McGaughy of this town, proposes to give at the Town Hall, on Friday evening ensuing. There is no question but that the performance will be of the first order—such as the public rarely have an opportunity of hearing. Prof. McGaughy having become a fellow townsman together with his admitted talents, should be inducements to give him an audience commensurate with what he deserves—a crowded house.

CHANGES AT WASHINGTON. Walter Forward has resigned his place, it is rumored, in President Tyler's Cabinet, as Secretary of the Treasury. Other resignations are contemplated, and rumors who the gentlemen will be to fill such vacancies are given.

Henry A. Wise, a member from Virginia, has been nominated to the Senate, as minister to France. His confirmation is considered as doubtful.

LARGE PRODUCE. It is stated, that Minott Thayer, Esq. of Braintree, has raised ten tons and twenty-three bushels of carrots, on one quarter of an acre and four rods of land.

D. H. Barlow, Esq., has retired from the editorial charge of the Lynn Washingtonian, and will hereafter be connected with some periodical established to advocate *Universal Social Reform*. Dr. Perley of Lynn, by this change, becomes editor of the Washingtonian.

A man, who has a wife and three children dependent upon him for a living, lost his feet one night during the late cold weather, by drinking too much rum. The tax on the trader to support this new town charge, will be much larger than his profits on the rum sold!

## MARRIED.

In Boston, on the 2d inst., by the Rev. Mr. Gregory of this town, Mr. Melville Hovey of Quincy, to Miss Louisa Burks of Milton, only daughter of Capt. James Burks of Lyman, (Me.)

We were very liberally remembered with the above notice.

Great God, who formed for social joys,  
Our natures by his power and grace,  
And joined in blest connubial ties,  
The parents of our favored race,

Attend with smiles of heavenly love,  
The pair thy sacred laws combine;  
Their union bless, their vows approve,  
And crown the rites with grace divine.

In North Weymouth, on the 26th ult., by the Rev. Mr. Emery, Mr. Gardner Livingston, formerly of Mason Village, (N. H.) to Miss Eliza Blanchard.

In Weymouth, on the 8th inst., by Rev. Mr. Emery, Mr. David Powers, formerly of Groton, (N. H.) to Miss Elizabeth T., daughter of Ezra Vining, Esq.

In South Woodstock, (Ct.) 6th inst., by Mr. A. T. Pennington, formerly of Braintree, (Mass.) to Miss Martha A. Phelps of Exbridge.

## DIED.

In this town, 26th inst., Mr. Charles Rowell, aged 35. His funeral was attended by the Quincy Light Infantry, of which he was a worthy associate.

In the death of this member of the vast family of man, an honest, industrious and respectable citizen, after a long, painful and flattering sickness, has been gathered to the home of the multitude who have preceded him. As a husband and father, he was faithful, fond and affectionate—as a friend and neighbor, he was kind and obliging. Those who knew him best, most highly appreciated his worth and most deeply lamented his death.

In Weymouth, 20th inst. Mr. Leonard Tirrell, Esq., aged 50.

## NOTICES.

Rev. Dr. Storrs of Braintree, will deliver a lecture before the Quincy Lyceum, next WEDNESDAY EVENING (March 8th) at the Town Hall, commencing at seven o'clock.

GEORGE BAXTER, Secretary.

There will be a meeting of the Weymouth and Braintree Union Lyceum, MONDAY EVENING, (March 6th), at half past six o'clock.

QUESTION FOR DISCUSSION.

Is it right to follow the dictates of conscience, under all circumstances.

CALVIN P. HINDS, Secretary.

## Democracy! Awake.

The democratic citizens of Weymouth, are requested to meet at John G. Rogers' Hall, South Weymouth, on THURSDAY EVENING next, March 9th, at half past six o'clock, to nominate suitable candidates to be supported for Town Officers, for the ensuing political year.

By order of the Town Committee.

JOSIAH WHITE, Chairman.

The democratic voters of Quincy, who aided and rejoiced in the election of Marcus Morton as Governor of the Old Bay State, are requested to meet at the Town Hall, THIS EVENING, (March 4th), on THURSDAY next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, for Town Officers at the ensuing municipal election.

By order of Democratic Town Committee.

The Whig citizens of Quincy, are requested to meet at the Town Hall, THIS EVENING, (March 4th), at seven o'clock, for the purpose of nominating candidates for Town Officers on Monday next.

By order of the Whig Town Committee.

Notice is hereby given, that a Census of the citizens of Quincy generally, without distinction of party, will be held at the Town Hall, THIS EVENING, (March 4th), for the purpose of nominating candidates, to be supported for Town Officers on the Monday following. By request of Many Citizens.

The members of the Female Benevolent Temperance Society, and any others engaged in the Temperance Fair, who feel interested, are requested to meet at the house of Mr. Charles A. Cummings, on THURSDAY next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, to make clothing for families who need their assistance.

The Directors of the Quincy Charitable Society, are requested to meet at the house of Mr. Eliza Turner, on FRIDAY EVENING next, at seven o'clock. Members of the Society are invited to attend.

CONSUMPTION, COUGH, SPITTING BLOOD, &c.—THE CONSUMPTIVES.—Four fifths of you are really suffering from neglected Colds, or an Obstruction and consequent inflammation of the delicate lining of those tubes through which the air we breathe is distributed to every part of the lungs. This obstruction produces pain and soreness, hoarseness, cough, difficulty of breathing, hectic fever, and a spitting of blood, mucus, or phlegm, which finally exhausts the strength of the patient, and ends in death. JAYNES' EXPECTORANT never fails to remove the obstruction, and produces the most pleasing and happy results. It is certain in its effects and cannot fail to relieve.

For sale by CALEB GILL, Jr., at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, March 4. 3w

The undersigned, Selectmen of Quincy, give notice that they will be in session at the Town Hall, every SATURDAY in each month, until further notice, from ten to five o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having business with the Town are requested to present it on said days.

HENRY WOOD,

BILLINGS BAILEY,

JAMES NEWCOMB.

## Concert.

ON FRIDAY EVENING, 10th inst., a vocal and instrumental Concert will be given in the Town Hall, by Mr. J. W. McGaughy, assisted by the Quincy Band.

The entertainment will consist of Military Pieces, Popular Songs with Piano Forte and Guitar accompaniments, Clarinet Solos, and Concerted Pieces. Price of admission 25 cents. Tickets to be had at Mr. Gill's Bookstore, of Mr. George H. French, of from Mr. McGaughy at his residence, on Thursday, 9th instant. 1w Quincy, March 4.

## Singing School.

MR. N. NASH would inform those who wish to attend the last half quarter of his School, that they can leave their names with Messrs. Carver and Merrill, or at this office.

Notice of its commencement will be given hereafter. Quincy, March 5. 3w

## Singing School.

THE second term of the Singing School kept by Thomas Reed, will commence next TUESDAY EVENING, March 7th, at seven o'clock, in the Vestry of the Rev. Mr. Allen's Meeting-house. Ladies and gentlemen who would like to join, are respectfully invited to be present on that evening. Quincy, March 4. 1w

## Parish Meeting.

Norfolk ss. To Francis Will of the Town of Quincy.

L. S. YOU are hereby required, as Commonwealthe of St. Mary's Parish, to notify and warn the Inhabitants of the said Parish, to meet at a Parish Meeting, on MONDAY, the 13th inst., at two o'clock in the afternoon, on the following articles, viz:—

- 1st. To choose a Moderator.
- 2d. To choose all Parish Officers.
- 3d. To raise such sum or sums as may be considered necessary for Parish purposes.
- 4th. To determine what compensation will allow their Clerk and Treasurer the past year.
- 5th. To choose any Committee on the Report of any Committee on other business that may regulate the meeting.

Hereof fail not, and make return with your doings thereon, unto the or before the time prefixed for the said Parish Meeting, on or before the third day of March, A. D. 1843.

LEWIS BASS.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM.

JAMES NEWCOMB.

Quincy.

NORFOLK, SS.—By virtue of the I hereby notify the Inhabitants of the Town of Quincy, who therein expressed, to meet at the purposes therein named. A true copy of the same is hereunto attested. March 4. 2w

FRANCIS WILL.

Assignee's Sale.

By authority of United States

WILL be sold by public auction, on Monday, the 23d day of March, instant, in the morning, the following real estate and property of the estate of—All the right in equity which Soddard, had, on the day of filing decree in Bankruptcy, and on the day of redeeming a certain lot of land in Dwelling-house, Store, Shop, and other Out buildings thereon, contain an half, more or less, which is bound Washington Street, so called; West by land of Peter Dyer and Isaac Dyer, land of heirs of Abraham Thayer, decd. of the town of Braintree. The said lot to two mortgage deeds, one running chit, Esquire, and another running and Robert McConnell, the amount given at the sale.

Also—To be sold, one valuable lot of land—A stock of goods and props consisting of Broadcloths, Pantalons, Buckram, Remnants of Calico, Green and Women's Gloves, Handkerchiefs; Remnants of Muslin de Laine, Flannel, Red Ticking, Shirting, Cottons of Linnen, Neck Stocks, Fan Cap Stuffs, Shawls, Fur Hats, Colored Worsted Hosiery, Suspensors, &c. &c. variety of Crockery and Glass Ware, &c. &c. Also—A large number of Nails which the Assignee has been a schedule of which may be seen on Assignee, and will be furnished at the names of the several debtors, the of the several debts.

Terms—Cash, at the sale.

LEWEL HUMPHREY.

Weymouth, March 4. 3w

SEARCH THE REGISTER.

CONTAINING

FIVE HUNDRED

BEAUTIFUL

PICTURES

THE

Most Splendidly Illustrated and Cheaper

ever issued on the American Continent.

CONTAINING MORE THAN

FIVE HUNDRED ENGRAVINGS

ENTIRELY NEW AND ORIGINAL

DESIGNED AND EXECUTED BY THE

NEXT ARTISTS OF ENGLAND AND A

COST OF PREPARING THE WORK

PRICE, \$2.50.

For sale at 120 Washington Street,

OTIS, BROWN,

Boston, Feb. 25. 1f

Copartnership Notice.

THE undersigned have this day dissolved their partnership, under the firm of

BAKER &amp; WHITE







# QUINCY PATRIOT.

Removal--Painting Business.

COACH, CHAISE, SIGN

GILDING, GRADING,

AND

PAPERING & GLAZING

HOUSE PAINTING;

&c. &c.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has taken the shop formerly occupied by Thaddeus W. Cross, where he will carry on the

PAINTING BUSINESS in all its various branches, and hopes by strict attention to receive public patronage.

N. B. All kinds of GRADING done at short notice and in good style. As he relies upon a test to prove his advertisement to be correct in all particulars, he hopes the public will give him a chance for trial.

MELVILL HOVEY.

Quincy, Dec. 31.

Dry Goods.

E. PACKARD has on hand and for sale low, a good assortment of FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, consisting in part of

Alpacas, Alpines, Printed & Plain Merinos, BEAVERS, Plain, Diamond and Waved, BROADCLOTHS--Black, Blue Black, Green, Brown and Drab, CASSIMERES--Blue, Lavender and Drab, DOESKINS, Sateen, FLOCKING, CALICOES, VESTINGS, VELVETS, Tailors' Trimmings, HOSIERY.

Together with a great variety of small articles constituting a full stock, which it is scarcely necessary to say, will be sold low, for that is now the order of the day.

Quincy, Nov. 12.

Extensive Assortment of Fall and Winter Goods.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & CO., having recently made large purchases of Fall and Winter Goods, are enabled to offer their former stock to offer for sale as great an assortment of Goods as can be found in any Store in the city or country, and all of which will be sold CHEAP for cash or approved credit. Among which are the following:

Waved, Diamond and Plain BEAVER CLOTHS, for Frocks and Over-Coats. English and French and American BROADCLOTHS--superfine, medium and low priced--for Dress Coats. Black, Blue Black, Blue and Fancy Colors.

DOE SKINS and CASSIMERES, all qualities and colors, for Pants. SATINETTES, all colors and qualities. Rich Figured Velvet, Sateen and other VESTINGS. Superfine Mole Skin and Fur Hats. Fur and Cloth CAPS. Gloves, Stocks, Linen Collars and Bosoms, Black Italian Cravats.

FOR THE LADIES.

Superfine French Thibet MERINOS--Colors, Black, Blue, Black Dahlia and Mulberry--very beautiful English Merinos, Assortment, Black, Blue Black and Fancy Colors.

Silk Warp ALPACCAS and ALPINES--Black, Blue Black and Fancy Colors. Plain and Figured MOUSLIN DE LAINES and SAXONIES. English and French and American PRINTS, a good assortment.

Edinburgh PLAID and MERINO SHAWLS. Bleached and Unbleached SHIRTINGS and SHEETINGS, very low.

BED TICKINGS, Rose and White, WHITE BLANKETS and BED COMFORTERS. Silk, Woolen, Mohair and Worsted Hosiery. Kid, Silk, and Mohair GLOVES.

WHITE FLANNELS 3-4, 4-4 & 5-4. Red, Green and Yellow do. Red, Green & White Twilled do. MITTS, NECK COMFORTERS, FRINGE for trimming Cloaks. Also, a good assortment of BOOTS and SHOES, CROCKERY, GLASS and CHINA WARE, HARD WARE and CUTLERY, WEST INDIA GOODS and GROCERIES.

Quincy, Dec. 4.

Extensive Cloth and Clothing Establishment.

New Fall and Winter Goods.

CALROW & COMPANY,

Corner of Elm and Hanover Streets, Boston.

HAVING made extensive arrangements for the Fall and Winter Season, in the purchase of Goods, we are now prepared to offer to the public,

Clothing,

at prices less than any other Establishment in the city, and at the same time, the style of Making, Trimming and Fit inferior to none.

Our Stock consists of

SUPER LONDON, GERMAN and AMERICAN PILOT, BEAVER and ASPHALTUM CLOTHS. Of plain, figured, double waved, corded, and fancy colors, and of the most select styles.

BLACK, BLUE, RIFLE and INVISIBLE GREEN, LONDON SMOKE, LIGHT and DARK OLIVES and BROWN BROADCLOTHS.

SUPER WOOL DYED BLACK GERMAN CASSIMERES and DOESKINS, warranted to retain their colors.

ENGLISH, FRENCH and AMERICAN ELASTIC DOESKINS, and FANCY and COMMON CASSIMERES.

The above Goods comprise some of the most elegant styles for the coming season. SUPER WOOL and PLAID VELVETS.

RICH CASHMERE, THIBET, FIGURED and PLAIN SATINS and SILKS. VALANCE and COMMON VESTINGS.

Also--Some of the most beautiful patterns of SHAWL VESTINGS, and a new and elegant style of Cutting the same.

Ready Made Clothing.

SURTOOTS, OPERA CLOAKS, SACKS, PELLOTTIS, DRESS and FROCK COATS, COPIES, SPENCERS, JACKETS, PLAIN and GAITER PANTS, FASHIONABLE VESTS &c. &c.

The above Clothing is manufactured of the very best Stock and Trimmings, and cut in that style that distinguishes our Garments from those that are vended in the numerous Slop Shops; and although we do not advertise our former or present prices, nor that we have engaged the services of some cut off Cutters, but by strict and personal attention and economical expenses, we defy competition in prices, durability or style of workmanship.

To strangers visiting the city we would say, that by calling at this establishment, they can have their Garments manufactured at twelve hours notice.

The strictest attention paid to making, trimming, and a fit warranted in all cases or the price of the Cloth refunded. The public are invited to call and examine for themselves.

Corner of Elm and Hanover Streets. Boston, Oct. 8.

Fall and Winter Goods Cheap!!

THE subscribers wishing to reduce their stock prior to taking an account of the same, offer their extensive assortment of Woollens during the months of January and February, at reduced prices for cash, consisting in part of twenty pieces Diamond Beaver:

Wave Asphaltum and plain Pilot Cloths; 100 pieces of Blue, Black, Olive, Green, Brown, Mixed and Adelaide Broadcloths, from \$1.50 to \$5.12 per yard;

150 pieces Cassimeres and Sateenets, from 36 cents to \$1.75 per yard;

Boekings, Blankets, Flannels, etc. etc. Purchasers are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.

MAXIM, BRAMHALL, 24 Dock Square. Boston, Dec. 31.

Great Inducement.

Subscribers for Periodicals can save the Postage and procure a larger amount of reading than can be obtained for the same money elsewhere.

THE subscriber will furnish at his Store, free of postage, the following Periodicals at the regular subscription price, and in addition subscribers will have the privilege of the use of the Circulating Library which contains a large number of popular and interesting books, and which will receive additions of the most popular works as they are published.

Godey's Lady's Book, \$3; Graham's Lady's and Gentleman's Magazine, \$3; Ladies Companion, \$3; Hunt's Merchant's Magazine, \$5; Democratic Review, \$5; United States Whig Review, \$5; The Knickerbocker, \$5; Boston Miscellany, \$3; The Artist, \$3; North American Review, \$5; Young's Magazine, \$3.

By this arrangement subscribers will have greater advantages than are offered by any other establishment, or by travelling Agents.

In addition to the above, subscriptions are received to the following works--Ladies World of Fashion, \$2; Ladies Garland, \$1; Mother's Magazine, \$1; Young People's Book, \$1.50; Parlay's Magazine, \$1; Merry's Museum, \$1; Lowell Offering, \$1.

Persons subscribing to the amount of \$3, will be entitled to a privilege to the Library in addition.

Quincy, Dec. 24.

Music.

PIANO FORTES Tuned for one dollar by J. W. MAUGHEY, Professor of Music.

Orders left at the Hancock House, or this Office, will be punctually attended to.

Quincy, Dec. 3.

## POETRY.

For the Quincy Patriot.

AN ORIGINAL HYMN,

BY A LADY,

Sung at a donation party, at the house of Rev. Mr. Perkins, in Braintree.

We come with hearts of peace and love,  
Our Pastor here to greet;  
Both old and young by friendship mov'd,  
With joy we all do meet.

Our offering's small, but freely given,  
Accept, with wishes too,  
That blessings rich from God in heaven,  
Be shed on yours and you.

In retrospection, let us take  
A short and hasty view  
Of by-gone days, of other years,  
Of joys and sorrows too.

Near thirty years have sped their flight,  
Since a time honored few,  
Went out with true, sincere delight,  
And returned with a pastor new.

That little band except but few,  
Are sleeping in the dust,  
We're following on, our days are few,  
With them we soon shall rest.

Those days are past when Bacchus rul'd,  
And men were led astray,  
But thanks to God you've lived to see  
A new--a happy day.

Good temperance men can now be found,  
Upheld by reason's sway,  
Who take the wanderer by the hand,  
And lead him on his way.

We bid farewell to Alcohol,  
Farewell to Slavery too,  
God help our tardy steps to move  
To help the oppressed too.

We look to you to guide our feet,  
In wisdom's narrow way;  
God grant you faith and every grace,  
To lead to endless day.

When all the unnumbered throng, around  
The bar of God shall stand,  
May you and yours with spotless robes,  
Be found at His right hand.

WINTER PICTURES.

Gently, as lilies shed their leaves,  
When summer days are fair,  
The feathered snow comes floating down,  
Like blossoms through the air;

And o'er the earth, like angel's wing;  
Unfolding white and pure,  
It shines the shield of power divine,  
When faith may read it sure.

That He who rules the year, can bring  
The life, the loveliness of Spring.

And when the bleak and storm-rob'd day,  
Seems sealed with cares and fears,  
Oh, through his prison-house of clouds,  
The setting sun appears--

And to the pensive watcher's gaze,  
A gleam of glory bears,  
Which in the noontide summer's prime,  
He never, never wears;

Like Hope, that pours her light most clear,  
When grief's dark clouds are gathering near.

Even the minds, like wavering hosts,  
The dark night fill with dread,  
Still Love may trim the genial fire,  
The mind's rich banquet spread.

And as life's storms of sorrow draw  
Kind hearts more kindly near,  
So Nature's cold, stern frowns will make,  
Dear home more deeply dear--

Thus Faith, and Hope, and Love are given,  
In Winter Pictures, limned by Heaven.

## ANECDOTES.

A thief without a hat, while pushing his way out of church in the midst of a crowd, snatched a splendid hat from under the arm of a spoony, who on feeling it was going cried out, "some one has taken my hat." The thief immediately put the stolen hat on his own head, and pressing it down with both his hands, said, "I defy any one to take mine," and every body let him pass without the least suspicion.

An Oxonian borrowed two sovereigns of a brother collegian, promising soon to return them in some shape or other. "I should like to have them back as nearly as possible in the shape of two sovereigns," observed the lender; "and I trust you will not forget the old adage--his *dat qui cito dat*--he gives twice who gives quickly." "Then we are quits," cried the borrower--instantly tossing back one of the sovereigns.

Governor Morton is a tall spare man, and Lieut. Governor Childs is below the ordinary stature. On the day of their inauguration, the Ex-Secretary, Bigelow, remarked that in his opinion the Commonwealth had got "the long and short of the Democracy of Massachusetts." This rally caused roars of laughter, amid which the Secretary gracefully retired.

"Oh, eat it up dear--eat it up," says mamma. "I can't--I've eat enough." "Oh yes, dear, eat up what's on your plate, so that it needn't be lost. How common a practice that is; stuffing children beyond the wants of nature, and making them glutious all their lives, so that the scraps may not be lost."

"I am afraid, said a lady to her husband, "that I am going to have a still back." "Not at all improbable, my dear," he replied, "I have seen strong symptoms of it ever since I have known you."

Why are many of the ladies of the present day like the ladies in the scriptures? Because they toil not, neither do they spin.

## DR. SACKETT'S Indian Strengthening Plaster.

The cheapest and best in the world, and recommended by the Medical Faculty, and by thousands who have made use of it.

Over three hundred thousand sold annually.



For Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sprains, Bruises--Pains in the Side, Loins, Back, Breast--Liver Complaints, Coughs, and all disorders leading to Consumption.

THE increased demand for these celebrated Plasters, has induced some to palm off others, purporting to be mine, therefore I caution purchasers to try none except they bear my signature. GEORGE STEVENS JONES, none other can be GENUINE.

Prices--On paper manufactured expressly for them, 12 1-2 cents each--on soft kid, 25 cents. Manufactured and sold wholesale and retail by the Proprietor, GEORGE STEVENS JONES, Nos. 80 and 82 Mount Vernon street, Boston--where all orders must be addressed, (post paid.)

By special appointment MRS. HAYDEN of Quincy, has become my Agent.

Observe--none genuine unless having my signature. None ever goes from my office without it. THEY ARE WARRANTED IN ALL CASES.

Boston, Feb. 12.

Have you ever tried it?



DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S Pectoral Balm of Spikenard, Blood Root, Wild Cherry and Confrey.

THE most effectual remedy ever known for Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Consumption, Whooping Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Influenza, Pain in the Side, Shortness of Breath, and all Affections of the Throat and Lungs. It affords wonderful relief to those laboring under these complaints, and the use of one bottle will satisfy the most incredulous that they possess a healing power above everything heretofore discovered.

Around each bottle is a Treatise on Consumption, its causes, symptoms and cure, with full and particular directions for using the Balm; what food, drinks, clothing, air, exercise, etc. should be used.

This Valuable Healing Cough Balm, possessing the restorative virtues of many Roots and Herbs, which have been prepared with great care, can be obtained of the regularly appointed Agents, Merchants, Traders, Druggists, Apothecaries, and Dealers in Medicines throughout the New England States.

For sale, wholesale and retail, at the Doctor's Office, 15 Hanover Street, Boston. Price 50 cents.

Also--For sale by E. Thayer, Weymouth; John B. Arnold, Braintree; William Sherman, Randolph; Royal B. Whiton, Hingham; Bacon & Baird, Dorchester; George Dixon, Dedham; and by all the Agents who sell his celebrated Sherry Wine Bitters and Family Pills. Agents in this town

JOHN BRIESLER, Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

HEALTH & STRENGTH. Just received a fresh supply of S. O. Richardson's Sherry Wine Bitters & Family Pills, for sale as above. Look out for counterfeits and imitations, as there are several spurious articles in market intended to palm off for S. O. Richardson's. See that the Signature of S. O. Richardson is on the first envelope.

Quincy, Dec. 3.

To the Public.

DR. GORDAK'S highly approved and most valuable Medicines are for sale at his office, No. 57 Hanover street, Boston; all others sold by Apothecaries and Dealers in the city of Boston and vicinity, in his name, he does not vouch to be genuine. The following are the names, qualities, and prices of his Medicines:

JELLY of POMEGRANATE and PRUNY PILES, unrivaled for the catarrh, weakness at the stomach, canker, humors of every description and general debility. Price \$1.25.

ICELAND BALM, for weakness and consumptive complaints. Price \$1.

PULMONARY JELLY or COUGH DROPS, for obstinate coughs, phthisis and asthma. Price 37 1-2 cents per bottle.

PHYSICAL DROPS, for bilious complaints, violent headache, worms and teething in children. Price 25 cents per bottle.

LINIMENT ORODELCO, for the rheumatism, sprains, swellings, bruises and chilblains. Price 25 cents per bottle.

STRENGTHENING PLASTER, for pains in the side, back and limbs. Price 25 cents per box.

SALT RHEUM OINTMENT, for the salt rheum and all external humors. Price 25 cents per box.

PILK OINTMENT, unrivaled for the cure of the piles. Price 25 cents per box.

DR. GORDAK gives general satisfaction in all chronic diseases that are curable, and never flatters the public, like many others, to cure impossibilities. The most of those who have tried his Medicines have received general satisfaction.

Certificates may be seen at his office, No. 57 Hanover street, six doors above Union street, nearly opposite the First Baptist Meeting-house and Friend street, Boston.

DR. G. can be consulted at his office, from 8 o'clock, A. M. until 8 P. M.

Individuals who have been imposed upon by counterfeit medicines, are requested to give me timely notice that I may publicly expose such frauds, whether it originated from a retailer or counterfeiter.

WILLIAM GORDAK.

The above Medicines are for sale at the Store of the authorized Agent in this town.

JOHN BRIESLER, Agent.

Quincy, Feb. 12.

Winter Fashions.

SUSANNA S. MARSH respectfully informs her friends and customers, that she has just received her winter fashions, with a splendid assortment of Winter RIBBONS; also, some very rich Velvet ribbons.

Florence Bonnets, colored and altered, cleaned and pressed, every week, as usual.

Quincy, Nov. 8.

## BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of JASON CLAPP of Quincy, a Bankrupt.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Assignee.

Quincy, Feb. 25.

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NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Assignee.

Milton, Feb. 25.

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of FRANCIS W. FIRD of East Walpole, a Bankrupt.

NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Assignee.

Milton, Feb. 25.

In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court--Massachusetts District.

On this sixteenth day of February, A. D. 1843.

On the Petition of

MOSES HOLBROOK,

of Braintree, in said District, yeoman, to be declared bankrupt--

Ordered--That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.

Feb. 25.

Jayne's Tonic Vermifuge.

THIS Vermifuge is perfectly safe, and so pleasant that children will not refuse to take it. It effectually destroys Worms; neutralizes acidity or Sourness of the Stomach, increases appetite, and acts as a general and permanent Tonic, and is therefore exceedingly beneficial in Intermitent and Remittent Fevers, Indigestion, etc. and is almost a certain cure for Fever and Ague, and what is of more importance, it cures it permanently.

It is harmless in its effects on the system, and the health of the patient is always improved by its use, even when no Worms are discovered. Numerous certificates of its usefulness have been received, which the proprietor does not consider necessary to publish; yet to give the reader an idea of its vermifuge powers, he will mention a few cases. He gave it to his little nephew, not four years old, and in a few days he discharged upwards of ninety large Worms. He also gave it to his daughter, then about three years old, when it brought away thirty Worms in one night.

Joseph A. Lewis of the Penn-Township Savings Institution, in this city, gave it to one of his children, and says that after the sixth dose it brought away about fifty Worms at once, five and six inches long.

Mr. Ferdinand Woodruff used two bottles of this Vermifuge for Dyspepsia, and in the course of two weeks discharged upwards of thirty pieces of Tape Worm, and was thereby perfectly cured.

For sale by

CALEB GILL, Jr.

Quincy, Feb. 18.

Polish your Stoves and Grates.

NO house-keeper will be without WM. BROWN'S PENCIL PASTE, after giving it a trial. It gives the stove a beautiful lustre, far better than the British or American lustre, and is used with less trouble and is more durable. It is put up in rolls. For the true article see that the directions are signed by the proprietor. Manufactured by WM. BROWN, Chemist, corner of Eliot and Washington St. Retained by most of the druggists and grocers in Boston, Lowell and Salem; in Dorchester, by Durine Brown, in New-powet Village, by O. P. Brown, and in this town by JOHN BRIESLER and E. HAYDEN. Price 12 1-2 cts per roll. Call for Wm. Brown's Pencil Paste.

Quincy, Feb. 12.

For Sale,

Wholesale and Retail,

MEN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTHS'

THICK BOOTS AND BROGANS.

REPAIRING done in good order.

THOMAS WHITE.

Quincy, Oct. 29.

Dry Goods Cheap.

THOSE who wish to buy Dry Goods adapted to the season, at lower prices than they can probably be obtained for in another year, will do well to call and examine the stock of E. PACKARD, which he will sell very low.

Also--On hand as above, a good assortment of West India GOODS and GROCERIES, at as low prices as possible.

Quincy, Jan. 14.

General Auction Depot.

No. 7 State Street, (opposite the Post Office), BOSTON.

SALES EVERY EVENING IN THE WEEK.

DAY SALES--TUESDAY and FRIDAY.

NORTON & LUTHER, Auction and Commission Merchants, respectfully tender their services to the public and solicit a share of patronage.

At their Evening Sales may be had great bargains in DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, FANCY ARTICLES, etc



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Joseph Thompson, near Salem, (N. J.) administered this Vermifuge to a child between two and three years old, and says that in a few days she discharged one hundred and twenty seven large Worms.

Mr. Joseph A. Lewis of the Penn Township Savings Institution, in this city, gave it to one of his children, and says that after the sixth dose it brought away about fifty Worms at once, five and six inches long.

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Quincy, Feb. 12. 4f

## For Sale.

Wholesale and Retail. MEN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTHS' THICK BOOTS AND BROGANS.

REPAIRING done in good order.

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At their Evening Sales may be had good bargains in DRY GOODS, HATS, SHOES, FANCY ARTICLES, etc., etc.

At their Day Sales, FURNITURE can be purchased at much less than the cost of manufacture.

Liberal advances made on consignments.

Nov. 5. 4f

## Domestics.

EXETER SHEETINGS, Family do, Merino do, Appleton do, Appleton Strappings, Waltham do, Striped do, For sale at the Agents' prices, by

MANLEY & BRAMHALL.

Boston, Sept. 10. 4f

## Just Received.

At E. Packard's, head of Sea Street,

PLAIN AND DIAMOND BEAVERS;

Satinets, all prices; Knit Shirts and Drawers;

Printed Saxony; Printed Merinos;

Hugland Plain SHAWLS; Embroidered Shawls;

Children's Embroidered Shawls;

ALL WOOL TROCKING; Low priced PRINTS;

Domestic Goods of all kinds, particularly Bleached and Unbleached SHEETINGS & SHIRTINGS.

E. P. has also constantly on hand, all that is generally found in a gentleman's Furnishing Store.

Quincy, Oct. 8. 4f

## Italian Sewing Silk.

ONE Case of I. P. Bonas & Co's superior Blue Black Sewings, which will be sold at the lowest rate by

MANLEY & BRAMHALL.

Boston, Sept. 10. 4f

## QUINCY PATRIOT.

Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co's Store, in Hancock Street.

NUMBER 10.

QUINCY, (MASS.) SATURDAY, MARCH 11, 1843.

VOLUME 7.

JOHN A. GREEN,  
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

Two DOLLARS per annum in Advance—Two DOLLARS and FIFTY CENTS if not paid till the end of six months—THREE DOLLARS if delayed till the expiration of the year.

No subscription, or advertisement, will be stopped previous to the payment of all arrearages, unless at the option of the proprietor. When subscribers wish their papers stopped, they will notify the publisher to that effect and at the time their subscription expires. Every subscriber will be held responsible for the payment of his paper so long as it is sent to his address at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where he may have ordered it, until legally notified to the contrary.

Advertisements, correctly and conspicuously, inserted at the customary prices. The number of insertions required must be marked on the advertisement, otherwise they will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business; and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all legal advertisements, and advertisements of auction sales, sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates.

Business letters and communications addressed to the Editor, postage paid, will receive early attention. Single copies of the paper, SIX CENTS.

AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.  
The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions:  
JOSIAH BARCOCK, Jr. Quincy Railway.  
JUSTIN SPEAR. Stone Quarries.  
ORIN P. BACON. Dochester.  
FISHER A. KINGSBURY. Weymouth.  
JACOB TIRRELL, Jr. South Weymouth.  
SAMUEL D. HAYDEN, Braintree.  
JOSEPH CLEVELY, Abington.  
SAMUEL A. TURNER, South Scituate.  
N. B. OSBORNE, Salem.  
FREEMAN HUNT, New York City.

## MISCELLANY.

From the Lady's Book.

OUR KEZIAH,  
OR, SELF CONTROL.

Be patient a few moments, and you shall learn something of her character and fortunes; how talented and amiable she was and how it came to pass that we, her school mates, with one consent, used to call her 'our Keziah.'

Her father, Mr. Carlton, was a rich merchant who resided in the West Indies, and she was his only child, having lost her mother in infancy. I remember when she first came to the school, where I was taught "the humanities." It was a seminary under the care of two Quaker ladies, in Race street, Philadelphia. One fine morning, a great while ago—I never remember dates—a beautiful carriage drove up to the door of our quiet mansion, and a tall, tall-looking gentleman richly dressed, descended from it, and handed out a little fairy of a girl, about a dozen years old, and conducted her into the parlor, where they were received by the elder of the ladies having charge of the school.

The coming of a new scholar is a great event in a boarding school; and I thought myself very fortunate to be present and hear the negotiation for her admission. The usual enquiries were made, terms settled on the most liberal scale, and preliminaries all arranged; and still, to my great astonishment, there was not a word said about the studies.

At last Miss Placid, our Preceptress, inquired, 'What branches dost thou wish thy daughter to attend to?'

'Teach her self control,' replied the father. 'I have observed,' he continued 'that persons of your persuasion in religious matters, acquire early the habit of controlling those passions and desires which are apt to occasion us, unlucky people of the world, some of our greatest troubles and perplexities. It is for this reason that I have brought my daughter to your school, teach her self-control. The rest I leave to your own judgment.'

'A very odd sort of person is this Mr. Carlton,' thought I; but Miss Placid seemed pleased with the compliment paid her discretion; and so the conference broke up, and I went off to my lessons and thought no more of this singular charge till a long time afterwards.

When Keziah commenced her novitiate with us she was a wayward little miss. Indolent, as West Indians are apt to be, quick tempered, volatile, headless; but very placable and warm-hearted; she gave the good Misses Placid a world of trouble, fell out with a dozen of us in turn and ended by winning the hearts of the whole school before the first term was over.

I never could make out how the elder Miss Placid, who seemed to be her especial Mentor, contrived to make her little faults disappear, one after another; but it is very certain that the task was accomplished by some means or other. She never reproved her, at least before the other girls; but, after a certain time, she had acquired an absolute ascendancy over her, that a simple direction, given in the gentlest manner, served to call forth the most strenuous exertions in learning her lessons; and a single look would instantly restore her to serenity, when some of the cross incidents that are always turning up at school, had a little ruffled her temper.

Notwithstanding her native indolence, Keziah became quite a pattern of industry. She learned every thing, I believe, that was taught at the school; French, Italian, drawing, all the usual English branches, and I don't know how much mathematics; but the ugly diagrams she compelled herself to draw, were perfectly horrifying to look at. In fact, she finally got so far as to calculate an eclipse of the sun, which was all projected, I believe they called it, on a large

sheet of drawing-paper, and sent off, in a ship, to her father. I think it must have amazed the good man not a little; for Keziah told me, that when she was in her own country, she had a little black girl to wait upon her all the time, and had never been accustomed to do anything for herself; and this was her apology for the utter helplessness which occasioned so much amusement when she first came amongst us.

Keziah's odd name was sometimes a source of mortification to her. It had been borne by an old maiden aunt, who had been very kind to her, and had won her very tender regard; so that any disparagement of the name by us, thoughtless imps, was so much the more painful to her. I recollect, on one occasion, she was severely tried in this way. There was at the school a certain girl, who was very clever at writing verses, and who seemed to think that her talent in this way gave her immunity for such infirmities of genius as ill-temper, malevolence, slatternliness, (is there such a word, Mr. Godey?) and all manner of uncharitableness.

This young lady, Miss Draggie, amused herself, one day, by writing some half a dozen verses, each of which terminated with the unfortunate name of our pet, rhyming to all sorts of ridiculous things, so as to make one laugh in spite of one's self. This precious piece of poetry was circulated among a few of the new comers and laughed at; but for some time it was kept out of sight of its subject, until on a certain morning, some one was so ill-natured as to lay it on Keziah's desk, so that she would be sure to see it as soon as she came into school.

I sat opposite to her, and saw her take up the paper and read it. I knew not what it was at the time, but I observed the color mounting to her very brow. Then those beautiful lips were slightly compressed, the color passed slowly off; she laid the paper in her desk and quietly went about her tasks without saying a word to any one. If I had been in her place, would not I have paid off that Miss Draggie?

But see now what Keziah, our Keziah, did. Although she knew who the writer was, instead of showing the verses to Miss Placid and bringing her enemy into merited disgrace, she destroyed them; and when, a week afterwards, Miss Draggie was taken ill with the typhus fever, who but Keziah volunteered to sit up with her, night after night, to hold the cup to her parched lips, to soothe her when she was raving with delirium, and to bear with her peevishness when she was slowly recovering?

Could we help loving such an angel? One day there came news that Mr. Carlton was dead, and we afterwards learned that he had died insolvent. So Keziah was obliged to leave the school, and go and live in the country with her old maiden aunt. Sad enough were all when she went away. But her course was nearly completed. So we should soon have had to part with her at any rate.

After I had left school myself, I received an invitation from Keziah to pass a month with her in the country, some forty or fifty miles from Philadelphia. You may be sure I did not fall to go, for I was very desirous to see her again, and to know of her welfare.

It was late in the evening when I arrived at the residence of Keziah's aunt, a snug little cottage on the declivity of a hill overlooking the Susquehanna. I was ushered into a neat little parlor, where I found a cheerful fire, before which, seated on each side of a work table, were Keziah and her aunt; the former reading the last number of the Lady's Book, 'with good emphasis and good discretion,' while her companion was diligently engaged in the primitive and very exemplary employment of knitting a pair of woollen stockings. Worthy lady! she must have been greatly scandalized at the rapturous manner in which my delighted schoolmate interrupted the prelection, threw down her book and rushed into my arms, when the parlor door opened, and my forlorn figure, muffled up in furs and comforters, presented itself. I was soon dismantled of my incumbrances, which had served to protect me against the keen November air, and comfortably seated by the cheerful fire. Then began the hurried inquiries after old school-mates; and the remainder of the evening passed off in that lively, gossiping conversation, which is so interesting at the moment, and so vaporous in the rehearsal.

Miss Primrose, Keziah's aunt, was a singular person. Reserved and stern in her deportment towards her neighbors and dependants, and penurious in her house-keeping, she was devotedly affectionate and generous to her niece. All the tenderness of her nature was lavished upon her nearest relative, and nothing which could contribute to her gratification, was spared. In return, however, she exacted not a few sacrifices of taste and inclination to her ideas of propriety.

Miss Primrose was understood to be in the enjoyment of a small income from property in Philadelphia. She received her rents regularly, and paid her bills punctually, and asked no favors. Her neighbors regarded her as a person well to do in the world; but rather close in her expenditures. She received but little company, and, since the arrival of her niece, she had appeared to centre her regards chiefly on her.

On the morning after my arrival, an elegant gig drove up to the door and a young gentleman alighted from it and was ushered into my little parlor. He was introduced as Mr. Manly—a very suitable name, by the way, as he was a fine, bold, frank-hearted young man as one would desire to see. Tall and commanding in

his stature, easy and courteous in his manners, and so handsome!

He paid the most marked and deferential attention to Miss Primrose, and his look and smile, when Keziah addressed him, spoke volumes. I almost envied her her admirer; for such he evidently was. Indeed, when he was gone I made my friend confess that he had effected some progress in gaining her regard, and I could not help frankly telling her that I wished 'Heaven had made me such a man.'

During the month of my sojourn in the country, Mr. Manly was a daily visitor. Miss Primrose affected not to understand his object; and when, near the close of my visit, he made a formal proposition to marry her niece and take her on with him to New York, she professed the greatest astonishment at his presumption, and gave him not the slightest hopes of success.

Now came for poor Keziah the usual struggle between duty and affection. The lover was urgent, the guardian inflexible, and she, poor soul, after a contest with her own feelings, which drove the color from her countenance, and wrung her heart with agony, came to the resolution to remain and comfort the declining age of her relative, and to dismiss for an indefinite period one who seemed formed to render her a happy woman.

I was shocked, outraged at the selfishness of the woman, and I told Keziah that I would not have given up so handsome a lover for all the old maiden aunts in the world. But Keziah took it all so gently, reproving my out-breakings, and reminding me that her aunt had been so kind to her when she was a little child, and had loved her parents so much, and had treated her so affectionately of late, that she could not bear to leave her desolate and alone in the world. She must stay with her and trust to Providence that it would come out all right in the end. 'It was her duty,' she said, 'to stay; and she must do her duty, come what might.'

So Mr. Manly kissed her hand, promised to be faithful, and went away. Keziah behaved like herself. She concealed her suffering from her aunt; actually smiled when he drove away from the door, and heroically discharged her daily duties, during the rest of my visit, with a placid and even cheerful countenance. I should have pouted and cried for a month.

After I had returned to town I thought a great deal about Keziah and the unfortunate turn her affairs had taken. We corresponded regularly; but she never mentioned Mr. Manly. I considered it very odd at the time, and I charged one of my brothers, who frequently visited New York to make inquiries about him. He was found to be a merchant, who had gone into business upon a very handsome capital, the bequest of his deceased father; and my brother told me that he was regarded as a very rash and imprudent speculator. One day all the talk was of the great sums he had made by the sale of stocks; and the next day, of the losses which he must have sustained by the fall of cotton. In fact he was spoken of as an extensive operator in the most hazardous adventures. At last there came a grand crash among the merchants; and Mr. Manly failed with the rest.

Next came the news that he had gone to Europe; and, to crown the whole, we heard, one day, that he was married to an opera dancer in the south of France.

'What an escape for Keziah!' said I; but I must go to see her, and congratulate and console with her in the same breath.

So I posted into the country as fast as I could. I found my friend paying the most assiduous attention at the sick bed of her aunt. The old lady was rapidly declining. Her features, formerly sharpened by penury, were now attenuated by the ravages of consumption. She lived but a few days after my arrival; and when her remains had been deposited in their final resting place, Keziah consented to take up her residence with me, till her aunt's agent in the city should make her acquainted with the dispositions which had been made with respect to her future course.

We arrived at my father's door in Walnut street, just at dusk, and hurried into the parlor, which, to our surprise, we found empty, except a single figure of a strange gentleman, who was very composedly warning his hands at the fire. He did not turn round, as we entered, and I did not recognize him; but the moment Keziah cast her eyes upon his figure, she fainted and fell upon the floor. It was Manly.

We laid her upon a sofa, applied the usual restoratives; and when she had so far recovered as to sit up, it was painful to behold the distress of both. So woe-begone and anxious a look did he cast upon her, and so hurt and insulted did poor Keziah seem at his very presence. For my part I was angry, outrageous at the man; and I determined at once to give him a piece of my mind. By way of annihilating him at one blow, I said, in a very cutting and sarcastic tone—

'I hope Mrs. Manly is well, Mr. Manly.'

'Mrs. Manly!' he replied. 'Surely you do not suppose that I have a wife!'

'I am very much afflicted,' replied I, 'to learn that Mrs. Manly is deceased.'

'What can you possibly mean?' said he.—

'I have never been married!'

'Not married?' exclaimed I, beginning to feel mightily embarrassed in my turn. 'We heard that you were married in the south of France.'

'It was all a mistake, I assure you. I have never been in the south of France. It is not

my fault if my friends are not apprized of all I have done, for I have written regularly.'

It was now Keziah's turn to speak. The color had come and gone rapidly upon her beautiful face during the preceding colloquy; and she now said, 'I have never received a letter since you sailed.'

This last declaration assured me that a very tender elclaircissement was inevitable; and considering the figure I had recently cut as a stern judge, and the circumstance that I was likely to prove just one too many in the scene that was to follow, I incontinently ran out of the parlor, and closed the door behind me.

The family were all at a lecture, and I directly left the lovers to complete their mutual explanations, till their return.

The next morning, you may be sure, I catechized Keziah very closely. Manly it appeared, had returned almost as poor as he went away. But he had come home a wiser if not a richer man. He had resolved to commence business on a small scale, upon the cash system, to live economically and build up a fortune by the old fashioned process of industry and frugality. The story of his marriage had originated from some adventure, of a young Englishman of the same name; and it had been too readily believed, from the total failure of his letters. This circumstance was still to be explained.

'And so,' said I, 'he was true to you, after all, Keziah.'

'No, he was true to me before all and above all.'

'And you will marry him now?'

'We shall see. I should not wonder if the thing were to happen one of these days.'

'Do pray let it happen as soon as possible for I have not played bridesmaid for an age.'

In the course of the morning Miss Primrose's agent, Mr. Squizzy, called. He was the very beau ideal of a scrivener, a little lean, script up old bachelor, who looked as if he had lived upon a diet of parchment and red tape for half a century, on being introduced he laid his snuff box and port-folio on the table, with great formality, and putting on a pair of old fashioned silver mounted spectacles, he produced a parchment which he announced to Keziah as the will of her aunt. It was terribly long; and in addition to the usual law verbiage, there was a great deal of explanation of her views and intentions after her own peculiar fashion. The upshot of the whole matter, however, was that Keziah was to inherit her property; for which piece of justice I forgave the old lady, in my innermost heart, all the sour looks and harsh rebuffs she had ever given me. Still I was not quite satisfied. I wanted to know the amount which Keziah was to have. So plucking up courage, I put the question point blank to the old scrivener, and didn't he stare at my impertinence?

'Pray how much may this property of our excellent deceased friend be worth, Mr. Squizzy?'

'Why, Miss,' he replied with a long, slender, whining drawl, 'I suppose her property in this country may be worth some ten thousand dollars; but then you know, there are the fifty thousand pounds which she held in the English funds.'

'Fifty thousand pounds!' we both exclaimed, actually jumping off our seats at the astounding intelligence.

'Yes, Miss,' he went on, in the same drawling tone, 'and then you know, she bought in the Cuba property, the coffee plantation, you know, after poor Mr. Carlton got into difficulty.'

'We know no such thing,' I replied; Miss Primrose never let any one but yourself know that she had more than six or seven hundred dollars a year, and we never could divine where that came from.'

'Well,' replied Mr. Squizzy, 'Miss Primrose was a very prudent woman—a nice woman. She had a better notion about investments than a great many men have. I have got every thing safe and snug for the young lady, whenever she chooses to take possession.'

The dear old quiz! Then he pulled out of his port-folio such a lot of papers and parchments, and drawled away at Keziah with his explanations. At last came a bundle of letters directed to her, which were immediately examined, and proved to be those of Manly, which her aunt had caused to be intercepted. This was not quite right. It is true the explanation which the old man gave was, that Miss Primrose had become so convinced that Manly was a spendthrift and a thoughtless fellow, that she had considered it her duty to cut off all communication between him and her niece when he went abroad. Still she might have trusted the discretion of her niece. Surely it had been sufficiently proved.

It may be easily supposed that matters were now speedily arranged for a wedding—and a grand wedding it was. It took place at our house. All our old schoolmates, that could be found, were invited, and two or three came from Virginia and Maryland. Miss Placid was there too; and I heard the bride whisper to her, 'Dear Miss Placid, the best inheritance my father could have left me was precisely the one which came through your hands—self-control.'

After the marriage came the parting from us, for you must know, the happy couple went off into the country and settled on a great farm, where we visit them every summer; and such frolics as I have with those chubby little rogues, their two little boys!

To YOUNG MEN. The Cincinnati Messenger gives this bit of advice:—Never marry a young woman who is proud of the bustle she makes.'

For the Quincy Patriot.

## THE HANCOCK HOUSE.

At a meeting of the "Washington Total Abstinence Society of Weymouth and Braintree," held Saturday evening, Feb. 25th, the following resolutions were passed, and it was voted to send them to the Quincy Patriot for publication.

Resolved—That we deeply regret the appearance of the article in the last Quincy Patriot respecting the Hancock House, said to be the words of the editor of American Traveller, believing it to be designed to uphold a rum-selling establishment.

Resolved—That when the friends of temperance endeavor to convince George H. French, the landlord of the Hancock House, that he is poisoning community by the sale of intoxicating liquors we are attending to our "own concerns"; for we adopt the sentiment of Terrence who said, "I am a man, and every thing that concerns man concerns me."

Resolved—That although "parties from the city unanimously speak well of the entertainment furnished and the polite attention of the host" of the Hancock House, yet we feel deeply sensible that he is preparing many to fill a drunkard's grave.

JOHN CUSHING, Secretary.

EARS. Men are created with two ears in order that they might hear both sides of a story before passing their judgment. Yet there are many who hear but one side before making up their minds; but these are invariably persons of weak minds. A lady commonly called 'Aunt Abigail,' whom we once knew in the country, was remarkable for this latter failing. She was once told that a young man had run away from home. 'The ungrateful scamp!' cried she, 'to leave his poor old parents who used his labor for their support.'

Soon afterwards she was informed that his father had turned him out of doors, and he had been thus compelled to leave. 'Oh! the cruel old wretch, to send his boy off and deprive him of a home!' cried she.

Soon afterwards she heard that it was the mother's intemperate habits which caused her son to leave home.

What an unnatural woman she must be, cried Aunt Abigail, as she put on her sun bonnet to carry this new version of the story to her nearest neighbor.

It turned out that neither had the son left home, nor did the mother use ardent spirits, nor had the



# QUINCY PATRIOT.

## REPORT OF THE SCHOOL COMMITTEE.

Annexed is the annual report of the General School Committee of this town, for the past year, which we commend to attentive perusal.

The General School Committee submit the following Report:

During the past year the condition of the Schools has generally been such as to afford pleasure to the Committee. Not having served on the Committee previously, we are not able to state precisely how the schools the past year would bear a comparison with preceding years, but we feel confident that they have been making good improvement during the year.

The intelligence of New England is to be ascribed to her system of public school instruction. The welfare of our land is in no small degree dependent upon these schools. They are an invaluable legacy. The town of Quincy by the large amount of money which she has raised for several years past for the purpose of furnishing school-houses and paying instructors and Committees has evinced a deep interest in the education of her children. Few, if any, towns in this Commonwealth have raised a larger amount in proportion to their ability. To constitute good schools they must have

1. A good Teacher. The instructor stamps his image upon his pupils. Their proficiency depends very much upon his knowledge, his faculty of communicating what he knows, and his power of instilling into their minds respect for their superiors and a mild and happy temper. The Committee wish to have it understood that no man can be a competent teacher who is wanting in a thorough knowledge of the sciences which he professes to teach; but, at the same time, there are many well educated men who are miserable teachers. It avails nothing for a man to be learned, if he have no power to communicate that learning to his scholars. In addition to skill in teaching, he must also have a tact for Government. A school without due subordination, or (which is the same thing) where the scholars rule, is any thing rather than a place for improvement, either physical, moral or intellectual.

Teaching is becoming, as it ought to be, a distinct profession. Instructors, (as well as those who patronize them) are learning that it is a difficult thing to be a good teacher, and, at the same time, be a clergyman, magistrate, selectman, stage driver, etc. They are finding, that by having too many trades, they come very near to verifying the old adage of "excelling in none." The Committee are not led to make this remark because they believe that any teacher in this town has been negligent of his charge in instructing the past year on account of having had other labour upon his hands, but simply upon a general principle, and as an encouragement to those who wish to educate themselves for the profession of teaching.

2. The pupils must understand that if they have a good school, they themselves contribute in no small degree to make it such. Rarely has there ever been a poor school where the scholars were punctual and constant attendants, diligent and duly subordinate. Unless this is the case, the labours of the best teacher will be comparatively of little service. Mutual cooperation is necessary between the teacher and the taught.

3. The parents also should feel that much is depending upon them. Rarely, perhaps we might say, never, will those children take a deep interest in a school, or learn and respect their teacher, whose parents are disaffected towards, or speak contemptuously of him. Parents should visit the schools, see that their children punctually and constantly attend, furnish them with all necessary books, and daily inculcate upon them the duty of submission to all proper and wholesome rules. The Committee believe, if these things were attended to as they should be, in ordinary cases, three fourths of the complaints and dissatisfactions respecting teachers would never have a being; or, if they were born, it would be only that they might be speedily consigned to oblivion. A single hour spent in a school would often do more to replace the teacher in the confidence of a dissatisfied parent than all other means or arguments combined. The Committee are far from believing that teachers are never in the wrong. On the contrary, they know they often are. And not infrequently a change is not only desirable but indispensable; still, parents, often from local or personal considerations, or prejudices unknown to themselves, think a change is necessary when in reality, if it were to take place, it would not be for the better but for the worse.

It is not the wish of the Committee to make comparisons between the different Schools; much less do they wish to say any thing which shall tend to the discredit of any particular teacher or school; neither would they conceal any deficiencies.

The Schools in the Centre, South and Point Districts have suffered a temporary suspension, or what was equivalent to it, the past year by the repairs and alterations to which their school-houses have been subjected. The Committee feel that this suspension, or crowding the schools into room not sufficiently large for their accommodation was a serious drawback to the scholars, but this is in no respect to be imputed to any neglect or disqualification of these teachers.

In the Centre District there are three schools in convenient and pleasant rooms. Two of them are taught by ladies and the other by a gentleman. They are under good regulations and doing well. We have taken much pleasure in visiting and examining these Schools. The teachers are competent and diligent. A writing school has been commenced in this District, separate from the other schools, and the Committee are unanimously of the opinion that the effect has been salutary. The improvement in this useful and ornamental branch of education has been such, as to reflect credit upon the instructor, Mr. Lyman, and bear honorable testimony to the diligence of the pupils.

The Committee, however, while they bear testimony to the great improvement which these pupils have made in chirography, by this arrangement, are of the opinion that, if they had performed in all other studies in their original school, they would have been quite as attentive and manifested as much progress. Reading and spelling a portion of the time in one school and a portion in the other seemed calculated to render them negligent and careless in both. It would be well if writing could be taught by a writing master, but he should confine his labours to that branch, or else he should have the whole charge of the school.

In the South District the school has also been divided and there are, including the Primary, three schools in separate and convenient apartments. The instructor, Mr. Seaver, as well as those who have had the superintendence of the alterations made in the School-house, has spent much time and been at no inconsiderable trouble in planning and arranging the various rooms and their apparatus. The Committee think the rooms are well prepared and arranged for study, and believe all these schools to be in a good stage of progress.

An alteration has also been made in the Point School-house by which the school is much better accommodated than it was previously. This school

has appeared well when the Committee have visited it, and we pronounce it in a proper and good state of progress. We have been highly gratified with the apparent affection of the scholars for their teacher, Mr. Edwards, and his assiduous attention to their welfare.

In the West District all is regular and quiet, and the schools are happy and musical, cheered by each other, encouraged by their parents and duly assisted by their instructors, as they climb the Hill of Science. The Committee wish for no alteration in these schools, as it respects teachers or pupils, but they believe a change is necessary in their school house and respectfully recommend that the house be enlarged so that the main school can be divided, as has been the case in the Centre and South Districts. Such a division is as necessary and as loudly called for, and, (beyond a doubt,) would prove as salutary, as in either of the Districts.

In the North District an improvement is going on, which we trust will lead to good order and render that school equal to any in town.

In the Germantown District the school during the year has done well, especially, has this been the case the past winter. No labor has been spared by the present teacher, Dr. Duggan, that could be calculated to benefit the scholars, and their progress in learning has been worthy of commendation.

The Committee feel it their duty, as well as privilege, to say, that no one of the schools, either male or female, is in a better state, or making more rapid progress, or under more thorough and judicious discipline than that of Miss Seaver, in the South District. This remark is made in the belief, that a teacher of her age (being the youngest in the town) for such faithfulness and tact deserves a high reward.

The principle upon which the schools have been divided has been to place those from seven to ten years under the care of the female, and all over ten under the male teacher. Some farther attention may yet be necessary as it respects this division.

In such a town as Quincy, if there be no public Academy, or High School, the District Schools should be of the first order, and the teachers should be competent to instruct in all the branches usually studied in our Academies. The town raise a sufficient sum of money to expect such instruction, and the parents and children have a just claim to it, and the Committee are happy in the belief that the present teachers will not be wanting in their efforts to accomplish an end so desirable.

All which is respectfully submitted.

WILLIAM M. CORNELL, School Committee.  
JOHN A. BILLINGS, do.

## QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, MARCH 11, 1843.

John A. Green, Editor.

## TOWN MEETING.

The annual municipal election in this town, commenced on Monday last, and was continued on Wednesday and Thursday, and then the meeting adjourned to the first Monday in April ensuing. Two tickets were nominated at caucuses—one called the citizens, upon which were placed five democrats and ten whigs, and thus received many votes from democrats. The other one was nominated by the democratic meeting, and received a regular support throughout the election. Many scattering votes were cast, as will be perceived on reference to the ballots. The result of the contest is the election of Town Clerk, Town Treasurer, three Selectmen, four of the five General School Committee, and one of the two Constables, whigs, leaving the democrats only one School Committee-man, and one Constable.

**For Moderator.**  
Whole number of votes, 279  
Necessary to a choice, 140  
William Seaver, (whig, chosen,) 163  
William B. Duggan, (dem.) 115  
George Marsh, (dem.) 1

**For Town Clerk.**  
Whole number of votes, 417  
Necessary to a choice, 209  
Israel W. Munroe, (whig, chosen,) 277  
John A. Green, (democrat,) 129  
Elisha Packard 9, James W. Barter 1, Naaman Holmes 1.

**For Treasurer.**  
Whole number of votes, 408  
Necessary to a choice, 205  
George Nightingale, (whig, chosen,) 235  
Benjamin Curtis, (democrat,) 173

**For Selectmen and Assessors.**  
Whole number of votes, 423  
Necessary to a choice, 212  
Daniel Baxter, (whig, chosen,) 270  
Nathaniel White, (dem. citizen's ticket,) 157  
Israel W. Cole, (dem.) 161  
William B. Duggan, (dem.) 149  
Henry A. Gay, " 146  
John A. Simpson, " 146

Lyndner Richards 13, Lewis Bass 21, James Newcomb 7, Thomas Arcey 2, William D. Gray 3, Ebenezer Jewett 8, George Marsh 5, George Newcomb 7, Samuel Curtis 5, Luther Munn 2, George Veazie 1, Elisha Marsh 1, George Clapp 2, Henry Wood 1, Thomas White 1, Samuel White 7, Job Faxon 4, John Glover, Jr. 7, Benjamin Curtis 4, Elisha Packard 5, Abner Willet 1, Horatio N. Glover 1, Lloyd G. Horton 2, Naaman B. Holmes 1, Henry Gay 1, Thompson Baxter 1, Elisha Baxter 1, Josiah Savil 1, John Faxon 1, Elisha Baxter 1, Ezra Badger 1, Seth Spear 1, John Savil 1.

**For School Committee.**  
Whole number of votes, 422  
Necessary to a choice, 212  
William P. Lunt, (whig, chosen,) 251  
John T. Burrell, " 237  
Adam Curtis, " 238  
Lewis Bass, " 230  
George Newcomb, (dem.) 215  
Benjamin Curtis, " 215  
William B. Duggan, (dem.) 175  
William M. Cornell, " 146  
John A. Billings, " 164  
Stephen F. Fowler, " 147  
William S. Morton, " 139  
John A. Green, " 139  
George Baxter, " 132

William Allen 31, John P. Robinson 33, John Whitney 8, Ebenezer Jewett 1, William D. Gray 5, Horatio N. Glover 2, Josiah Brigham 2, Thomas Hardwick 1, Ebenezer Crane 2, James Newcomb 1,

Ebenezer Bent 1, Samuel White 4, John Glover, Jr. 3, Charles Clapp 2, William Whitney 1, Henry Wood 1, Elisha Marsh 1, James Baxter 3, George H. French 1, John Savil 2, Lyndner Richards 1, Benjamin Rich 1, Lemuel Brackett 1, John Brierley 2, George Marsh 1, George Veazie 1, J. Glover 1, Bryant B. Newcomb 1, John M. Gourgas, Jr. 1.

Benjamin Curtis declined serving as one of the School Committee, and it was voted that those already chosen constitute the board for the year ensuing.

**For Constables.**  
Whole number of votes, 419  
Necessary to a choice, 210  
Francis Williams, (whig, chosen,) 243  
Perez Chubbuck, (dem. citizen's ticket,) 202  
Thomas Arcey, (dem.) 178  
Gershom Clements, (dem.) 125

Lewis Hobart 34, Joseph G. Brackett 3, John Glover, Jr. 2, Lloyd G. Horton 1, John P. Robinson 1, Ensign S. Fellows 10, Hiram G. Whiting 1, Lewis Bass 6, John Crane 6.

**Second Day—FIRST BALLOTING.**  
**For Selectmen and Assessors.**  
Whole number of votes, 388  
Necessary to a choice, 195

Nathaniel White, 124  
James Newcomb, 99  
William B. Duggan, 121  
John A. Simpson, 136  
William D. Gray, 104  
John Brierley, 81

Frederick A. Trask 12, Samuel Curtis 8, John Glover, Jr. 7, Lloyd G. Horton 6, Elisha Baxter 5, William Spear 2, Thomas White 2, Ebenezer Jewett 2, Samuel White 2, Billings Bailey 1, Elphus Chapin 1, George Marsh 1, Ezra Badger 1, George Curtis 1, John A. Green 1, John Glover 1, Naaman B. Holmes 1, Charles Curtis 1, Ebenezer Bent 1, Henry A. Gay 1, Ebenezer Adams 1, Lyndner Richards 1, Jonathan Newcomb 1, William Pray 1, Abel Wright 1, Lewis Bass 1.

**For Constable.**  
Whole number of votes, 253  
Necessary to a choice, 177  
Thomas Arcey, (dem. chosen,) 190  
Perez Chubbuck, (dem. on citizen's ticket,) 143  
John Crane 8, Lewis Curtis 1, James W. Holmes 1, William Totman 1, Hiram G. Whiting 1, Elisha Packard 1, John Glover, Jr. 4, Lewis Bass 3.

**SECOND BALLOTING.**  
**For Selectmen and Assessors.**  
Whole number of votes, 364  
Necessary to a choice, 182

Nathaniel White, 108  
James Newcomb, 29  
William D. Gray, 126  
Ebenezer Jewett, 24  
William B. Duggan, 136  
John A. Simpson, 136  
William Torrey 37, Thomas Arcey 1, Asa Pope 1, Frederick A. Trask 4, Samuel Curtis 1, John Glover 1, John Savil 2, George Baxter 8, Lewis Bass 3, John Brierley 89, Lyndner Richards 1, John Glover, Jr. 1, Samuel White 2, Elisha Baxter 1, George W. Pope 1, George Newcomb 2, William Pray 1, Charles Curtis 1, Charles Burrell 1, Lewis Spear 1, Philip Carver 1.

**THIRD BALLOTING.**  
**For Selectmen and Assessors.**  
Whole number of votes, 354  
Necessary to a choice, 178

William D. Gray, 137  
John Brierley, 99  
Nathaniel White, 76  
James Newcomb, 35  
William B. Duggan, 151  
John A. Simpson, 146  
Freeman Dove 3, Charles R. Mitchell 4, Ebenezer Jewett 5, William Torrey 2, John Savil 1, George Newcomb 3, Alvin Rodgers 1, John G. Brown 1, John Brierley 2, Elisha Baxter 1, Samuel Curtis 1, John Glover, Jr. 1, William Pray 1, George Baxter 1, Lewis Curtis 1, Joseph Field 1, Charles Curtis 1, Ebenezer Bent 1, Billings Bailey 1.

**Third Day—FIRST BALLOTING.**  
**For Selectmen and Assessors.**  
Whole number of votes, 418  
Necessary to a choice, 210

William D. Gray, 196  
Bryant B. Newcomb, 187  
William B. Duggan, 159  
John A. Simpson, 150  
Nathaniel White, 151  
James Newcomb, 29  
Freeman Dove 3, Charles R. Mitchell 4, Ebenezer Jewett 5, William Torrey 2, John Savil 1, George Newcomb 3, Alvin Rodgers 1, John G. Brown 1, John Brierley 2, Elisha Baxter 1, Samuel Curtis 1, John Glover, Jr. 1, William Pray 1, George Baxter 1, Lewis Curtis 1, Joseph Field 1, Charles Curtis 1, Ebenezer Bent 1, Billings Bailey 1.

**SECOND BALLOTING.**  
**For Selectmen and Assessors.**  
Whole number of votes, 416  
Necessary to a choice, 209

William D. Gray, (whig, chosen,) 227  
Bryant B. Newcomb, 201  
William B. Duggan, 151  
John A. Simpson, 129  
Nathaniel White, 44  
James Newcomb, 24  
William Torrey 5, Charles Curtis 1, John Glover, Jr. 3, John Gregory 2, Charles R. Mitchell 1, William Pray 1, William Spear 5, William Seaver 1, Billings Bailey 1, George Newcomb 1, Ebenezer Jewett 2, Joseph Field 1, Lewis Bass 1, Thompson Baxter 1, Elisha Baxter 2, Freeman Dove 1, Charles R. Mitchell 1, Elphus Chapin 1.

**THIRD BALLOTING.**  
**For Selectman and Assessor.**  
Whole number of votes, 351  
Necessary to a choice, 176

Bryant B. Newcomb, 172  
William B. Duggan, 119  
Nathaniel White, 30  
George H. French 2, Billings Bailey 4, Seth Adams 9, Harvey Field 5, William Spear 6, Joseph French 1, Jacob Carr 1, John Kirk 1, Charles R. Mitchell 1, Alonzo G. Davis 1, Samuel Copeland 1, William Trask 2, William Pray 1.

**FOURTH BALLOTING.**  
**For Selectman and Assessor.**  
Whole number of votes, 368  
Necessary to a choice, 185

Bryant B. Newcomb, (whig, chosen,) 190  
William B. Duggan, 119  
Nathaniel White, 30  
Harvey Field 16, Seth Adams 5, George H. French 7, William Spear 9, Frederick A. Trask 1, John D. Thayer 1, Charles R. Mitchell 1, Freeman Dove 1, James M. Beckford 1.

**Fence Viewers—**Job Faxon, Ebenezer Adams, John J. Carr.

**Surveyors of Lumber—**Seth Adams, Isaiah G. Whitten, Shadrach Wade, Josiah Adams, Jr., Richard Newcomb, Ebenezer Bent, Jr.

**Fire Wards—**Samuel White, Samuel Rawson, John Glover, Jr., Peleg F. Jones, Samuel Higgins, Levi G. Folsom.

**Surveyors of Wood and Bark—**George L. Baxter, George H. Locke, George Baxter, George Nightingale, Noah Clapp, Seth Adams, Nathan Josselyn, William A. Kiddle, Elisha Thayer.

**Field Drivers—**Ebenezer Bent, Charles Hall, Seth Crane, Ebenezer Jewett, Justin Spear, Phineas G. Sanborn, John A. Billings, William Walker, Joshua Spear, Obed Allen, Frederick Stamm, Harvey French.

The following Resolves, offered by Dr. William B. Duggan, were unanimously adopted.

**Resolved—**That the Town of Quincy, at their annual meeting assembled, sorrow at the sudden death of the Rev. Peter Whitney, late senior Pastor of the First Congregational Society of Quincy, which took place in an unlooked for moment, on the 3d inst.

**Resolved—**That in consideration of the many eminent virtues of the deceased, which shown so conspicuously in all the relations of life, during his residence in Quincy of forty-three years, as a beloved minister of the Gospel, as a worthy and exemplary citizen, an affectionate husband, a kind parent, friend and neighbor,—We, the Citizens of Quincy, cherish for the memory of the deceased, sentiments of profound reverence and regard.

**Resolved—**That these Resolutions be entered with the Town Records, that a copy of them be transmitted by the Clerk to the family of the deceased, and also to the Clerk of the First Congregational Society of Quincy.

**Voted—**Not to relinquish to the Centre School District the Town Hall for the use of the Schools in said District.

**Voted—**To accept the Report of the Auditors of Accounts. [Published in the Patriot, last Saturday.]

**Voted—**That the Selectmen be Overseers of the Poor and of the Workhouse, and also Surveyors of the Highways.

**Voted—**To refer to a Committee for them to consider and report to the adjournment, the amount of money necessary to be raised the ensuing year, Chose Messrs. Josiah Brigham, William B. Duggan, John Savil, George Newcomb, Nathaniel White.

**Voted—**To refer to the amount of money necessary to be raised the ensuing year for the support of Schools, etc, and the manner it shall be appropriated, to the Committee [above named] to report at the adjournment.

**Voted—**That the Highways be repaired in the same manner that they were the past year.

**Voted—**To restrain Neat Cattle and Horses from going at large in the Highways the ensuing year.

**Voted—**To allow the Town Clerk thirty-five dollars, and the Town Treasurer twenty-five dollars, for their services in their respective offices the past year.

**Voted—**To dismiss the article in the warrant relative to straightening the Road from house of Simeon Spear to the Almshouse.

**Voted—**That the Town's Land be improved in the same manner it was the last year.

**Voted—**To postpone the balloting for County Treasurer to the adjournment.

**Voted—**To allow the members of the Niagara Engine Company the amount of their County and Town Poll Tax.

**Voted—**That the several School Districts be authorized to choose their Prudential Committees, and that they select and contract with the Teachers.

**Voted—**To refer the matter of repairing the Squantum Causeway to the Selectmen, for them to consider and report at the adjournment.

**Voted—**To refer the subject of allowing to the inhabitants residing on Squantum their portion of the school money annually raised, and also the expediency of forming them into a new school district, to the General School Committee with the addition of one gentleman from that part of the town. Chose Mr. John A. Billings.

**Voted—**That the Square formed by the junction of Willard and Copeland Streets, take the name of Leekman Square, and that a suitable Post with a Guide Board be erected to designate the place.

**Voted—**To accept the Report of the Selectmen relating to Guide Posts and Streets.

**Voted—**To accept the General School Committee's Report, and to offer it for publication in the papers of this town. [See the columns of the Patriot of this day for this document.]

**Voted—**That the Report of the committee, chosen at a former meeting to ascertain what price could be obtained for the pieces of land purchased of Dea. Samuel Savil and Samuel R. Folsom in the rear of the Burying Ground, was laid upon the table and not to be called up without a special article in the warrant for that purpose. [The committee stated that they had been offered two hundred dollars for the land, but recommended that it be annexed to the Burying Ground.]

**Voted—**That the committee, who audited the accounts of the Treasurer, transfer the books and papers to the present incumbent.

**Voted—**That in future the Warrants for town meetings be published in both of the newspapers in the town; and that all other printing for the Town be done at the office that will execute it the cheapest.

**Voted—**To defer the election of Auditors of Accounts to the adjournment of this meeting.

**Voted—**That this meeting adjourn to the first Monday in April ensuing, at one o'clock.

## FUNERAL OBSEQUIES.

Agreeably to the announcement in our last paper, the funeral services over the remains of the late Rev. Peter Whitney, Senior Pastor of the First Congregational Church in this Town, were performed on Thursday afternoon, the 7th inst., at the First Church. The relatives of the family, together with the male members of the Society, citizens of Quincy, of Boston, and of the adjoining Towns, assembled at the mansion house shortly after one o'clock, while the ladies were taking seats at the Church. A procession was formed, under the direction of the Parish Committee, assisted by Mr. William Seaver, which moved at two o'clock to the First Church in the following order.

1. Members of the First Society, with citizens of this and other Towns, the older members of the Society and the Deacons of the Church in the rear.

2. The hearse with the body, attended by the following gentlemen of the Society as pall bearers—Ebenezer Bent, Edmund Marsh, Josiah Savil, Henry Wood, Abner Willett, James Baxter, Adam Curtis, William Torrey.

3. The officiating clergymen—Rev. William P. Lunt, associate Pastor with the deceased; Rev. John Pierce, D. D. of Brookline; Rev. Francis Parkman, D. D. and Rev. Alexander Young of Boston.

4. Male relatives of the deceased.

5. The Reverend Clergy.

6. The female relatives in carriages.

On the arrival of the procession at the church, the citizens in front of the house opened to the right and left, while the body, attended by the relatives and Clergy, was borne between them and up the centre aisle, they closing and following in the rear. All the pews in this aisle were reserved for the procession—and by the arrangements, above

mentioned, the senior portion of the citizens entered the Church next to the relatives and clergymen.

The large house was entirely filled. The pulpit, and communion table, on which rested the body, were appropriately dressed in black. The organ commenced a Voluntary as the procession entered; and when all were seated and quiet, the Choir, under the direction of Benjamin Curtis, Esq., sang in a solemn and impressive style that sublime funeral anthem by Pope, entitled "Dying Christian to his Soul," which is numbered 504, in the Hymn books of the First Church.

Vital spark of heavenly flame,  
Quit, O quit this mortal frame:  
Trembling, hoping, lingering, flying,  
O the pain, the bliss of dying!  
Cease, fond nature, cease thy strife,  
And let me languish into life.

Hark! they whisper; angels say,  
"Sister spirit, come away."  
What is this absorbs me quite,  
Steals my senses, shuts my sight,  
Drowns my spirits, draws my breath?  
Tell me, my soul, can this be death?

The world refuses; it disappears;  
Heaven opens on my eyes; my ears  
With sounds seraphic ring:  
Lend, lend your wings; I mount, I fly;  
O grave, where is thy victory?  
O death, where is thy sting?

Appropriate and beautiful selections from the Scriptures were next read by Rev. Mr. Young. Rev. Dr. Parkman then offered a most eloquent and touching prayer, evincing the piety of his own heart, warmed by a contemplation of the virtues of the deceased, and breathing that consolation and peace which comes from the God of all consolation in the holy act of prayer. Rev. Mr. Lunt then read the following Hymn by Doddridge, numbered 533 in the Christian Psalter, entitled "God quickening the dead."

The ever-living God  
The expiring church shall raise;  
Our hearts his promises receive,  
And wake a shout of praise.

"Yes," saith the God of truth,  
"My dead shall live again;  
The foe shall see their Leader's breath  
Reanimate the slain."

"The dew of heaven shall fall  
In rich abundance round,  
And a redundant harvest rise  
To clothe the teeming ground."

Thy Zion, Lord, believes  
A promise so divine,  
And looks through all her flowing tears,  
To see the glory shine.

This was followed by the funeral Discourse of Mr. Lunt, who in June, 1835, was associated with Mr. Whitney in the ministry. Our limits will not permit us to speak as we could wish of this excellent Discourse, so simple, true and beautiful—eloquent and pertinent to the solemn occasion. We care not to speak at large of it now—we presume the Society will not withhold their request that this memorial of their venerable Pastor's character, life and ministry be preserved in an enduring form. The text was from Romans xiv. 7—"For none of us liveth to himself and no man dieth to himself." No individual member of society observed Mr. L. in entering upon the subject, however humble and obscure, stands alone in this world. There are those whom he cannot fail to influence—those who will rejoice with him in prosperity—sorrow with him in adversity, and for him after death. He must live and die not for himself alone. Much more is this true, continued the Preacher, with those who have filled important stations in public, and on whose lives and characters all eyes around have been fixed. Mr. Whitney had occupied a station as a Minister of Christ, which for nearly half a century had been exposed to the sternest scrutiny—and watched but to bring him approval and admiration.

Mr. Lunt set forth some of the leading elements in the character and mind of his departed colleague, and entered into a brief history of his life. Moses Whitney, a progenitor of his family, beyond whom nothing is known, lived at Littleton and died there in 1778 at an advanced age. He had three sons, one of whom, Aaron was born at Littleton in 1744; graduated at Cambridge in 1767; was ordained the first Pastor of the Church of Christ in Petersham in 1768, where he died on the 8th of September 1779, in the 60th year of his age and 41st of his ministry.

His second son and second child, Peter Whitney, was born at Petersham, 15th Sept. 1744; was graduated at Cambridge in 1768; was ordained pastor of the First Church in Northboro', Feb. 4th, 1767, and died there, suddenly, Feb. 29th, 1816, in the 72d year of his age and in the 49th of his ministry. He preached the Sabbath before his death, which was on Thursday afternoon, when being in his ordinary health and having taken his dinner as usual, he shortly after fell and expired in a few moments, as he was passing from his wood-shed into his house.

Rev. Peter Whitney, the Pastor of Quincy, his second son and second child among eleven children, was born at Northboro', 18th January, 1770. He studied with his father, and was entered at Harvard University, in July, 1787, having gone seldom before from the quiet retirement of his native town. The vacations he spent at home, except the winter vacation of his senior year, when he taught a school at Charlestown. He was graduated in 1791; and engaged immediately as assistant Preceptor in the Derby Academy, at Hingham, an institution standing among the first of the kind in our land. Here he remained until '95 or '96, pursuing his theological studies under the direction of Rev. Henry Ware, senior, D. D., then minister at Hingham, and since Professor in Harvard University. Mr. Whitney was afterwards for more than thirty years a member of the Board of Trustees in that institution, and for many years their President, until as the infirmities of age began to approach he resigned his seat, when a vote of thanks was passed by his associates, expressive of the grateful sense they entertained of his valuable services. In subsequent years his literary acquisitions procured for him an appointment to deliver the annual oration before the first literary society in the country, the Phi Beta Kappa Society, and also an appointment to the office of Tutor in Harvard University, both of which honors he saw fit to decline. While residing at Hingham, Mr. Whitney preached in various places; and having received a unanimous call was ordained colleague pastor with Rev. Anthony Wilbur over the First Congregational Society in this town, Feb. 5th, 1800, over which he continued to have the sole charge until 1835, when Rev. Mr. Lunt was associated with him. He preached his last

sermon in the church, Sept. 8, noon, and last took part in the at his church, Oct. 24th, 1835. He attended church on the Sabbath, in the morning. On March, he walked out and put on his usual health, when he felt was conversing with his family, few moments, without a groan, nine o'clock in the morning. A biographical facts which we discourse. Mr. Lunt, as we have the character and virtues of him by nature with a placid and ever courteous to all, cheerful great equanimity of mind and were indeed distinguishing traits. His course through life was his rent, steady and uniform. He sure, from the excitement of the time to take his lessons from the from the teachings of man. For every day theology—no men's affairs; but moved in his of action with great prudence. No greater evidence of this truth than the fact



mentioned, the senior portion of the citizens entered the Church next to the relatives and clergymen.

The large house was entirely filled. The pulpit, and communion table, on which rested the body, were appropriately dressed in black. The organ commenced a Voluntary as the procession entered; and when all were seated and quiet, the Choir, under the direction of Benjamin Curtis, Esq., sang in a solemn and impressive style that sublime funeral anthem by Pope, entitled "dying Christian to his Soul," which is numbered 304, in the Hymn books of the First Church.

And speak of heavenly flame,  
Quit, O quit this mortal frame;  
Trembling, hoping, ling'ring, flying,  
O the pain, the bliss of dying!  
Cease, fond nature, cease thy strife,  
And let me languish into life.

Hark! they whisper; angels say,  
"Sister spirit, come away."  
What is this absorb me quite,  
Steals my senses, shuts my sight,  
Drowns my spirits, draws my breath?  
Tell me, my soul, can this be death?

The world rebodes; it disappears;  
Heaven opens on my eyes; my ears  
With sounds seraphic ring:  
Lend, lend your wings; I mount, I fly;  
O grave, where is thy victory?  
O death, where is thy sting?

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The ever-living God  
The expiring church shall raise;  
Our hearts his promises receive,  
And wake a shout of praise.

"Yes," said the God of truth,  
"My dead shall live again;  
The fee shall see their Leader's breath  
Reanimate the slain."

"The dew of heaven shall fall  
In rich abundance round,  
And a redundant harvest rise  
To clothe the teeming ground."

Thy Zion, Lord, believes  
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And looks through all his flowing tears,  
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The second son and second child, Peter Whitney, was born at Petersham, Mass., in 1744; was graduated at Cambridge in 1762; was ordained pastor of the First Church in Northboro', Nov. 4th, 1767, and died there, suddenly, Feb. 29th, 1816, in the 72d year of his age and in the 49th of his ministry. He preached the Sabbath before his death, which was on Thursday afternoon, when being in his ordinary health and leaving taken his dinner as usual, he was passing from his wood-shed into his house.

Rev. Peter Whitney, the Pastor of Quincy, his second son and second child among eleven children, was born at Northboro', 18th January, 1770. He studied with his father, and was entered at Harvard University, in July, 1787, leaving some time before the quiet retirement of his native town. The vacations he spent at home, except the winter vacation of his senior year, when he taught a school at Charlestown. He was graduated in 1791; and engaged immediately as assistant Preceptor in the Derby Academy, at Hingham, an institution standing among the first of the kind in our land. Here he remained until '95 or '96, pursuing his theological studies under the direction of Rev. Henry Ware, senior, D. D., then minister at Hingham, and since Professor in Harvard University. Mr. Whitney was afterwards for more than thirty years a member of the Board of Trustees in that institution, and for many years their President, until as the infirmities of age began to approach he resigned his seat, when a vote of thanks was passed by his associates, expressive of the grateful sense they entertained of his valuable services. In subsequent years his literary acquisitions procured for him an appointment to deliver the annual oration before the first literary society in the country, the Phi Beta Kappa Society, and also an appointment to the office of Tutor in Harvard University, both of which honors he saw fit to decline. While residing at Hingham, Mr. Whitney preached in various places; and having received a unanimous call was ordained colleague pastor with Rev. Anthony Winslow, Feb. 25th, 1800, over which he continued to have the sole charge until 1835, when Rev. Mr. Lunt was associated with him. He preached his last

sermon in the church, Sept. 19th, 1841, in the forenoon, and last took part in the devotional exercises at his church, Oct. 24th, 1842, in the afternoon. He attended church on the Sabbath before his death, in the morning. On Wednesday, the 1st of March, he walked out and made some calls in the town. On Friday morning, the 3d inst., he was in his usual health, when he fell from his chair as he was conversing with his family, and expired in a few moments, without a groan or struggle, about nine o'clock in the morning. Such are the principal biographical facts which we gathered from the discourse. Mr. Lunt, as we have said, portrayed the character and virtues of his friend, endowed by nature with a placid and equable temper, he was ever courteous to all, cheerful and happy. His great equanimity of mind and his habitual courtesy were indeed distinguishing traits in his character. His course through life was like the unruffled current, steady and uniform. He kept aloof in a measure, from the excitements of the day, and was content to take his lessons from the Bible rather than from the teachings of man. He was no advocate for every day theology—no busy body in other men's affairs; but moved in his appropriate sphere of action with great prudence and discrimination. No greater evidence of this truth could be given than the fact that so harmoniously and happily his connection with so large a society has been retained through so many years. But we forbear further comments on the discourse, which was closed with appropriate and feeling addresses to the bereaved family and relatives of the deceased, to the clergy, to the church and congregation, and to the large assembly who were present.

The concluding prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Pierce, the venerable pastor of Brookline, a cotemporary and early friend of Mr. Whitney, whose words are always those of wisdom, and who seemed fitly chosen for the office he so well discharged. The following funeral ode by Watts, numbered 660, was then sung by the choir, and seldom have we heard any thing better sung.

Unveil thy bosom, faithful tomb;  
Take this new treasure to thy trust,  
And give these sacred relics room,  
To seek a slumber in the dust.

Nor pain, nor grief, nor anxious fear,  
Invasion thy bounds; no mortal woes  
Can reach the peaceful sleeper here,  
And angels watch the soft repose.

So Jesus slept; God's dying Son  
Passed through the grave, and blessed the bed;  
Rest here, dear saint, till from this throne  
The morning break, and pierce the shade.

Break from his throne, illustrious morn;  
Attend, O earth, his sovereign word;  
Restore thy trust, a glorious form:  
It must ascend to meet the Lord.

The services were closed by the apostolic benediction from Rev. Dr. Parkman. A slow and solemn dirge was then breathed from the organ, while opportunity was given and improved by all who desired to pass by the pulpit in order, and look for the last time upon the venerable countenance of one who in life was so generally loved and in death sincerely mourned.

The procession was again formed and proceeded to the cemetery, where, after a few appropriate remarks at the tomb by Rev. Mr. Lunt, the remains of the good man, the excellent citizen, the exemplary Christian, were consigned to their last resting place. They were deposited in the ancient ministerial tomb, where are gathered the ashes of four of the preceptors of this Society—of Fiske, the third minister—of March the fourth—of Hancock, the fifth, and the father of America's patriot and statesman—and of Wibird, the seventh.

When Mr. Whitney was first settled and until within comparatively a few years, he was the minister of nearly the whole town, there being then but one other society in the place—the Episcopal. Indeed, his call to settle was given in the name and by a vote of the town, and thus stands at this day upon the records.

**NOTICES.**  
Dr. John Spurr of Milton, will deliver a lecture before the Quincy Lyceum, next WEDNESDAY EVENING (March 15th) at the Town Hall, commencing at seven o'clock.  
GEORGE BAXTER, Secretary.

There will be a meeting of the Weymouth and Braintree Union Lyceum, MONDAY EVENING, (March 13th) at half past six o'clock.

QUESTION FOR DISCUSSION.  
Has knowledge a greater influence than wealth?  
CALVIN P. HINDS, Secretary.

Messrs Robert Tucker of Milton, and Page of South Reading, will speak on Temperance in Washington Hall, (opposite Neponset House,) Neponset Village, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 15th, at seven o'clock.

Ladies and gentlemen are invited to attend and thus give the temperance car a little more speed in old Dorchester.  
H. W. BLANCHARD.

The inhabitants of the South School District are notified, that their Annual Meeting will be held at the Stone School House, next MONDAY EVENING, at seven o'clock.

By order of the Prudential Committee.  
CHARLES MARSH, Clerk.

Dr. William B. Duggan will deliver a lecture before the Quincy Point Temperance Union Society, TOMORROW EVENING, (March 12th,) at the Methodist Chapel, to commence at seven o'clock.

At a meeting of the Officers of the Total Abstinence Society and also of the Washingtonian Society, in this place, it was voted to choose a Committee from the two Societies to make arrangements for a meeting of the friends of Temperance in this town.

Agreeably to the above vote, the Friends of Temperance, (ladies and gentlemen,) are invited to meet at the Town Hall, on THURSDAY EVENING, (March 16th,) at seven o'clock.

It is to be hoped that every friend to this great cause will attend, as it is an important meeting and interesting business will be transacted.

A number of gentlemen have been engaged to address the meeting.

The Directors of the Quincy Charitable Society, are requested to meet at the house of Mr. Eliza Turner, on FRIDAY EVENING, next, at seven o'clock.

A full attendance is desired.

The Directors would be pleased to see other members of the Society present.

A Lecture on Temperance will be delivered at the Universalist Meeting-house, in Quincy, by Samuel A. Walker, next SUNDAY (to-morrow) EVENING, at seven o'clock, before the Total Abstinence and the Quincy Washingtonian Societies.

The Lecture will be illustrated by four Diagrams, representing the human stomach, together with the speaker's own experience of seven years a drunkard.

The sober man, the moderate drinker, the drunkard, and the rum seller, are invited to attend.

## Real Estate at Auction.



WILL be sold at public auction, on WEDNESDAY, the 6th day of April next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, on the premises, and immediate possession given, that valuable Estate now occupied by JAMES EDWARDS, situated in Quincy, at the junction of School and Granite Streets, consisting of a Dwelling-house, Barn and Shoemaker's Shop, with an excellent well of Water in the house, and about four acres of land.

The terms of payment will be made easy, to accommodate the purchaser, on satisfactory security being given. Particular conditions at the time and place of sale.

Quincy, March 11. 4w\*

## For Sale,

SEVENTY FIVE bushels of good seed Barley. For further information, apply

Quincy, March 11. AT THIS OFFICE. 4

## Animal Magnetism.

JUST PUBLISHED, the History and Philosophy of Animal Magnetism, with practical instructions for the exercise of this power, being a condensed and all the information now existing upon this important subject, by a practical Magnetizer, price 12 1/2 cents.

Also—The Anglo American Magazine, No. 2, for 12 1/2 cents.

Lights and Shadows of Factory Life, by a Factory Girl, 12 1/2.

Forest Days, by James, 18 3/4.

Last of the Barons, by Bulwer, 18 3/4.

Francis of Valois, 12 1/2.

For sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, March 11. 3w

## Lost,

IN or near Washington Street, Quincy, a Dark Green Cloak Cape, trimmed with black fringe. Any person having found the same and will leave it at the house of Mr. LEMUEL DWELLE, or with HENRY A. GAY, will be rewarded for their trouble.

Quincy, March 11. 3w\*

## For Sale,

12 HEAD of cattle of the following sizes, viz:—  
One two year old Heifer, weight 1206  
One Cow, 1567  
One Ox, 2045  
One Ox, 1895  
One Ox, 1937  
One Ox, 1898  
One Ox, 1843  
One Ox, 1837  
One Ox, 1826  
One Ox, 1759  
One Ox, 1741  
One Ox, 1737

21291

The above cattle are fat, and for sale by

Quincy, March 11. WILLIAM TORREY. 4w

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

March 4th, 1843.

UPON the Petition of AARON PRESCOTT, Assignee of the estate of

ALBERT J. THURSTON,

of Randolph, who has been declared Bankrupt, praying for leave to sell certain estate and property, set forth in the schedule annexed to the said petition.

It is ordered by the Court, that a hearing of the said petition, will be had on the THIRD TUESDAY

of March inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, when and where all creditors, the Bankrupt, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause (if any they have) why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk of the Court.

March 11. 2w 2233

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this twenty-eighth day of February, A. D. 1843.

—Upon the petition of

ALBERT J. THURSTON,

of Randolph, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.

March 11. 2w 2233

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this second day of March, A. D. 1843.

—Upon the Petition of

THOMAS M. BIRD,

of Dorchester, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.

March 11. 2w 2257

## Assignee's Sale.

By authority of United States District Court.

WILL be sold at public auction, at the house occupied by Elijah Tolman in Dorchester, on MONDAY, the 20th day of March inst., at four o'clock in the afternoon, the following effects of Bankrupt—

Account against Edwin Gunnison & Sillway \$43.00

Note against William Perkins for \$100.00

Sundry other demands—Also, one Silver Watch.

By order of N. F. SAFFORD, Assignee.

GEORGE THOMPSON, Auctioneer.

Milton, March 11. 2w

## Singing School.

MR. N. NASH would inform those who wish to attend the last half quarter of his School, that they can leave their names with Messrs. Carver and Merritt, or at this office.

It will commence on MONDAY EVENING next.

Quincy, March 11. 3w

## Singing School.

THE second term of the Singing School kept by Thomas Reed, will commence next TUESDAY

EVENING, March 7th, at seven o'clock, in the evening, at the house of Mr. Allen's Meeting-house.

Ladies and gentlemen who would like to join, are respectfully invited to be present on that evening.

Quincy, March 4. 1w

## Parish Meeting.

Norfolk ss. To Francis Williams, Constable of the Town of Quincy, Greeting:

YOU are hereby required, in the name of the L. S. Commonweal of Massachusetts, to notify and warn the Inhabitants of the First Congregational Society in the Town of Quincy, qualified to vote in Parish Affairs, to meet at the Town Hall, in said Quincy, on MONDAY, the thirteenth day of March instant, at two o'clock in the afternoon, to act on the following articles, viz:

1st. To choose a Moderator.

2d. To choose all Parish Officers as the law directs.

3d. To raise such sum or sums of money as may be considered necessary for Parochial purposes.

4th. To determine what compensation the Parish will allow their Clerk and Treasurer for their services the past year.

5th. To choose any Committees, or hear and act on the Report of any Committees, and transact any other business that may regularly come before the meeting.

Hereof fail not, and make return of this warrant, with your doings thereon, unto the Parish Clerk, on or before the third day of March inst. for said meeting.

Given under our hands and seals, at Quincy, this third day of March, A. D. 1843.

LEWIS BASS, Parish Assessors.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM, } Parish Assessors.

JAMES NEWCOMB, }

Quincy, March 3d, 1842.

NORFOLK, SS.—By virtue of the above warrant,

I hereby notify the Inhabitants of the First Congregational Society in Quincy, who are qualified as therein expressed, to meet at the place, time, and for the purposes therein named. A true copy. Attest:

FRANCIS WILLIAMS, Constable.

March 4. 2w

## School Meeting.

THE legal voters of the Centre School District, in Quincy, are hereby notified and warned to meet at the Grammar School Room, in said District, on SATURDAY EVENING, the eleventh day of March ensuing, at six o'clock, for the following purposes, viz:

1. To choose a Moderator.

2. To choose such District Officers as the Law requires.

3. To hear and act upon the Report of the Prudential Committee of said District for the past year.

4. To choose any committee, hear and act upon any Report, or transact such other business as may be legal and proper.

By order of the Prudential Committee.

JOHN A. GREEN, District Clerk.

Quincy, Feb. 25. 2w

## Assignee's Sale.

By authority of United States District Court.

WILL be sold by public auction, at the store of Ancel Stoddard, in Braintree, on THURSDAY, the 23d day of March inst., at nine o'clock in the morning, the following mentioned right, goods, chattels and property of the estate of said Stoddard, viz:—All the right in equity which the said Ancel Stoddard, by deed, bearing date the 1st day of January, 1842, conveyed to the said assignee, in and to a certain lot of land in Braintree with a Dwelling-house, Store, Shoe-shop, Barn, Shed and other outbuildings thereon, containing one acre and one half, more or less, which is bounded Southerly by Washington Street, so called; Westerly and Northerly by land of Peter Dyer and Isaac Dyer, and Easterly by land of heirs of Abraham Thayer, deceased, and by land of the town of Braintree. The said premises are subject to two mortgages of said Ancel Stoddard, to the said assignee, one running to Asaph Churchill, Esquire, and another running to Alvan Kidder and Robert McConnell, the amount of which will be given at the sale.

Also—To be sold, one valuable Cow.

Also—A stock of goods and property in said Store, consisting of Broadcloths, Pantaloon Cloths, Canvas, Buckram, Remnants of Calico, Camlet, Vestings, Men's and Women's Gloves, Handkerchiefs, cotton and linen, Remnants of Dressing, Flannels, Merinoes, Rattonets, Saxony Cloths, Mouslin de Laines, Fine yard wide Prints suitable for infants, Dark Common Prints from six to twelve cents per yard, Plain Yellow and White Flannels, Ladies and Misses' Hose, Children's Beaver Gloves, Fine Black Alpines, and very low priced do, Wrought Collars, and Remnants of Ribbons selling low.

Quincy, Oct. 22. 4w

## Remnants.

SUSANNA S. MARSH, opposite the Stone School

House, School Street, takes the opportunity to

inform those wishing to supply themselves with articles for children's wear, suitable for the coming season, that she has now on hand a good assortment, and will sell them very cheap for cash, particularly a large lot of remnants, which she has recently bought very low, comprising Faded Flannels, Merinoes, Rattonets, Saxony Cloths, Mouslin de Laines, Fine yard wide Prints suitable for infants, Dark Common Prints from six to twelve cents per yard, Plain Yellow and White Flannels, Ladies and Misses' Hose, Children's Beaver Gloves, Fine Black Alpines, and very low priced do, Wrought Collars, and Remnants of Ribbons selling low.

Quincy, Oct. 22. 4w

## Notice.

MR. MCGAUGHY will open a Juvenile Class for

instruction in Singing and the Elements of Music, to commence as early as a sufficient number are obtained, of which due notice will be given.

The Class will receive two lessons per week at Mr. McGaughy's residence—the house in rear of the Hancock House.

Terms one dollar for eight lessons, or three dollars per quarter.

Quincy, Feb. 25. 4w

## Woolen Blankets.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have just received a large

assortment of Rose and Whitney Blankets, of superior quality, which will be sold at the lowest prices.

Quincy, Oct. 22. 4w

## Commissioners' Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers have

been appointed by the Hon. Sherman Leland, Judge of Probate for the County of Norfolk, Commissioners on the estate of the late

SAMUEL M. CAPEN,

deceased, of Braintree, rendered insolvent. They, therefore, will attend on said business, at the house of Charles M. Fogg, Esq., on the FIRST MONDAY of the four following months, viz—March, April, May and June, at four o'clock in the afternoon. All persons interested will attend at either of said meetings to prove their claims.

MINOTT THAYER, } Commissioners.

CHARLES M. FOGG, }

Braintree, Feb. 25. 6w

## Hats.

JUST received, a full assortment of sizes of superior

quality, at a fair price. E. PACKARD.

Quincy, Feb. 25. 4w

## Just Received,

At E. Packard's, head of Sea Street,

PLAIN AND DIAMOND BEAVERS;

Printed Saxony; Printed Merinoes;

Highland Plaid SHAWLS; Edinboro' Shawls;

Children's Edinboro' Shawls;

ALL WOOL FROCKING; Low priced PRINTS;



# QUINCY PATRIOT.

Removal--Painting Business.

COACH, CHAISE, SIGN

AND

HOUSE PAINTING;

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has taken the shop formerly occupied by Thaddeus W. Cross, where he will carry on the

PAINTING BUSINESS

in all its various branches, and hopes by strict attention to receive public patronage.

A. B. All kinds of GRADING done at short notice and in good style.

As he relies upon a test to prove his advertisement to be correct in all particulars, he hopes the public will give him a chance for trial.

Quincy, Dec. 31. if

Dry Goods.

E. PACKARD has on hand and for sale low, a good assortment of FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY

GOODS, consisting in part of  
BEAVERS—Plain, Diamond and Waved.  
BROADCLOTHS—Black, Blue, Black, Green, Brown and Drab.  
CASSIMERES—Black, Blue, Lavender and Drab.  
DOESKINS, SATINETS, VESTINGS, VELVETS, Tailors' Trimmings, GINGHAMS, HOSIERY.

TABLE COVERS, TICKINGS, CAMBRICS, LINENS, GLOVES, CRASH, SHEETINGS, YARN, DIAPERS, VICTORIA ROBES, Victoria PLAID, Domestic do.

Muslins, Laces, Edgings, Insertings, Cotton Velvets, Linen Hdk's, Silk do. Buff Sheetings, Salisbary FLANNEL, Kid and Leather Shippers, India Rubbers, Mulls, Sarsnet Cambrics, Pelisse Wadding, Cotton Baiting, Luce Veils.

Together with a great variety of small articles constituting a full stock, which it is scarcely necessary to say, will be sold low, for that is now the order of the day.

Quincy, Nov. 12. if

Extensive Assortment of Fall and Winter Goods.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & CO. having recently made large purchases of Fall and Winter Goods, are enabled with their former stock to offer for sale a great assortment of Goods as can be found in any Store in the city or country, and all of which will be sold CHEAP for cash or approved credit. Among which are the following:

Waved, Diamond and Plain BEAVER CLOTHS, for Frocks and Over-Coats.  
English and French and American BROADCLOTHS—superfine, medium and low priced—for Dress Coats.  
Black, Blue, Black, Blue and Fanny Colors.

DOE SKINS, and VASSIMERES, all qualities and colors, for Pants.  
SATINETTES, all colors and qualities. Rich Figured Velvet, Satin and other VESTINGS.  
Superfine Mole Skin and Fur HATS. Fur and Cloth CAPS.  
Gloves, Stocks, Linen Collars and Bosoms, Black Italian Cravats.

FOR THE LADIES.

Superfine French Thibet MERINOES—Colors, Black, Blue, Black Dahlia and Mulberry—very beautiful English Merinos, a full assortment.  
Silk Warp ALPACAS and ALPINES—Black, Blue, Black and Fanny Colors.  
Plain and Figured MOUSLIN DE LAINES and SAXONIES.

English and French and American PRINTS, a good assortment.  
Edinboro' PLAID and MERINO SHAWLS.  
Bleached and Unbleached SHIRTINGS and SHEETINGS, very low.

BED TICKINGS, Rose and Whitney BLANKETS and BED COMFORTERS.  
Silk, Woolen, Mohair and Worsted HOSE. Kid, Silk, and Mohair GLOVES.  
WHITE FLANNELS 3-4, 7-8, 4-4 & 5-4. Red, Green and Yellow do. Red, Green & White Twilled do.

MUFFS, NECK COMFORTERS, FRINGE for trimming Cloaks. Also, a good assortment of BOOTS and SHOES, CROCKERY, GLASS and CHINA WARE, HARD WARE and CUTLERY, WEST INDIA GOODS and GROCERIES.  
Quincy, Dec. 4. if

Extensive Cloth and Clothing Establishment.

New Fall and Winter Goods.

CALROW & COMPANY,

Corner of Elm and Hanover Streets, Boston.

HAVING made extensive arrangements for the Fall and Winter Season, in the purchase of Goods, we are now prepared to offer to the public,

Clothing.

at prices less than any other Establishment in the city, and at the same time, the style of Making, Trimming and Fit inferior to none.

Our Stock consists of

SUPER LONDON, GERMAN and AMERICAN PILOT, BEAVER and ASPHALTUM CLOTHS.  
Of plain, figured, double waved, clouded, corded, and fancy colors, and of the most select styles.  
BLACK, BLUE, RIFLE and INVISIBLE GREEN, LONDON SMOKE, LIGHT and DARK OLIVES.  
SUPER WOOL DYED and BROWN BROADCLOTHS.

SAFETY NETS, THIBET, FIGURED and PLAIN SATINS and SILKS.  
ENGLISH, FRENCH and AMERICAN ELASTIC DOESKINS, and FANCY and COMMON CASSIMERES.

The above Goods comprise some of the most elegant styles for the coming season.  
SUPER WOOL and PLAID VELVETS.  
RICH CASHMERE, THIBET, FIGURED and PLAIN SATINS and SILKS.  
VALENCIA and COMMON VESTINGS.

Also—Some of the most beautiful patterns of SHAWL VESTINGS, and a new and elegant style of Cutting the same.

Ready Made Clothing.

SURTOOTS, OPERA CLOAKS, SACKS, PELLOTS, DRESS and FROCK COATS, COPIES, SPENCERS, JACKETS, PLAIN and GAITER PANTS, FASHIONABLE VESTS, &c. &c.

The above Clothing is manufactured of the very best Stock and Trimmings, and cut in that style that distinguishes our Garments from those that are vended in the numerous Shop Shops; and although we do not advertise our former or present prices, nor that we have engaged the services of some of our best Cutters, but by strict and personal attention and economical expenses, we defy competition in prices, durability or style of workmanship.

To strangers visiting the city we would say, that by calling at this establishment, they can have their Garments manufactured at twelve hours notice, and at a fit warranted in all cases or the price of the Cloth refunded. The public are invited to call and examine for themselves.  
Corner of Elm and Hanover Streets.  
Boston, Oct. 8.

Fall and Winter Goods Cheap!!

THE subscribers wishing to reduce their stock prior to taking an account of the same, offer their extensive assortment of Goods, for the sale of the month of January and February, at reduced prices for cash, consisting in part of twenty pieces Diamond Beaver:

Wave Asphaltum and plain Pilot Cloths;  
100 pieces of Blue, Black, Olive, Green, Brown, Mixed and Adelaide Broadcloths, from \$1.50 to \$5.12 per yard;

150 pieces Cassimeres and Sattinets, from 36 cents to \$1.75 per yard;  
Blankets, Blankets, Flannels, etc. etc.

Purchasers are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.  
MANLEY & BRAMHALL, 24 Dock Square.  
Boston, Dec. 31. if

Great Inducement.

Subscribers for Periodicals can save the Postage and procure a larger amount of reading than can be obtained for the same money elsewhere.

THE subscriber will furnish at his Store, free of postage, the following periodicals at the regular subscription price, and in addition, will have the privilege of the use of the Circulating Library which contains a large number of popular and interesting books, and which will receive additions of the most popular works as they are published.

Godey's Lady's Book, \$3; Graham's Lady's and Gentleman's Magazine, \$3; Ladies Companion, \$3; Hunt's Merchant's Magazine, \$3; Democratic Review, \$3; United States Whig Review, \$3; The Knickerbocker, \$3; Boston Miscellany, \$3; The Artist, \$3; North American Review, \$3; Sargent's Magazine, \$3. By this arrangement subscribers will have greater advantages than are offered by any other establishment, or by travelling Agents.

In addition to the above, subscriptions are received to the following works—Ladies World of Fashion, \$2; Ladies Garland, \$1; Mother's Magazine, \$1; Young People's Book, \$1.50; Parley's Magazine, \$1; Mersey's Museum, \$1; Lowell Offering, \$1.

Persons subscribing to the amount of \$3, will be entitled to a privilege to the Library in addition.  
CALEB GILL, Jr.  
Quincy, Dec. 24. if

Music.

PIANO FORTES Tuned for one dollar by J. W. M'GAUGHY, Professor of Music.

Orders left at the Hancock House, or this Office, will be punctually attended to.  
Quincy, Dec. 3. if

Have you ever tried it?



DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S Pectoral Balsam of Spikenard, Blood Root, Wild Cherry and Comfrey.

THE most effectual remedy ever known for Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Consumption, Whooping Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Influenza, Pain in the Side, Shortness of Breath, and all Affections of the Throat and Lungs. It affords wonderful relief to those laboring under these complaints, and the use of one bottle will satisfy the most incredulous that they possess a healing power above everything heretofore discovered.

Around each bottle is a Treatise on Consumption, its causes, symptoms and cure, with full and particular directions for using the Balsam; what food, drinks, clothing, air, exercise, etc. should be used.

This Valuable Healing Cough Balsam, possessing the restorative virtues of many Roots and Rare Plants, has been prepared with great care, can be obtained of the regularly appointed Agents, Merchants, Traders, Druggists, Apothecaries, and Dealers in Medicines throughout the New England States.

For sale, wholesale and retail, at the Doctor's Office, 15 Hanover Street, Boston. Price 50 cents.

Also—For sale by E. Thayer, Weymouth; John B. Arnold, Braintree; William Sherman, Randolph; Royal B. Whitton, Hingham; Bacon & Band, Dorchester; George Dixon, Dedham; and by all the Agents who sell his celebrated Sherry Wine Bitters and Family Pills. Agents in this town

JOHN BRIESLER, Mrs. E. HAYDEN.

HEALTH & STRENGTH. Just received a fresh supply of S. O. Richardson's Sherry Wine Bitters & Family Pills, for sale as above. Look out for counterfeits and imitations, as there are several spurious articles in market intended to palm off for S. O. Richardson's. See that the Signature of S. O. Richardson is on the first envelope.

Quincy, Dec. 3. 6m

To the Public.

DR. GORDAK'S highly approved and most valuable Medicines are for sale at his office, No 57 Hanover street, Boston; all others sold by Apothecaries and Dealers in the city of Boston and vicinity, in his name, he does not vouch to be genuine. The following are the names, qualities, and prices of his Medicines—

JELLY OF POMEGRANATE and PERUVIAN PILLS, unrivalled for the catarrh, weakness at the stomach, canker, humors of every description and general debility. Price \$1.25.

ICELAND BALM, for weakness and consumptive complaints. Price \$1.

PULMONARY JELLY or COUGH DROPS, for obstinate colds, coughs, phthisis and asthma. Price 37 1/2 cents per bottle.

PASTILS, Drops, for bilious complaints, violent headache, worms and teething in children. Price 25 cents per bottle.

LINIMENT, OPIUM, for the rheumatism, sprains, swellings, bruises and chilblains. Price 25 cents per bottle.

STRENGTHENING PLASTER, for pains in the side, back and limbs. Price 25 cents per box.

SALT RHEUM Ointment, for the salt rheum and all external humors. Price 25 cents per box.

PILE Ointment, unrivalled for the cure of the piles. Price 25 cents per box.

DR. GORDAK gives general satisfaction in all chronic diseases that are curable, and never flatters the public, like many others, to cure impossibilities. The most of those who have tried his Medicines have received general satisfaction.

Certificates may be seen at his office, No 57 Hanover street, six doors above Union street, nearly opposite the First Baptist Meeting-house and Friend street, Boston.

Dr. G. can be consulted at his office, from 8 o'clock, A. M. until 8 P. M.

Individuals who have been imposed upon by counterfeits, are requested to give me timely notice that I may publicly expose such frauds, whether it originated from a retailer or counterfeiter.

WILLIAM GORDAK.

The above Medicines are for sale at the Store of the authorized Agent in this town.

JOHN BRIESLER, Agent.  
Quincy, Feb. 12. 1y.

Winter Fashions.

SUSANNA S. MARSH respectfully informs her friends and customers, that she has just received her winter fashions, with a splendid assortment of Ribbons; also, some very rich Velvet ribbons.

Florence Bonnets, colored and altered, cleaned and pressed, every week, as usual.  
Quincy, Nov. 5. if

Domestics.

EXETER SHEETINGS, Family do, Merino do, Appleton do, Appleton Shirtings, Waltham do, Striped do, For sale at the Agent's prices by

MANLEY & BRAMHALL, Boston, Sept. 10. if 24 Dock Square.

Italian Sewing Silk.

ONE Case of I. P. Beaux & Co's superior Blue Black Sewing, which will be sold at the lowest rate by

MANLEY & BRAMHALL, Boston, Sept. 10. if 24 Dock Square.

For Sale.

Wholesale and Retail, MEN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTHS' THICK BOOTS AND BROGANS.

REPAIRING done in good order. THOMAS WHITE. Quincy, Oct. 29. if

General Auction Depot.

No. 7 State Street, (opposite the Post Office), BOSTON. SALES EVERY EVENING IN THE WEEK. DAY SALES—TUESDAY and FRIDAY.

NORTON & LUTHER, Auction and Commission Merchants, respectfully tender their services to the public and solicit a share of patronage.

At their Evening Sales may be had great bargains in DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, FANCY ARTICLES, etc. etc.

At their Day Sales, FURNITURE can be purchased at much less than the cost of manufacture.

Liberal advances made on consignments. Nov. 5. if

Muffs! Muffs!!

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co. have just received a good assortment, some of them are very handsome, which they offer for sale at prices corresponding to the times.  
Quincy, Dec. 24. if

## BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of JASON CLAPP of Quincy, a Bankrupt.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Assignee.  
Quincy, Feb. 25. 3w

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of JOHN W. RAND of Quincy, a Bankrupt.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Assignee.  
Quincy, Feb. 25. 3w

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of HENRY W. BALL of Dorchester, a Bankrupt.

NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Assignee.  
Milton, Feb. 25. 3w

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of FRANCIS W. EIRD of East Walpole, a Bankrupt.

NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Assignee.  
Milton, Feb. 25. 3w

In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this sixteenth day of February, A. D. 1843. —Upon the petition of

JASON CLAPP,

of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
March 4. 2w 2317

In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this sixteenth day of February, A. D. 1843. —Upon the petition of

JOHN W. RAND,

of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
March 4. 2w 2318

In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this thirteenth day of February, A. D. 1843. —Upon the petition of

ROBERT ORR,

of Weymouth, in said District, Laborer, to be declared bankrupt—

Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
March 4. 2w 3109

In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this thirteenth day of February, A. D. 1843. —Upon the petition of

SYLVANUS WHITE,

of Weymouth, in said District, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
March 4. 2w 3109

In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

IN the matter of CALVIN FRENCH, Jr. of Braintree, March 1st, 1843.

It is ordered by the Court—That a hearing will be had on the FOURTH TUESDAY of March inst, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, on the Report of the Commissioner preparatory to a dividend, and that a dividend will then and there be made and a distribution ordered.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk of the Court.  
March 4. 2w

In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

IN the matter of CHARLES ALDEN, of Randolph, March 1st, 1843.

It is ordered by the Court—That a hearing will be had on the FOURTH TUESDAY of March inst, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, on the Report of the Commissioner preparatory to a dividend, and that a dividend will then and there be made and a distribution ordered.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk of the Court.  
March 4. 2w

In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

NO house-keeper will be without WM. BROWN'S PENCIL PASTE, after giving it a trial. It gives the stove a beautiful lustre, far better than the British or American lustre and is used with less trouble and is more durable. It is put up in rolls. For the true article see that the directions are signed by the proprietor. Manufactured by WM. BROWN, Chemist, corner of Eliot and Washington St. Retail by most of the druggists and grocers in Boston, Lowell and Salem; by O. P. Bacon, and in this town by JOHN BRIESLER and E. HAYDEN. Price 12 1/2 cts per roll. Call for Wm. Brown's Pencil Paste.

Quincy, Feb. 12. if

Dry Goods Cheap.

THOSE who wish to buy Dry Goods adapted to the season, at lower prices than they can probably be obtained for in another year, will do well to call and examine the stock of E. PACKARD, which he will sell very low.

Also—On hand as above, a good assortment of West India GOODS and GROCERIES, at as low prices as possible.  
Quincy, Jan. 14. if

## POETRY.

THE REWARD OF WELL-DOING.

"Cast thy bread upon the waters; for thou shalt find it after many days."

Cast thy bread upon the waters—  
Let its restless surges bear  
Where they may, thy free donation;  
Earth hath suffering every where.

'Tis alike to thee, whoever  
Shares the blessings thou hast given;  
Thou hast done as was commanded—  
Trust it to the care of Heaven.

As the stewards of Jehovah,  
Should we every good receive;  
Thus might we, in lives of sadness,  
Joy and sunshine interweave.

Gratitude is not our portion:—  
Be all praise ascribed to him,  
Who for us has drained the chalice,  
Filled with anguish to the brim.

It is ours with him to suffer,  
To endure reproach and shame,  
To rejoice that we are worthy  
To be hated for His name.

Earthly good, though showered upon us,  
Is but to be freely given;  
Lo! our treasure is protected  
Safe from all decay in heaven.

When the destitute are calling  
For the succor we can give,  
Shall we coldly pause, and ponder,  
Ask them, "By what means the live?"

Nay, our Savior's life doth teach us  
How to treat the child of want;—  
Mark how sparing He of cure!—  
How devoid of cruel taunt!

Lo! how gentle all His accents  
To the suffering and the poor!  
Well He knew their stricken spirits  
Stern reproach could ill endure.

As an equal, as a brother,  
He partook their scanty store;  
In return He gave them riches  
Still increasing evermore.

Even the vilest shared His blessing:—  
Shall we, then, presume to say,  
Who is or is not deserving?  
Or give freely while we may.

Lo! the night of death is hastening,  
Soon its shades round us will fall:  
Let us then, while life endureth,  
Heed and answer every call.

What we must do must be done quickly—  
Time waits not a mortal's will;  
'Tis enough if, in our measure,  
We God's law of love fulfil.

Let us labor for the helpless,  
Plead for those who cannot speak,  
Render love for hate and scorn,  
Bear the failings of the weak.

Not alone from hoarded treasures  
Should we aid and succor bring;  
For the poorest, in his bosom,  
May have love's overflowing spring.

Where's the heart acquainted with sorrow,  
But has known the soothing power  
Shed by sympathizing spirits  
O'er a dark life's darkest hour?

Are we destitute of riches?  
Let us bring love's priceless gift,  
Pour the treasure where'er we can,  
Aching hearts the sad eye lift.

He who hath withheld from us  
Earthly store, the deed will bless,  
Will himself be all things to us,  
In our day of wretchedness.

Let us, then, whatever He giveth,  
Freely to the suffering cast;  
He who bid us give will never  
Leave us desolate at last.

## ANECDOTES.

During the musical festivals at Hamburg, a musician from another city boarded in a private family where an uncommon good table was kept. One day, when all the family were assembled for dinner, the stranger was absent. The housemaid was sent to call him, she found him occupied at his toilet being at that moment engaged in using his tooth-brush. "Well, is he coming?" said the lady of the house, as the servant returned. "Yes, ma'am directly," was the reply he's just sharpening his teeth."

"I'll send you down for six months this time," said the Recorder to a covey whose term of thirty days in the workhouse had just expired. "Well



## BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of JASON CLAPP of Quincy, a Bankrupt.  
JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Assignee.  
Quincy, Feb. 25. 3w

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of JOHN W. RAND of Quincy, a Bankrupt.  
JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Assignee.  
Quincy, Feb. 25. 3w

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of HENRY W. BALL of Dorchester, a Bankrupt.  
NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Assignee.  
Milton, Feb. 25. 3w

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of FRANCIS W. EIRD of East Walpole, a Bankrupt.  
NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Assignee.  
Milton, Feb. 25. 3w

### In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this sixteenth day of February, A. D. 1843.—Upon the petition of  
**JASON CLAPP,**

of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
March 4. 2w 2317

### In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this sixteenth day of February, A. D. 1843.—Upon the petition of  
**JOHN W. RAND,**

of Quincy, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
March 4. 2w 2318

### In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this thirteenth day of February, A. D. 1843.—Upon the petition of  
**ROBERT ORR,**

of Weymouth, in said District, Laborer, to be declared bankrupt—

Ordered—That a hearing on the said petition will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
March 4. 2w 3100

### In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this thirteenth day of February, A. D. 1843.—Upon the petition of  
**SYLVANUS WHITE,**

of Weymouth, in said District, to be declared Bankrupt.

Ordered—That a hearing on the said petition will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
March 4. 2w 3109

### In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

IN the matter of CALVIN FRENCH, Jr. of Braintree, March 1st, 1843.

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FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk of the Court.  
March 4. 2w

### In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

IN the matter of CHARLES ALDEN, of Randolph, March 1st, 1843.

It is ordered by the Court—That a hearing will be had on the FOURTH TUESDAY of March inst, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, on the Report of the Commissioner preparatory to a dividend, and that a dividend will then and there be made and a distribution ordered.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk of the Court.  
March 4. 2w

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# QUINCY PATRIOT.

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JOHN A. GREEN,  
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

CONDITIONS.  
Two Dollars per annum in advance—Two Dollars and Fifty Cents if not paid till the end of six months—THREE DOLLARS if delayed till the expiration of the year.

No subscription, or advertisement, will be stopped previous to the payment of all arrearages, unless at the option of the proprietor. When subscribers wish their papers stopped, they will notify the publisher to that effect and at the time their subscription expires. Every subscriber will be held responsible for the payment of his paper so long as it is sent to his address at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where- ever he may have ordered it, until legally notified to the contrary.

Advertisements, correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices. The number of insertions required must be marked on the advertisement, otherwise they will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business; and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all legal advertisements, and advertisements of auction sales, sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates.

Business letters and communications addressed to the Editor, postage paid, will receive early attention. Single copies of the paper, Six CENTS.

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## MISCELLANY.

### ADVANTAGES OF BEING SLANDERED.

Every body speaks well of him! I am sorry to hear it for they must have loved him too low to know and fools as to the honest dignity of virtue and of talent.—SHERIDAN.

"Is it possible?"

"True, every word of it! I had it direct from Mrs. Marvel, whose husband, you know is a very matter of fact sort of a man, and the last in the world to invent such a story about any body."

"Well, I never would have believed, that young Langdale would have fallen into such habits! So inconsiderate too at this moment, when the bed-ridden old uncle is hesitating as to how to dispose of his immense estate!"

"Oh that will undoubtedly go to Mr. Allen, the other nephew, who is a perfectly good for the young men of the age in his habits—and who calls on old Gregory twice a day dutifully to inquire into his health."

"And doesn't the dissipated one have sense enough to do the same?"

"Quite the contrary. Langdale hasn't called on his uncle these six months. He is too fond of his bottle and his cigar to concern himself about the old gentleman."

"And which of the nephews is favored by the famous beauty, Mabel?"

"The fortunate one of course, whichsoever he may be; but as the chances of wealth now are in favor of Allen, Langdale is not so much encouraged at present as formerly."

"And so Langdale really has a cottage at Bloom- ington, and—"

"Hush! Don't for the world repeat it as coming from me—tho' at the same time, I must say, I think it proper that such things should be known."

"To be sure they should! I have a dozen more calls to make this morning, my dear Mrs. B— Good day! Be sure and return my visit soon."

And thus saying, Miss Patter took her leave and made a dozen calls in rapid succession, and every where communicated the intelligence she had gathered in regard to Mr. Langdale.

These agreeable intimations were but part of a system of abuse, which had been originated by Mr. Harrowby, an old friend of Langdale's and a master tactician, in his management of the minor peculiarities of human nature. Langdale had been complaining that Miss Mabel gave him no encouragement and that his uncle had assured him, that he should only leave him enough in his will to buy him a suit of mourning. Harrowby heard this intelligence with concern, for he was himself indebted to Langdale for the loan of some old lundreos, and though he well knew he should never be repaid, he was yet desirous of keeping his young friend in a position where he should never feel the temptation of want. Harrowby applied himself to the study of Langdale's case—questioned him minutely as to what the world said of him—what were Miss Mabel's characteristics, and what were the uncle's. He learnt that the young lady was rather of a romantic turn of mind, and highly spirited and generous—fond of admiration, and remarkably fond of having her own way. According to Langdale's belief, however, the good and the beautiful preponderated in her character as well as in her person.

As for old Gregory, the uncle, he had been a rake in his youth, but was now entirely reformed. He took credit to himself for the change, but the fact was, that gout and incipient diseases had wrought it. He belonged to some dozen temperance societies, and abused his old friend King-Alcohol with the habitual zeal of new converts.

Harrowby reflected long and intently upon these and other particulars, which Langdale communicated. At last, he exclaimed: "I see it, my young friend. I have struck the root of the mischief. The fact is, you have altogether too good a character. You are too amiable, too correct, too unexceptionable in your deportment. You don't afford pegs enough for slander to hang her little exaggerations upon. You must commit some trifling peccadilloes, or you will be ruined. Let me see. Suppose you stand in the colonnade before Pinter's to-morrow with a cigar in your mouth and your cheeks very much flushed. But no, there is not the least occasion that you should do any thing of that kind. Slander requires no straw in the manufacture of her bricks. Imagination supplies material solid enough for her. I must backbite you a little, Langdale—give currency to a few bits of scandal—get you well abused and

then there will be some hope of retrieving your fortunes."

"Really, Harrowby," replied Langdale, "I do not comprehend your tactics. Look at my cousin Allen; see what an excellent character he enjoys! And what will be the consequence? He will marry Ellen Mabely and become old Gregory's heir."

"Fie upon your faint heart! He will never do any such thing. He is ruining himself by playing the saint."

Why, Harrowby, he is the President of a Temperance Society, and surely if any thing can prejudice his uncle in his favor, it will be that fact.

"All a mistake! You show your ignorance of human nature, my dear boy, in saying so. Self-love is at the bottom of all our actions—I take that as an axiom. Now is it the way to win old Gregory's favor to make it continually apparent to his understanding that you are vastly better than he was at your age?"

"But the lady, Harrowby—surely she will prefer that her lover should be a man of unobjectionable character."

"Unobjectionable humbug! How will she ever find out that she loves him, unless some one gives her an opportunity of defending him? Ah! let all the world traduce rather than praise me to the woman, whose love I want!"

"Where would your philosophy lead to?" asked Langdale. "If you are right, then the old proverb is wrong; and honesty is not the best policy."

"For its own sake," said Harrowby, "it is—for our own peace of mind, and the smile of our own conscience! I would not give much for the honesty which is based solely upon a trust in its policy. How much more cautious than the author of this old saw is Shakespeare, when he says 'Corruption wins not more than honesty' from which we may infer, that honesty wins not more than corruption; which I believe to be a fact. But we are straying from the subject before us. The question is, how are you to regain the favor of your uncle and mistress? I have revealed to you the means. Give me a carte blanche to slander you, and all shall be well."

"Really, my dear Harrowby, this is a most original way of advancing one's fortunes; but I rely upon your superior sagacity and knowledge of the world. I leave my character in your hands."

"And I will re-consign it to a maiden lady of my acquaintance, who will deal with it very tenderly."

Here the conference between Harrowby and his pupil terminated; and the former drew his silk handkerchief over his hat and went forth to set about the project he had originated.

The result did not fully appear until several months had elapsed. By that time Langdale had become one of the most notorious young men about town. Studious in his habits, with constitutional repugnance to sensual excesses and passing the greater part of the time among his books, he yet innocently acquired the reputation of being a "five-bottle" man—a gay deceiver, a gambler and a confirmed rake. Mothers warned their daughters against his insidious arts. Prudent fathers threatened their sons with rustication in the event of their mingling in his society. Numberless were the stories of his "scrapes," and his gambling propensities. Harrowby, when he heard of these things, as he often would, from papas and mammas, looked grave, shook his head, and remarked, that it was a pity such a fine young man should so throw himself away. And all this while poor Langdale, forgetful even of his friend's project in his behalf, was engaged in the preparation of a work on ornithology—a favorite study with him—and rarely went forth except for exercise.

At length the physicians gave the world to understand that old Gregory could not survive more than a week or two. His large fortune rendered it of course an interesting subject of public speculation who was to be his heir? "Allen, of course," said the world; and Allen thought so himself, and took occasion to ask Mrs. Mabely point blank if she objected to him as a son-in-law. The mother expressed herself charmed at the prospect; but Ellen positively said no. The mother stormed and threatened; and the daughter retired weeping to her chamber, and sitting down to a writing desk, addressed a long letter to Langdale: who discouraged by demonstrations of aversion on the part of the mother, and by misinterpreted caprices on the part of the daughter, had retired sick at heart, from the candidacy for her hand.

We cannot quote the whole of Ellen's letter, for it would only be laughed at. She had heard of Langdale's fabled career of dissipation, and supposed that he had surrendered himself to it on account of his despair of ever attaining her hand. Dreadful stories were told of him, she said; but she didn't believe half of them—not half. Every body seemed forsaking him now. Even his old uncle had cut him off with a shilling; so her mother declared. Under these circumstances, she had discovered, that she loved him better than any one else in the world—and marry Mr. Allen she wouldn't—nothing should force her to that. She expressed a hope, nay, she was sure that Langdale would reform, under her influence and she could not believe that he was a fifth part as bad as people represented him.

Such was the tenor of the young lady's letter. Langdale had not finished reading and kissing it when he received the summons to attend the death bed of his uncle. Sincerely concerned at the intelligence of his kinsman's serious illness, he hastened to fulfil the summons. Gregory was the only remaining brother of his departed mother, and though Langdale had never experienced from him any kindness, and expected no advantage from him he now keenly felt a pang of remorse at his death, long neglect of the childless old gentleman. On his way he encountered Harrowby, who insisted on accompanying him. "They entered the sick chamber together. Before they reached the bed, the occupant had breathed his last."

Several persons were present in the apartment—a clergyman, Mr. Gruff the attorney, a physician, Allen, and a servant. Langdale uttered an unaffected exclamation of regret on learning what had happened, but did not pretend to any vehement emotion. Allen sat with his handkerchief to his eyes, the picture of disconsolate affliction. After ascertaining that due preparation would be made for the obsequies, Langdale signified to Harrowby his intention of returning home.

"Stop a moment, my young friend," said Mr. Gruff. "There may be something that will interest you in this paper."

Allen put down his handkerchief, and picked up his ears. Mr. Gruff drew forth a paper held with a red string from his pocket, and without further preface, read the following passage from the last will and testament of the deceased. "Whereas

my nephew, Hopkins Allen, has manifested a becoming interest in the good cause of temperance, I hereby bequeath the sum of five thousand dollars to the Asylum for imbeciles, on the condition that the said Hopkins Allen is made one of the trustees of the said institution. And whereas, my nephew, Arthur Langdale, unless some strong inducement is offered to him to reform, is likely to become a candidate for the humane offices of the directors of the said asylum, I hereby bequeath to him the bulk of my property, consisting of real estate, etc. as enumerated on schedule A; on condition, that he will from this time forth abandon the use of ardent spirit; and I leave it solely to his honor as a gentleman to declare whether or no he accedes to this condition."

A groan from Mr. Allen, a smothered huza from Harrowby, and a cry of surprise from Langdale, succeeded the reading of this extraordinary clause.

"What say you now to my tactics?" asked Harrowby, when he and Langdale were in the open street. Without waiting for a reply, he continued: "I have only one regret. It is, that this should have occurred before Ellen Mabely had declared herself in your favor. Her disinterestedness would be questionable should she smile on you now."

"Not at all. Read that letter," replied Langdale.

"Victorious on every side!" exclaimed Harrowby, as he skimmed its contents.—"Didn't I tell you so? Wasn't it my abuse of you, that brought you all this good fortune?"

"It would seem so—and yet how unnatural!"

"Not at all! Didn't the Athenians tire of hearing Aristides called the just, and isn't human nature the same now that it ever was? Your fool of a cousin got people to surround your uncle, who continually rung in the old man's ears the praises of his nephew. Of you he heard nothing but bad reports. But with you he felt that he had sympathies in common. He could say to his own heart, 'I was the same wild dog myself when I was of his age.' He was true to his nature at last. Self-love triumphed, as I calculated it would triumph."

"I shall never speak ill of slanderers after this," said Langdale.

"They have their uses, depend upon it," rejoined Harrowby. Poor Allen! He has fallen a victim to the reproachableness of his character. But there are Mabely's marble steps. Suppose you go in and ask Ellen to fix the marriage day."

## THE SOMERBY FAMILY.

This is a neat little volume from the pen of our talented friend, JOHN S. MURPHY, Esq., of Boston. The tale is intended to illustrate the virtue of temperance, and abounds in passages of truth and beauty that would reflect credit upon some of the best writers in our country. We rejoice to see the author an ally of the temperance reform, which is now doing so much to disenthral all people from the worst of despotism—the despotism of vice.

The plot of the tale is well and naturally wrought; we are first presented with a beautiful domestic picture,—truthful as it is beautiful,—into which the fiend of temperance stalks and effects a mournful and horrible transformation. But that the reader may be convinced that our praise is just, we sustain it by a few extracts. Here is a powerful delineation of the effects of delirium tremens upon the mind. Charles Somerby, the principal character in the story, has sent to an early grave an accomplished and amiable wife, by his habits of intoxication. On the morning of her burial, "Mr. H—," his friend, enters his chamber in compliance with his request, but the degraded man is afflicted with that mental derangement commonly termed the horrors: he knows not of the decease of the being whose death was occasioned by blighted love, and thus raves incoherently, as he addresses the friend:

"Sit down, Mr. H—, sit down, my friend. It is a long time since your last visit to my roof. I am not well, Mr. H—, I am not well. I feel a depression of my spirit; a dreadful weight upon my heart. I suppose your ride was agreeable, although, perhaps, tedious. How did you find Maria?—as well as usual? Poor thing! she seems not as happy as of old. I have but now arisen from my bed. Oh! did I tell you that dream; that terrible dream. I thought Maria was dead; yea, I dreamed she was dead. And in that awful dream, I experienced all the infernal horrors of actual death. I pray Heaven that each vision of death and woe may never again haunt my repose! You replied Maria was well, Mr. H—? Affectionate, beloved Maria. Ah! she loves me!" He again wept.

"Excuse, Mr. H—, the tears of an old man, like yourself. But, do you know, my friend, I fancy my heart is bleeding, and there is a terrible throbbing of my temples that terrifies me."

This inconsistent medley of question and answer astounded me. It was inexplicable, but as the wild effusion of a maddened brain. Composing myself—for my nervous system, already much weakened, received a severe shock in listening to this anomalous yet affecting tirade, I replied, countenancing his ravings. He responded to my timid and evasive answer:

"Ah! then she is well. But that dream; it was dark, pregnant with awful feelings; replete with all that is most dreadful. I could not portray it? I am a being in the Libyan desert at midnight, solitary; all around him dismal; not even one bright oasis to cheer; not one friend; not even a living creature to evince that there was life in the living sepulchre; its roof the dark heavens; its floor the boundless sands; conceive his feelings, then you may know mine! And that dreadful dream has left its shadow upon my soul. I cannot divest myself of its sombre horrors. It seemed the work of days."

I here interrupted him, requesting him to lay upon the bed and seek refreshment from slumber. "Again to dream?" exclaimed the now impassioned man; "to strike my soul with horror such as hell only knows? Oh, no! Good God! again to behold Maria a corpse; a pale, worn corpse! Would I dream thou wert dead, Maria? No, you will live to bless me. Dead, aye, even effaced! I shall be a being in the Libyan desert!—how terrible the dream, my God!" He pressed his writhing hands to his brow, shrieked, and fell convulsed to the floor.

We cannot refrain from inserting the following compliment to our Washingtonians, coupled, as it is, with an eloquent tribute to our own immortal Washington:

"A more august spectacle never presented itself to human eyes, than that of a people attracted by the unostentatious beauty of virtue. It is the true sublime—such sublimity as Heaven affords to delight a Deity and his angels. If we seek a test for national character, we shall find none so just as its comparative perfection in the practice of the moral code. And what more conclusive evidence could be adduced, of the superior moral nature of the American people, than the alacrity with which they accepted the heaven sent boon of Temperance when presented to them by those philanthropic men dignified by the title of WASHINGTONIANS?"

To the author of this unpretending work, it appears as irrefragable proof of a refined and spiritualized people—a people who can recognize the excellence of virtue, even by intuition—and, recognizing and possessing of that deep, disinterested love for all that can, without hyperbole, be termed good, which invites them to its immediate adoption. Be this as it may, the Temperance Reformation, he asserts, is as honorable to America as was the Revolution of 1776. And it was a proof of patriotism and discriminating taste, in the Temperance advocates of our day, to select for their general nomenclature the immortalized name of Washington. If they had piled above the great man's ashes pillar after pillar of marble—if they had placed him in a sepulchre rivaling the pyramidal grandeur wherein repose the royal line of the Egyptian Ptolemies, the honor would have been inferior. O! must not the spirit of the hero have smiled, even while absorbed in the preeminent glory of a purer world, when he beheld his name snatched from the annals of his fond country, where it was imperishably emblazoned, to lend its irresistible influence in the progress of a virtue, at whose spotless shrine the moral and military hero bowed with the fervour of a devotee? If Washington still lived, and his country wished to prove her gratitude by some memorial, the sage of Mount Vernon would select the gratuitous honor conferred by the Washingtonians, though crowns, trophies and jewels should await his acceptance."

This work is worthy of an extensive sale, and we must say that its views of temperance are truly exalted and grand. It deals not with it as a chimera; nor does the gifted author speak in low or commonplace parlance, but in language that is truly elegant and poetically chaste and vigorous, he presents sentiments that must charm the moralist, and draw from the paths of folly him who is addicted to drunkenness.

As to Mr. Murphy, in this production of his dawning career, we see evidence of intellect whose productions will yet give it an enviable rank in the world of literature. His countrymen should be proud of him for, as an Irishman, he forgets not that his country is enslaved, but lays upon her altar the tributes of a heart that knows neither sycophancy nor hypocrisy.

For the Quincy Patriot.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING AT WEYMOUTH.

At a meeting of the democratic citizens of Weymouth, on Thursday evening, March 9th, 1843, Col. John W. Thomas was appointed Chairman and Owen White chosen Secretary.

The following resolutions were offered and unanimously adopted:

Resolved—That we view with peculiar satisfaction the onward march of democratic principles, to the accomplishment of that economy in the public expenditures, which an impoverished Treasury demands; and while this retrenchment in the public expenses serves to replenish an exhausted Treasury, we firmly believe that it will tend to the promotion of frugality and economy in individuals and prevent extravagance in their expenditures, which are the source of all the evils under which the whole country is now laboring.

Resolved—That the firm and unwavering democrats composing the Executive and Legislative branches of our State Government, are entitled to our warmest thanks for remaining firm at their posts, and for the honest and faithful discharge of the duties imposed upon them by their constituents.

Resolved—That we prefer Martin Van Buren as the candidate for the next President of the United States, but while we acknowledge such preference we shall cheerfully submit to the nomination of such candidate as the Democratic National Convention shall select for that office.

Resolved—That we still adhere to the democratic principle of rotation in office, for while it extends equality to every individual, it offers the means of information and intelligence to all, which constitutes the very palladium of our free institutions.

Resolved—That in the selection of candidates for Selectmen, Assessors, and Overseers of the Poor, we will in future select one new candidate in each board every year, so that no candidate shall remain in office more than three years in succession.

Resolved—That all delegates to County Conventions in future, be instructed to select new candidates for the Senate Board each and every year hereafter.

JOHN W. THOMAS, Chairman.

OWEN WHITE, Secretary.

ROADS THROUGH FARMS. The Supreme Court of New York has decided (the Chief Justice dissenting) that the statute which authorizes the laying out of private roads through lands, without the consent of the land proprietor, is unconstitutional and void. The decision must materially affect railroad corporations, in the charters of which privileges are generally granted for taking lands against the wish of the owners.

For the Quincy Patriot.  
POWER OF RICHES;  
THE GOLDEN SHIELD.

The systems of society has conferred such a decisive and fatal power upon wealth, it is no marvellous that mankind are anxious to obtain it. Not only has a rich man, power to exert a despotic influence on others, but riches bestow all the benefits that the catholic indulgence is supposed to give at the court of Heaven, viz: impunity for certain vices and crimes. Not that a rich man may steal horses, or merchandise, or stab a man's body in the dark, thus taking his life,—for all this is vulgar, and even a rich man may purchase, be punished, if he is caught in such low business.

But a man whose purse is full, may be mean, false and malicious; he may stab a neighbor's character; he may throw poison into the cup of another's happiness and destroy his peace; he may steal a man's good name, and all this with partial or complete impunity, provided his victim has been unfortunate, has failed, is a bankrupt, or poor, or down in the world. The fortunate man, of course, has the proud privilege of trampling on the hearts of the unfortunate. For a common man to do these things would be wrong—obviously wrong—but who shall rebuke the millionaire with his sleek horses, his glossy coach, and above all with his power of retaliation? In a thousand ways, the mass of society are the tools of the rich, and who shall dare to war against their masters? Beside, the rich are birds of a feather, and they combine against all who are unlike themselves. If you condemn one of the fraternity, the rest will take up the cudgels in his behalf, as when you touch a feather of a porcupine, every quill will stand out for vengeance. The value of wealth in this respect may be illustrated by the fable of the Golden Shield.

There was once a famous knight, who went forth in quest of adventures. Now he was a great coward and knave, but he got himself a shield of burnished gold, and so brilliant was it that every eye was dazzled that looked upon it. When he met another knight, instead of giving him fair and honorable fight, he used to ride near his enemy and then slyly and unawares, stab him with a dirk. His enemy would fall murdered to the grave, but the people being dazzled by the glittering armor, would cry out, "victory and honor to the knight of the Golden Shield!"

PETER PARLEY.

A FAMILY OF COUNTERFEITERS. A woman of about sixty years of age, has been sentenced to imprisonment in the New York State Prison for seven years and one month, for passing counterfeit money. She is the mother of a numerous family, the greater number of whom, and also both their parents, are now in different State prisons, or sentenced to be sent there.



## ANNUAL FAST DAY.

We have subjoined the proclamation of Governor Morton of this State, appointing a day to be observed in fasting and prayer, in accordance with immemorial usage.

It was ever the cherished usage of our forefathers, at stated times, to come together as a people, and acknowledge, reverently, their dependence on the providence of Almighty God. Nations fulfil his decrees, and should adore that wisdom, which, from evil, educes good, and diffuses infinite and unmerited mercies.

I do, therefore, by and with the advice and consent of the Council, appoint **THURSDAY, the sixth day of April next**, to be observed as a Day of Humiliation, Fasting and Prayer.

And I do invite the good people of this Commonwealth, on that day, abstaining from unnecessary labor, publicly and humbly, to confess our own unworthiness, to implore the Divine forgiveness of our manifold transgressions, and to join in supplication to our Heavenly Father, that His blessing may rest on the labors of the husbandman, in the approaching seed time; that He, who layeth the beams of His chambers in the waters, and walketh upon the wings of the wind, may shelter, with His protection, all those whose toils are upon the deep; that He would prosper the various branches of our industry; that He, without whose favor all human efforts are vain, would build up the cause of temperance, in the midst of plenty; that our schools may be efficient instruments for the universal culture of the people; that the University and Colleges may be ever-flowing fountains of truth and piety; that civil freedom may be diffused throughout the earth, and the bonds of the oppressed, everywhere, be rent asunder; that the light of the Christian Revelation may pierce the darkness of the heathen world; and that this whole people, deeply grateful for its privileges, may be quickened by the power of His Spirit, and, through the influence of the Gospel of our Divine Redeemer, become a living temple consecrated to His service.

## QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, MARCH 18, 1843.

John A. Green, Editor.

## ADJOURNMENT OF CONGRESS.

The session of our National Legislature has been brought to a close by the termination of its term. Never since the organization of the government has so little been done in the way of righteous legislation by any Congress.

An able correspondent of a New York paper truly speaks, that "regardless of the gloomy condition of the country, or of the cries for relief ascending hourly to the capitol from every quarter, the members of the late Congress [who were employed for higher purposes] have frittered away three fourths of a short session in idle chattering and re-chattering, in discussions of a presidential canvass two years distant, and in frothy declamation 'full of sound and fury, signifying nothing.'"

The sensible editor of the *Exeter (N. H.) News-Letter*, an old established print, thus remarks:—"No Congress, since the organization of the Government, has been so many days in session—at so great an expense—and to so little purpose. Of many of the members, their personal friends and political partisans are ashamed, and if they are not ashamed of themselves, it is because they have no shame."

There are a few honorable exceptions to this just charge of censure, and among that number we are gratified to name the venerated Representative from this District, Hon. John Q. Adams. Though approaching to four score years of age, yet with untiring fidelity he fully discharges all the duties of his perplexing and arduous station as becomes the representative of an honest and enlightened constituency. As a legislator, he is always in his seat at the appointed hour, and when Congress adjourned it is said he was the last to leave the hall.

Among the closing acts of the twenty-seventh Congress, the following may be mentioned as of the most importance.

A bill passed to send a minister to China, restricting the salary to nine thousand dollars a year, and compelling the President to name him at that session.

The act for carrying into effect the Treaty in relation to the North Eastern Boundary, passed both Houses. Under this act, Massachusetts will receive one hundred and fifty thousand dollars from the General Government—which will be nearly adequate to pay the whole of the floating debt of the State.

All of the regular Appropriation bills passed both Houses, and received the signature of the President. The appropriation for the Massachusetts Militia Claim was lost.

The Treasury Note bill, authorizing not only the re-issue of those notes, but the funding of them at six per cent. interest, redeemable after ten years, was passed.

The act to repeal the Bankrupt Law was signed by the President at about ten o'clock in the evening of the 3d of March. All petitions for Bankruptcy prior to that time will be valid, and all others of no avail. This brings the Insolvent Law of this State again into force.

The bill in favor of the widows of officers and soldiers of the Revolution, passed both Houses of Congress before the adjournment.

The retrenchment bill was defeated, retrenching the mileage and pay of Members of Congress, and reducing the salaries of all public officers whose pay is over one thousand dollars per annum.

The bill reducing the postage on letters failed by a disagreement between the two bodies. It passed the House in a thorough shape, cutting down all postages to five and ten cents; but the Senate thought this too great a reduction, and would not act on it.

The odious bill forbidding the transporting of newspapers, pamphlets and all mailable matter out of the mail, under a fine of one hundred and fifty dollars for every offence, sleeps the sleep of death.

Congress found when they reported that abominable bill, they had raised a breeze about their ears which they little expected, and killed it off in the quickest and easiest manner possible.

The Senate were in Executive session during the most of the 3d day of March, considering minor appointments; and in the evening took up the nomination of Henry A. Wise as Minister to France, in place of Lewis Cass, resigned. They then rejected—twenty-four to twelve. They then took up and rejected Caleb Cushing of this State—twenty-seven to nineteen, as Secretary of the Treasury, in place of Walter Forward, resigned. The President sent their names in three several times, and three times they were rejected. This caused some excitement.

To the credit of the Senators from Massachusetts be it said, that they acted an honorable part in reference to the nomination of Hon. Caleb Cushing, by voting for his confirmation. They rightly considered his ability, integrity, and fitness for the office. This desire to crush transcendent talent, on the part of certain Senators, proceeded from envy and malice. No stigma has been attached to the character of Mr. Cushing by this action of the Senate. A withering rebuke will yet be administered by the people.

John C. Spencer, Secretary of War, was afterwards nominated for Secretary of the Treasury, and finally confirmed.

W. W. Irvin was confirmed for Charge d' Affaires to Denmark.

Edward Everett, now Ambassador to England, was nominated for Envoy Extraordinary to China, and after debate confirmed.

Calvin Blythe was nominated and confirmed as Collector at Philadelphia, vice Thomas Smith, rejected. Judge Blythe was the collector under President Van Buren, and removed to make room for Jonathan Roberts, a whig.

Among the Executive proceedings in the Senate towards the close of the session of Congress, was the ratification of a convention lately concluded at the city of Mexico between the Diplomatic Representatives of the United States and that Government, the terms of which are said to be honorable to both nations.

So Congress has adjourned, leaving the War Department, the Missions to England and to France, now open, with many vacancies which will occur in the course of a month.

**STATE DOCUMENTS.** To the continued attention of John A. Polles, Esq., Secretary of the Commonwealth, we are indebted for several Legislative pamphlets, among others the first Annual Report relating to Births, Marriages and Deaths, and also the Annual Report of the Board of Education, from which latter document we glean the following facts:—

The average appropriation of the whole State for the year 1840—1, was \$2 71 for all the children between four and sixteen. For the year 1841—2, it was \$2 84. Suffolk County stands highest in the relative amount of appropriations, and Berkshire lowest. The number of scholars in attendance upon the public schools, for the year 1841—2, exceeded that for the year 1840—1, by the sum of 1087 in summer and 4000 in winter. For the last year, the whole number of children of all ages, in all the Public Schools, in summer, was 13,418; in winter, 13,915.

The proportion of female teachers in our public schools, as compared with males, is rapidly increasing. During the last five years, the number of male teachers has increased over one hundred and thirty; the number of females, six hundred and ninety one. The number of schools during the same time has increased but two hundred and eighty. The number of female teachers, last year, was 4,282; of males, 2,500; showing an excess in the number of female over male teachers, of 1,732—a fact, as remarked by the Secretary, "unprecedented by any other State in the Union, and one which would be deemed hardly credible in Europe, where the services of females for this purpose seem to be held in low estimation! With us, it is as uncommon to see females employed as laborers in the field, as it is there to find them engaged as teachers in the school room."

"**LANE DAVY'S SON:** with the birth, education and career of Forging Peter. A Tale of Boston Aristocracy."

"**THE 'OLD FELLOW':** or, the Secret Association. A Tale portraying the principles, character and usefulness of the Order of Odd Fellows; and dedicated to this Association in the United States."

"**THE SIGNET SEAL:** or, Mons. Jean and the French Exile. A Tale in two parts."

"**THE POLISH STUDENT:** or, the Fall of Warsaw."

These four interesting and original tales above-named, by Prof. J. H. Ingraham, the admired author of "Lafitte," "Captain Kyd," "The Quadroon," "Dancing Feather," etc., have just been published together in pamphlet form, at the low price of twelve and a half cents, by George Roberts, Esq. of Boston, whose enterprising spirit is worthy of great commendation. It seems to us useless even to attempt to speak in praise of these stories, as all the previous writings of Prof. Ingraham are universally admitted to be ripe in interest and instruction. The perusal of the abovementioned tales will convince the reader that the gifted author has lost none of the requisites in the delineation of character and the tact and energy of portraying incidents, etc., which so strikingly characterize his former popular efforts.

**BRAINTREE TOWN OFFICERS.** At the annual meeting, Col. Minott Thayer, Moderator, the following gentlemen (whigs) were chosen:—  
**Town Clerk and Treasurer**—Judson Stoddard.  
**Selectmen**—Minott Thayer, Caleb Hollis, Edward Potter.

**General School Committee**—Rev Richard S. Storrs, D. D., Rev. Jonas Perkins, Rev. Lyman Matthews, Constables—Joseph C. Hamant, Col. Otis Wild, Joseph R. Frazier.

"**THE SOMERSET FAMILY.**" A notice of this interesting temperance tale will be found on the first page of to-day's impression. It is for sale at the Quincy Bookstore.

**MARCO PAUL'S TRAVELS AND ADVENTURES IN PURSUIT OF KNOWLEDGE.** Under this title, the Rev. Jacob Abbott, author of several interesting and instructive volumes, proposes to publish in a series of monthly parts, a juvenile work, which is not intended merely to entertain the reader with a narrative of youthful adventures, "but also to communicate, in connection with them, as extensive and varied information as possible, in respect to the geography, the scenery, the customs, and the institutions of this country, as they present themselves to the observation of the little traveller, who makes his excursions under the guidance of an intelligent and well informed companion, qualified to assist him in the acquisition of knowledge and in the formation of character."

The reputation of the reverend author is a sufficient guaranty that a salutary moral influence will pervade the pages of this work; and if it be generally perused will be productive of great good to the rising generation.

It is for sale at the Quincy Bookstore, at the cheap rate of 12 1-2 cents for each part.

**TEMPERANCE MOVEMENT.** A petition is in circulation in this town, headed by the Selectmen and all the Clergymen, and which has already been signed by many of our most influential citizens, who have heretofore refrained from an active participation in the temperance reform, asking the landlord of the Hancock House to discontinue the sale of intoxicating drinks, as they believe the public good would be advanced by such a movement on his part. It is couched in very respectful language, and merely expresses the opinion of the petitioners.

A similar petition is in circulation among the female portion of the community, and with the like success.

**TOWN ELECTIONS.** The editor of one of our exchange papers truly remarks, that "municipal elections have been held in most of the towns in this Commonwealth. In some, the whigs succeeded—in others, the democrats—in others, temperance—in others, the abolitionists—in some, all united, and in others, none united. Whichever party predominated, say they shall in the same manner carry the Fall election. But they are not sure. In such a vacillating community, no calculations can be made of what will be the vote next fall or next year—the ins may be outs then, and the outs the ins."

**QUINCY LYCEUM.** The lecture before this institution, on the evening of the 9th inst., was delivered by Rev. Dr. Storrs of Braintree. His subject was the life of Mohammed. He gave an account of his birth, respectability of his parentage and connections. Then he described Arabia, the country of his nativity; the character, customs and religion of its inhabitants.

Reverting to Mohammed, he spoke of his employment as a merchant, his happy marriage, the origin and progress of his religion, and his death. He described his person, acquirements, character, and the nature of the doctrines which he declared were revealed to him by God. The picture was a dark but just one.

The lecture was written in the Rev. Dr.'s usual vigorous and elastic style, and delivered with his accustomed energy and correctness.

Last Wednesday evening, Dr. Spare of Railway Village, (Milton) lectured on the merits of Mesmerism. He aimed not so much to adduce evidence in support of this science (so called), as to suggest some proper way to arrive at a correct knowledge of its principles. It was an effort of interest and instruction.

**JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.** E. W. Clapp of Walpole, and Samuel Warner, Jr. of Wrentham, have been appointed Justices of the Peace, within and for the County of Norfolk.

Henry Thaxter of Hingham, and Capt. Ezekiel Jones of Scituate, have been appointed Justices of the Peace, within and for the County of Plymouth.

**NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTION.** Returns from one hundred and eleven towns, give the following result: Hubbard, (the regular democratic candidate,) 13,490—Colby, (whig) 8,123—White, (conservative democrat), 3,750—scattering and abolitionist, 2,159. Henry Hubbard is re-elected by a handsome majority, says the Concord Patriot and Gazette.

**ADJUTANT GENERAL.** It is understood, that Capt. Joseph F. Boyd, formerly a Representative from Charlestown, has been commissioned as Adjutant General of this State, by His Excellency, the Commander-in-Chief, vice Henry A. S. Dearborn of Roxbury, removed.

**REV. MR. LUNT'S DISCOURSE.** It is probable that the admirable sermon, preached by Rev. Mr. Lunt, at the funeral obsequies of the late Rev. Peter Whitney, in this town, will be published in pamphlet form, as the Society in parish meeting convened, chose a committee to wait upon their pastor and request a copy for publication.

**ANIMAL MAGNETISM.** A work of thirty-two pages has been placed upon our table, purporting to be the history and philosophy of animal magnetism, with practical instructions for the exercise of this power. The author, who styles himself a "practical magnetizer," states, that the "work is intended as an elementary treatise upon animal magnetism for the use of intelligent inquirers; and that his intention was not to convince the skeptical but to inform the candid." Much shrewdness and knowledge is displayed by the author; and his motives to impart intelligence upon this subject will probably be appreciated by an inquiring community. Buy and read it, as unquestionably it is an able work on this new science. For sale at the Quincy Bookstore.

## SUMMARY OF INTELLIGENCE.

The Worcester *Ægis* says, that eleven insane persons have been committed to the State Hospital in that place, for derangement, represented by their friends as resulting from attendance on the lectures of the Miller sect, and a deep interest in his theories and doctrines.

The revolt in Hayti has been effectually suppressed. The President, Boyer, has issued a proclamation announcing the complete success of the forces of the government.

An anti-masonic meeting is about to be held at Pittsburg, (Penn.) for the purpose of forming a distinct political Democratic Anti-Masonic organization.

A chaste and beautiful monument to the memory of the Hon. Felix Grundy, a distinguished statesman of Tennessee, has been executed in Philadelphia, and will be shortly sent to the place where his remains repose.

The democracy of Louisiana have held a meeting at New Orleans, and resolved to address the several democratic candidates for the Presidency, to ascertain their views as to whether they will abide the decision of a National Convention, and give its nominee their hearty support.

The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, has awarded to the congregation of the African Presbyterian Church, destroyed by a mob in August last, over five thousand dollars, in a suit brought against the county of Philadelphia—a righteous verdict!

Eight thousand dollars damages have been rendered by a Jury in New York, for a breach of promise of marriage.

One hundred and eighteen known murders were committed in the United States during the year 1842. How many undiscovered ones were perpetrated is left for time to decide.

Of the late Commodore Isaac Hull it is said, that he was the first man of any nation who took an English frigate in fair and single fight. This is a mistake. Paul Jones, in the *Bon Homme Richard*, captured the frigate *Serapis*, of superior force.

Indiana has been divided into ten Congressional districts, which will stand, politically, about five to five.

It is proposed to hold a national convention at Pittsburg, (Penn.) or some other central place, to consult upon measures for the restoration of public and private credit. Such a convention might be productive of great benefit.

Counterfeit half dollars, with other pieces, are in general circulation. Much of this money is made of German silver, plated by the new electro-magnetic process.

Preparations have been made for the erection of a Catholic College in Worcester, (Mass.) on Mount St. James, about two miles south of the village, near the school of that sect which has been some time in operation.

The great lawsuit concerning the immense Lispenard estate, in New York City, has been decided, and the will set aside. The property, estimated at six millions, will now be divided among nine heirs, of whom the notorious Col. J. Watson Webb is one. He has just got through bankruptcy, and will by this decision become a rich man.

An encounter took place, about a week ago, between the hours of one and two, noon-day, in Washington street, Boston, between Dr. Hawes of that city, and Prof. Lovering, of Cambridge College. The attack was begun by the Doctor, with a cowardly, to punish, as he says, the wrong and insult which his sister has suffered from the Professor. Let them both be bound to keep the peace. It is a most deplorable example of disregard to law and order.

The Cambridge (Mass.) Palladium states, that a little girl, daughter of a mechanic, found a roll of bills in the street, containing four hundred and seventy two dollars! Her father hunted up the owner, who was highly pleased at the recovery of his money, and generously presented the little girl—a bright ten cent piece. This very liberal man is said to be worth about twenty-five thousand dollars.

The whole number of petitions for decrees of bankruptcy, which have been filed in Massachusetts, is three thousand two hundred and fifty-four. The whole number of petitioners is somewhat larger, as some petitions contain several petitioners.

The act of the Iowa Legislature, vetoed by the Governor, which divorced thirty-six couples, has been since passed by the required two-thirds vote, and become a law.

The Massachusetts Insolvent Law now takes effect, in consequence of repeal of the National Bankrupt Act.

The legislature of Alabama has lately divided the state into Congressional districts, taking the white population for a basis. Congress apportions the representatives upon three-fifths of the slave population and the white population together. A bad rule that will not work both ways.

No United States Senator was chosen by Maryland during the late session of the legislature. The two houses couldn't agree.

The late John Randolph of Virginia, was the father of the Revolutionary pension system. He proposed it in 1807, but it was not adopted until 1818.

At New Orleans, a police officer lately received information which induced him to search a house, where he found a chest in which a child about six years old had been locked up, for six or seven days, for the avowed purpose of starving it to death. The poor child, it was thought, would survive.

It is stated that the Prince de Joinville is about to visit various points of the United States, in the frigate *Marcelles*, accompanied by the steam frigate *Gomer*, to make arrangements for the reception of the French steam mail packets.

A "down-easter," who had been heavily fined in a court for beating his wife, tried the hugging system the next time he needed correction. He said the law allowed him to hug his wife as much and as hard as he pleased, and the poor woman, it is reported, had three ribs broken as a consequence.

Ireland is not quite so large as New York, and yet has 8,500,000 inhabitants. There are not over thirty thousand land owners in the whole island! This fact tells the story of Ireland's oppression better than volumes.

In Mexico, it is said, the people are in the habit of inoculating themselves with the poison of the rattlesnake, which renders them safe from the bite of all venomous animals.

It is stated in the papers, that Maj. Amasa Stetson of Dorchester, has bestowed on the town of Randolph, the sum of ten thousand dollars, for the purpose of establishing a public charity school.

The small pox, says the New Orleans Herald, is spreading fearfully in that city. Many of the most respectable citizens are ill with it.

Hon. Mr. Hastings, a member of Congress from Ohio, is an Irishman, and has a brother who is a member of the British House of Commons. Two of the Ohio members of Congress are natives of Ireland.

Hon. Caleb Cushing, a member of Congress from this State, and Henry A. Wise, also from Virginia, rejected by the United States Senate to appointments for which they were nominated by President Tyler, will both be candidates for Congress in their respective Districts.

Pliny Merrick, Esq. of Worcester, has declined to run again as a candidate for Congress, to which office he was supported by the democrats. Hon. Isaac Davis, now a member of the State Senate, will probably receive the support of the democratic electors.

It is a great disgrace to religion to imagine it is an enemy to mirth and cheerfulness, and a severe exactor of pensive looks and solemn faces.

It is stated in the Quebec Gazette, that a homeless old man, seventy years of age, was recently tried before the Court of General Quarter Sessions, for shooting the vicious horse of a neighbor, found guilty, and sentenced to be hanged!

In the State Prison at Sing Sing, (N. Y.) they punish the prisoners by pouring cold water on their heads, instead of flogging them! This is a refinement on corporal punishment.

Gen. Lewis Cass has not drunk a drop of distilled spirits for twenty-five years. The Port Gibson correspondent expects, that if he should be elected President the whole government would become a grand, universal, happy and prosperous temperance society.

The democratic party of Georgia, have nominated Mark A. Cooper as a candidate for Governor of that State.

Hon. John Fairfield of Maine, has resigned the office of Governor, and signified his acceptance of the office of United States Senator. Edward Kavanaugh, President of the Senate, has assumed the office of Governor, and the Senate has made choice of V. D. Paris, President pro tem, of that body.

Thirty-five couples were married in the French Church, Montreal, in one day. There was one thousand seven hundred and fifty pairs of bride cake baked, three hundred and fifty pairs of white kid gloves spoiled, one hundred and seventy-five dollars paid for clergymen's fees, and thirty-five bedsteads and seventy-five pillow cases used by the happy couples.

The Grand Jury of New York have found a bill of indictment against Moses V. Beach, proprietor of the "Sun," for a libel on James Gordon Bennett, of the Herald.

The Rev. Hosea Ballou, 2d of Medford, (Universalist), has been elected by the Board of Overseers of Harvard College, to fill the vacancy in the Board occasioned by the death of the Rev. Dr. William E. Channing.

A new paper, entitled "The Clarion," is to be published weekly in Washington, (D. C.), advocating the nomination of Colonel Richard M. Johnson, as the democratic candidate for the Presidency.

**MASSACHUSETTS LEGISLATURE.** In the Senate, a second election for a Major General took place, the House not having concurred in the choice of General Underwood. Brigadier General Alpheus Nettleton (previously elected by the House,) was chosen.

In the House, the seat of Hosea Hsley, (whig) from Chelsea, has been declared vacant, he not having been legally elected. Yeas, 166—nays, 154.

Thomas Nash, Jr. of Whately, (dem.) whose seat was declared vacant at the commencement of the session, has been re-instated in his rights: yeas 171—nays, 166.

In Convention of both branches, Messrs Edmund Dwight, (whig) and S. C. Allen, John P. Tarbell, and T. F. Plunkett, (democrats) have been elected Directors, on the part of the State, of the Western Railroad.

**TEMPERANCE.** The union meeting of the friends to the temperance reform, last Thursday evening, was well attended and its deliberations quite interesting. Rev. Messrs Robinson and Allen of this place, Rev. Mr. Pierce of Dorchester, and others, spoke during the evening. The meeting was adjourned to next Thursday evening, at Town Hall.

## NOTICES.

## Anti-Slavery Convention.

There will be a Convention of Abolitionists held at Weymouth Landing, in the Universalist Meeting-house, on MONDAY, 20th inst. The meeting will commence at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

William S. Morton, Esq., will deliver a lecture before the Quincy Lyceum, next WEDNESDAY EVENING (March 22d,) at the Town Hall, commencing at seven o'clock.

GEORGE BAXTER, Secretary.

There will be a Social Temperance Meeting, in the West District School-house, on MONDAY EVENING, (20th inst.) at seven o'clock.

The friends of Temperance are invited to attend.

George Newcomb, Esq. of Quincy, will lecture on Temperance, in the Washington Room, Newport Village, next WEDNESDAY EVENING, March 23d.

A second lecture by Samuel A. Walker will be delivered at the Universalist Meeting-house, on SUNDAY EVENING, (March 19th,) commencing at seven o'clock, when Mr. Walker, will endeavor to show the power of persuasion over force, on *tabernacles*, and give an exhibition of analyzed wine, beer and cider. All are invited to attend.

**CONSUMPTION, COUGH, SPITTING BLOOD, &c.**—TO CONSUMPTIVES.—Four fifths of you are really suffering from neglected Colds, or an Obstruction and consequent inflammation of the delicate lining of those tubes through which the air we breathe is distributed to every part of the lungs. This obstruction produces pain and soreness, hoarseness, cough, difficulty of breathing, hectic fever, and a spitting of blood, matter, or phlegm, which finally exhausts the strength of the patient, and ends in death. JAYNES' EXPECTORANT never fails to remove the obstruction, and produce the most pleasing and happy results. It is certain in its effects and cannot fail to relieve.

For sale by CALEB GILL, Jr., at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE, Quincy, March 4. 3w

## MARRIED.

In Dorchester, 25th ult., by Rev. D. Thomas & R. Coorin to Miss Edith J. The usual accompaniment was duly observed.

May no rude storm of sorrow, sad Ever on thy lives its tempest fall; But gentle breezes waft your glad In quiet stillness, to some peace.

In Braintree, 2d inst., by Rev. Dr. S. Wright of New York City, to Miss Luc daughter of the late Ebenezer F. Thayer former place.

## DIED.

In this town, on the 17th ult., Miss S. of Rev. Horace Sawyer, aged 17 years.

The circumstances connected with death were peculiarly affecting. She to an amiable young man. Preparation for the happy consummation of their was appointed—but alas! ere they were realized, she was called upon to lay garments for the habitation of death. A vision of fond hopes!

Under these distressing circumstances exclaim in the language of the Psalmist friend hast thou put far from me, and into darkness. May the afflicted be less with christian fortitude, realizing that "Our tows grow on thorns, And our honey wears a sting."

In Braintree, 6th inst., John Davis, of R. Arnold, aged 8 years.

Adieu! dear child, thy parents mourn Their hope, their pride, their love, From thy fond parents bosoms torn.

Adieu to thee, who gave this life, recall Thy God and ours directs the stroke.

In Milton, 3d inst., Wid. Sally San On 13th inst, Charles A., son of Mrs. A. grandson, of Capt. Alpheus T. French.

"Dearest brother, thou hast left Here thy loss we deeply feel, But 'tis God that hath bereft us, He can all our sorrow heal."

Yet again we hope to meet thee, When the day of life is fled; Then, in heaven, with joy to greet Where no farewell tear is shed.

In Randolph, Jan. 30th, James M. In Boston, Feb. 3d, Mary, wife of the Cann, aged 54.

The above venerable and exemplary wife have gone, after encountering adversities of a full life to an eternal home. Driven by oppression from the birth, yet had they the happiness to them a large and prosperous offspring their exiled eyes upon a foreign shore them in the grave of a strange land.

In North Bridgewater, Mr. Seth Kim leaving a family of eleven children (who are forty-two years and nine months), children, and ten great grand children remarkable, there has not been a descendant.

## Choice Fruit Tree.

THE subscriber has and Fruit Trees, which with great care for, are to set out the coming season. Pears, Apples and Peaches dispose of.

BENJAMIN V. Braintree, March 18. 3w

## Ruel Harris' Estate.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the been duly appointed, by the Hon. Probate for the County of Norfolk, examine the claims of the creditors to

## RUEL HARRIS.

late of Braintree, in said County, standing intestate, together with insolvent, and the eleventh day of March instant, are Judge to the said creditors to bring in claims—and they will attend to the appointment, at the Office of Fisher & Weymouth, in said County, on the 1st May, July and September, at two o'clock said days.

FISHER & KINGSBURY, JOHN HOLLIS, 2d, Weymouth, March 18. 3w

## Superintendent Wanted.



## MARRIED.

In Dorchester, 25th ult., by Rev. Dr. Colman, Mr. THOMAS R. COOPER to Miss ELIZA JANE TOWNSEND. The usual accompaniment was duly received. May no rude storm of sorrow, sad and dark, Ever on thy lives its tempest fury pour; But gentle breezes waft you gilded bark, In quiet stillness, to some peaceful shore.

In Braintree, 2d inst., by Rev. Dr. Storrs, Mr. Caleb Wright of New York City, to Miss Lucinda A. Thayer, daughter of the late Ebenezer F. Thayer, Esq., of the former place.

## DIED.

In this town, on the 17th ult., Miss Sarah B. daughter of Rev. Horace Seaver, aged 17 years.

The circumstances connected with this young lady's death were peculiarly affecting. She was betrothed to an amiable young man. Preparations were made for the happy consummation of their wishes—the time was appointed—but, alas! ere their anticipations could be realized, she was called upon to lay aside her bridal garments for the habiliments of death. What a destruction of fond hopes!

Under these distressing circumstances, she may well exclaim in the language of the Psalmist:—"Lover and friend hath thou put far from me, and mine acquaintance unto darkness." May the afflicted bereft up under her loss with Christian fortitude, realizing that "Our roses grow on thorns, And our honey wears a sting."

In Braintree, 6th inst., John Davis, only son of Mr. R. Arnold, aged 8 years.

Adieu! dear child, thy parents mourn; Their hope, their pride, their lovely boy, From thy fond parents bosoms torn. Adieu to joy.

But, He, who gave thee life, recall'd thy breath; Thy God and ours directs the stroke of death.

In Milton, 3d inst., Wid. Sally Sampson, aged 57. On 13th inst., Charles A., son of Mrs. Adeline Fox, and grandson of Capt. Alpheus T. French, aged 12 years.

"Dearest brother, thou hast left us; Here thy loss we deeply feel, But 'tis God that hath bereft us—He can all our sorrow heal."

Yet again we hope to meet thee, When the day of life is fled; Then, in heaven, with joy to greet thee, Where no farewell tear is shed."

In Randolph, Jan. 20th, James M'Conn, aged 64. In Boston, Feb. 3d, Mary, wife of the late James M'Conn, aged 54.

The above venerable and exemplary husband and wife have gone, after encountering the trials and adversities of a full life to an eternal and happy home. Driven by oppression from the land of their birth, yet had they the happiness to behold around them a large and prosperous offspring, who closed their exiled eyes upon a foreign shore, and buried them in the grave of a strange land. *Requiescat in pace.*

In North Bridgewater, Mr. Seth Kingman, aged 86, leaving a family of eleven children (whose average age is forty-two years and nine months), forty-five grand children, and ten great grand children; and what is remarkable, there has not been a death among his descendants.

## Choice Fruit Trees.

THE subscriber has an excess of choice Fruit Trees, which he has selected with great care for an orchard he intends to set out the coming season, consisting of Pears, Apples and Peaches, which he will dispose of.

Braintree, March 18. BENJAMIN V. FRENCH.

## Ruel Harris' Estate.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers have been duly appointed, by the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Norfolk, to receive and examine the claims of the creditors to the estate of

RUEL HARRIS,

late of Braintree, in said County, stone cutter, deceased, intestate, represented insolvent; and six months, from the eleventh day of March instant, are allowed by said Judge to the said creditors to bring in and prove their claims—and they will attend to the duties of their appointment, at the Office of Fisher A. Kingsbury, in Weymouth, in said County, on the first Mondays of May, July and September, at two o'clock on each of said days.

FISHER A. KINGSBURY, } Commissioners.  
JOHN HOLLIS, 2d, }  
Weymouth, March 18. 6w

## Superintendent Wanted.

WANTED for one year from the first day of April next, at the Town Farm, in Quincy, a smart, active Man and Wife, to take charge of the Poor and Farm, and do the customary work on the Road to Farm. Any one wishing to engage, is desired to make application on or before the 20th inst.

For further information, inquire of either of the subscribers.  
DANIEL BAXTER, } Selectmen  
WILLIAM D. GRAY, } of Quincy.  
BRYANT B. NEWCOMB, }  
Quincy, March 18. 1w

## Bronchitis.

THIS disease of the THROAT and LUNGS, which is annually sweeping thousands upon thousands to a premature grave, under the mistaken name of Consumption, is always cured by JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT. The symptoms of the disease are Cough, Soreness of the Lungs or Throat, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, Hectic Fever, Spitting up of Phlegm, or matter, and sometimes Blood. It is an inflammation of the fine skin which lines the inside of the whole of the wind tubes, or air vessels, which runs through every part of the Lungs. This Expectorant immediately suppresses the Cough, Pain, Inflammation, Fever and Difficulty of Breathing, and produces a free and easy expectoration, and a cure is soon effected. Prepared only by Dr. D. Jayne, 20 South Third Street. Price \$1.

For sale by Caleb Gill, Jr., at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE. Quincy, March 18. 3w

**Lewis & Sampson,**  
PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,  
122 Washington Street, (up stairs.)  
BOSTON.

CONSTANTLY on hand, a very large assortment of STANDARD THEOLOGICAL, CLASSICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS; all the various kinds of SCHOOL BOOKS in use in the Schools, Academies and Colleges in the country. Also—STATIONERY, Blank Account Books, Paper, Quills, Ink, Slates, &c. of every variety, all of which will be sold on the most favorable terms. Particular attention paid to furnishing orders from Towns, School Committees, Teachers and Country Traders. 3m Boston, March 18.

**New Prints.**  
3000 YARDS American, London and French PRINTS, many of which are new and beautiful patterns, at prices varying according to quality, from 5 to 30 cents per yard. For sale by JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co. Quincy, March 18. 1w

## To Let,

AND possession given on the first of April next, of a Dwelling, containing five rooms, with a good garden and fruit trees, near the Stone Meeting-house, now occupied by Mr. Turner. Inquire at THIS OFFICE. Quincy, March 18. 1f

**In Bankruptcy.**  
United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this fourth day of March, A. D. 1843—Upon the petition of

DAVID ALFRED HOLBROOK, of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, on the first TUESDAY of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. March 18. 2w 2400

**In Bankruptcy.**  
United States District Court—Massachusetts District. March, 15th, 1843.

UPON the Petition of NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Assignee of the estate of

FRANCIS W. BIRD, of East Walpole, who has been declared Bankrupt, praying for leave to sell certain estate and property, set forth in the schedule annexed to the said petition.

It is ordered by the Court, that a hearing of the said petition, will be had on the FOURTH TUESDAY of March inst., at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, when and where all creditors, the Bankrupt, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause (if any they have) why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk of the Court. March 18. 1w 2321

**Dr. William Gordon,**  
(Formerly of Hingham.)

HAS removed to this Town, with the intention to practice his profession. His residence is with May Thomas Adams, Jr. Quincy, Feb. 25. 4w

## Singing School.

M. R. NASH will inform those who wish to attend the last half quarter of his School, that they can leave their names with Messrs. Carver and Merritt, or at this office.

It will commence THIS EVENING, if pleasant; if not pleasant, on MONDAY EVENING next. Quincy, March 18. 1w

**George Remis,**  
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in FASHIONABLE BOOTS & SHOES, TREMONT ROW, Directly opposite Concert Hall. Boston, March 18. 1f

**BEAUTIFUL GIFT BOOK!**  
A MAGNIFICENT WORK! STOREHOUSE OF KNOWLEDGE FOR ALL READERS.—AGENTS WANTED.—A CAREFUL EXAMINATION of this Advertisement is respectfully requested of ALL PERSONS under whose eye it may come.

Just Published and for Sale at 120 Washington St., Boston.

AN IMPORTANT, VALUABLE, AND CHEAP WORK.—Complete in One Volume Royal Octavo, containing about 600 Pages of Letter-Press, and nearly FIVE HUNDRED ENGRAVINGS.—Elegantly bound in gilt. Price only \$2.50 per Copy. COST OF PREPARING THE WORK, \$10,000.

SEARS' WONDERS OF THE WORLD, In Nature, Art, and Mind.

Comprising a complete Library of Useful and Entertaining Knowledge, in the form of nearly FIVE HUNDRED ENGRAVINGS, consisting of Views of Cities, Edifices, and other great works of Architecture; Mechanical Inventions, Ranks Illustrations of the Manners and Customs of different Nations; Religious Rites and Ceremonies, Galleries, Volcanoes, Curiosities, Trees, Beasts, Birds, Fishes, Reptiles, and the numerous objects contained in the Fossil, Vegetable, Mineral, and Animal Kingdoms. Carefully compiled by ROBERT SEARS, from the best and latest sources.

It has been the aim of the compiler of the Wonders of the World, to select the pearls and gems of the human mind, and to present them to the public in a form so accessible and so interesting, that every one who has been carefully made to every available source of information; the value of error and credulity which too often obscures the narrative of the traveler has been carefully withdrawn; the most recent and best authenticated authorities (whether English or American) have been sedulously employed, and data given for further research; so that truth without alloy may be ascertained in the varied departments of Nature's "wonderland."

The work is embellished with splendid Engravings, derived from the most celebrated artists, and is so arranged, that it will be found to be a most valuable and interesting work, and one which will be found superior to any contemporary production.

For further particulars, please address the undersigned, or send post, without which no letter will be taken notice of. OTIS, BROADERS & CO., 120 Washington Street, Boston.

Agents of Newspapers and Periodicals, and of all kinds of Stationery, and of all the various kinds of SCHOOL BOOKS in use in the Schools, Academies and Colleges in the country. Also—STATIONERY, Blank Account Books, Paper, Quills, Ink, Slates, &c. of every variety, all of which will be sold on the most favorable terms. Particular attention paid to furnishing orders from Towns, School Committees, Teachers and Country Traders. 3m Boston, March 18.

**For Sale,**  
12 HEAD of cattle of the following sizes, viz:—  
One Cow, 1206  
One Ox, 1567  
One Ox, 2045  
One Ox, 1895  
One Ox, 1937  
One Ox, 1898  
One Ox, 1836  
One Ox, 1759  
One Ox, 1741  
One Ox, 1737  
21291

The above cattle are fat, and for sale by WILLIAM TORREY. Quincy, March 11. 4w

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## QUINCY PATRIOT.

**Messenger's Notice.**  
NOTICE is hereby given, that a warrant has been duly issued by the Master in Chancery, within and for the County of Norfolk, authorizing and requiring the subscriber to take possession of all the Estate, real and personal, of

HENRY A. NORRIS, of Dorchester, in said County of Norfolk, Cabinet Manufacturer, an insolvent debtor; and that a meeting of all the creditors of the said Henry A. Norris will be held at the office of said Ellis Ames, Esquire, in Canton, in said County of Norfolk, on TUESDAY, the twenty eighth day of March instant, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, when and where the said creditors are to come prepared to prove their debts and then to proceed to the choice of an Assignee or Assignees of the Estate of the said Henry A. Norris, and to do such other business in relation to said Estate as may then come before them.

And all persons indebted to said Henry A. Norris, or that have any of his effects, are forbidden to pay or deliver the same to any person or persons but the subscriber or to the Assignee or Assignees that shall be hereafter chosen or appointed in said case; and the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property to the said Henry A. Norris for his use, and the transfer of any property by the said Henry A. Norris, are now forbidden by law.

Dated at Milton, this seventeenth day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and forty-three.

NATHANIEL F. SAFFORD, Messenger. Mar. 18. 2w

**SEARS' BIOGRAPHY**  
SEARCH THE SCRIPTURES  
CONTAINING FIVE HUNDRED BEAUTIFUL PICTURES

Most Splendidly Illustrated and Cheapest Work ever issued on the American Continent; CONTAINING MORE THAN FIVE HUNDRED ENGRAVINGS, ENTIRELY NEW AND ORIGINAL, DESIGNED AND EXECUTED BY THE MOST EMINENT ARTISTS OF ENGLAND AND AMERICA. COST OF PREPARING THE WORK, \$2,000. PRICE, \$2.50. For sale at 120 Washington Street, by OTIS, BROADERS & CO. Boston, Feb. 25. 1f

**Copartnership Notice.**  
THE undersigned have this day formed a Copartnership, under the firm of BAKER & WHITNEY and will continue the business of selling SPERM OIL AND CANDLES, in addition to a General Commission business, at Stores Nos. 80 and 8 Water Street, recently occupied by Baker, Crocker & Co.

GEORGE T. BAKER, EDWARD B. WHITNEY. Boston, Jan. 16. 6w

**For Sale,**  
SEVENTY FIVE bushels of good seed Barley. For further information, apply AT THIS OFFICE. Quincy, March 11. 1f

**Animal Magnetism.**  
JUST PUBLISHED, the History and Philosophy of Animal Magnetism, with practical instructions for the exercise of this power, being a compendium of all the information now existing upon this important subject, by a practical Magnetizer, price 12 1/2 cents. Also—The Anglo American Magazine, No. 2, for 12 1/2 cents.

Lights and Shadows of Factory Life, by a Factory Girl, 12 1/2 cents. Forest Days, by James, 18 3/4. Last of the Barons, by Bulwer, 18 3/4. Francis of Valois, 12 1/2 cents. For sale at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE. Quincy, March 11. 3w

**Assignee's Sale.**  
By authority of United States District Court. WILL be sold at public auction, at the house occupied by Elijah Tolman in Dorchester, on MONDAY, the 20th day of March instant, at four o'clock in the afternoon, the following effects of Bankrupts—Account against Edwin Gunnison & Sillway \$43.00 Note against William Perkins for \$100.00 Sundry other demands—Also, one Silver Watch. By order of N. F. SAFFORD, Assignee. GEORGE THOMPSON, Auctioneer. Milton, March 11. 2w

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One Ox, 1898  
One Ox, 1836  
One Ox, 1759  
One Ox, 1741  
One Ox, 1737  
21291

The above cattle are fat, and for sale by WILLIAM TORREY. Quincy, March 11. 4w

## New Line of Stages.

THE subscribers will run a Stage from Quincy to Boston, daily, leaving Quincy at 8 o'clock in the forenoon, and returning—leaves Bryant's Hotel, No. 17 Union Street, and their Office, 16 Federal Street, Boston, at four in the afternoon.

Persons patronizing this line may rest assured that it will continue running daily at 37 1/2 cents.

Persons leaving their names, at either of the above places, will be punctually attended to as well as all errands entrusted to their care, by

THOMAS O. BILLINGS, Driver, DEXTER, HIXON & Co., Proprietors. Quincy, Oct. 22. 1f

**Cabinet Business.**  
Near the Hancock House, Quincy.

THE subscriber feels grateful for the patronage he has already received and takes this opportunity to inform his friends and the public, that he still continues to manufacture and repair all orders connected with the Cabinet making business, in its various branches.

Also—Furniture REPAIRED and VARNISHED in the neatest and best manner.

Individuals who wish to purchase any article of Furniture, can rest assured that it will be made in a workmanlike manner and warranted superior to that which may be bought at the warehouse in Boston, consequently they are invited to call and examine before they buy elsewhere.



POETRY.

THE LATE CONGRESS.

On the last day of the late session of Congress, one of the members of the House handed an album to Hon. John Quincy Adams, from a lady, with a request that he would favor her with his autograph signature, with an additional line or two of his writing. The head of the page on which he was requested to place his name was embellished with an engraved vignette, representing a man weeping by the side of a grave-stone. Mr. Adams took his pen, and, amid the noise and confusion of the House, wrote beneath the picture the following:

IMPROMPTU.

Afflicted mourner! streams thy tear  
Because thy country's gallant band,  
Columbia's chieftains gathered here,  
No more shall rule thy native land?  
Cease to lament their hapless doom;  
Engrave their deeds upon that stone?  
Inscribe their glory on the tomb,  
And leave them with it all alone!

A HUGE PAW.

Stanzas to the memory of a Blacksmith.

With the nerves of a Sampson, the Son of the Sledge,  
By the anvil his livelihood got;  
With the skill of old Vulcan could temper an edge,  
And "strike when his iron was hot."

With the sons of St. Crispin no kindred he claimed,  
With "the last" he had nothing to do;  
He handled no bradawl, but yet in his time  
He made many an excellent shoe.

He blew up no coals of sedition, but still  
His bellows were always in blast;  
And I do maintain it, deny it who will,  
He had but one vice to the last.

No actor was he, or concerned with the stage,  
Had no audience to shout or applaud;  
Yet oft in his shop, like a crowd in a rage,  
The voice of a hissing was heard.

The stealing of Axes was part of his cares,  
Yet in thieving he never was found;  
And, altho' he was constantly running on bars,  
No vessel he e'er ran aground.

Now, alas and alack! what more shall I say  
Of old Vulcan's unforgotten son?  
The Priest and the Sexton have borne him away,  
And the sound of his hammer is gone.

FROM THE PLYMOUTH MEMORIAL.

THERE REMAINETH A REST.

No foe invades that peaceful realm  
Nor sorrow, sighing, pain, or care;  
But love, pure love, with glowing flame,  
Burns with eternal fervor there.

No wounded heart shall swell with rage,  
Nor false report find credent ear;  
For each with kindest confidence  
Excludes the shadow of a fear.

The verdant hills, and flow'ry vale,  
Re-echo back a ceaseless song;  
While tow'ring rocks and wand'ring streams,  
The angelic melody prolong.

'Tis sweeter far than fairy land,  
Or famed Elysium's balmy shore;  
Here God prepares his people's rest,  
And weary pilgrims roam no more.

ON A QUIET CONSCIENCE.

Close thine eyes, and sleep secure;  
Thy soul is safe, thy body sure;  
He that guards thee, he that keeps,  
Never slumbers, never sleeps.  
A quiet conscience in the breast  
Has only peace, has only rest:  
The music and the mirth of kings  
Are out of tune, unless she sings:  
Then close thine eyes in peace, and sleep secure;  
No sleep so sweet as thine, no rest so sure.

ANECDOTES.

A hard customer in a country village, was taken dangerously ill, and requested that the minister might visit him. The parson went, prayed with him, asked him if he was penitent, and if he ever prayed for himself. He was answered in the affirmative. "Then," said the minister, "all you want is sufficient faith, and the doors of salvation will be opened to you." "Oh," replied the sick one, "I think I have got faith enough, such as it is—but its darn'd poor trash, I tell ye!"

A merchant bustling about the place, collecting, or trying to collect, bills for some heavy payments during the week, pitched rather unceremoniously, though accidentally, into a country chap, gazing ad libitum at the city novelties; who, thereupon, smartly sung out, "I say, mister, try that again, and I'll kick you into the middle of next week." "Will you, friend," replied the anxious merchant, "egad only put me through this week and I'm a made man; that's just what I want."

A good story is told of a sharp fellow who promised a quick fifty dollars to attend upon his wife through her sickness, kill or cure. The woman died, and the quick wanted his money. "Why," exclaimed the man, in utter consternation, did you kill my wife?" "The Lord preserve us—no!" replied the poor doctor. "Did you cure her?" "Why, no." "Then I have nothing to pay you; I wanted you to kill or cure my wife—didn't care much which, and you have done neither. Leave my house, sir; you must be an impostor!"

When some Protestant missionaries visited the famous Indian Chief, Red Jacket, after listening patiently to their "talk," he consulted with some of his tribe and then gave this answer. "Go and determine amongst yourselves which of you is right, and when you have all adopted one creed, come and tell us and we too will embrace it."

"Sambo, is your master a good farmer?" "O, yes, master, fine-rate farmer—he make two crops in one year." "How is that, Sambo?" "Why, he sell his hay in de fall, and make money once; den in de spring he sell de hides of de cattle dat die for want of de hay, and make money twice."

"Put out your tongue a little further," said a physician to a fair invalid. "A little further still, if you please." "Why, doctor, do you think a woman's tongue has no end?" said the gentle sufferer. "Indeed, it is very seldom I come across one that has."

Have you ever tried it?



DR. S. O. RICHARDSON'S  
Pectoral Balm of Spikenard, Blood Root,  
Wild Cherry and Comfrey.

THE most effectual remedy ever known for Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Consumption, Whooping Cough, Spitting of Blood, Influenza, Pain in the Side, Shortness of Breath, and all Affections of the Throat and Lungs. It affords wonderful relief to those laboring under these complaints, and the use of one bottle will satisfy the most incredulous that they possess a healing power above everything heretofore discovered.

Around each bottle is a Treatise on Consumption, its causes, symptoms and cure, with full and particular directions for using the Balm; what food, drinks, clothing, air, exercise, etc., should be used. This Valuable Healing Cough Balm, possessing the restorative virtues of many Roots and Rare Plants, which have been prepared with great care, can be obtained of the regular appointed Agents, Merchants, Traders, Druggists, Apothecaries, and Dealers in Medicines throughout the New England States.

For sale, wholesale and retail, at the Doctor's Office, 15 Hanover Street, Boston. Price 50 cents.

Also—For sale by E. Thayer, Weymouth; John B. Arnold, Braintree; William Sherman, Randolph; Royal B. Whiton, Hingham; Bacon & Baird, Dorchester; George Dixon, Dedham; and by all the Agents who sell his celebrated Sherry Wine Bitters and Family Pills. Agents in Quincy, Nov. 12.

JOHN BRIESLER, Mrs. E. HAYDEN.  
HEALTH & STRENGTH. Just received a fresh supply of S. O. Richardson's Sherry Wine Bitters & Family Pills, for sale as above. Look out for counterfeits and imitations, as there are several spurious articles in market intended to palm off for S. O. Richardson's. See that the Signature of S. O. Richardson is on the first envelope. Quincy, Dec. 3.

To the Public.

DR. GORDAK'S highly approved and most valuable Medicines are for sale at his office, No. 57 Hanover Street, Boston; all others sold by Apothecaries and Dealers in the city of Boston and vicinity, in his name, he does not vouch to be genuine. The following are the names, qualities, and prices of his Medicines:

Jelly of Purgative and Pervious Pills, unrivaled for the catarrh, weakness at the stomach, cancer, humors of every description and general debility. Price \$1.25.

Iceland Balm, for weakness and consumptive complaints. Price \$1.

Parsonage's Jelly on Cough Drops, for obstinate colds, coughs, phthisis and asthma. Price \$7.12 cents per bottle.

PHYSICAL DROPS, for bilious complaints, violent headache, worms and teething in children. Price 25 cents per bottle.

LINIMENT OF OPIUM, for the rheumatism, sprains, swellings, bruises and chilblains. Price 25 cents per bottle.

STRENGTHENING PLASTER, for pains in the side, back and limbs. Price 25 cents per box.

SALT RHEUM OINTMENT, for the salt rheum and all external humors. Price 25 cents per box.

PILE OINTMENT, unrivaled for the cure of the piles. Price 25 cents per box.

DR. GORDAK gives general satisfaction in all chronic diseases that are curable, and never flatters the public, like many others, to cure impossibilities. The most of those who have tried his Medicines have received general satisfaction.

Certificates may be seen at his office, No. 57 Hanover Street, six doors above Union Street, nearly opposite the First Baptist Meeting-house and Friend Street, Boston.

Dr. G. can be consulted at his office, from 8 o'clock, A. M. until 8 P. M.

Individuals who have been imposed upon by counterfeit medicines, are requested to give me timely notice that I may publicly expose such frauds, whether it originated from a retailer or counterfeiter.

WILLIAM GORDAK.  
The above Medicines are for sale at the Store of the authorized Agent in this town.

JOHN BRIESLER, Agent.  
Quincy, Feb. 12.

Winter Fashions.

SUSANNA S. MARSH respectfully informs her friends and customers, that she has just received her winter fashions, with a splendid assortment of Winter RIBBONS; also, some very rich Velvet ribbons.

Florence Bonnets, colored and altered, cleaned and pressed every week, as usual.  
Quincy, Nov. 5.

Domestics.

EXETER SHEETINGS, Family do, Merino do, Appleton do, Applington Shirtings, Waltham do, Striped do, For sale at the Agent's prices by

MANLEY & BRAMHALL,  
Boston, Sept. 10. 24 Dock Square.

Italian Sewing Silk.

ONE Case of I. P. Beaux & Co's superior Blue Black Sewings, which will sell at the lowest rate by

MANLEY & BRAMHALL,  
Boston, Sept. 10. 24 Dock Square.

For Sale.

Wholesale and Retail,  
MEN'S, BOYS' AND YOUTHS'  
THICK BOOTS AND BROGANS.  
REPAIRING done in good order.  
THOMAS WHITE.  
Quincy, Oct. 20.

General Auction Depot.

No. 7 State Street, (opposite the Post Office),  
BOSTON.  
SALES EVERY EVENING IN THE WEEK.  
DAY SALES—TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.

NORTON & LUTHER, Auction and Commission Merchants, respectfully tender their services to the public and solicit a share of patronage. At their Evening Sales may be had great bargains in DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES, FANCY ARTICLES, etc., etc.  
At their Day Sales, FURNITURE can be purchased at much less than the cost of manufacture.  
Liberal advances made on consignments.  
Nov. 5.

Muffs! Muffs!!

JOSEPH BRIGHAM & Co. have just received a good assortment, some of them are very handsome, which they offer for sale at prices corresponding to the times.  
Quincy, Dec. 24.

Removal—Painting Business.

COACH, CHAISE, SIGN

AND

HOUSE PAINTING;



GILDING, GRAINING,

PAPERING & GLAZING

&c. &c.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has taken the shop formerly occupied by Thaddeus W. Cross, where he will carry on the

PAINTING BUSINESS

in all its various branches, and hopes by strict attention to receive public patronage. N. B. All kinds of GRAINING done at short notice and in good style. As he relies upon a test to prove his advertisement to be correct in all particulars, he hopes the public will give him a chance for trial.  
Quincy, Dec. 31.

Dry Goods.

E. PACKARD has on hand and for sale low, a good assortment of FOREIGN and DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, consisting in part of  
BEAVERS—Plain, Diamond and Waved.  
BROADCLOTHS—Black, Blue Black, Green, Brown and Drab.  
CASSIMERES—Black, Blue, Lavender and Drab.  
DOESKINS, Suitings, VESTINGS, VELVETS, Tailors' Trimmings.  
Alpacas, Alpines, Printed and Plain Merinos.  
SAXONIES, MOUS, de LAINES, CAMELLETTES, FLANNELS, FROCKING, CALICOES, GINGHAMS, HOSIERY.  
TABLE COVERS, TICKINGS, CAMBRICS, LINENS, GLOVES, CRASH, SHIRTINGS, SHEETINGS, YARN, DIAPERS, VICTORIA ROBES, Victoria Plaid, Domestic do.  
Muslins, Laces, Edgings, Insertings, Cotton Velvets, Linen Hdkfs., Silk do. Buff Sheetings, Salisbury FLANNEL, Kid & Leather Slippers, India Rubbers, Muffs, Sarsnet Cambrics, Pelisse Wadding, Cotton Batting, Lace Veils, Domestic do.

Together with a great variety of small articles constituting a full stock, which it is scarcely necessary to say, will be sold low, for that is now the order of the day.  
Quincy, Nov. 12.

Extensive Assortment of Fall and Winter Goods.

JOSEPH BRIGHAM & CO., having recently made large purchases of Fall and Winter Goods, are enabled to offer their former stock to offer for sale as great an assortment of Goods as can be found in any Store in the city or country, and all of which will be sold CHEAP for cash or approved credit. Among which are the following:—

Waved, Diamond and Plain BEAVER CLOTHS, for Frock and Over Coats.  
English and French and American BROADCLOTHS—superfine, medium and low priced—for Dress Coats.  
Black, Blue Black, Blue and Fancy Colors.  
DOE SKINS and CASSIMERES, all qualities and colors, for Pants.  
SATINETTS, all colors and qualities. Rich Figured Velvet, Sattin and other VESTINGS.  
Superfine Mole Skin and Fur HATS. Fur and Cloth CAPS.  
Gloves, Stocks, Linen Collars and Bosoms, Black Italian Gravats.

FOR THE LADIES.

Superfine French Thibet MERINOES—Colors, Black, Blue, Black Dahlia and Mulberry—very beautiful English Merinos, a full assortment.  
Black, Blue Black, Blue and ALPINES—Black, Blue Black and Fancy Colors.  
Plain and Figured MOUSLIN de LAINES and SAXONIES.  
English and French and American PRINTS, a good assortment.  
Edinboro' PLAID and MERINO SHAWLS.  
Bleached and Unbleached SHIRTINGS and SHEETINGS, very low.  
BED TICKINGS, Rose and Whitney BLANKETS and BED COUNTERFOLTS.  
Silk, Woolen, Mohair and Worsted HOSE. Kid, Silk, and Mohair GLOVES.  
WHITE FLANNELS 3-4, 7-8, 4-4 & 5-4. Red, Green and Yellow do. Red, Green & White Twilled do.  
MUFFS, NECK COUNTERFOLTS, FRINGE for trimming Cloths. Also, a good assortment of BOOTS and SHOES, CROCKERY, GLASS and CHINA WARE, HARD WARE and CUTLERY, WEST INDIA GOODS and GROCERIES.  
Quincy, Dec. 4.

Extensive Cloth and Clothing Establishment.

New Fall and Winter Goods.

CALROW & COMPANY,

Corner of Elm and Hanover Streets, Boston.

HAVING made extensive arrangements for the Fall and Winter Season, in the purchase of Goods, we are now prepared to offer to the public,

Clothing.

at prices less than any other Establishment in the city, and at the same time, the style of Making, Trimming and Fit inferior to none.

Our Stock consists of

SUPER LONDON, GERMAN AND AMERICAN PILOT, BEAVER AND ASPHALTUM CLOTHS, Of fine, figured, double waved, clouded, corded, and fancy colors, and of the most select styles. BLACK, BLUE, RIFLE AND INVISIBLE GREEN, LONDON SMOKE, LIGHT AND DARK OLIVES AND BROWN BROADCLOTHS.  
SUPER WOOL DYED BLACK GERMAN CASSIMERES AND DOESKINS, warranted to retain their colors.  
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND AMERICAN ELASTIC DOESKINS, AND FANCY AND COMMON CASSIMERES.

The above Goods comprise some of the most elegant styles for the coming season.  
SUPER WOOL AND PLAID VELVETS.  
RICH CASHMERE, THIBET, FIGURED AND PLAIN SATINS AND SILKS.  
VALENCIA AND COMMON VESTINGS.  
Also—Some of the most beautiful patterns of SHAWL VESTINGS, and a new and elegant style of Cutting the same.

Ready Made Clothing.

SURTOOTS, OPERA CLOAKS, SACKS, PELLOTT'S, DRESS AND FROCK COATS, COPIES, SINGERS, JACKETS, PLAIN AND GAITER PANTS, FASHIONABLE VESTS, &c. &c.  
The above Clothing is manufactured of the very best Stock and Trimmings, and although we do not distinguish our Garments from those that are vended in the numerous Shop Stalls; and although we do not advertise our former or present prices, nor that we have engaged the services of some cut off Cutters, but by strict and personal attention and economical expenses, we defy competition in prices, durability or style of workmanship.

To strangers visiting the city we would say, that by calling at this establishment, they can have their Garments manufactured at twelve hours notice.  
The strictest attention paid to making and trimming, and a fit warranted in all cases or the price of the Cloth refunded. The public are invited to call and examine for themselves.  
Corner of Elm and Hanover Streets.  
Boston, Oct. 8.

Fall and Winter Goods Cheap!!

THE subscribers wishing to reduce their stock prior to taking an account of their business, offer for sale an extensive assortment of Woolens during the months of January and February, at reduced prices for cash, consisting in part of twenty pieces Diamond Beaver: Wave Asphaltum and plain Pilot Cloths; 100 pieces of Blue, Black, Olive, Green, Brown, Mixed and Adelaide Broadcloths, from \$1.56 to \$5.12 per yard; 150 pieces Cassimeres and Satinets, from 36 cents to \$1.75 per yard; Buckings, Blankets, Flannels, etc., etc.  
Purchasers are respectfully invited to call and examine for themselves.  
MANLEY & BRAMHALL, 24 Dock Square.  
Boston, Dec. 31.

Great Inducement.

Subscribers for Periodicals can save the Postage and procure a larger amount of reading than can be obtained for the same money elsewhere.

THE subscriber will furnish at his Store, free of postage, the following Periodicals at the regular subscription price, and in addition subscribers will have the privilege of the use of the Circulating Library which contains a large number of popular and interesting books, and which will receive additions of the most popular works as they are published.  
Godey's Lady's Book, \$3; Graham's Lady's and Gentleman's Magazine, \$3; Ladies Companion, \$3; Hunt's Merchant's Magazine, \$5; Democratic Review, \$5; United States Whig Review, \$5; The Knickerbocker, \$5; Boston Miscellany, \$3; The Artist, \$3; North American Review, \$5; Sargent's Magazine, \$3.  
By this arrangement subscribers will have greater advantages than are offered by any other establishment, or by travelling Agents.

In addition to the above, subscriptions are received to the following works.—Ladies World of Fashion \$2; Ladies Garland, \$1; Mother's Magazine, \$1; Young People's Book, \$1.50; Parley's Magazine, \$1; Mercury's Museum, \$1; Lowell Offering, \$1.  
Persons subscribing to the amount of \$3, will be entitled to a privilege to the Library in addition.  
CALEB GILL, Jr.  
Quincy, Dec. 24.

Music.

PIANO FORTES Tuned for one dollar by J. W. McGAUGHY, Professor of Music.  
Orders left at the Hancock House, or this Office, will be punctually attended to.  
Quincy, Dec. 3.

Compound Bonaset Candy.

WILLIAM BROWN'S Compound Bonaset Candy Medicated—Price six cents per ounce, or four ounces for nineteen cents. This article is the most celebrated preparation now in use in the form of Candy, for the cure of Coughs, Colds, Whooping Coughs, Sore Throat and all diseases of the Lungs. It is literally in the mouth of the whole community, and is in extensive use for clearing the voice for vocalists and public speakers. Its ingredients are known to the public, therefore it cannot be called a quack article. It is made from the root of Elecampane, Liquorice, Squills, Seneca Root, Bonaset Herb and many other ingredients recommended by the medical faculty. It has gained so extensive a reputation that a number of druggists and confectioners are counterfeiting it. In order, therefore, to procure the genuine, call for "William Brown's Bonaset Candy," and observe the directions are signed and the candy stamped "William Brown, Boston."

The true article is for sale in Boston, at wholesale and retail, by the Manufacturer, corner of Washington and Eliot Street, WILLIAM BROWN, and in this town by JOHN BRIESLER, Mrs. E. HAYDEN, Agents.  
Quincy, March 5.

For Sale.

200 TONS of the best Red Ash Coal, broken and screened, and delivered for seven dollars per ton.  
Also—One hundred and fifty cords of good Hard Wood, delivered at six and a half dollars a cord. Forty cords of Hemlock at a lower price, by  
ALBERT HERSEY.  
Quincy Point, July 23.

Cloths for Over Coats.  
PILOT, Asphaltum and Beaver cloths a great variety at MANLEY & BRAMHALL'S.  
Boston, Oct. 1. 24 Dock Square.

Plaid Veto Shawls,  
A NEW article of 8-4 and 9-4 for the winter weather, for sale at MANLEY & BRAMHALL'S.  
Boston, Oct. 1. 24 Dock Square.

'Christ Church Seminary,'  
ON and after the second day of January next, there will be two sessions daily in this School, instead of one as heretofore, commencing at nine o'clock in the forenoon, and one o'clock in the afternoon.  
J. P. ROBINSON.  
Quincy, Dec. 24.

In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.  
March. 4th, 1843.  
UPON the Petition of AARON PRESCOTT, Assignee of the estate of

ALBERT J. THURSTON,  
of Randolph, who has been declared Bankrupt, praying for leave to sell certain estate and property, set forth in the schedule annexed to the said petition.

It is ordered by the Court, that a hearing of the said petition, will be had on the THIRD TUESDAY of March inst, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, when and where all creditors, the Bankrupt, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause (if any they have) why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk of the Court.  
March 11. 2w 2233

In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.  
ON this twenty-eighth day of February, A. D. 1843. —Upon the petition of

ALBERT J. THURSTON,  
of Randolph, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof.

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
March 11. 2w 2233

In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.  
ON this second day of March, A. D. 1843. —Upon the petition of

THOMAS M. BIRD,  
of Dorchester, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof.

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.  
March 11. 2w 2657

In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.  
No. 1664.  
IN the matter of CHARLES ALDEN, of Randolph, March 1st, 1843.

It is ordered by the Court—That a hearing will be had on the FOURTH TUESDAY of March inst, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, on the Report of the Commissioner preparatory to a dividend, and that a dividend will then and there be made and a distribution ordered.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk of the Court.  
March 4. 2w

Polish your Stoves and Grates.  
N O house-keeper will be without WM. BROWN'S PENCIL PASTE, after giving it a trial. It gives the stove a beautiful lustre, far better than the British or American lustre and is used with less trouble and is more durable. It is put up in rolls. For the true article see that the directions are signed by the proprietor. Manufactured by WM. BROWN, Chemist, corner of Eliot and Washington Sts. Retained by most of the druggists and grocers in Boston, Lowell and Salem; in Dorchester by Durian Brewer; in Nantuxet Village, by O. P. Bacon, and in this town by JOHN BRIESLER and E. HAYDEN. Price 12-12 cts. per roll. Call for Wm. Brown's Pencil Paste.  
Quincy, Feb. 12.

Dry Goods Cheap.  
THOSE who wish to buy Dry Goods adapted to the season, at lower prices than they can probably be obtained for in another year, will do well to call and examine the stock of E. PACKARD, which he will sell very low.

Also—On hand as above, a good assortment of West India GOODS and GROCERIES, at as low prices as possible.  
Quincy, Jan. 14.

Commissioners' Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers have been appointed, by the Hon. Sherman Leland, Judge of Probate for the County of Norfolk, Commissioners on the estate of the late

SAMUEL M. CAPEN,  
deceased, of Braintree, rendered insolvent. They, therefore, will attend on said business, at the house of Charles M. Fogg, Esq., on the FIRST MONDAY of the four following months, viz—March, April, May and June, at four o'clock in the afternoon. All persons interested will attend at either of said meetings to prove their claims.

MINOT THAYER, } Commissioners.  
CHARLES M. FOGG, }  
Braintree, Feb. 25. 6w

Notice.

MR. McGAUGHY will open a Juvenile Class for instruction in Singing and the Elements of Music, to commence as early as a sufficient number are obtained, of which due notice will be given.

The Class will receive two lessons per week at Mr. McGAUGHY'S residence—the house in rear of the Hancock House.

Terms one dollar for eight lessons, or three dollars per quarter.  
Quincy, Feb. 25.

Woolen Blankets.

JOSEPH BRIGHAM & Co. have just received a large assortment of Rose and Whitney Blankets, of superior quality, which will be sold at the lowest prices.  
Quincy, Oct. 22.

Bingham Dye-House.

GOODS of



# QUINCY PATRIOT.

Published every Saturday Morning, over Messrs. Josiah Brigham & Co.'s Store, in Hancock Street.

NUMBER 12.

QUINCY, (MASS.) SATURDAY, MARCH 25, 1843.

VOLUME 7.

JOHN A. GREEN,  
EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

## CONDITIONS.

TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance—Two Dollars and Fifty CENTS if not paid till the end of six months—THREE DOLLARS if delayed till the expiration of the year.  
No subscription, or advertisement, will be accepted previous to the payment of all arrearages, unless at the option of the proprietor. When subscribers wish their papers stopped, they will notify the publisher to that effect and at the time their subscription expires. Every subscriber will be held responsible for the payment of his paper so long as it is sent to his address at the Post Office, Tavern, or any other place where he may have ordered it, until legally notified to the contrary.

Advertisements, correctly and conspicuously inserted at the customary prices. The number of insertions required must be marked on the advertisement, otherwise they will be continued until ordered out and charged for accordingly.

The privilege of annual advertisers is limited to their own immediate business; and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons, as well as all legal advertisements, and advertisements of auction sales, sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates.

Business letters and communications addressed to the Editor, postage paid, will receive early attention. Single copies of the paper, SIX CENTS.

## AGENTS FOR THE PATRIOT.

The following gentlemen are authorized to receive pay and requested to procure subscriptions.  
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FREEMAN HUNT, New York City.

## MISCELLANY.

### THE BELLE OF THE BELFRY.

A grisette is something else beside a "mean girl" or a "gray gown," the French dictionary to the contrary notwithstanding. Bless me; you should see the grisettes of Rochepot! And if you wished to take lessons in political compactness, you should understand the grisette confederacy of Rochepot. They were working girls, it is true—dress-makers, milliners, shoe-binders, tailors, flower-makers, embroideresses—and they never expected to be more aristocratic. And in that content lay their power.

But the prettiest grisette of Rochepot was not often permitted to join her companions in their self-chaperoned excursions on the holidays. Old Dame Pomponney was the sexton's widow, and she had the care of the great clock of St. Roch, and of one only daughter, and excellent care she took of both her charges. They lived all three in the belfry—clock, dame, and daughter—and it was a bright day for them when she got out of hearing of that "tick, tick, tick," and of the thumping of her mother's cane on the long stair-case.

Not that old Dame Pomponney had any objection to have her daughter conveniently married. She had been deceived in her youth (or so it was whispered) by a lover above her condition, and she vowed by the cross on her cane, that her daughter should have no sweetheart above a journeyman mechanic. Now the romance of the grisettes (*parlon pas!*) was to have one charming little flirtation with a gentleman before they married a leather apron—just to show that had they by chance been born ladies, they could have played their part to the taste of their lords.

When I have added that, four miles from Rochepot, stood the chateau de Brevanne, and that the old Count de Brevanne was a proud aristocrat of the *ancien regime*, with one son, the young Count Felix, whom he had educated at Paris, I think I have prepared you tolerably for the little romance I have to tell you.

It was a fine Sunday morning that a mounted hussar appeared in the street of Rochepot. The grisettes were all abroad in their holiday parure, and the gray soldier soon made an acquaintance with one of them at the door of the inn, and informed her that he had been sent on to prepare old barracks for his troop.

The hussars were to be quartered a month at Rochepot. Ah! what a joyous bit of news! And six officers beside the colonel! and the trumpeters were miracles at playing quadrilles and waltzes! And not a plain man in the regiment—except always the speaker.

The next day the troop rode into Rochepot, and formed in the great square in front of St. Roch; and by the time the trumpeters had played themselves red in the face, the hussars were all appropriated, to a man—for the grisettes knew enough of a marching regiment to lose no time. They all found leisure to pity poor Thenais, however, for there she stood, in one of the high windows of the belfry, looking down on the gay crowd below, and they knew very well that old Dame Pomponney had declared all soldiers to be gay deceivers, and forbidden her daughter to stir into the street while they were quartered at Rochepot.

Of course the grisettes managed to agree as to each other's selection of a sweetheart. But "after everybody was helped," as they say at a feast, there appeared another short jacket and foraging cap, very much to the relief of red-headed Susette, the shoe-binder, who had been left out in the previous allotment. And Susette made the amiable accordingly, but to no purpose, for the lad seemed an idiot with but one idea—looking forever at St. Roch's clock to know the time of day! The grisette laughed, and asked their sweethearts his name, but they

significantly pointed to their foreheads, and whispered something about poor Robertin's being a privileged follower of the regiment, and a *protege* of the colonel.

Well, the grisettes flirted, and the old clock of St. Roch ticked on, and Susette and Thenais, the plainest and prettiest girl in the village, seemed the only two who were left out in this extra dispensation of lovers. And poor Robertin still persisted in occupying most of his leisure with watching the time of day.

It was on the Sunday morning after the arrival of the troop that old Dame Pomponney went up, as usual to do her Sunday's duty in winding up the clock. She had previously locked the belfry door, to be sure that no one entered below while she was above; but—the Virgin help us!—on the top stair, gazing on the machinery of the clock, sat one of those devils of hussars—"Thief!" "vagabond," and "house-breaker," were the most moderate epithets with which Dame Pomponney accompanied the enraged beating of her stick on the platform. And Thenais had been up to dust the wheels of the clock; and how did she know that that scelerat of a trooper was not there all the time?

But the intruder, whose face had been concealed till now, turned suddenly round and began to gibber and grin like a possessed monkey. He pointed at the clock, imitated the "tick-tick-tick," laughed till the big bell gave out an echo, then suddenly jumped over the old Dame's stick, and ran down stairs.

"*Eh, Sainte Vierge!*" exclaimed the old Dame, it's a poor idiot, after all! And he has stolen up to see what made the clock tick! Ha! ha! ha! Well!—well! I cannot come up these weary stairs twice a day, and I must wind up the clock before I go down to let him out. "Tick-tick-tick!"—poor lad! poor lad! They must have dressed him up to make fun of him—these vicious troopers! Well—well!"

And with pity in her heart, Dame Pomponney hobbled down, stair after stair, to her chamber in the square turret of the belfry, and there she found the poor idiot on his knees before Thenais, and Thenais was just preparing to put a skein of thread over his thumbs, for she thought she might make him useful, and amuse him with the winding of it till her mother came down. But as the thread got vexatiously entangled and the poor lad sat as patiently as a wooden reel; and as it was time to go below to mass, the Dame thought she might as well leave him there till she came back, and down she stumped, locking the door very safely behind her.

Poor Thenais was very lonely in the belfry, and Dame Pomponney, who had a tender heart, rejoiced when she returned, to find an unusual glow of delight on her daughter's cheek; and if Thenais could find so much pleasure in the society of a poor idiot lad, it was a sign, too, that her heart was not gone altogether after those abominable troopers. It was time to send the innocent youth about his business, however, so she gave him a holiday cake, and led him down stairs and dismissed him with a pat on his back.

While poor Robertin was occupied with his researches into the "tick, tick," never absent a day from the neighborhood of the tower, the more fortunate hussars were planning to give the grisettes a *fete champetre*. One of the saints' days was coming round, and the weather permitting, all the vehicles of the village were to be levied, and, with the troop-horses in harness, they were to drive to a small wooded valley in the neighborhood of the chateau de Brevanne, where selection and a mossy carpet of grass were combined in a little paradise for such enjoyment.

The morning of this merry day dawned, at last, and the grisettes and their admirers were stirring betimes, for they were to breakfast *sur l'herbe*, and they were not the people to turn breakfast into dinner. The sky was clear, and the dew was not very heavy on the grass, and merrily the vehicles rattled about the town, picked up their freights. But poor Thenais looked out, a sad prisoner, from her high window in the belfry.

Dame Pomponney, creeping up stairs after her matins, rested on the last landing but one to take a little breath—but hark!—a man's voice in the belfry! She listened again, and quietly slipped her feet out of her high-heeled shoes. The voice was again audible—yet how could it be! She knew that no one could have passed up the stair. Still, the voice went on in a kind of pleading murmur, and the dame stole softly up in her stockings, and noiselessly opened the door. There stood Thenais at the window, but she was alone in the room. At the same instant the voice was heard again, and sure now that one of those desperate hussars had climbed the tower, and unable to control her rage at the audacity of the attempt, Dame Pomponney clutched her cane and rushed forward to aim a blow at the military cap now visible at the sill of the window. But at the same instant, the head of the intruder was thrown back, and the gibbering and idiotic smile of poor Robertin checked her blow in its descent, and turned all her anger into pity.

Poor, silly lad! he had contrived to draw up the garden ladder and place it upon the roof of the stone porch below, to climb and offer a flower to Thenais! Not unwilling to have her daughter's mind occupied with other thoughts than the forbidden excursion, the dame offered her hand to Robertin and drew him gently in at the window. As it was now market time she bid Thenais be kind to the poor boy, and locking the door behind her, trudged contentedly off with her stick and basket.

An hour after, Thenais was welcomed with exclamations as she suddenly appeared with Robertin in the midst of the merry grisettes. With Robertin, not as he had hitherto been seen, his cap on the back of his head and his under lip hanging loose like an idiot's—but with Robertin, gallant, spirited and gay, the handsomest of hussars, and the most joyous of companions. And Thenais, spite of her hasty toilet and the cloud of conscious disobedience which now and then shaded her sweet smile, was, by many degrees, the belle of the hour. The grisettes were seated on the ground while the glittering cavaliers served them with breakfast, the light-hearted grisettes of Rochepot were happy enough to be envied by their betters. But suddenly the sky darkened, and a slight gust murmuring among the trees, announced the coming up of a summer storm. The soldiers were used to emergencies, and they packed and reloaded their cars and were under shelter almost as soon as the grisettes, and away they all fled toward the nearest grange—one of the dependencies of the chateau de Brevanne.

But Robertin, now, had suddenly become the ruling spirit of the festivities. The soldiers treated him with instinctive deference, the old farmer of the grange hurried out with his keys and unlocked the great store-house, and disposed of the horses under shelter; and by the time the big drops began to fall, the party were dancing gaily and securely on the dry and smooth threshing-floor.

The rain began to come down very heavily, and the clatter of a horse's feet in a rapid gallop was heard in one of the pauses in the waltz. Some one seeking shelter, no doubt. On went the bewitching music again, and at this moment two or three couples ceased waltzing, and the floor was left to Robertin and Thenais, whose graceful motions drew all eyes upon them in admiration. Smiling in each other's faces, and wholly unconscious of any other presence than their own—they whirled around—but there was now another spectator.

The horseman who had been heard to approach, had silently joined the party, and making a courteous gesture to signify that the dancing was not to be interrupted, he smiled back the courtesies of the pretty grisettes—for, aristocratic as he was, he was a polite man to the sex, the Count de Brevanne.

"Felix!" he suddenly cried out in a tone of surprise and anger. The music stopped at that imperative call, and Robertin turned his eyes, astonished in the direction from which it came. The name was repeated from lip to lip among the grisettes: "Felix!" "Count Felix de Brevanne!" But without deigning another word, the old man pointed with his riding-whip to the farm-house. The disguised count respectfully bowed his head, but held Thenais by the hand and drew her gently with him.

"Leave her! disobedient boy!" exclaimed the father.

But as Count Felix tightened his hold upon the small hand he held, and Thenais tried to shrink back from the advancing old man, old Dame Pomponney, streaming with rain, broke in unexpectedly upon the scene.

"Disgrace not your blood," said the Count de Brevanne at that moment. The offending couple stood alone in the centre of the floor, and the Dame comprehended that her daughter was disgraced.

"And who is disgraced by dancing with my daughter?" she screamed with furious gesticulation. The old noble made no answer, but the grisettes, in an under tone, murmured the name of Count Felix!

"Is it he—the changeling! the son of a poor gardener, that is disgraced by the touch of my daughter!"

A dead silence followed this exclamation. The old dame had forgotten herself in her rage and she looked about with a terrified bewilderment—but the mischief was done. The old man stood agast. Count Felix clung still closer to Thenais, but his face expressed the most eager inquisitiveness. The grisettes gathered around Dame Pomponney, and the old count, left standing and alone, suddenly drew his cloak about him and stepped forth into the rain; and in another moment his horse's feet were heard clattering away in the direction of the Chateau de Brevanne.

We have but to tell the sequel. The incantation revelation of the old Dame turned out to be true. The dying infant daughter of the Marchioness de Brevanne had been changed for the healthy son of the count's gardener, to secure an heir to the name and estates of the nearly extinct family of Brevanne. Dame Pomponney had assisted in this secret, and for her heart full of rage at the moment, to which the old count's taunt was but the last drop, the secret would probably have never been revealed. Count Felix, who had played truant from his college at Paris, to come and hunt up some of his childish playfellows, in disguise, had remembered and disclosed himself to the little Thenais, who was not sorry to recognize him, while he played the idiot in the belfry. But there was now no obstacle to their union, and united they were. The old count pardoned, and gave the new couple a portion of his estate, and they named their first child Robertin, as was natural enough.

LARGE EEL. An eel has been caught in the river Tay, in England which measured five feet seven inches in length—twenty inches in circumference in the thickest—and weighed thirty-six pounds and a half! It must have been a young sea-serpent!

For the Quincy Patriot.

## READING IN SCHOOLS.

Among the defects found in our common schools, none stands more prominent than that of imperfect pronunciation and accent, in the art of reading. Some scholars will read a piece without giving emphasis to any part of it, however pointed it may be. Others will draw out their words apparently with a great effort, failing to interest the hearer, and in some instances making both the sense and meaning obscure and indefinite.

In order to furnish a proper remedy for so great a deficiency (not to say fault in the scholars) the cause must be first searched out that produced it; this will be found in a great measure to proceed from a want of proper books to use in our primary schools.

Much has been written on this subject, but no work of the right stamp has appeared until the publication of the Primary School Reader, by William D. Swan, Esq. of Boston.

The author of this little work has commenced on the right principle, and intends to banish the evil by removing the cause. The plan is so plain and simple as to be comprehended by all at a glance—yet so perfect as to remove those complicated and injurious habits that spoil the efforts of so many children, who would otherwise be graceful and easy readers.

I hope the attention of Committees in this and other towns may be led by these imperfect remarks to a proper investigation of the subject; as I feel confident they have but to examine the book to be convinced of its utility, when they will gladly give it a place in our primary schools, passing thereby a merited compliment to the author and conferring incalculable benefits on the public through their children.

A TEACHER.

THE STRIPED PIG OUT-DOES. "Is the Cape Ann stage in?" inquired two gentlemen of the bar keeper of a hotel in Portsmouth. "Yes sir," was the reply. "Two back seats inside," said one of the gentlemen, and they both left the room. In a moment after, a single gentleman came in. "The Cape Ann stage in?" inquired he. "Yes sir," said the bar keeper. "One back seat inside," responded the gentleman and went into the back room. In this way several entered, some engaging back seats inside, some two or three took front seats inside, and one man took an outside seat.

I remarked to the bar keeper that there was a great deal of travel on the Cape Ann route, observing at the same time that it was a little strange that passengers should prefer a stage to the railroad, besides how do you find so many back seats?

The bar keeper looked shy, put his finger to his nose and winked. I was a little suspicious before, but at this manoeuvre I knew there was mystery, and determined to find it out, commenced questioning him. He looked wise, twisted himself a little, and said, "then you don't know the secret." "No," said I, "but I have great curiosity to do so." A gentleman who had entered, overheard the last of the conversation, and coming up to me said, "Friend, I'll tell you into the secret; but before I can do it you must engage a seat." "Very well," said I. He went up to the bar and inquired of me what seat I would take; I replied that the stage was pretty well filled inside, therefore I would prefer an outside. We went into the next room, where several were drinking, and sat down. Soon after a waiter came in bearing a glass of brandy and water, and one of lemonade. The mystery was solved, the deceit brought to light, and I astonished.

So many back seats inside, were so many glasses of brandy and water (strong.) The front seats inside were so many glasses of gin and sugar. The two outside seats were two glasses of lemonade, one of which I was fortunate enough to choose.

Soon after this discovery, the travel on that route began to fail. The cold water folks broke it up entirely.

LOSS OF VESSELS OF WAR. It appears that in the great gale in the Gulf of Mexico in September last, three men of war were lost, as they were in the Gulf at the time, and have not since been heard from. They were the English brig of war Victor, the French brig of war Dunois, and the Texan schooner of war San Antonio. Nearly or quite three hundred men perished with these vessels. The Dunois was from Havana for France, the Victor from Vera Cruz for the West Indies, and the San Antonio from Galveston for New Orleans.

NOVEL DECISION. At a recent term of the circuit court in Missouri, a negro was charged with having forged an order, and the indictment was quashed on the ground that a negro could not commit forgery. The reasons which determined this decision were not very clearly stated, but the judge was understood to say, that, by the constitution and laws of the country, negroes are not recognized as persons any more than any other animals.

MATRIMONY. Out of every five of all the lunatics sent to American hospitals, three are unmarried and only two are married, and almost all of them are over twenty-one years old. On the other hand, it is pretty certain that in all the community over twenty-one years of age, there are more than three times as many in as out of wedlock. If this be the case, then the unmarried are more than four times as liable to become insane as married people.

THE SCOTCH MAJOR. Some sixty or seventy years ago, a Scotch Major in the British army was stationed at Montreal, in Lower Canada. He had from his quarrelsome disposition, fought several duels, and in every instance killed his man. Indeed, from his bullying reputation, he had acquired such a character, that it was decided the height of folly for any one to contradict his word.

Yankee peddlers abounded in those days as much as they do now; and it so happened that one of them had located himself in the same tavern with our valiant hero from Scotland. In the course of conversation the Major observed, "The Yankees are all cowards!"

"You're a liar!" cried the peddler. All eyes were immediately turned upon the last speaker. He was informed of the courage and performances of the Major, and advised to retract his words; but all to no purpose. He persisted in his assertions; and the consequence was a challenge to a duel the next morning, which was instantly accepted by our Yankee, on condition that the battle should be fought without seconds.

Matters thus being agreed upon, the Major repaired to the ground the next morning at the time appointed, where he found the Yankee walking to and fro with a shouldered rifle. On the Major's appearance, with a pair of hair trigger pistols, the Yankee presented his rifle and said:

"Lay down your arms, darn your skin! or I'll blow your brains out."

"That is downright murder," said the Major, "no man of honor would require any such thing."

The Yankee persisted in his demand, and result was, the pistols were laid at his feet.

"Now," said Jonathan, "I'll deal fair with you; I have the pistols and you shall have the rifle."

The Major gladly made the exchange; and seizing the weapon, cocked it, and aimed it at the breast of his antagonist, exclaiming: "Deliver, or I will blow you through!"

"Blow and be hanged!" says the Yankee. The Major snapped the piece, but—it was not loaded!

He became so mortified from the circumstance that he left the scene.

WHO IS THE CHRISTIAN WOMAN? She who bends over the couch of infancy—the cradle bed of our young and yet unfledged existence, whispering love and prayer in those tender ears that thrill with delight as an Eolian trembles under the kissing zephyr. She who kindly guides the step of youth. She who bends over the pillow of pain, disarming anguish of half its excruciating agony. She who grasps the couch of death where science dare no longer contend with the king of terrors, and still retires from the unequal task. Then Christian woman's hour hath come, and affection struggles with death, and cries to the dull ear of the tomb, give me back my love! And while she kisses away the clammy dews of dissolution, she wrestles with the enemy while hope and life remain—nor will she leave the loved one, no, no, the poor pale remains of the loved ones, are dear to her still. She strewn roses around the bier—and often in far distant years, in evening's solemn hour or beneath the silver moonlight, she revisits the graves by others forgotten and unknown. She comes like a lofty spirit, noiseless and tearful, and holy, to call up all the luxury of her still unwasted love.

THE MONEYLESS MAN. A man without money is a body without a soul—a walking death—a spectre that frightens every one. His countenance is sorrowful, and his conversation languishing and tedious. If he call upon an acquaintance he never finds him at home, and if he opens his mouth to speak he is interrupted every moment, so that he may not have a chance to finish his discourse, which, it is feared, will end with his asking for money. He is avoided like a person infected with disease, and is regarded as an incumbrance to the earth. Want wakes him up in the morning, and misery accompanies him, to bed at night. The ladies discover that he is an awkward booby; landlords believe that he lives upon air, and if he wants anything from a tradesman he is asked for cash before delivery.

THE YOUTHFUL MIND. "A straw will make an impression on the virgin snow; but let that snow remain but a short time, and a horse's hoof can hardly penetrate it. So it is with the youthful mind. A trifling word may make an impression on it, but after a few years, the most powerful appeals may cease to influence it. Think of this, ye who have the trainings of the infant mind, and leave such impressions thereon as will be safe for it to carry amid the follies and temptations of the world."

HYPOCRISY. Hypocrites soar up to Heaven, not like the lark to sing praises, but like the hawk to pounce upon their prey. When they look up to the Mount of Olives, it is to build an oil mill—and if they weep at the brook of Kedron, they are watching to catch fish, or throw some one into it, and when they keel, it is like the soldiers in the front rank, to load and fire. They call mankind their brethren, and treat them as the Turkish sultans do their relatives.

DON'T EAT TOO MUCH. A Spanish proverb says: "A little in the morning is enough; enough at dinner is but little, and a little at night is too much."

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District. March 4th, 1843.

UPON the Petition of AARON PRESCOTT, Assignee of the estate of

ALBERT J. THURSTON, of Randolph, who has been declared Bankrupt, praying for leave to sell certain estate and property, set forth in the schedule annexed to the said petition.

It is ordered by the Court, that a hearing of the said petition, will be had on the THIRD TUESDAY of March inst, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, when and where all creditors, the Bankrupt, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause (if any they have) why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk of the Court. March 11. 2w 2233

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this twenty-eighth day of February, A. D. 1843.

—Upon the petition of

ALBERT J. THURSTON, of Randolph, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. March 11. 2w 2233

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this second day of March, A. D. 1843.

—Upon the petition of

THOMAS M. BIRD, of Dorchester, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk. March 11. 2w 2257

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District. No. 1664.

IN the matter of CHARLES ALDEN, of Randolph, March 1st, 1843.

It is ordered by the Court—That a hearing will be had on the FOURTH TUESDAY of March inst, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, on the Report of the Commissioner preparatory to a dividend, and that a dividend will then and there be made and a distribution ordered.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk of the Court. March 4. 2w

## Polish your Stoves and Grates.

NO house-keeper will be without WM BROWN'S PENCIL PASTE, after giving it a trial. It gives the stove a beautiful lustre, far better than the greasy American lustre and is used with less trouble and is more durable. It is put up in rolls. For the true article see that the directions are signed by the proprietor. Manufactured by WM BROWN, Chemist, corner of Eliot and Washington St. Retailers by most of the druggists and grocers in Boston, Lowell and Salem; in Dorchester, by Darius Brewer, in New Bedford, by O P Bacon, and in this town by JOHN BRIEHLER and E HAYDEN. Price 12 1/2 cts per roll. Call for Wm Brown's Pencil Paste. Quincy, Feb. 12. if

## Dry Goods Cheap.

THOSE who wish to buy Dry Goods adapted to the season, at lower prices than they can probably be obtained for in another year, will do well to call and examine the stock of E. PACKARD, which he will sell very low.

Also—On hand as above, a good assortment of West India GOODS and COFFEES, at as low prices as possible. Quincy, Jan 14. if

## Commissioners' Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers have been appointed, by the Hon Sherman Tilden, Judge of Probate for the County of Norfolk, Commissioners on the estate of the late

SAMUEL M. CAPEN,

deceased, of Braintree, rendered insolvent. They, therefore, will attend on said estate, at the house of Charles M. Fogg, Esq., on the FIRST MONDAY of the four following months, viz—March, April, May and June, at four o'clock in the afternoon. All persons interested will attend at either of said meetings to prove their claims.

MINOTT THAYER, }  
CHARLES M. FOGG, } Commissioners.  
Braintree, Feb 25. 6w

## Notice.

MR. MCGAUGHY will open a Juvenile Class for instruction in Singing and the Elements of Music, to commence as early as a sufficient number are obtained, of which due notice will be given.

The Class will receive two lessons per week at Mr. McGaughy's residence—the house in rear of the Hancock House.

Terms one dollar for eight lessons, or three dollars per quarter. Quincy, Feb 25. if

## Woollen Blankets.

JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co. have just received a large assortment of Rose and Whitney Blankets, of superior quality, which will be sold at the lowest prices. Quincy, Oct 22. if

## Bingham Dye-House.

GOODS of all descriptions Cleaned, Dyed and Finished, in the best manner and at the lowest prices.

Goods or orders left at the store of the subscribers will receive immediate attention, and no charges for sending bundles to or from the Dye-House.

All Goods warranted to give satisfaction. JOSHUA BRIGHAM & Co. Quincy, March 19. if

## Bleached Cottons.

FROM 3/4 to 1 1/4 yards wide; also, a large assortment of Unbleached Sheetings and Slittings of the same widths. For sale low by E. PACKARD. Quincy, Feb. 18. if



# QUINCY PATRIOT.

## LETTER FROM BOSTON.

Among the events and intelligence of the past few days, are the following:—The news about the comet from the pen of a supposed astronomer, at Newburyport, is alarming. In his learned communication, published in the Bee a few days since, he says it is the same comet that deluged the earth at the flood, etc.; that on the 11th of April next, it will cross the earth's orbit, coming within 13,400 miles of our planet, and probably destroying this globe instantly. Absurd as this story is, many weak people give it credence, and are highly alarmed.

The steamer Columbia arrived here on Monday last, in fifteen days passage from England. The new Governor General of Canada, Sir Charles Metcalfe, came out in her and is now at the Tremont House. This gentleman has figured largely in India, and more recently as Governor of Jamaica. Trade of all kinds continues depressed, but money is very plenty in England; on good security it can be obtained at a low rate of interest.

The proceedings of the State Legislature have been of much interest the past week. The repeal of the Election law of 1833, has failed in the House. The same may be said with the subject of Capital Punishment and the State Insolvency Law. The latter will be in operation at least until the meeting of the next Legislature. In the Senate, March 21, the Bill to further protect personal liberty (traveling in Railway cars, etc.) passed a third reading by only three dissenting votes. The House has decided that Mr. Hildes of Chelsea was illegally elected, and his seat is consequently vacated. The Report of the Committee on Elections, relative to this subject occupies eighty-six printed octavo pages. Thomas Nash, Jr., from the town of Whitely, about whom so much noise was made at the beginning of the session, from his being ejected by the House, for having no credentials from the Secretaries, was on Tuesday last admitted to a seat. The Report on this contested election is also printed and occupies one hundred and forty-seven octavo pages. It appears by the Records of the Town Clerk, that the whole number of ballots received for Representative on election day was 237; necessary for a choice 119. Thomas Nash, Jr., had 118 votes, Justin White 117, Charles Williams 1, and Horace W. Taft 1. It was proved that the votes for Messrs. Taft and Williams were thrown for Register of Deeds; they being also not residents of Whitely, and consequently all votes thrown for persons not qualified for the office should be counted as blanks agreeably to the custom of the House of Representatives. In these views the minority Report of the Committee was sustained and Mr. Nash restored to his seat. The report of the Secretary of State respecting the State Arsenal in Pleasant Street, Boston, has placed its keeper, Major Shute, in a very movable light before the public. The Arsenal is represented in a most sad condition—the rooms filthy, and the public property in a state of decay and ruin—piles of cannon balls in a bad state, heaps of tents buried in dust, guns, sabres, pistols, etc., scattered irregularly about; leather belts, scabbards and cartouch boxes lying against the walls, mouldy and mildewed. The upper stories in no better condition—the cellar filled with confused masses of lumber, hogheads of vinegar, a brood of rabbits—the yard taken possession of by dunghill fowls, and the room intended for the gun carriages, tumbrils, etc., occupied as the sleeping apartment of chancicler and his worthy tribe. No account has been taken of the stock since 1832. Such has been the wanton waste and destruction of the public property, if report speaks right, and honest men of all parties must condemn this mismanagement. Mr. Bolles recommends that the Arsenal be sold, and a new establishment be purchased at Cambridge.

## QUINCY PATRIOT.

SATURDAY, MARCH 25, 1843.

John A. Green, Editor.

ASSASSINATION IN NEW YORK. Another murder has been committed in New York, the incidents in relation to which are as follows: It seems that one Henry Colton, a short time since attempted to assassinate C. G. Corliss, but did not succeed in his diabolical design. He was held to bail in the sum of five thousand dollars, to answer the charge. It appears that one evening since, Corliss was called out by a woman or man in woman's dress, with whom he went round the corner of the street, where he was seen in conversation with a woman by an individual, who had scarcely entered a house in the vicinity, when the report of a pistol was heard, and upon going to the place whence the sound proceeded, Corliss was found weltering in gore, having been shot in the head. A diligent search was made in the vicinity of the bloody affair, but no trace of the assassin could be found, nor was the woman seen who was conversing with him.

Suspicion was directed to Colton on account of his now being out on bail, having been arrested for snapping a loaded pistol at the head of Corliss, a week ago. When arrested, he was at tea, and showed no signs, either in his dress or manner, of having been concerned in the affair; and the previous attempt at shooting Corliss, is the only circumstance that directs suspicion to him. The wife of Colton was next suspected, when on repairing to her room it was locked, and could not be opened until forced. She was there found in a stupor, apparently lost to every sensation of life, but finally revived. Nothing was elicited from her as to the murder, and nothing but her strange actions gave the impression that she is the guilty person. Some other female paramour may have done the deed.

The only doubt at the Police Court appears to be—whether it was the act of Colton or some one in his employ—whether the person in a woman's habiliments was a female or a man in disguise; and whether that person perpetrated the act or was only used as a decoy.

The whole cause of this act was an alleged enticement of Colton's wife from her fealty to her husband by Corliss.

THOMAS WILSON DORR. It is stated in the Boston papers, that this distinguished gentleman is now on a journey among his friends in New Hampshire, and is soon expected to precede to Boston, of his health permits.

THE EQUINOXIAL STORM. The snow storm, which occurred on Thursday night of last week, was of wide extent and very violent and destructive. On some parts of the Eastern Railroad it drifted from eight to ten feet. On the Western Railroad, beyond Worcester, it was found in places to the depth of fifteen feet. Twenty miles east of Portland, (Me.) it was computed that the snow fell an average level of six feet. Accounts from all quarters speak of its violence. Not so much damage was done to shipping as might reasonably have been expected, although one or more painful shipwrecks occurred. One large ship went ashore near Lynn, and the beach was thronged with people who viewed the sad scene, but were unable to render assistance. The crew got into the boat which swamped, and a part were drowned in sight of those on shore, who stood within a "stone's throw" of the ship.

QUINCY LYCEUM. We had not the pleasure of listening to the lecture before this institution, last Wednesday evening, by William S. Morton, Esq. Our neighbor and cotemporary, says it "was a review of ballad literature. His notices of the early bards and minstrels were brief, but full of interest to those who duly appreciate the influence of popular songs."

The recitations by Mr. Stark, at the close of the lecture, are highly commended, and were received with attention and interest.

DASTARDLY ATTACK. Richard L. Atwill, Esq., the gentlemanly editor of the Lynn Freeman, was brutally assaulted in that place, near the Railroad Depot, as we learn from the Boston papers, by Alonzo Lewis, sometimes called the "Lynn Bard." The attack was armed with a horsewhip. The attack was in consequence of some editorial remarks. In whatever light heretofore the character of Mr. Lewis may have been viewed by the public, this one act, instead of sustaining his reputation, has attached to it a disgrace which will take some time to wipe away.

APPOINTMENTS. Hon. Solomon Lincoln of Hingham, present United States Marshall for the Boston District, has resigned the office of Master in Chancery for the County of Plymouth, and Ebenezer T. Fogg, Esq. of South Scituate, has been appointed in his place, by the Governor and Council of this State.

Otis Shepard, Esq. of Dorchester, has been commissioned a Justice of the Peace, within and for the County of Norfolk.

WEYMOUTH TOWN OFFICERS. At the annual meeting in Weymouth, the following gentlemen were elected to office.

Town Clerk—Orin White.  
Selectmen—Samuel Curtis, Nathan Canterbury, Thomas Nash.  
Assessors—Elias Hunt, Josiah White, Amos Merritt.  
Overseers of the Poor—Charles Bates, Timothy Nash, Warren Thayer.  
Treasurer—Lovell Bicknell, Esq.  
Constables—Nicholas Thayer, George Bates.  
School Committee—Dr. David Torrey, Quincy Bicknell, Jr., Esq., James Humphrey, 2d.

TYLER MEETING IN NEW YORK. The largest political meeting ever held within doors, in the City of New York, as we learn from the papers of that city, convened on the 15th inst., at the Tabernacle. Speeches were made by several gentlemen, and among the number appears the name of Hon. Caleb Cushing, who spoke at length and with great power and effect, ably and justly defending the administration of President Tyler from the vile attacks of malicious political demagogues.

LEGISLATIVE GLEANINGS. The joint special committee, on the order relating to the removal of the seat of government, from Boston to an interior town, have submitted a report. Among other considerations urged for a removal, it is stated that an annual saving of thirty-six thousand six hundred dollars would be made, by reducing the length of the sessions and the salaries of public officers.

The Committee of the House, on the repeal of the License Laws, have recommended a reference of the subject to the next General Court.

The Committee on Elections, reported, on the remonstrance against the seat of Charles Breck of Milton, that he was duly elected, and this report was accepted.

Mr. Thomas Nash, Jr. of Whitely, who has been reinstated in his place, appeared and took his seat. In the House, the resolves appointing Charles G. Greene of the Boston Post, publisher of the laws, was passed to be engrossed. A motion to substitute Messrs. Hayden and Brewer of the Boston Atlas, failed. These resolves, when they came before the Senate, were amended by substituting the name of Isaac H. Wright of the Boston Bay State Democrat. This disagreement between the two branches will probably defeat the measure.

J. C. Park of Boston, (whig) moved that the Committee be discharged from the consideration of the disagreement between the Report of the Secretary of State and the Memorial of Maj. Sheafe, late Store-keeper. The ground of his motion was, that a large number of members had visited the Arsenal and found things in such a general state of neglect and uncleanness, that it was unnecessary to go into an inquiry upon the points of difference between the gentlemen, thus admitting the correctness of the Secretary's Report.

The resolves from the Senate, proposing an amendment of the Constitution, so as to provide that cities and large towns shall be divided into representative districts, were laid on the table—169 to 164.

The bill concerning assessing taxes within ten days of an election, has been rejected—156 to 154.

The report which proposed to indemnify the proprietors of the Ursuline Convent has been defeated. Not only as a matter of justice, but for the honor of the Commonwealth, this foul stain should have been wiped from the fair fame of our State.

The majority report of the Committee on Capital Punishment, declaring that it is inexpedient to abolish it, has been accepted, by a vote of one hundred and twenty-two yeas to seventy nays. Rev. Mr. Gregory of this place, spoke at length in favor of the minority report, which goes to abolish this relic of barbarism.

## SUMMARY OF INTELLIGENCE.

The Legislature of Missouri have, by a joint vote of two thirds of each House, addressed the Governor, for the removal of one of the Judges of that State, for being "deficient in legal learning."

Orin Porter Rockwell, the Mormon who has been accused of being the person who attempted to assassinate Ex-Governor Boggs last fall, has been apprehended on board of a steamboat and committed to jail. He will probably have to stand his trial.

The bill introduced in the Massachusetts Legislature, making provision for an inquiry into the destruction of the Ursuline Convent, at Charlestown, (Mass.) several years ago, with a view to ultimate remuneration for the acts of the mob by which it was destroyed, has been rejected by a vote of 63 to 204.

The printers, in one County in the State of New York, have recently obtained a regular writ of habeas corpus, and the office of surrogate, mother has been appointed Master and Examiner in Chancery, and the third has received the appointment of First Judge.

The gold mines throughout the South are now actively worked, and with considerable success. A new mine has been discovered in North Carolina, in which three hundred persons are engaged, raising thirty or forty dollars per week to each hand. The "shining dross" is found in lumps just below the surface, and the search for it is very rudely conducted. One lump worth sixteen dollars was found.

The United States Court for the District of Maryland has decided, at the late term, that it was a violation of the law to place on a paper or pamphlet sent by mail, any other words than the name of the party to whom the paper is sent.

The late Bishop Griswold, in the course of his life, ordained no less than one hundred and twenty-eight priests, one hundred and seventy-one deacons, and confirmed over twelve thousand persons.

The expenditures of the Spanish government were sixty millions of dollars last year, and its income forty millions.

The Boston Advertiser states, that the Commonwealth has decided, at the late term, that it was a violation of the law to place on a paper or pamphlet sent by mail, any other words than the name of the party to whom the paper is sent.

The Roman Catholics of Boston, have fitted up a building at the north part of the city, which has been opened as a free chapel.

The Governor of Virginia, in a late communication to the Legislature, says measures are in the course of prosecution against the slave, Latimer, as a fugitive felon.

The Free Suffrage party of Rhode Island, have nominated Thomas F. Carpenter of Providence, for Governor; Benjamin E. Thurston of Hopkinton, for Lieutenant Governor; Dexter Randall of Smithfield, for Secretary of State; Samuel W. Atwell of Gloucester, for Attorney General; and Josiah S. Munroe of Newport, for Treasurer.

From one word of two syllables, containing only seven letters, there can be formed, by transposition, not less than fifty-nine different words. The word is—remains.

At a late meeting of the Repeal Association in Dublin, Daniel O'Connell moved that his twenty-fifth grandchild, John O'Connell, Jr., who was only two days old, be enrolled an associate.

The Secretary of the Treasury has advertised for proposals for building the hulls of one, two, or three iron steamers, to be used as revenue cutters on the sea coast. It is expected that these boats will be built in reference to Hunter's or Ericsson's propellers.

Ann Murphy, on whom the rape was committed at the Broadway Cottage in New York, has found a protector in the person of a native of Greece, who is employed as a lamplighter in the New York City Prison. She was married on St. Patrick's Day.

The board of Commissioners of the City of Raleigh, (N. C.) have passed a resolve that they will not grant a recommendation to the County Court in behalf of any person for a license to retail spirituous liquors, unless a tax of one hundred dollars be paid into the city Treasury.

Baer, the "Buck-eye Blacksmith," who was one of the whig orators in the campaign of 1840, has taken the stump in favor of Henry Clay.

A mercantile house in Boston, sold the other day, in one contract, cotton domestics for China to the amount of three hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

The colored steward of a schooner, who attempted to secrete two slaves on board of that vessel, at Norfolk, (Va.) has been sentenced to twelve years imprisonment for that offence.

Upwards of two thousand persons have become professors of religion, within the last few weeks, in the City of Albany, (N. Y.)

The United States Circuit Court of New York, Judge Betts presiding, on the application made to it by the Grand Jury, to know whether they had jurisdiction in the case of the alleged homicide committed on board the brig Somers, decided that they had no such authority.

The English papers mention the death of Richard Carlisle, the infidel publisher; and they add that he some time since, made an open profession of Christianity.

The Governor and Council of Rhode Island have ordered a *nolle prosequi* to be entered against each of the indictments now pending at Newport, against individuals for treason.

The "Marquis" crustily remarked the other day, as rum has banished many a fine fellow from society, so it is thought that rum ought to be banished in its turn.

Wednesday of last week was the anniversary of the birth of Gen. Andrew Jackson. He was born on the 15th of March, 1767, making him at this time seventy-six years old.

An exchange paper states, that five boys had their legs broken a short time since by the very dangerous practice of riding down hill on hand sleds.

Upwards of eighty whales were driven on shore, during a recent gale, in Scapa Bay, (Orkney Islands). They were sold by auction, and the proceeds amounting to about twelve hundred dollars, distributed amongst the poor of the neighborhood.

The Legislature of Virginia have paid a high compliment to Thomas Ritchie, the editor of the Richmond Enquirer, by calling the new County lately erected after his name.

The Northampton (Mass.) Courier says that a farmer, residing in Hadley, harvested the past season, from eighteen acres, part meadow land, twenty-one hundred and sixty-one bushels of corn, (twenty-four barrels to the acre.)

An officer of the British Royal Engineers, has ascertained, by trigonometrical measurement, the depression of the Dead Sea below that of the Mediterranean to be thirteen hundred and thirty-seven feet! By similar observations he found the Lake of Tiberias to be eighty-four feet below the Mediterranean.

Those who drink spirits for sickness have this advantage, that they never will be well, and, therefore, always have a sufficient excuse for taking a swig at the black bottle.

It is said that however well young ladies may be versed in grammar, but very few of them can decline matrimony.

The town of Whitefield, (N. H.) has elected to the Legislature, an old Revolutionary soldier, who fought at Bunker Hill, and who also served during the last war. He will be eighty-eight years old next August.

Twenty-four Sovereigns and Princes were present at the ceremony of the marriage of the Crown Prince of Hanover to Princess Mary of Altenburg, (which took place on the 18th ult.) among whom were eight reigning sovereigns.

The whole number of Patents issued by the United States previous to January, 1843, was 12,992. Five hundred and seventeen patents were issued in 1842, including thirteen re-issued and fifteen additional improvements.

The establishment of religious music, which the King of Prussia has attached to the Cathedral at Cologne, is to consist of a hundred males, and a hundred females, who are to be taught under the direction of a distinguished composer.

In the Baltimore Conference of the Methodist Church, recently in session, a resolution was presented, but withdrawn, ordering that in examining a candidate for the ministry, he should answer whether he was a member of the Order of Odd Fellows. There is a standing rule of the Conference, disapproving of ministers uniting themselves with the above order, as incompatible with the duties of the pastoral character.

Sir Charles Metcalfe, the lately appointed Governor General of the British Provinces, passed through Boston the present week on his way to the seat of his government at Kingston. Sir Charles Bagot, now Governor of the Provinces, is near the close of his life, according to the last accounts.

The line of French mail packets to cross the Atlantic will, it is expected, commence running next June. The packets will be fourteen in number, carrying forty guns each. They are to sail for Cherbourg, four of them to run to and from New York, the rest to the West Indies, Brazil, and the Gulf of Mexico.

A number of merchants and traders, of Nashville, (Tenn.) have published a card, in which they state they will not receive or pass cents in any shape or manner whatever.

The Treasurer of Butler County, (Ohio,) during the past year, has sustained a loss of one thousand nine hundred dollars by the depreciation of bank paper which he received for taxes.

POLITICAL. Hon. Caleb Cushing of this State expresses a wish that he may not be considered a candidate for Congress from the District he has so ably represented, contrary to intimations, which have been thrown out by his friends.

David Henshaw, Esq. of Leicester, formerly Collector of the Port of Boston, has been nominated as the democratic candidate in place of Pliny Merrick, Esq. resigned.

NATIONAL CONVENTION OF THE LIBERTY PARTY. A convention of the friends to this cause is notified to take place at Buffalo, (N. Y.) on the 24th and 25th days of May ensuing, in pursuance of a notice from the National Central Committee.

TO WRITERS. Early attention will be given to the favors of "W. T.," "N. T.," "J. H. A.," etc. We shall attend to the communication of "G. P. G." in our next impression.

## MARRIED.

In this town, 23d inst., by Rev. Mr. Lunt, Mr. THEODORE H. LUNT to Miss SESANNA B. ADAMS. Our thanks are due to this happy couple for their very generous remembrance. We hope their highest expectations may be realized, and that all the bliss consequent upon such a union may be their portion.

## DIED.

In Dorchester, 24th inst., Mary Gibbens, daughter of Capt. George B. Billings, aged 11 years.

Funeral on Monday next, at two o'clock. Relatives and friends are invited to attend.

In Braintree, 24th inst., George, youngest son of Mr. William and Mrs. Ann Newcomb, aged 1 year and 5 months.

Dearest babe, thou hast left us;  
Here thy loss we deeply feel;  
But 'tis God that hath bereft us,  
He can all our sorrows heal.

Yet, again we hope to meet thee,  
When the day of life is fled;  
Then in heaven with joy to greet thee,  
Where no farewell tear is shed.

In Leicester, Feb. 7th, Miss Ruth Adams, formerly of Boston, (Mass.) aged 80. Her three oldest brothers attended her funeral at Worcester, with numerous nephews and nieces and their descendants—two younger brothers (living in Lancaster, N. H. and New York) could not attend. Their several ages are as follows—82, 76, 74, 72, 69. Their father, the late Andrew Adams, Esq. was born in Milton, A. D. 1735, and died at Lancaster, (N. H.) 1833, aged 98 years.

In Milton, 18th inst., Mrs. Helen Maria, wife of Mr. James L. Kennedy, aged 25.

In Braintree, 20th inst., Mr. Thomas Hancock, a revolutionary pensioner, aged 80. The deceased had been totally blind for the past eighteen or twenty years, from the effects of an injury sustained in consequence of a premature explosion while blasting rocks.

## A CARD.

Expenses of Proceedings under the Insolvent Law of this Commonwealth, before the Judge of Probate for the County of Norfolk.

COMPENSATION ALLOWED ASSIGNEES. A commission of ten per cent. on the first \$200 of the proceeds of the property, five per cent. on the next \$300, two and a half per cent. on the next \$350, and one per cent. on all over \$400. For travel to attend meetings of Creditors, six cents a mile. For every account settled, \$1.00, and the same sum for every deed of conveyance of Real Estate.

FOR THE SERVICES OF THE JUDGE, CLERK, AND MESSENGER. When the business is completed at two meetings of the creditors, about \$15, at three meetings, about \$22. But when the Debtor has no property to assign, no charge for their services will be made.

The Debtor should produce complete schedules of his debts and of his property, when he applies for the benefit of the act. Suitable blanks for schedules and petitions, may be had at any time, on application to the Judge.

S. LELAND, Judge of Probate.  
Roxbury, March 25. 5w

The Boston Soup Society, in one week, relieved 2848 persons, with 1481 quarts of soup, 803 loaves of Bread, and 94 quarts of milk for children.

## NOTICES.

John A. Green, of this town, will deliver a lecture before the Quincy Lyceum, next WEDNESDAY EVENING (March 29th,) at the Town Hall, at half past seven o'clock.

After the Lecture, Mr. Stark of Boston, will give some recitations.

GEORGE BAXTER, Secretary.

The Ladies belonging to the Washingtonian Fair are requested to meet at the Town Hall, on MONDAY next, at ten o'clock in the afternoon.

A punctual attendance is requested.

Per order of the President.

A. J. KENISON, Secretary.

All those ladies who have signed the Petition to Mr. George H. French, are respectfully invited to be present to meet in the Town Hall, on MONDAY NEXT, at two o'clock in the afternoon, to adopt measures to present the petition to Mr. French.

The Members of the Female Benevolent Temperance Society, also the Female Howard Temperance Circle, are invited to meet with the petitioners.

By order of many Petitioners.

Rev. John T. Burrell will deliver a lecture before the Quincy Point Temperance Union, in the Methodist Chapel, TO-MORROW EVENING, (March 26th,) at seven o'clock.

ELIAS NASH, Secretary.

The Selectmen of Quincy, hereby give notice that they will be in session, at the Town Hall, every SATURDAY in each month, until further notice, from two to five o'clock in the afternoon. All persons having business with the Town are requested to present it on said days.

DANIEL BAXTER.

WILLIAM D. GRAY.

BRYANT B. NEWCOMB.

Quincy, March 25. 1f

CONSUMPTION, COUGH, SPITTING BLOOD, &c.—TO CONSUMPTIVES.—Four fifths of you are really suffering from neglected Colds, or an Obstruction, and consequent inflammation of the delicate lining of those tubes through which the air we breathe is distributed to every part of the lungs. This obstruction produces pain and soreness, hoarseness, cough, difficulty of breathing, hectic fever, and a spitting of blood, matter, or phlegm, which finally exhausts the strength of the patient, and ends in death. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT never fails to remove the obstruction, and produces the most pleasing and happy results. It is certain in its effects and cannot fail to relieve.

For sale by CALEB GILL, Jr., at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, March 4. 3w

## To Let.

THE Farm lately owned and occupied by Charles A. Brown, of Germantown, (so called,) consisting of about forty acres of Land, with a Dwelling house, Barn, etc., on the same.

There is also a Wharf, Fish Store, Flakes, etc., all which is in good order for curing fish. The land is in high cultivation, and the location is so well known that it needs no further description.

Possession given on the first day of April next. For further information, inquire of—

THOMAS ADAMS, Jr.

Quincy, March 25. 1f

## Farm for Sale.

TO be sold, a Farm containing about thirteen acres of Mowing and Pasture Land, with about twenty cords of Hard Wood standing—a good Dwelling House, well finished, and recently built—a Barn, Shoemaker's Shop, and other necessary out-buildings—with an excellent well of water. The same is situated in Middle Street, in the Town of Braintree. The terms will be made easy, and possession given immediately. For further particulars, inquire of MINOTT THAYER, Esq., of Braintree, or the subscriber at South Natick.

ELISHA P. HOLLS.

South Natick, March 25. 1f

## Goods from Auction!

BOYS' BOOTLES, sizes from one to five, at fifty cents per pair;  
Men's Thick Boots, \$1.50;  
Sattinets from 25 to 75 cents per yard;  
Lustrous Ribbons, assorted colors.  
All to be sold low for cash, by

E. PACKARD.

Quincy, March 25. 1f

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District. March 16th, 1843.

UPON the Petition of AARON PRESCOTT, Assignee of the estate of

WILLIAM SHERMAN,

of Randolph, who has been declared Bankrupt, praying for leave to sell certain estate and property, and to compound and settle certain debts, set forth in the schedule annexed to the said petition.

It is ordered by the Court, that a hearing of the said petition, will be had on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, when and where all creditors, the Bankrupt, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause (if any they have) why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk of the Court.

March 25. 1w 2387

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this second day of March, A. D. 1843—

Upon the petition of

IRA R. ARNOLD,

of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof—

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.

March 25. 2w 2471

## In Bankruptcy.

United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this twenty-seventh day of February, A. D. 184



The Boston Soup Society, in one week, relieved 245 persons, with 1481 quarts of soup, 803 loaves of bread, and 194 quarts of milk for children.

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South Natick, March 25.

Goods from Auction! BOYS' BOOTLES, sizes from one to five, at fifty cents per pair.

Men's Thick Boots, \$1.50; Sattinets from 25 to 75 cents per yard; Lustrous Ribbons, assorted colors.

All to be sold low for cash, by E. PACKARD.

Quincy, March 25.

In Bankruptcy, United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

UPON the Petition of AARON PRESCOTT, Assignee of the estate of

WILLIAM SHERMAN,

of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, praying for leave to sell certain estate and property, and to compound and settle certain debts, set forth in the schedule annexed to the said petition.

It is ordered by the Court, that a hearing of the said petitioner, will be had on the FIRST TUESDAY of April next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, when and where all creditors, the Bankrupt, and other persons in interest, may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk of the Court.

March 25.

In Bankruptcy, United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this second day of March, A. D. 1843—Upon the petition of

IRA R. ARNOLD,

of Braintree, in the County of Norfolk, in said District of Massachusetts, who has been declared a Bankrupt, for a full discharge from all his debts provable under the said Bankruptcy, and a certificate thereof.

Ordered—That a hearing will be had on the said petition, at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the FIRST TUESDAY of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all creditors who shall have proved their debts, and other persons in interest may appear and show cause, if any they have, why the said discharge and certificate should not be granted.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.

March 25.

In Bankruptcy, United States District Court—Massachusetts District.

ON this twenty-seventh day of February, A. D. 1843.—Upon the Petition of

ISAAC BENNETT,

of Milton, late Partner with Job G. Goss, in said District, to be declared bankrupt—

Ordered—That a hearing on the said Petition will be had at the United States Court Room, in Boston, in said District, on the SECOND TUESDAY of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon.

FRANCIS BASSETT, Clerk.

March 25.

#### BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of HOSEA H. FLANDERS of Quincy, a Bankrupt.

JOSIAH BRIGHAM, Assignee.

Quincy, March 25.

THE undersigned has been appointed by the United States District Court, and widening the Road from near the house of Alpheus Spear, to near the Road leading to Brackett's Wharf (so called), and discontinuing a portion of the old Road.

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of WILLIAM SHERMAN, of Randolph, a Bankrupt.

AARON PRESCOTT, Assignee.

Randolph, March 25.

THE undersigned has been appointed Assignee of the estate of ALBERT J. THURSTON, of Randolph, a Bankrupt.

AARON PRESCOTT, Assignee.

Randolph, March 25.

Town Meeting, Norfolk ss. To either of the Constables of the Town of Quincy,

YOU are hereby required, in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to notify and warn the Inhabitants of the Town of Quincy, qualified to vote in Town Affairs, to meet at the Town Hall, in said Quincy, on MONDAY, the third day of April next, at four o'clock in the afternoon, to act on the following articles, viz:—

1. To choose a Moderator.

2. To hear and act on the Report of the Selectmen relative to the petition of Alpheus Spear and others, for laying out, straightening and widening the Road from near the house of Alpheus Spear, to near the Road leading to Brackett's Wharf (so called), and discontinuing a portion of the old Road.

3. To know if the Town will accept the Road laid out by Lemuel Brackett, Esq., and others, commencing on Sea Street, near the shop of Thomas Drake, and terminating at the house owned by Bryant Newcomb, and now occupied by John Parton.

4. To know if the Town will purchase the Universalist Meeting House, in this Town, and appropriate it for a Town House, or act any way upon the subject.

5. To choose any Committee, or hear and act on the Report of any Committee, the Town may think proper when assembled.

Hereof fail not and make return of this warrant, with your doing thereon, unto the Town Clerk, on or before the time appointed for said meeting.

Given under our hands and seals, at Quincy, this twenty-second day of March, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-three.

DANIEL BAXTER, } Selectmen of Quincy, WILLIAM D. GRAY, } FRANCIS WILLIAMS, Constable.

Quincy, March 22d, 1843.

NORFOLK ss. By virtue of the above warrant, I hereby give notice to the Members of the Town of Quincy, who are qualified as therein expressed, to meet at the place, time, and for the purposes therein named.

A true copy. Attest: FRANCIS WILLIAMS, Constable.

March 25.

Universalist Parish Meeting, Norfolk ss. To Joseph G. Brackett, Clerk of the First Universalist Society in Quincy,

YOU are hereby required, in the name of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, to notify and warn the Members of said Society, qualified to vote in Parish Affairs, to meet at their Meeting House, in Quincy, on THURSDAY, the sixth day of April next, at one o'clock in the afternoon, to act on the following articles, viz:—

1st. To choose a Moderator.

2d. To choose Parish Officers.

3d. To raise Money for Parochial purposes.

4th. To determine whether there shall be Preaching in the House, the ensuing year.

5th. Will the Society sell or let the whole, or any part of the Parish property.

6th. Shall the House be used for Public Meetings.

7th. To appoint Agents, to represent the Society, in all suits, in which it is a party.

8th. To choose any Committee, or act on any Report, when assembled.

Hereof fail not and make return of this warrant, with your doing thereon, at the time and place appointed for said meeting.

Given under our hands and seals, at Quincy, this twenty-third day of March, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and forty-three.

THOMAS AREY, } Standing Committee, JOSHUA JONES, } GEORGE MARSH.

Quincy, March 23d, 1843.

NORFOLK ss. By virtue of the above warrant, I hereby notify the Members of the First Universalist Society, in Quincy, qualified to vote in Parish Affairs, to meet at the place, time, and for the purposes therein named.

A true copy. Attest: JOSEPH G. BRACKETT, Clerk.

March 25.

Assignee's Sale, By authority of United States District Court.

WILL be sold by public auction, on THURSDAY, the 13th day of April next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, the right to redeem one half of one sixteenth of Township No. 2, in the Second Range of Townships in the County of Oxford, State of Maine, (said Township containing 212 acres undivided,) subject to two Mortgages, one to Horace Baker for twelve hundred dollars, (now due thereon about \$800,) and one to Eliza Wood for \$1000.

Also—The right to redeem one Shop and appurtenances, in Randolph, standing on land of Royal Turner, Esquire, and now occupied by Judith Washburn, as a Milliner's Shop, subject to a Mortgage to said Horace Baker for two hundred dollars; one Watch, lot Corset Boards, five remnants of Cambric, eighteen Band Boxes, and sundry book accounts, which may be seen by applying to the Assignee.

Sale at the premises now occupied by the said Judith Washburn. Conditions—Cash.

AARON PRESCOTT, Assignee.

E. DeBOIS, Auctioneer.

Randolph, March 25.

Furniture at Auction, WILL be sold on TUESDAY NEXT, (28th inst) at the house opposite the residence of Henry Wood, Esq., at three o'clock in the afternoon, a lot of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, the property of the late Charles H. Grover.

THOMAS ADAMS, Jr., Auc.

Quincy, March 25.

Grass Seed, JUST received, and for sale by the subscribers, at Wholesale and Retail, Boston prices, a good supply of Herds Grass, Red Top and Clover Seed.

DANIEL BAXTER & Co.

Quincy, March 25.

By Steam Ships! A SPLENDID STOCK OF SHAWLS, FASHIONABLE DRY GOODS,

#### QUINCY PATRIOT.

##### Great Sale of Dry Goods.

STORE AND CHAMBERS, 175 Washington Street, Nearly opposite the head of Milk Street, BOSTON.

#### B. L. MIRICK & CO.,

HAVING taken the above Store, now offer at Wholesale and Retail a very extensive Stock of the most fashionable DRY GOODS in the country. They will offer the strongest inducements to purchasers, as they intend to give the best bargains that can be obtained in New England.

Rich Silks, Shawls, Alpines, etc. etc.

They wish to call the attention of the public to these articles, as they are fresh and selected with great care from the latest arrivals; they pledge themselves not to be undersold on these Goods.

Broadcloths, Cassimeres and Summer Stuffs.

Constantly on hand, a large assortment of the above Goods, and they will be sold at the very lowest prices.

Chusans, Mouselaine de Laines, French Muslins, etc.

B. L. MIRICK & Co. would invite the attention of such as are in want of these Goods, to their extensive stock, as they feel confident that their beautiful patterns and low prices will give perfect satisfaction.

Foreign and Domestic Prints.

They will keep a large assortment of Prints, and will RETAIL them at WHOLESALE PRICES.

Ribbons! Ribbons! Bonnets! Bonnets!

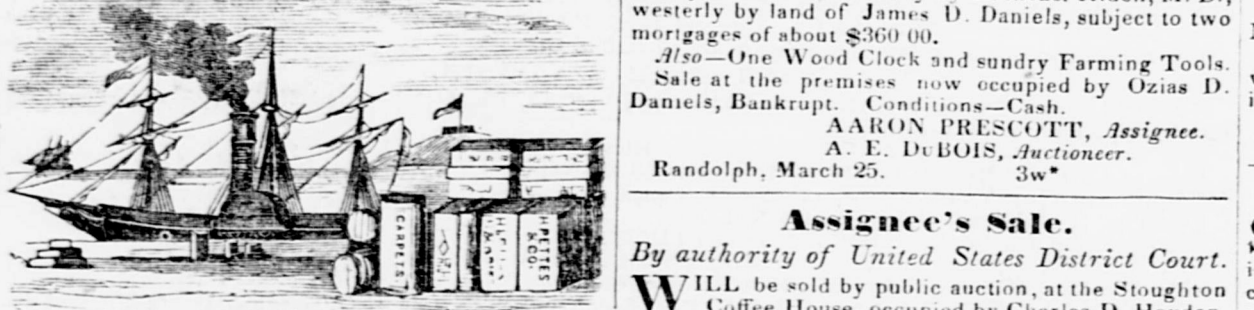
At this Store will be found the best selected stock of RIBBONS in the City.

A very large and carefully selected assortment of Foreign and Domestic Bonnets, which will be sold at prices that will defy all competition. Ladies in want of this article will find it for their interest to call.

Also—All kinds of HOUSEKEEPING GOODS, LINENS, LAWNS, etc. etc.

It is the intention of B. L. M. & Co. to keep the best assortment of DRY GOODS that can be found in the city, and to offer them at the lowest prices. Those who read this advertisement are requested to show it to their friends, and to call, and examine the above stock on their next visit to the city.

Boston, March 25.



CARPETING AND BROADCLOTHS, at very low prices, FOR SALE AT

HENRY PETTES & CO.'S EXTENSIVE WAREHOUSE,

No. 224 Washington Street, CORNER OF SUMMER STREET, BOSTON.

H. PETTES & Co. invite the attention of purchasers to the large stock of CARPETS, BROADCLOTHS, RICH SILKS, FASHIONABLE SHAWLS, and the largest and best assortment of FANCY ARTICLES,

AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, ever offered in Boston.

In the large Show Room may be found 1000 SPLENDID CASHMERE SHAWLS,

and every description of Silk, Thibet, Mouslin de Laine or Beautiful FANCY SHAWLS.

A magnificent assortment of RICH DRESS STICKS, measuring full yard wide.

Just received from Auction, 100 PIECES OF SUPERFINE BROADCLOTHS,

which can be sold at prices which defy competition. 250 pieces of Fine, Superfine, Imperial Three Ply, Venetian and elegant Brussels

CARPETS, OF New and Splendid Patterns.

PAINTED CARPETS, of all sizes. The entirely new and beautiful stock of Foreign Dry Goods, has been selected with great care in LONDON, PARIS AND NEW YORK.

Every article is of the most rare and attractive style. Though their Warehouse is the largest of the kind in the United States—their object has never been to be eluzed as the most elegant and expensive establishment. But by economical arrangements, to furnish their customers with the

BEST GOODS AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

Four Story Brick Warehouse, at the corner of Washington and Summer Streets, BOSTON.

March 25.

Great Sale, Also—A part of the Furniture in the house on the premises, occupied by Mr. Lyford, consisting of three Timepiece, Beds and Bedding, Bedsteads, Stoves and Irons, Crockery, Chairs, Tables, Tin Ware, Kitchen Furniture.

Also—A box to cut feed in on wheels, 1 Grain Chest, empty Casks, Hubs, and many other articles too numerous to mention.

Also—One Chaise and Harness, one double Wagon, one Sofa, about 30 yds. Straw Carpeting, and several other articles.

The sale will commence with the Furniture. The whole may be examined the day before the sale. No part of the Stock will be sold at private sale.

Conditions liberal and made known at the Auction.

GEORGE THOMPSON, Auctioneer.

Milton, March 25.

##### Assignee's Sale.

By authority of United States District Court.

WILL be sold by public auction, on THURSDAY, April 13th, 1843, at two o'clock in the afternoon, the right to redeem one half of a Dwelling-house, half of a Shed, and seven-eighths of an acre of Land under and about the same, in Randolph, bounded northerly by South Street, easterly by land of Henry B. Alden, southerly by Ebenezer Alden, M. D., westerly by land of James D. Daniels, subject to two mortgages of about \$360.00.

Also—One Wood Clock and sundry Farming Tools. Sale at the premises now occupied by Ozias D. Daniels, Bankrupt. Conditions—Cash.

AARON PRESCOTT, Assignee.

A. E. DeBOIS, Auctioneer.

Randolph, March 25.

Assignee's Sale, By authority of United States District Court.

WILL be sold by public auction, at the Stoughton Coffee House, occupied by Charles D. Hayden, in Stoughton, on TUESDAY, the 11th day of April next, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, large quantity of Boots, Shoes, Boot and Shoe Vamps, Sole Leather, Lining and Binding Skins, Boot and Shoe Boxes, Trunks, 100 Gross Buttons of various descriptions, Horse, Sleigh, Buffalo Skin, 1 Watch, etc. etc., being the effects and property of Lewis Sumner of Stoughton, Bankrupt. Conditions—Cash.

AARON PRESCOTT, Assignee.

A. E. DeBOIS, Auctioneer.

Randolph, March 25.

Ruel Harris' Estate, NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscribers have been duly appointed, by the Honorable Judge of Probate for the County of Norfolk, to receive and examine the claims of the creditors to the estate of

RUEL HARRIS,

late of Braintree, in said County, stone cutter, deceased, intestate, represented insolvent; and six months, from the eleventh day of March instant, are allowed by said Judge to the creditors to bring in and prove their claims; and they will attend to the duties of their appointment, at the Office of Fisher A. Kingsbury, in Weymouth, in said County, on the first Mondays of May, July and September, at two o'clock on each of said days.

FISHER A. KINGSBURY, } JOHN HOLLIS, 2d, } Commissioners. Weymouth, March 18.

6w

Brachitis, THIS disease of the THROAT and LUNGS, which is annually sweeping thousands upon thousands to a premature grave, under the mistaken name of Consumption, is always cured by JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT. The symptoms of the disease are Cough, Soreness of the Lungs or Throat, Hoarseness, Difficulty of Breathing, Asthma, Hectic Fever, Spitting up of Phlegm, or matter, and sometimes Blood. It is an inflammation of the fine skin which lines the inside of the whole of the wind tubes, or air vessels, which runs through every part of the Lungs. This Expectant immediately suppresses the Cough, Pain, Inflammation, Fever and Difficulty of Breathing, and produces a free and easy expectoration, and a cure is soon effected. Prepared only by Dr. D. Jayne, 20 South Third Street. Price \$1.

For sale by Caleb Gill, Jr., at the QUINCY BOOKSTORE.

Quincy, March 18.

Lewis & Sampson, PUBLISHERS, BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,

122 Washington Street, (np stairs.) BOSTON.

CONSTANTLY on hand, a very large assortment of NEW, STENOGRAPHICAL, CLASSICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS BOOKS; all the various kinds of SCHOOL BOOKS in use in the Schools, Academies and Colleges in the country.

Also—STATIONERY, Blank Account Books, Paper, Quills, Ink, Slates, etc. of every variety, all of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms. Particular attention paid to furnishing orders from Towns, School Committees, Teachers and Country Traders.

3m Boston, March 18.

New Prints, 3000 YARDS American, London and French PRINTS, many of which are new and beautiful patterns, at prices varying according to quality, from 5 to 30 cents per yard. For sale by

JOSIAH BRIGHAM & Co.

Quincy, March 18.

Dr. William Gordon, (Formerly of Hingham.)

HAS removed to this Town, with the intention to practice his profession. His residence is with Maj. Thomas Adams, Jr.

Quincy, Feb. 25.

Hats, JUST received, a full assortment of sizes of superior quality, at a fair price.

E. PACKARD.

Quincy, Feb. 25.

For Sale, SEVENTY FIVE bushels of good seed Barley. For further information, apply

AT THIS OFFICE.

Quincy, March 11.

4w

##### New Line of Stages.

THE subscribers will run a Stage from Quincy to Boston, daily—

Leaving Hardwick's Store, Packard's Store and the Hancock House, at eight o'clock in the forenoon and

Returning—leaves Bryant's Hotel, No. 17 Union Street, and their Office, 16 Federal Street, Boston, at four in the afternoon.

Persons patronising this line may rest assured that it will continue running daily at 37 1-2 cents.

Persons leaving their names, at either of the above places, will be punctually attended to as well as all errands entrusted to their care, by

THOMAS O. BILLINGS, Driver, EETER, HIXON & Co., Proprietors.

Quincy, Oct. 22.

##### Cabinet Business.

Near the Hancock House, Quincy.

THE subscriber feels grateful for the patronage he has already received and takes this opportunity to inform his friends and the public, that he still continues to manufacture and answer all orders connected with the Cabinet making business, in its various branches.

Also—Furniture REPAIRED and VARNISHED in the neatest and best manner.

Individuals who wish to purchase any article of Furniture, can rest assured, that it will be made in a workmanlike manner, and warranted superior to that which may be bought at the warehouse in Boston, consequently they are invited to call and examine before they buy elsewhere.

N. B.—Mahogany and Pine COFFINS made at short notice.

WASHINGTON M. FRENCH.

Quincy, Feb. 18.

##### QUINCY AND BOSTON

DAILY ACCOMMODATION EXPRESS.

THE subscriber designs to run a Wagon between Quincy and Boston, for the purpose of attending to such orders as may be entrusted to his care. The utmost attention will be given to the punctual discharge of business, and to the good usage of all articles for transportation.

All orders left at either of the Stores in town, or at No. 7 Elm Street, Boston, will receive prompt attention. It will commence running on Monday, Jan. 2d, and will leave Quincy at about nine o'clock in the morning, and Boston at about three o'clock in the afternoon.

Quincy, Dec. 31.

##### Remnants.

SUSANNA S. MARSH, opposite the Stone School House, School Street, takes the opportunity to inform those wishing to supply themselves with articles for children's wear, suitable for the coming season, that she has now on hand a good assortment, and will sell them very cheap for cash, particularly a large lot of remnants, which she has recently bought very low, comprising Figured Flannels, Merinos, Rattinets, Seamy Cloths, Mouslin de Laines, Fine Yards wide Prints suitable for infants, Dark Common Prints from six to twelve cents per yard, Plain Yellow and White Flannels, Ladies and Misses Hose, Children's Beaver Gloves



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